JANET A. BACHMEYER Denver, Colorado Unit

Transcript of an Oral History Interview

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Janet A. Bachmeyer

PREFACE

This transcript is the product of an interview conducted on 21 April, 1986, for the Women's Overseas Service League.

Signed, dated agreements of release and biographical information accompany the original cassette.

> Transcribed by Patricia Siggers Lansing, Michigan

> > 1 June, 1989

WOMEN'S OVERSEAS SERVICE LEAGUE

Oral History Project

JANET A. BACHMEYER

2

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8 Denver, Colorado Unit

10 MB: What is your name?

JB: Janet A. Bachmeyer.

- MB: When did you join the Denver Unit of WOSL?JB: In July of 1978.
- 14 MB: Were you in the Service?

JB: Yes, I served in the United States Army Nurse Corps

16 from January, 1944, to June, 1974.

MB: What made you decide to come into the Army?

- 18 JB: Well, at the time I graduated from nursing school, in 1943, it was during World War II. I definitely
- 20 wanted to serve in the Army, plus it was quite a patriotic thing to do at that time, which I
 22 definitely believe in.

MB: Before you came into the Army, what did you do?

- 24 JB: I attended the Evangelical School of Nursing in Chicago.
- 26 MB: What were your primary duties in the Service?

JB: Well, at the beginning it was staff nurse, or ward

- 28 nurse; then supervisor; and then I went into chief nurse situation.
- 30 MB: How long were you in the Service?

JB: Thirty years.

32 MB: Where did your travels take you?

JB: For my overseas assignments, I was in England during
World War II; then in Korea and Vietnam; and I had two tours in Germany; and of course, many stateside
assignments.

MB: Can you tell me what kind of housing you had when 38 you were in the Service?

The housing was quite a variety. Of course, when we JB: were in the field and during any of the wars, we 40 were in tents as a rule; and then we had the 42 contowment structures in the United States (or stateside), and usually had our own rooms with maybe a connecting bath. Then nurses' quarters were also 44 in permanent buildings. After (we'll say) about twenty years ago or so, we field grade officers 46 could move off-post and have our own apartments. Then it got to the point where they were encouraging 48 everybody to move off-post, so we had apartments in 50 the houses.

- 2 -

MB: What was the nature of the medical care available to
52 you?
JB: Well of course, being assigned to a medical unit, we

54 had full medical care including dental care also. It was always available even when we were in the 56 field.

MB: Tell me about your uniform?

- 58 JB: There again, that depended on our assignment. When we were on duty in the States and on wards and in
 60 permanent hospitals, we wore white duty uniforms. In the field, it was fatigues. Then in supervisory
 62 or administrative areas, we wore our Class A's.
- Can you please tell me a couple of your more MB: 64 outstanding experiences that you had in the Service? JB: Well, one of them that came to mind was bivouac that we had in Texas, and this is while activating our 66 unit for overseas in 1944. We were on a forced road march, and having to pass downwind from the 68 fertilizer plant (about a mile)--by the time we 70 finished that, we were a little bit green: And I can honestly say that we did step up our marching 72 pace (laughter) quite a lot!

Then there was another one, when we were enroute from New Jersey to New York. On a tender to a dock to board our ship to England, it was very

- 3 -

76		late at night very dark, and the only sound was
		the water lapping against the tender. Just as our
78		chief nurse set foot on dock, a band which nobody
		saw burst forth with Pistol Packing Mama! It just
80		paralyzed all of us. We didn't know where all this
		noise came from (Laughter).
82		Then the third memorable thing was, I happened
		to be in London and on pass for a few days just as
84		VE-day was declared, and on the night after
		Churchill's famous speech it was the first time
86		that every light in London was turned on, and
		believe me, it was quite a spectacular sight. That
88		was the first time since 1939, and this was 1944.
		It was the noisiest celebration throughout the whole
90		night that I had ever heard, or ever attended.
	MB:	What was the biggest adjustment you had to make when
92		you came into the Service?
	JB:	Well, I think it was really being away from home for
94		the first time, and over in England for the
		holidays, in particular. That was about the biggest
96		adjustment I ever had to make, but then I think
		anybody has to make that the first time away, and of
98		course, we had people to help us with it because we
		were all in the same boat.

- 4 -

- 100 MB: When you came into the Army, did you expect to make it a career?
- 102 No. I hadn't really thought that far ahead, but as JB: I stayed in -- I did get out of the Service for a 104 little while and I retained my reserve, so when I went back in I was still credited with it. I think 106 being at that age and still being under supervision, etc., from home to training, to the Army; we had 108 quite an adjustment to make getting out. I was out for awhile, and then when the Korean situation came 110 along I decided I wanted to get back in; and I never regretted it.
- 112 MB: After your tour of duty in the Service was concluded, what did you do?
- 114 JB: I retired, and since then I've been volunteering. I didn't want to travel at first, but after a couple of years (I thought I never wanted to pack another suitcase again), then I got the traveling bug. I'm
 118 active in some organizations. I also like to do a lot of handiwork, and I read. I got reacquainted with the family and friends; and making new friends out here in Denver.

- 5 -

122	MB:	What has being a member of WOSL meant to you?
	JB:	I knew you were going to ask that (laughter).
124		Really, I thought about that, and I think our
		purpose states it very well: To keep alive and
126		develop spirit, comradeship, a sense of obligation
		to community, state and nation, and to those who are
128		less fortunate; and to foster and promote friendship
		and understanding between our nation and others of
130		the world. That's really what it does mean to me.
	MB:	O.K., thank you very much.
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		End of Interview
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136		Transcribed by Patricia Siggers
138		Lansing, Michigan

INDEX - BACHMEYER

Army Nurse Corps, 1 Housing, 2 Locations England, 2 Germany, 2 Korea, 2 Stateside New Jersey, 3 New York, 3 Texas, 3 Vietnam, 2 Medical care, 3 Uniforms, 3