

GOBLES NEWS

XXXVI

GOBLES, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1926

NO. 16

LOCAL BRIEFS

Ray Wise is in Chicago this week. Mrs. Lockard is home from Kalamazoo.

George Houseknecht has returned to Chicago.

Mrs. Ray Feely is visiting at the home of Vern Hudson's.

Koli Deal and family left for Florida Tuesday for his vacation.

Mrs. Bell Bush has returned from a visit with her daughter in Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dorgan, jr. announce the birth of another daughter.

Reed Cheney has returned to Princeton, Ill. and Beatrice to Kalamazoo college.

John Dorgan, wife and Harold were among the New Years guests at Vern Hudson's.

A. Watts sold a five weeks old veal calf this week that weighed 177 pounds.

The Methodist Aid will meet with Mrs. Minnie Brown, next Wednesday.

The Sunny Day Club will meet next week Thursday with Mrs. Luella Knowles.

Mr. and Mrs. Vern Hudson entertained a full house of local guests on New Year's day.

Election of officers at Baptist Sunday school Sunday morning at 10. You are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Pelong have returned from a six weeks visit in Midland and Detroit.

Regular meeting of Hudson Lodge this evening. Third degree will be given by Past Masters.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Green announce the birth of a son, Sunday, January 3. Congratulations.

Coleman Cheney has returned to his school work at Columbus, O., after spending a week with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hudson entertained New Year's Eve. Cards and fine refreshments kept the guests so busy they stayed late into the new year.

New Years being Frank Austin's 66th birthday he entertained his son, George and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Will Metzger and Chester Merrifield.

After nine years we will use 6 again for a year after we get the habit. As we will use this figure 6 for only a year one can easily invert the paper and make a 9 at the end of the date and save the trouble of erasing the 5 and inserting the 6 every time.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Hart of Hillsdale announce the marriage of their daughter Thelma Madonna to Mr. George J. Waber of Kendall on December 30. George is one of the world's finest and Mrs. George seems just as fine and we trust they will have many happy years together.

One of Marlin Wilmot's registered Jerseys gave 1344 lbs. of milk containing 68 1/2 lbs. of butter fat during the month of December, and 3 others gave over 900 lbs. of milk each. The herd of 14 cows which include 3 nearly dry cows and 2 heifers averaged 37 lbs. of fat for the month, at 60c per pound. Average test for the month was 5.6% fat. This record was made without overfeeding.

Fortnightly Club

The Woman's Fortnightly Club met at the home of Mrs. Benton Dec. 31. Following a short business meeting, the program was given.

Scenic Scotland, Mrs. Everest.

Principal Cities of Scotland, written by Mrs. Lohrberg, read by Mrs. Ilchrist.

Song, Annie Laurie and its story, rs. Leeder.

Industries of Scotland, written Mrs. Wise, read by Mrs. Wauk.

Better English, Mrs. Styles.

The club will entertain the Cotillion club of Paw Paw Jan. 14 at M. E. church.

Extension School Program

Schedule and program of Van Buren County Extension Schools to be held in Kendall and Gobles next Monday only.

KENDALL

Chairman, W. J. Richards, Meeting Place, Town Hall.

9:20 a. m. Extension Program for 1926. W. F. Johnston, County Agricultural Gt 10:15 11:00. Cooperative Marketing, W. C. Cribbs, Agricultural Economics department.

11:00-11:45. Certified Seed Potatoes, H. C. Moore, Farm Crops Dept.

1:00-2:00 p. m. Dairy Feeding, Robt. Addy, Dairy Dept.

2:00-3:00. Poultry Management, E. A. Wang, Poultryman.

3:00-4:00. Clothing Project, Mrs. Otto Markille.

GOBLES

Chairman, Homer Connery Meeting Place, Opera House

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The Methodist Church

We enter the year 1926 with over 7,000,000 persons residing in the United States who have never declared their allegiance to the Stars and Stripes. The foreign born or of foreign born parentage in this country are nearly ten times the population of this country when the First Congress assembled. Our domestic problems are a great many times more complex than when we set up national house-keeping.

The World Court is near acceptance by the Senate. Even Senator Borah, the most bitter opponent is yielding. These are bright and good omens.

Thursday will be observed as Church day. A picnic supper at the church to which all members are expected and members of the various boards, all organizations represented and reports from each. Important business to consider, so do not fail to be present.

