FGCSA research green dedicated to memory of Otto Schmeisser

The IFAS Field Day March 28 was the perfect setting for the dedication of FGCSA’s Otto Schmeisser Research Green.

As over 500 attendees were guided in groups around the research plots, Dr. Monica Elliott gave each group a history of the green and its intended purpose, which is to provide a field research laboratory that simulates a golf course putting green.

Research on the green will include evaluation of products and the effects of current management practices on the environment; and the development of new management practices.

She detailed the FGCSA’s involvement in building the green and its support for the research station.

Meanwhile, Dr. John Cisar explained the first USGA-funded research that he was conducting on leachate studies on a USGA Spec Green.

At the conclusion of the tour of the test plots, the field day attendees gathered at the Otto Schmeisser Research Green as FGCSA President Ray Hansen opened the dedication ceremonies.

Paul Crawford, a member of the FGCSA Research Committee and friend of the Schmeisser family, outlined Otto’s career as a golf course superintendent. Schmeisser’s two oldest daughters, Karen and Kris, represented the Schmeisser family and thanked the FGCSA for the honor bestowed on their late father.

Otto Schmeisser was a golf course superintendent from the Old Tom Morris mold: a professional with
a strong work ethic learned from his horticulturalist father, Hans.

Otto was a creative, curious man who created a lifestyle out of his profession as he and wife Trudy raised their four daughters — Karen, Kris, Kim, and Katy. The family always lived on the golf courses where Otto was employed. That included tenures at Normandy Shores G.C., the Gulfstream Club, Indian Creek G.C., and the Everglades Country Club.

Karen and Kris recalled the wonderful, unique years of growing up with golf courses as their backyards. They feel quite at home whenever they visit golf courses, because those visits bring back happy memories of riding the golf courses in the evenings with their dad.

The sisters did admit that at the time they did not really appreciate the complexity of Otto’s work. It was not until much later that they were aware of the demands that managing a golf course placed on their father.

All of the daughters have been associated with the turf industry in some way over the years. The common thread has been selling turf supplies.

However, only Kris and Katy are still involved to varying degrees. Kris is the publisher of the Georgia GCBA’s magazine, Through The Green, and she works with the Mike Young Golf Course Design company in Georgia.

Katy is a landscape architect, managing a horse farm near Athens, Ga., with her mother, Trudy, while working on her master’s degree in agronomy. Currently, Karen and Kim are busy raising families in Cocoa Beach and Germany.

Otto Schmeisser was one of the pioneering founders of the FGCSA. He was the prototype professional superintendent. The FGCSA is proud to dedicate the new research green in his memory.

Basic genetic research wins $4,000 Musser grant for Tennessee doctoral student

Developing techniques to transfer desirable traits from one plant to another has earned a $4,000 scholarship for a 26-year-old doctoral candidate at the University of Tennessee in Knoxville.

ORTHENE® Turf, Tree & Ornamental Spray keeps pests out of your club.

Stop pests from playing a round on your course with ORTHENE Turf, Tree & Ornamental Spray. One treatment provides a broad spectrum of protection for turf as well as a wide variety of trees and ornamentals. ORTHENE kills quickly on contact, then by systemic action. So you'll keep hard-to-kill pests like mole crickets, armyworms and leafhoppers under control. ORTHENE supplies long-lasting residual action against other insects including tent caterpillars, aphids and thrips.

ORTHENE Turf, Tree & Ornamental Spray. It's more than enough to drive unwanted pests right off your course.
James E. Bond, a native of England, was awarded the 1991 Musser International Turfgrass Foundation's graduate scholarship to complete studies that are "of tremendous benefit to turfgrasses," according to Dr. Lloyd M. Callahan, a University of Tennessee professor in charge of a DNA research program in the department of Ornamental Horticulture and Landscape Design.

As a direct result of Bond's work, "highly desired traits such as cold-hardiness, herbicide resistance, disease resistance, among others, can be introduced into desired turfgrasses that do not possess this trait," wrote Callahan in nominating Bond for the scholarship.

"This technology is essential for genetic engineering of plants and the related improvement of crop species," echoed Dr. Peter M. Gresshof, who holds the Racheff Chair of Excellence in plant molecular genetics at the University of Tennessee. "(Bond's) progress has been excellent despite the intellectual and scientific challenge of the research."

