

CAMERA NEWS



Scene near Pirtia, Ark., 50 miles west of Memphis, Tenn., after the Kansas City-Florida Special of the Frisco railroad collided head-on with a freight, which loomed out of the foggy night. Engineer Hess Thorn, 53, of the passenger, was killed, and seven persons were seriously injured. Railroad officials said the passenger train failed to stop to take a siding.

All-American Fullback Weds



Here we have Herb Joesting, All-American football star, from the University of Minnesota, in a new role—a bridegroom. This photo, taken shortly after the ceremony in Minneapolis, shows Joesting and his bride, the former Lora Davison of Minneapolis, at his right. At Joesting's left is the bridesmaid, Miss Delle Schepleigh. Other members of the group are sorority girls who serenaded the wedding party.

Radio Announcer Judges Ankles



When Nils T. Granlund, New York radio announcer, isn't talking into the microphone he performs all manner of difficult and sometimes self-imposed tasks, such as searching for the most perfect ankle on Broadway. He looked over quite a few ankles before deciding Miss Jean Murray, above, had the shapeliest pair on the thoroughfare. Above, Granlund is smiling because his search is ended.

MONTCALM FIRST IN MASTER FARMER CLASS

Four of the thirteen "master farmers" selected in Michigan by the Michigan Farmer reside in Montcalm county. They are: E. W. Lincoln, master horticulturist and potato breeder, of Greenville; and Roy, Manning and Clare Rossman of Winfield township, three brothers who operate 360 acres of land along the most advanced and approved lines and obtain highest results. Roy Rossman recently purchased a new farm east of Greenville.

This is very high tribute to the progressiveness of Montcalm county farmers, and here's laying a little bet that next year's class of master farmers will see other Montcalm agriculturists similarly honored.

Michigan's second class of Master Farmers were honored at a banquet at Michigan State College. These selections were made from nominations sent to the Michigan Farmer by friends. Information regarding each nominee was secured by neighbors through correspondence, and by inspection of the farm, and placed before the judges who selected the names given below. The selections were made on the basis of the volume and quality of products produced, the kind of home and opportunities provided the family, and the type of citizen and community worker the nominee proved to be. The names of this year's class are as follows:

William Bristow, Wayne county; Leo V. Card, Hillsdale county; E. S. Compton, Mecosta county; George H. Lake, Gratiot county; E. W. Lincoln, Montcalm county; E. A. Lundberg, Eaton county; J. Pomeroy Munson, Kent county; E. M. Moore, Ingham county; A. J. Rogers, Benzie county; Clare F., J. Manning and Roy R. Rossman, Montcalm county; Horace A. York, Chippewa county.

These men win the gold medals presented by the Michigan Farmer, and during the coming year the stories of their farm accomplishments will be published in the columns of that journal.

Six of 12 Imported Corn Borer Parasites Become Established

In fighting a destructive insect the possibility of using its natural enemies, particularly its parasites, is always given careful attention. Parasites have been used with success in campaigns against several insect pests and are being given a very thorough test by the United States Department of Agriculture as a part of its efforts to curb the European corn borer.

Progress has been made in establishing a number of foreign parasites, the status of which is discussed in Circular No. 14-C, "Status of Imported Parasites of the European Corn Borer," prepared by D. W. Jones and D. J. Caffrey, entomologists of the department. This circular is intended to inform corn growers and other interested persons of the principal facts regarding these imported parasites.

Studies were begun in Europe by the Bureau of Entomology in 1919, soon after the corn borer was discovered in the United States, which revealed several kinds of parasites that were helping to reduce the numbers of the pest in that part of the world. After it was determined that none of these parasites could by any chance become harmful to plants, and that they would not attack each other, they were sent to the United States and liberated in cornfields where the borer was most numerous.

To date a total of 1,798,080 imported parasites, representing 12 different species, have been liberated in infested fields in the United States. Systematic collections and field examinations in the vicinity of the localities where the parasites were liberated have resulted in the recovery of six species of these parasites under circumstances which show that they have become well established and are now at work preying upon the corn borer. Two of these species were recovered in the middle west in July, 1927, while the others were found in New England.