Sunday morning theme for thought, "The Missing Motor." Church school hour 11:30.

Evening hour 6 to 7. General topic, "From Over the Border." Special for the hour, "What Manner of Man is This." Yours for a bright outlook for 1926. A. S. Williams.

Obituary

Joseph A. Champion was born June 20, 1856 at Shelby, Richland county, Ohio. He was united in marriage to Aleda M. Pike on Christmas day 1879 at Pleasant Lake, Indiana. He became a member of the Baptist Community Church of Otsego Center, Ind. at the age of 23, and passed away at his home in Kendall New Years morning at the age of 69 yrs. 6 months and 11 days, leaving to mourn his loss his wife, Aleda M. Champion and 5 children, Mrs. Dora Otten and Mrs. Josie Waber of Kendall, Glenn of Kalamazoo, Claude of Lawton and Ralph of Mattawan, and 18 grandchildren, also two sisters, Mrs. Grace Campbell of Fort Wayne, Ind., Mrs. O. A. Bailey of Coldwater, and four brothers, James of Fremont, Ind., Theodore of Angola, Ind. and Benjamin of Kalamazoo and a host of relatives and friends.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank all those who have assisted us during the long illness of our husband and father, Mr. Joseph A. Champion. Especially we want to thank Miss Sage and Dr. Wilkinson for their constant care, Rev. Solomon for his comforting words, the singers and the friends for the beautiful flowers and all who came to comfort us during our recent bereavement.

Mrs. Aleda M. Champion, Mrs. Dora Otten, Mrs. Josie Waber, Glenn Champion, Claude Champion, Ralph Champion.

If your subscription to The News has expired, please call at once and settle.

Patronize our advertisers.

Michigan, Our Michigan

A prosperous citizen of Indiana said to a Michigan man recently, "I've come to the conclusion that I've been making a fool of myself in regard to my vacations. From now on, instead of sweating in Indiana in the summer and going to Florida in the winter, you will find me on the job at home in the winter and taking my vacation up in Michigan in the summer." It was his first trip up this way and to say that he was delighted in putting it mildly. He was so enthusiastic, and used so many superlatives, that we are afraid to print them. It would sound too much like the ravings of a man who has real estate to sell. But the beauty of it is that this man was looking for, and has found real estate to buy.

We are due for a boom. It is predicted that within two years Michigan real estate will begin to pyramid in value. Within five years we will be undergoing a boom that will be equal to that ever endured by any other state. It is up to the realtors and the other business men of Michigan to study the facts and take due warning. The future of the state is in your hands. What it will be 25 years from now depends entirely upon your present vision. You can make of it a state of shanties or substantial homes. Communities that were practically discouraged and had no future outlook are beginning to realize prosperity and look forward to a promising future.

Farmers, dairymen and gardeners are realizing that a splendid market near home is appearing before them assuring prices and saving of long hauls.

These wonderful Great Lakes of ours are just being discovered by the world - but they are not all that we have to offer. It is estimated that we have approximately 30,000 inland lakes in Michigan, making it the veritable fisherman's paradise that railroad literature tells about.

BASE LINE

(Too late for last week)

M. Wilmot entertained for Xmas dinner Otto Lewis and family of Otsego and Harley Merrian and mother.

Robert Banks and wife announced the birth of a son Richard Fredrick, born Dec. 24. Congratulations.

Max Dannenberg and family passed Xmas in Grand Rapids.

Will Pullen and family were Xmas guests of J. Eastman and wife in Gobles.

Bert Short and family entertained their son and children from Lansing Xmas.

W. A. Jacobs and wife of South Haven are passing the week at L. Woodruff's.

Elmer Forester and family of Kalamazoo were Xmas guests at L. Woodruff's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Banks and Mr. and Mrs. J. Richards called on the new Banks baby and mother at Lester Woodruff's.

Mrs. Arch Holmes is caring for Mrs. Robert Banks.

C Venn was calling on neighbors on Baseline Sunday.

Bert Short and family entertained their daughter and children from Kalamazoo Saturday.

Taxi-Service

I have an enclosed car and can give you very good service at reasonable prices. I will appreciate your business. Will take you anywhere. Call Ruell's Grocery.

Notice of Meeting

The annual meeting and election of the Gobleville Milling Company will be held at the Gobles bank Tuesday, January 12, 1926. Polls open from one to three o'clock p. m. to be followed by the transaction of such business as may be desired.