The Musser International Turfgrass Foundation was formed by graduates of the turfgrass programs at Penn State University to fund basic turfgrass research through fellowships to outstanding graduate students completing their doctoral work in turfgrass science. It honors the late Dr. H. Burton Musser, turfgrass researcher and educator who developed Penncross creeping bentgrass during his four decades at Penn State.

The organization is funded primarily by contributions from individual golf course superintendents and grants from companies in the turfgrass industry.

Legislature OKs matching $350,000 for Envirotron

As expected, the Florida Turfgrass Research Foundation has received $350,000 in matching funds from the State of Florida for its new Envirotron research facility.

"What made the funding announcement even better was the positive spirit in which the money was awarded," said Bob Yount, executive director of the FTRF and its parent organization, the Florida Turfgrass Association. Yount said he received several indications that legislators genuinely recognized the critical need for an advanced research facility.

The Envirotron — a facility combining a rhizotron, phytotron and laboratory — will become the state's first designated "Environmental Research Unit." It will be built on the University of Florida campus at Gainesville.

Top scientists will be recruited to join UF researchers to investigate many basic questions, including the effects of pollutants in groundwater; the effects of herbicide, fungicide and pesticide on the environment; the breeding of new grasses requiring less water; and the furthering of biological control methods for turfgrass pests.

Water conservation strategies, including the use of recycled water for irrigation, also will be investigated.

The university's Land and Engineering Division will examine three possible sites for the Envirotron.

According to Yount, the early favorite is a site just west of the main campus, next to the entomology and nematology building and across the street from Fifield Hall, which houses the Environmental Horticulture Unit.

Utilities already exist at that site, according to Yount.

Whichever site is selected, construction could begin by late this summer and should take no more than 18 months.

The FTRGA was able to raise its $350,000 share "because of a unified funding campaign through the effort of FTRGA members, Florida Golf Course Superintendents Association and many other private organizations, clubs and individuals," Yount said.

"We really appreciate the efforts of the various FGCSA chapters and members who helped us reach our goal.

"This effort was possible only because of the desire of all those in Florida's turf in-
dustry to advance the industry without sac-
rificing Florida's sensitive environment or
natural resources.

"Accurate scientific data will now be avail-
able to all Floridians who want a green
Florida but not at the risk of damaging our
environment."

Pioneer Florida architect
Mark Mahannah, 85, dies

"I've never seen a hole I couldn't get an
eight on," was the way Mark Mahannah,
one of Florida's leading golf architects in
the post-war construction boom, described
his playing prowess.

The prolific superintendent-turned-ar-
chitect, who designed playable golf holes
that probably yielded more pars than eights,
died at his home in Nakomis March 18.

Charles Mark Mahannah Sr. was 85.

A native of Delta, Iowa, Mahannah came
to Florida as a small child in 1910. His
family was one of the early residents of Fort
Lauderdale. He attended the University of
Florida and began designing courses in 1946.

Mahannah died with more than 80 course
designs to his credit, according to the Ameri-
can Society of Golf Course Architects. He
was one of the pioneer members of the
ASGCA, elected in 1961 and named a Fel-
low in 1976.

The Golf Course by Geoffrey Cornish and
Ron Whitten, the generally accepted stan-
dard reference work for golf course archi-
tecture, credits Mahannah with 46 original
designs in Florida and another 13 major
renovations. (See list, opposite page.)

Mahannah's first job was on the con-
struction crew for William S. Flynn at Boca
Raton Hotel and Country Club. He later
was on the maintenance crew at Miami
Biltmore Country Club, becoming its head
greenkeeper in the early 1940s. The club
was closed during World War II, and
Mahannah spent the duration as a techni-
cal adviser on turf problems at a U.S. Army
post in Pinellas County.

After the war, he renovated one 18 at
Miami Biltmore, which reopened as Riviera
Country Club, and then served as its super-
intendent.

His experience at restoring the course led
to other contracts, which he handled part-
time until the early 1950s, when he resigned
to practice design full-time.

Survivors include two sons, architect
Charles Jr. and Gary; a daughter, Suzanne;
seven grandchildren and five great-grand-
children.