Although efforts are being made to import, breed and establish parasites of the corn borer in American areas infested by the corn borer, it is by no means certain, says the department, that they will prove to be effective aids in controlling the pest. Judging from the experience with similar parasites imported to aid in the fight against other foreign plant pests several years may elapse, even with the best of success, before any important effect can be expected.

In the meantime every effort should be made to control the corn borer by following clean farm practices and clean cultural methods leading to the destruction or use of all corn residues of the previous year before the corn borers emerge from them as moths in the spring. The details of such practices have been discussed in previous circulars and in other bulletins of the department.

A copy of this circular may be obtained upon writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Crop rotation does not cost any money, but it rivals the use of manure and fertilizers in maintaining and increasing yields of crops. A good rotation is a most effective means for increasing yields and lowering crop-production costs.

Fur Dealers Must Get State License

Illicit dealing in furs will be more difficult in Michigan in the future, according to plans of the state department of conservation which is making a concerted effort to blot out this nuisance. The department calls the attention of the public to Act 185 of the Public Acts of 1927 which governs the buying, selling or dealing in furs and provides for the licensing of such dealers.

Section 1. No person, firm or corporation by themselves or their agents or servants shall engage in the business of buying, selling or dealing in the furs, hides or pelts of beaver, otter, martin, muskrat, mink, skunk, raccoon, coyote, wolf, lynx, wildcat, fox or weasel until such person, firm or corporation shall have procured a license to do so from the Director of Conservation. Fees payable to the Director of Conservation for such license shall be as follows: For local resident fur buyer's license, one dollar; for a resident traveling fur buyer's license, ten dollars; for a non-resident local or traveling fur buyer's license, fifty dollars; for a wholesale fur buyer's license, fifty dollars. Licenses under this act shall be issued for the calendar year and expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year. They may be revoked by the Director of Conservation for any violation of the law relating to wild animals or for fraudulent practice employed in connection with the buying and selling of the furs, hides or pelts of any animal herein mentioned. All fur buyers shall furnish to the Director of Conservation such reports as he may require on blanks furnished them for this purpose. Any person, firm or corporation applying for a license as provided in this act shall at the time of his application furnish a bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars in favor of the state with some surety company authorized to do business in the state of Michigan and satisfactory to the Director of Conservation, conditioned that such license shall comply with the laws of this state relating to wild animals and regulations made and promulgated by the Director of Conservation. All moneys received from the sale of licenses as provided in this act shall be forwarded to the Auditor General and shall be accredited to the game and fish protective fund in act number eighty-eight of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred twenty-five.

Section 2. Nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting the buying or having in possession at any time the fur, hides or pelts of animals mentioned in this act legally killed within or without the state and of the pelts of moose and deer legally killed within or without the state upon proof that the pelts were so taken and possessed.

Section 3. Any person, firm or corporation by themselves or their agents or servants who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars together with the costs of prosecution or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety days or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court, and shall forfeit to the state all furs, hides and pelts illegally bought, sold or held. In cases in which a fine with costs is imposed, the court shall sentence the offender to be confined in the county jail until such fine and costs are paid, but for a period not exceeding the maximum jail penalty provided for this offense.

Central Shorthorn Men Pick Morley Man Head

The Central Michigan Shorthorn Association held its annual meeting in Greenville, electing the following officers: President, August Waldo, Morley; vice president, C. W. Crum, McBrides; secretary, Oscar Skinner, Gowen.

Keen demand for Michigan purebred milk Shorthorns and a healthful state of affairs in the association were reported.

The Sugar Beet Farmer

The campaign to protect the tariff rights of the American sugar beet growers should be one of the American people. The sugar beet industry in America exists largely by reason of its tariff protection. The sugar beet farmer, living on the American standard, and paying the American wage scale to such help as he employs, is constantly battling against the large acreage, corporation-owned Cuban cane sugar producers who have at hand an inexhaustible supply of cheap peon labor which can be herded, corralled and harassed into intensive activity.

In Colorado, Utah, the Dakotas, Michigan and other states which might be named, sugar corporations exist but only as refiners and marketers. The sugar beet itself, however, is produced by individual farmers, and the seizure of the market by low-priced cane sugar (which would be inevitable if the tariff were affected) would mean that this group of American farmers (and it is a very considerable group) would be absolutely eliminated, and their fields would become simply idle acres.

