HELEN U. KENNARD

Denver, Colorado Unit

Transcript of an Oral History Interview

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Helen V. Kennard

## PREFACE

This transcript is the product of a tape-recorded interview conducted on 13 February, 1986, for the Women's Overseas Service League.

Signed, dated agreements of release and biographical information accompany the original cassette.

Transcribed by Patricia Siggers
Lansing, Michigan
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HELEN U. KENNARD

2 Denver Unit

MB: What is your name?

4 HK: My name is Helen V. Kennard

MB: When did you join the Denver Unit of WOSL?

6 HK: In April, 1979.

MB: Were you in the service?

8 HK: Yes, I was in the service.

MB: What branch?

10 HK: I was in the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps and the Women's Army Corps.

12 MB: What influenced you to come into the service?

14 influenced my decision to volunteer. Other factors were the opportunity to see places and meet people from other parts of the United States. That was not possible while living in a small town in the midwest in Malden,

18 Missouri.

MB: What did you do prior to enlistment?

20 HK: Prior to enlistment I was employed in the local agency of the Chevrolet dealership. I was manager of the parts
22 department and General Motors accountant.

MB: What year did you come into the service?

24 HK: September, 1942.

MB: What were your jobs while you were in the service?

26 HK: In the first permanent station I had, I was a typist in a typing pool. My first love was automobiles so I continued to try to get reassigned to the motor pool, which I finally did; stayed in the motor pool and loved it all the time until I decided that my next priority was going overseas. At that point, there were no WAC drivers being sent overseas, and I wanted it so badly that I switched back to being a typist.

While I was overseas, I worked as a statistical typist until I finished my enlistment.

36 MB: How long were you in the WAC?

HK: From September, 1942, until September, 1945.

38 MB: Where did your travels take you?

HK: In the United States, I was stationed in Florida;
 Washington, D.C. (Fort Washington, Maryland, which is a suburb of Washington, D.C.); in Georgia; in California.

point.

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- The only permanent station was in Washington, D.C., Fort
  Washington, Maryland, to the adjutant generals' school.

  The others were training centers.

  When I went overseas, I went directly to Hollandia, New
  Guinea, and from there to Leyte and Luzon in the
  Philippines. I was in Manila at the time Japan
  surrendered. I came home and was discharged at that
- 50 MB: What kind of housing did you have when you were in the service?
- 52 KK: Housing varied from the training center in Florida, where we were in hotels; then into a permanent barracks in Fort

  54 Washington, Maryland, that was an old Army post. From there, overseas: It was primarily tent arrangements; and then in Manila, we were billeted in a boys' school.
  - MB: When you were living in tents, how many women were there to a tent?
    - HK: Oh, I'd say varying from four to six.
- 60 MB: What were the uniforms that you wore when you were in the service?
- 62 HK: The uniforms that we wore when we were in the service-this was early on, as you recall, because WAAC was formed
  in May of 1942, and I went in in September--it was all

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khaki from the skin up and created a lot of conversation;
a lot of queries: And sometimes when people said, "Could
I see your underwear?" they weren't really interested in
your skin or what was there. They wanted to see this
khaki underwear that they had heard so much about. It
was loads of fun.

Then as things progressed and we got the dress uniform of worsted wool, we felt pretty smart because that was a sharp-looking outfit.

74 MB: Can you relate a couple of your more exciting experiences when you were in the service?

Well, all experiences are exciting as you go through 76 HK: them. My most exciting one was because we were treated more like VIP's than any place I had ever been. In going 78 from New Guinea, being transferred to Leyte when the 80 general headquarters were changed, the plane that I was on developed an oil leak. We had a planeload, but there 82 were only ten WAC's. The others were GI's and male officers. We had to go down because the oil leakage was 84 so great, and the men--they had seen both officers and enlisted men--but the fellows on this island of Palilau, 86 which is a little man-made island in the Pacific, had never seen any women in uniform.

We stood out on an incomplete airlift until they had a council meeting of the officers of the island as to what

- 90 to do with us because they just had no experience; so we stood out there for about an hour, and after their 92 pow-wow they took us to the nurses' quarters which had been made, but no nurses had arrived. 94 We were literally under guard because when they took us over there, they said, "We'll come for you, wherever we want you to go, and don't go out by yourself." We were 96 there for a little over twenty-four hours because we had 98 to wait until one of the other planes came back from Leyte to pick us up. We ate in the officers' mess and 100 were served. It was a long time since we had been served. Then we got up and left our dishes. 102 That, actually, is the most unusual and the biggest thrill because anytime you feel important (laughter) it 104 makes you a thrilling experience. All of the experiences were good. I enjoyed the whole bit.
- MB: What was the biggest adjustment you had to make when you went into the service?
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  HK: I think the biggest adjustment that I had to make (and many of the people that went in at that time, because we had mostly been people that had worked quite awhile with responsible jobs) was the fact that you didn't make any decisions. You did what you were told and you thought, Oh, my, am I so stupid that I have to be told everything?

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  but you learn to swing with the tide and then it's not so

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bad to have somebody else tell you what to do; but I would say the regulations.

MB: Did you expect your experience in the service to prepare

118 you for a career? And if you did, did it?

HK: No, I did not expect my career to be changed--maybe benefited, but not changed--because I had worked for a long time, and I was in a position to know that I could make my own living; make my own career.

MB: After you left the service, what did you do?

124 After I left the service, I went down to Greenville, HK: Mississippi, and worked as a General Motors accountant; 126 but after being down there for two-and-a-half years, I decided that Mississippi was hotter than the South 128 Pacific -- so I should go someplace where it was a little bit cooler. I left there not knowing where I was going. 130 My only aim was someplace cooler than Mississippi. I finally landed in Denver, Colorado, the latter part of 132 October, 1948, and that was the nicest thing that ever happened to me. 134

I had been planning on pursuing my education ever since I had graduated from high school, but economics didn't permit it. I enrolled in the University of Denver; getting a degree in Business with a major in Accounting in June of 1952. After that, I continued the accounting

business, but on a broader scale than the General Motors

140 system that I had been used to working with. From then

until the time I decided to retire, I worked in private

accounting, public accounting, and self-employed for the

last ten years of my working career.

144 MB: What does being a member of WOSL mean to you?

HK: Being a member of WOSL means to me the same thing that

any other experience has meant. It's a broadening of
your friendships; it's the learning of other rules of the

club, the organization; and the benefits that are to be
gained by membership with it, whether you are gaining the

benefits or whether you are giving the benefits to
someone else.

152 MB: Thank you very much.

154 Transcribed by Patricia Siggers

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