Wm. J. Davis, Sec.

BELL SCHOOL

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Kesler celebrated their wedding anniversary and New Year's dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Coffinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Gooch, Reeve, Donald and Beth and Mrs. Long from Harrison were Sunday guests of J. Ringel and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fay Raefsnider are the proud parents of a fine boy baby.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Kesler and Grandma Baker were Sunday visitors of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Kesler.

Mrs. Virginia Wilkins returned home to Kalamazoo Sunday after spending her vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shryock spent Sunday with their father, Jas. Rhoades.

Now! That noise that was heard over to Vern Thayer's, was not a baby, just Mellie Dunham's fiddle from his home in the far east as it came in over their new radio.

Clayton Daniels is sick and under the care of Dr. Riley.

Joseph Rudinger has purchased the Marshall Harvey farm. Consideration \$1600.

Mitty Brown and family spent New Years with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Walters spent Sunday at the parental home. On their way back between the Penny and Bennett farms one of his chains became loose and caught in such a manner as to break the hind axle of his car. They were towed back home and took the bus for Kalamazoo Monday morning.

The Gorilla

"The Gorilla," which comes direct from a month's stay in Detroit to the Fuller Theatre, Kalamazoo, Monday and Tuesday nights, January 11 and 12, is a long way from being the kind of visitor its name suggests. It is a merry travesty or burlesque on modern mystery plays, but it has thrills all its own along with the 1,001 laughs it generates, and a surprising finish when the secret is disclosed.

"The Gorilla," widely heralded through its overwhelming successes in New York, Boston, Chicago and Detroit, where it played to long runs with crowded houses, is regarded as the greatest thriller the stage has seen in half a century. Being a hilarious parody on the mystery play it brings to the theatre something that is new and original, and occupies a distinctive position among the offerings of the season. Ralph Spence, the author, who has written much for "The Follies," and is best known for his humorous scenarios written for Harold Lloyd and Tom Mix, has devised a play that provides spontaneous and wholesome laughter, and there are those who say the laughs are so numerous that one cannot keep count.

This company made such a remarkable impression during its recent Detroit run that it has been rebooked to begin an extended engagement early in February. Seats for the engagement at the Fuller Theatre are now on sale at the box office, and owing to the tremendous demand for tickets at this time those wishing desirable locations are earnestly requested to secure them at once.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Gobles Farmers Mutual Telephone Co. will be held at village hall Saturday, January 9, 1926 at 1:30 P. M. for the election of officers and the transaction of such business as may properly come before it.

R. B. Taylor Sec.

If you have business in the probate court, request Judge Kifer to have the printing done at The News. He will be glad to accommodate you and you will help your home paper.

KENDALL

Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Sudeikis, north of Kendall are the proud parents of a little daughter, Valerijos Stepanna Sudeikis, born December 26, 1925.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Green of Kendall have a little son, born Jan. 3, 1926. Mrs. Maggie Levesee is helping to care for the new baby.

Doris Shirley is confined to her home with illness.

Elmer Barringer had a poor spell Sunday but was able to walk down town for his paper again Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Rinkers of Oshtemo have a little boy, Wayne, born Jan. 3, 1926.

Mrs. Mabel K. Waber had the misfortune to cut her right thumb quite badly Monday morning while washing a lamp chimney.

Estes Levesee left Sunday evening for South Bend, Ind. where he will take up a course in Business college.

Glenn Wilkinson has returned to his work in Strathmore high school, Detroit, after a holiday vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Story and daughter, Bessie of Kalamazoo came to spend Sunday with Mrs. Claude Brown and attend the Champion funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Earl and children from beyond Plainwell spent part of Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. Celestia Lewis.

George Waber of Kendall and Miss Thelma Hart of Hillsdale were married at her home Dec. 31, 1925. They returned at once to their home near here.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley S. Sweet, Mr. and Mrs. A. Eldridge and daughters and Mr. and Mrs. John Kane and son, Olin attended the Livingston Sweet wedding at Kalamazoo New Years night.

Mr. and Mrs. John N. Waber and twin sons, Guy and Glenn took New Years dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Harold Parker.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Levesee and son, Estes and Margaret Jewell of Gobles were the New Year guests of Mrs. Levesee's niece, Mrs. Ralph Spencer of Kalamazoo.