Here is one of the many cases that is self-evident to all where the tariff alone stands as a bar between penury, poverty and failure, and their ability to make a decent American life for their families.

POULTRY

MINERAL MIXTURES FOR CHICKENS

Data gathered during recent years has demonstrated that certain minerals are as important as any other portion of the ration for chickens. Usually mineral constituents in the ration receive secondary consideration, and often they are not considered at all. There are two essential problems that must be considered. First, what are the essential minerals, and secondly, how shall they be fed.

In order to be practical a mineral supplement for general use should be simple, inexpensive and composed of ingredients that are readily available. During three years of extensive feeding tests which were conducted by the Ohio Experiment Station they found that a comparatively simple mineral mixture was effective. The formula which they recommend is as follows: Fine ground raw bone meal, 60 lbs.; ground limestone (95 per cent or more of calcium carbonate), 20 lbs.; table salt, 20 lbs.

Raw bone meal is often sold on the market as poultry bone meal. It is a commercial product and should not be confused with the raw bone meal which can sometimes be purchased at local butcher shops. The latter will not keep for any length of time, while the commercial product will keep indefinitely when stored in a dry place.

The formula which is advocated by the Ohio station is the remnant of a more complete mixture which was previously used. The important minerals which are always recommended include phosphorus, calcium and salt. It may be that other minerals will be added to these upon further investigation, but our readers should not hesitate about using this simple formula until it has been definitely proved that additional ingredients are necessary for the best results.

RANGE BIRDS NEED LIBERAL FEEDING

Too much reliance is often placed on the amount of feed that chickens can pick up on free range. This fact is often accountable for the low yields which are secured by many people during the summer season. The general farm flock yields around five to six dozen eggs per hen per year, while flocks which are given careful attention double this production.

Range should be utilized to the fullest possible extent. However, it is often false economy to stint birds that would lay if they had the proper feed accessible. A large portion of the feed which birds pick up around the farm consists of grain dropped by other livestock so that it does not represent the savings that are often estimated. This grain ration must be balanced up with feed that is high in protein.

Hoppers kept well filled with a good mash feed containing at least 20 per cent of some high animal protein feed will do a great deal to encourage summer laying. Even when hens have a good range it is advisable to give them a feed of mash once daily. This can best be given in the evening so that the birds will go to bed on a full crop.

People who are feeding their hens for maximum production give them a small feed of moistened mash at noon. This stimulates the consumption of high protein feed. Unless the mash contains plenty of protein it is no better than grains. Mash feeding for poultry is useful when the mash carries protein feeds in proper proportion.

HENS YIELD PROFIT TO FENNVILLE BOY

After deducting labor, rental and other charges, Lawrence Truax, 15-year-old Fennville high school boy, realized a net profit of \$58.15 from a flock of 150 White Leghorn hens in a poultry club project during the past year.

Among the items deducted from the flock receipts were 192 hours of labor at 25 cents an hour; feed, \$171.50; interest and depreciation, \$16.75.

Receipts for the year totaled \$530.90 while the expenditures for all purposes, including his own labor, were placed at \$472.75. The principal source of income was the sale of eggs.

The club project was supervised by Keith R. Landsburg, agricultural teacher.

The margin of profit in growing capons as compared to selling the male birds as broilers is usually small. Feed appears to be an item of greatest cost in raising capons and this increases rapidly after the birds reach the broiler stage. It requires about eight to ten pounds of grain and mash for one pound of gain in live weight, and capons of American varieties gain six to eight pounds in about as many months after they are caponized.

The idea in using artificial lights in the poultry house is to increase the amount of feed the chickens eat and so increase the number of eggs produced. Where artificial lights are used judiciously, layers can be kept in better physical condition than when lights are not used. Egg production is increased at the time of the year when the price is high.

Keep the scratch floor free from drinking fountains, nests and the like by raising them on stands or attaching them to the walls. This gives more room for the hens and helps to prevent crowding.

It doesn't matter what others say about you, but it matters what they do about you.