P.J. Boatwright, USGA's
'Mr. Rules,' dead at 63

P.J. Boatwright, Jr., executive director
for rules and competitions of the United
States Golf Association, died April 5 in
Morristown, N.J. after a six-month battle
with cancer. He was 63.
# GOLF COURSES DESIGNED BY MARK MAHANNAH SR.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ocean Reef Club (Dolphin)</td>
<td>Key Largo</td>
<td>1951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Biscayne Hotel GC</td>
<td>Miami Beach</td>
<td>1954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantation Hotel GC</td>
<td>Crystal River</td>
<td>1958</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rio Pinar CC</td>
<td>Orlando</td>
<td>1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kings Bay Y&amp;CC</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Venice CC</td>
<td>Venice</td>
<td>1959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lost Tree Club</td>
<td>Singer Island</td>
<td>1960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Royal Palm Beach G&amp;CC</td>
<td>Royal Palm Beach</td>
<td>1960</td>
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<tr>
<td>Homestead AFB GC</td>
<td>Homestead</td>
<td>1961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandpiper Bay CC (Sinners)</td>
<td>Port St. Lucie</td>
<td>1961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Colony GC</td>
<td>Key Biscayne</td>
<td>1962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presidential CC</td>
<td>North Miami Beach</td>
<td>1962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greyhounds Park GC</td>
<td>Miami Beach</td>
<td>1964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haulover Beach GC</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okeechobee G&amp;CC</td>
<td>Okeechobee</td>
<td>1966</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sun City Center G&amp;CC (South)</td>
<td>Sun City Center</td>
<td>1967</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boca Teeca CC</td>
<td>Boca Raton</td>
<td>1968</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cocoa Beach Municipal</td>
<td>Cocoa Beach</td>
<td>1968</td>
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<tr>
<td>Indian Trail CC</td>
<td>Palm Beach</td>
<td>1968</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calusa CC</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaccaranda CC East</td>
<td>Plantation</td>
<td>1970</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mirror Lakes CC</td>
<td>Lehigh Acres</td>
<td>1970</td>
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<td>Fountainbleau Park CC</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1971</td>
</tr>
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<td>Miles Grant CC</td>
<td>Stuart</td>
<td>1972</td>
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<td>El Conquistador CC</td>
<td>Bradenton</td>
<td>1973</td>
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<td>Jaccaranda CC West</td>
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<td>1975</td>
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<td>Jaccaranda West CC</td>
<td>Venice</td>
<td>1976</td>
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<tr>
<td>Isla del Sol GC</td>
<td>St. Petersburg</td>
<td>1977</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fountainbleau Park West</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1979</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ventura CC</td>
<td>Orlando</td>
<td>1980</td>
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<tr>
<td>Caloosa CC</td>
<td>Sun City Center</td>
<td>1981</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hillcrest East GC</td>
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# Renovations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biltmore Hotel (Riviera CC)</td>
<td>Coral Gables</td>
<td>1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naples Beach Hotel</td>
<td>Naples</td>
<td>1953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riviera CC</td>
<td>Ormond Beach</td>
<td>1954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hollywood Beach Hotel CC</td>
<td>Hollywood</td>
<td>1955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westview CC</td>
<td>Miami</td>
<td>1955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tarpon Springs CC</td>
<td>Tarpon Springs</td>
<td>1957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystal River CC</td>
<td>Crystal River</td>
<td>1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Everglades Club</td>
<td>Palm Beach</td>
<td>1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gulfstream GC</td>
<td>Delray Beach</td>
<td>1960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sun City Center North</td>
<td>Sun City Center</td>
<td>1972</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palma Ceia G&amp;CC</td>
<td>Tampa</td>
<td>1979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normandy Shores GC</td>
<td>Miami Beach</td>
<td>1981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Charlotte CC</td>
<td>Port Charlotte</td>
<td>1981</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: The Golf Course and Golf Guide to the South
One of the most prominent and influential personalities in golf, Boatwright is perhaps best known to golf course managers as the man who personally supervised the preparation of golf courses for USGA championships and who personally selected the pin placements each day.

A native of Augusta, Ga., he grew up in Spartanburg, S.C., and became an accomplished player, winning the Carolina Amateur in 1951 and the Carolina Opens of 1957 and 1959. He played in four U.S. Opens, making the cut at Merion Golf Club in 1950, the site of Ben Hogan's comeback from serious injuries suffered in an automobile accident.

He left his post as executive secretary of the Carolina GC in 1959 to become assistant director of the USGA. He was named executive director 10 years later, succeeding Joseph C Dey Jr., who had resigned to become first commissioner of the PGA Tour.

Ironically, Dey succumbed to a long illness less than a month before Boatwright died.