Mr. and Mrs. John MacGregor and Arthur returned Saturday from a ten days visit with their son, Donald and their daughters, Mrs. Anna Cronk and Mrs. Lillian Smith at Detroit.

Dr. and Mrs. Wilkinson entertained New Year's day, their guests being Mr. and Mrs. Martin Clement and sons and Miss Frances Huff.

Our community was saddened on New Years morning by the news of the passing of Mr. Champion. He has been a patient sufferer for the past year from that dread disease cancer. He was a kind husband, father and friend and will be greatly missed by all. He has resided in our township and village for over 37 years.

BROWN DISTRICT

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sackett and children are visiting at Andy Sackett's.

Sylvia Herman took dinner with Ada Pike one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Gilbert visited at John Gilbert's Sunday.

Estella Morrison spent New Years with Greta Sackett.

Goldie Hoyt spent Sunday night at Dave Gilbert's.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Pike attended the funeral of Joe Champion Sunday.

Howard Sackett visited at Andy Sackett's last week.

Lewie Camfield and lady friend took supper and spent the evening at Loren Camfield's Thursday.

Mrs. Sadie Bloek and Mr. Messer of Battle Creek called at John Hyde's Sunday evening.

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GOBLES NEWS

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING Entered at the Post Office at Gobles Mich. as second-class matter. J. BERT TRAVIS, Publisher. Member Michigan Press Association and National Editorial Association

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. IN CANADA, \$2.25 6 months, in advance. 3 months, in advance. 1 month, in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES. Business Locals, 5 cents a line per week. Church Notices, half price. Cards of thanks, obituaries and resolutions are to be paid for in advance. ALL Poetry 5c per line, in advance. Copies of the paper, 6c each. Copies of the paper are not included in obituaries or cards of thanks. Copy for advertising must reach this office not later than Tuesday noon. All that comes in later can be laid one side until the last of the following week. Obituaries, 25 lines free; all over 25 lines 1/2 cents per line will be charged. Cards of Thanks, 50 cents. Resolutions, 75 cents per set.

Business Locals

Fruit and ornamental trees and vines for fall setting for sale. Albert Hosner.

Used Buick touring car for sale. Dr. Wilkinson, Kendall. 3t

Veal calves wanted. See or phone Lester Woodruff.

Indian relics wanted. See Van Ryno.

5 young turkeys for sale. See Harry Shryock.

Typewriter paper, good quality, low priced, for sale at The News office.

Cut flowers for all occasions, banquets and set pieces. Mrs. A. J. Foelsch.

Registered Duroc Jersey stock hog for service, \$1.50. John Abbott farmers phone.

Will buy veal and chickens every Monday forenoon. Will come and get them. O. J. Rhoades.

Full blood Polled Durham bull for service, \$1.50. Elmer Simmons.

Buy Miller tires at Dorgan's filling station.

Dance at Kendall every Saturday night.

Special prices on tires and tubes at Cash Supply Store.

Baled and loose hay for sale. Stanley Styles.

Genuine 13 plate battery \$16.50 at Harrelson's.

Good, large house in Gobles, new roof for sale on contract. Why pay rent when you can pay for this on monthly payment plan? No interest. J. L. Clement & Son.

For tubular well work see Will Herman or leave or phone orders to E. J. Merrifield store, Gobles. 11-7

O. I. C. hog for service. See Fred Babbitt.

Let Lohrberg grind your sausage for you.

Will saw lumber at the Clement yard as usual in the spring. Chase & Carter.

A good position with rapid advancement through a course with the South Bend Business College. Resident or home study. Write for catalog.

Pine wood for sale. Inquire A. M. Almy, Pine Grove.

Dry and green mixed wood for sale. John Abbott.

Commencing January 1, 1926, I will be in my shop every Saturday, all day, for repair work. Max Benton, Plumber.

Lost—New tire chain between Gobles and North Point. Finder please return to News office. Reward.

The King Automobile Top Shop. Automobile Tops and Side Curtains made and repaired. Also Glass Enclosures and Celluloid. In the Beals Building, Gobles, Michigan.

Kraut Kraut

A limited amount of the very best new process kraut. You know the quality. Made by A. Watts, on Goble farm. Get your kraut while it lasts, or you'll be sorry when its past.

Tax Notice

Commencing Dec. 10 will be at Kendall on Thursdays and Gobles on Tuesdays to collect Pine Grove township taxes.