Elevated by Pope



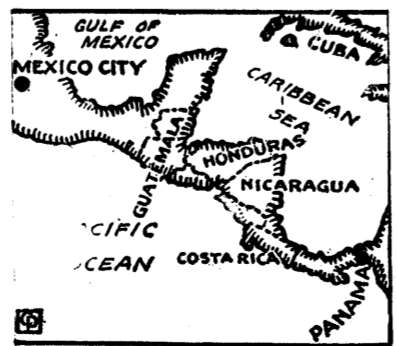
Monsignor Thomas O'Reilly, rector of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Cleveland, O., has been appointed bishop of Scranton, Pa., by Pope Pius.

Some Potatoes



Irely Ridgeway, 15, of Dunkirk, Ind., knows how to grow potatoes. He raised 356.4 bushels on one acre of ground at an average cost of 26 cents a bushel, against the average yield for the stage of 80 bushels to the acre.

Invite Lindberg



Map showing the Central American republics and Cuba, which invited Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh to visit following his triumphant air voyage to Mexico. It is expected that the Central American flight will end at Panama, Lindbergh touching at Cuba on the way home.

IT ISN'T A HOME WITHOUT A TELEPHONE



It was a surprise party for Annabel. Two of her girl friends "organized" it the day before her birthday. Annabel enjoyed it, but she was a bit disappointed because Norman wasn't there. She couldn't imagine why he had not been invited—until one of the girls told her they could not get in touch with him because he had no telephone. Norman was disappointed, too.

Tri County Telephone Company

AND YOU CAN HAVE ONE FOR A FEW CENTS A DAY!

WE TOLD YOU

we would show you

A New Chevrolet

January 1 and we did it. We told you Chevrolets would be Bigger and Better and they are. We did not tell you the prices would be lower but they are. We tell you Chevrolets are the Biggest Auto Bargain today and come in and see for yourself. We offer early delivery on all models.

SULLIVAN MOTOR SALES

OPEN WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS



REGLE'S
More of Bargains

To Start a Bigger and Better 1928

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Cash Specials

Peas, Corn, Tomatoes, all good quality 2 cans for 25¢
Phur Jell, a gelatin dessert. Two 3 1/2 ounce pkgs in one A real special at 11¢
1 gallon jugs catsup, rich and spicy per jug \$1.29
One 25c Quick Naptha Soap Flakes and one 25c Swift's Pride Washing Pride. Two pkgs for 39¢
Edgemont Crackers, no better crackers made Per pkg 23¢
Hearts Delight medium size Prunes 2 lb. package for 25¢

New Paw Paw Theatre PROGRAM

Thurs, Jan 5--
My Wife and I
From the Novel by Harriet Beecher Stowe
Featuring Irene Rich and Huntley Gordon
ALSO NEWS AND COMEDY

Sunday, Jan 8--
Rainbow Riley
Featuring Johnny Hines
ALSO TWO PART COMEDY AND WEEKLY

Mon., Tues., Jan. 9-10--
Whispering Wires

Friday-Satur., Jan 6 & 7
Tom Mix in
The Circus Ace
With Tony, the Wonder Horse
ALSO COMEDY AND CARTOON

Wed., Jan. 11--
Art Accord in
Hard Fists
ALSO TWO PART COMEDY AND WESTERN

Standard Time. 7 o'clock week days, 6 Sundays

On the Job Again at the Old Stand

and ready to serve this community for another 8 years with the best of everything in

Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishings, Shoes and Groceries

We thank you for the liberal patronage that has made it possible to carry so complete a stock and will endeavor to merit its continuance

Mrs. Brewer has been retained to help us serve you better

AS USUAL WILL HAVE SOME GOOD SPECIALS SATURDAY

H. W. TAYLOR

Regardless of Deep Snow

You will always find us well supplied with the Best of Fresh Meats at Right Prices

LOHRBERG BROS.
Meat Market

Business is Good With Us

You pretty near "bought us out" the day after New Years, but that is what we want. The cold weather calls for animal fuel in the way of feed and for the best coal that we know of—COLUMBUS, the famous No. 4 Hazard coal—also a full line of coke as well.

We carry Bran, Mids, Cottonseed, Linseed Meal, Meat Scrap, Oyster Shells, Farm Bureau Egg Mash with Buttermilk, Farm Bureau Scratch Feeds, and the great dairy feeds—Milkmaker and Hexite.