Boatwright is survived by his wife, Nancy; two daughters, Cindy and Carolyn; a son, P.J. Boatwright III; and three grandchildren.

**Governor considers water tax; could cost each course up to $30,000 annually**

A water tax proposed by the Florida Legislature would have a "staggering" effect on the state's golf industry, according to Bob Yount, executive director of the Florida Turfgrass Association.

The proposal calls for a 10-cent tax on every 1,000 gallons over a water-user's allotment, with the money funding water conservation studies and practices. Courses using effluent would not be affected.

"I think it's an idea we've got to pursue and see what the implications are," said Lt. Gov. Buddy MacKay in an Associated Press story May 12.

A proposal for a similar tax was shot down by Florida lawmakers this year. That proposal's sponsor, Rep. Sandy Safley, R-Clearwater, met with Gov. Lawton Chiles early in May.

"We want to do everything we can to help conserve water. But we don't want the state mandating that everyone use reclaimed water when there isn't enough available. It's not fair to begin taxing courses if the reclaimed water isn't there."

The Florida Golf Council favors further study on the availability of effluent use before imposing any new taxes. At the very least, Brantley expects the state's water management districts to soon begin requiring courses to use reclaimed water.
where it’s available. A new tax, while not a certainty, is a definite possibility, he added.

Finch and Brantley fear any new tax would not stay at 10 cents very long.

"I was in the Legislature for eight years and served as lieutenant governor for four," Brantley said. "In my experience, it’s very rare that a tax is ever replaced or reduced. Once it’s on the books, the only way it usually goes is up."

"We need to conserve water," Yount said. "We don’t oppose a tax as long as it is equitable."

Making the tax equitable requires taking a course’s seasonal watering needs into consideration, Yount said. Monthly allotments should be higher when courses traditionally need more water — during the summer, while overseeding or when growing in new grass — and lower when the need drops.

The state’s water management districts and the Legislature have been very cooperative, Yount said.

"We’ve met many times. It’s a foregone conclusion we must consider something like this to conserve water," he said. "But the golf industry produces a lot of revenue. People are starting to realize the importance of golf to the state. We want to be viewed as part of the solution, not the problem." (Adapted from Golf Course News)

Alabama state employees investing retirement funds in public golf courses

When Bobby Brantley has secured the golf industry’s water flank, another project awaits the executive director of the new Florida Golf Council: encouraging the state to get more directly involved in golf course development.

For instance, Alabama state employees are investing some of their retirement funds in the construction of 12 championship-caliber courses around the state.

"This project represents a major breakthrough for Alabama golf," said Dr. David Bronner, CEO of Retirement Systems of Alabama. "We’ve known for a long time that golf courses are a sound investment, so we’ve taken a leadership role in their development and construction.

Each site will feature three courses — two regulation-length and one par three for a total of 54 holes. The courses are scheduled to begin opening this fall.

Development of the golf courses fits Bronner’s overall goals for the state.

"Our priority is to improve the quality of life and attract more tourists and retirees to Alabama... and golf is the ideal means to achieve our objectives," he said.

To oversee its golf development business, RSA formed Sun Belt Golf, Inc., which is headed by former golf pro Bobby Vaughan.

"Each facility will be capable of hosting a major championship event," Vaughan says. "We’re not building public courses, but great courses the public can play on."

Sun Belt Golf, which constructs, owns and operates the courses, has been successful in having municipalities and developers donate land at each site. "We haven’t had to buy an acre yet," Vaughan says.

As an example, he points to the 8,000-acre Birmingham site donated by U.S. Steel. Once the land was secured, the city of Birmingham provided the infrastructure, including roads and sewage treatment. Other land has been donated in exchange for the option to build housing.

Each site is unique, according to Roger Rulewich, chief designer for Robert Trent Jones Sr.

"In designing each of the 12 courses, we highlighted the area’s outstanding natural beauty," said the former president of the American Society of Golf Course Architects.

While the first 12 courses are under construction, Sun Belt President Vaughan continues discussions with other municipalities and developers for the construction of additional Alabama courses.

But they may not stop at the border.

"We have the financial backing, architectural team and experience to expand the program nationally," said Vaughan. "We hope someday soon, golfers in every state will be able to tee it up at a local course while contributing to the retirement funds of Alabama state employees."

Perhaps the administrators of Florida’s retirement funds should take a long look at the Alabama model and put the state’s $5.5 billion industry to work for Florida employees.