Come and pay us a visit and you will come again.

W. J. RICHARDS, Kendall

Coal Feeds
Coke Salt
Meat Scrap Oyster Shells

For 1928 Send
The News



Less burning of the midnight oil!

HERE'S a good business proposition! Invest in a Remington Portable and reap dividends in the form of bigger and better rest at night. Much faster than writing by hand, this little Remington enables you to finish your long reports or theses—not fall asleep trying to finish them. Not only that, but think how much neater and more business-like they look when typewritten! Examine the Remington Portable. It is the smallest, lightest, most compact and most dependable portable with standard keyboard. (Carrying case only 4 inches high. Weighs 8 1/2 pounds, net.) Monthly payments. The Recognized Leader—in Sales and Popularity.



Remington Portable

THE NEWS

for a Square Deal---

The Square Deal Cash Cream Station
Van Ryno

For Quick Service on Parts CALL ON US

No need of long delays while a rush order is sent to the factory. We anticipate your needs and make good our boast that we have the largest and most complete stock of genuine Ford parts around here. We have in stock what you need.

All men are created equal but some of them soon get over it

FULLER PEP



J. C. Gamboe, Inc.

Gobles Michigan

Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings

Car of Old CORN JUST IN

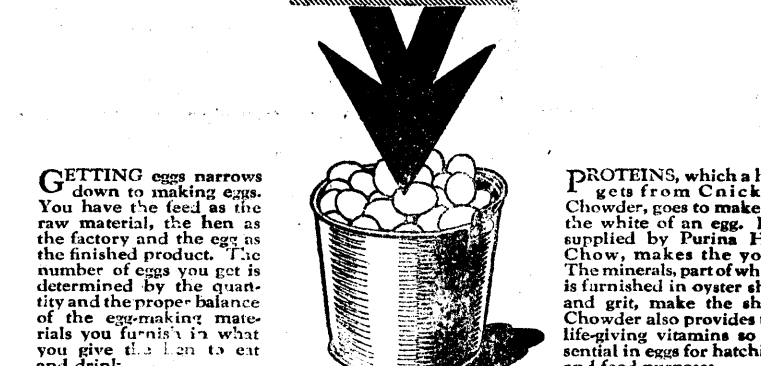
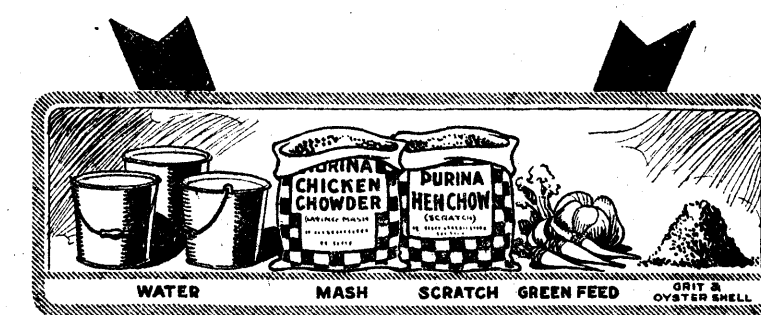
SPECIAL PRICE Off the Car

CALL US

This old corn is far cheaper than this new, wet, chaffy Indiana corn that's weighing around 45 lbs. to the bushel.

The Gobleville Milling Co.
"The Mill With the Checkerboard Front"

Both Phones W. J. Davis, Mgr. Gobles, Michigan



GETTING egg farmers down to making eggs. You have the feed in the raw material, the hen as the factory and the egg as the finished product. The number of eggs you get is determined by the quantity and the proper balance of the spawning materials you furnish. It's what you give it to eat and drink.

PROTEINS, which a hen gets from Chicken Chowder, goes to make up the white of an egg. The yolk is made of fat and cholesterol. The cholesterol makes the yolk firm and the fat makes the shell. Chowder also provides the life-giving vitamins so essential in eggs for hatching and food purposes.

You'll never know how many eggs your hens are capable of laying until you feed them Purina Poultry Chow. Put Purina to the test and find out the easiest way to get eggs when you want them at a lower cost of production.

The Gobleville Milling Co.
BOTH PHONES

We Appreciate

another year of your liberal patronage and trust we may be able to serve you with all your lumber needs for 3 more generations.

CARLOAD OF SPRUCE AND HEMLOCK UNLOADED RECENTLY

Again thanking you and hoping this new year will be your best

J. L. Clement & Sons

Some Wise Burglars

We were talking a few days ago with a merchant who told us of an experience he had that shows the value of the checking system. Burglars entered his store one night and blew open his safe. It contained about \$150, but most of this was in checks—less than \$50 of cash.

The burglars took every cent of the money, but they left all the checks exactly as they found them. They knew those checks would be worthless to them for if they tried to cash them they would be caught and easily proven guilty of the theft.

This merchant said he received \$9 in checks for each dollar in cash, and that he always worried when he had much cash on hand.

THINK IT OVER.

THE FIRST STATE BANK
GOBLES, MICHIGAN

"BANKING FRIENDSHIPS THAT ENCIRCLE THE COMMUNITY"

Keep Your Hands Soft and White

with

Chamberlain's Hand Lotion
DeWitt Toilet Cream
Frostilla
Foley's Cream
and other good ones

OR BRING IN YOUR FAVORITE RECIPE AND WE WILL FILL IT FOR YOU

McDonald's Drug Store

GOBLES, MICHIGAN

The Best of Everything in Drugs

Hundreds of People

buy their bread from us at

3 Loaves for 25c

Why Pay More

when you can get the best at wholesale
Other good things to eat for the Special dinner

Quality Bakery
Herman R. Schowe

Quality is Remembered When Price is Forgotten

Too many people buy a "quart of oil," a "bar of soap" or what not without specifying the BRAND that they want. Every good thing in this world is imitated by the fellow who wants the profits to be made off the cheap substitute. Buy advertised goods with a reputation. You know what Michigan State Farm Bureau means on a sack of feed—its name that has been on feed for years. You also know what "Kellogg" means on a package of corn flaks or bran. It means the same on a sack of HEXITE. These firms are enabled by their huge sales to give you better values than some imitator who sells but little. So when you buy well known nationally advertised goods, you are getting a lot more for your dollar. Another thing, HEXITE is the only 16 per cent feed that we know of that contains no screenings. This is a big item and is due to the fact that the Kellogg people make plenty of hominy that they use. Use it for your dairy cows, your hogs and pigs and your sheep. ANOTHER CAR MILKMAKER JUST IN

A. M. Todd Company, Mentha

DISTRIBUTORS FOR KELLOGG AND FARM BUREAU

Milkmaker and Hexite at W. J. Richards, Kendall; Mrs. Beals at Gobles and the Mill at Bloomingdale

Cleaning and Pressing

Bring in your clothes and let us show you Watch, Clock, Jewelry and Musical Instruments Repaired BOWS REHAIRD

We are permanently located and ask for a chance to attend your needs in our lines ALL WORK GUARANTEED

B. C. BRUCE
Southard Building, Gobles

POSTPONED
Mr. Myers Auction
of 10 Good Cows

1 mile south of Dayton school
Wednesday, January 11th

At one o'clock sharp
want some good cows attend this sale
BY ROBERT M. AUCTIONEER

Bishop Feed Line Retail Store

Located at W. H. Ferguson's Residence in Gobles

We have a complete assortment of manufactured feeds and whole grain. We specialize in corn and oats direct from Indiana, corn on ear or shelled. Special prices in 100 bushel lots.

A Few of Our Regular Prices

Basic Egg Mash, cwt . . . \$3.35	Bran, cwt \$2.00
Basic Scratch, cwt . . . \$2.35	Oil Meal, cwt \$2.85
Basic 24 p. c. Dairy, ton . \$48	Cracked Corn, cwt . . \$2.35
Oyster Shells, cwt . . . \$1.00	Cod Liver Oil, gallon . . \$1.25
Stock Salt, cwt 85¢	3 blocks Salt \$1

Complete Line of Dr. Hess Remedies

Let us quote you prices on Flour and Sugar

WE BUY POTATOES AND APPLES

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT,
COMPENSATION

in fact

EVERYTHING
IN INSURANCE

J. Bert Travis