Vernon Chamberlin, Treas.

EVENTS OF 1925 SEEN IN REVIEW

Noteworthy Happenings of the Past Year in the United States and Elsewhere.

LOCARNO PACT SIGNED

**Powers of Western Europe Make
Treaties That Promise Security
and Peace—Revolt of Islam Is
Growing—Prosperity and Tax
Reduction for Americans—
Storm Over Air Service.**

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

Standing far above all other events of the year 1925 is the signing of the Locarno treaties. Though they do not mean the immediate coming of the millennium, they do mean that the European powers have decided that war does not pay, and they give to western Europe at least a measurable assurance of security and peace. This holds good so long as the signatory powers keep the promises made in the pacts, and should any of them fall to do so, the League of Nations is ready to step in. Germany has resumed her place in the family of nations, and as the year drew to a close there was great hope that soviet Russia would abandon her voluntary isolation and consent to closer association with the "capitalistic powers" that she has so long contemned. Locarno was a magnificent triumph for Austen Chamberlain, Aristide Briand, Dr. Hans Luther and Herr Stresemann, the statesmen mainly responsible for the treaties, and for the legislators and people in their respective countries who gave them hearty support.

Another important development of the year was the growing revolt of Islam against the rule of Christian powers. This manifested itself especially in the war in the Riff maintained against France and Spain throughout the year by Abd-el-Krim, and in the rebellion against the French regime in Syria. The latter was primarily carried on by the Druses, nonmoslem tribesmen, but the Mohammedan Arabs took at times an active part in it. Turkey took warlike measures because she was convinced the League of Nations would decide the Mosul dispute in favor of Great Britain; and in Egypt there was unrest that occasionally broke out into violence.

Twelve more months of almost incessant civil warfare, complicated by Bolshevik plotting and threatened uprisings against foreigners, was the record of China. Nevertheless the central government was maintained and the international conference at Peking held out some promise of settling the affairs of the distracted country.

The United States was blessed with general prosperity and progress during the year, and this was reflected in the bill introduced in the Sixty-ninth congress providing for reduction of taxes which would reduce the national revenue by \$325,736,000. Enforcement of the prohibition law continued to be a serious problem, but toward the end of the year the government adopted a new policy that promised to go far toward keeping illicit liquor out of the country. During many months a storm raged around the air services of the army and navy, due largely to the sensational charges made by Col. William Mitchell, for which he was tried by court-martial, and suspended for five years. His plan of an independent department of aviation was turned down by a board of inquiry appointed by the President. The controversy was accentuated by the tragic destruction of the dirigible Shenandoah in a storm and by the failure of an attempted nonstop airplane flight to Hawaii.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Prompted by Great Britain, the German government suggested the international conference that finally resulted in the Locarno treaties, but there were months of "conversations," exchanges of notes and secret talks before the great fact was accomplished. Briand was forced to move cautiously because of political complications, and Luther and Stresemann always had the irreconcilable German Nationalists to contend with. It was on October 5 that the foreign ministers of France, Germany, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy, Poland and Czechoslovakia came together in the little Swiss town of Locarno. Eleven days later they had completed their task, and on December 1 the momentous treaties were formally signed in London. The main treaty, known as the security pact, binds France and Germany and Belgium to respect the boundaries between those countries as fixed by the Treaty of Versailles; each promises not to attack either of the others; and Great Britain and Italy guarantee the inviolability of the frontiers. Provision is made for referring disputes to a conciliation commission, the permanent court of international justice or the council of the league. Arbitration treaties were signed between Germany and Poland and Germany and Czechoslovakia, and in subsidiary pacts France guaranteed the carrying out of these. The allies made immediate plans for speeding up the evacuation of the Cologne area

and the reduction of their forces in the Rhineland.

As soon as the security pact became a certainty, President Coolidge let it be known that he would like to call an international conference on land disarmament in Washington. The reaction to this in Europe, especially in France, was not favorable because the League of Nations was planning the same thing. Early in December the league's disarmament council announced that a special commission would be created to prepare for such a conference, and the United States and Soviet Russia were invited to appoint representatives on that commission.

The League of Nations, which held its annual meeting in Geneva in September with Senator Raoul Dandurand of Canada as president, received Great Britain's protest against violation of the Mosul frontier by Turkey and referred the dispute over that rich oil region to the World Court. The court ruled that the league's council was competent to decide the matter, and in December the council awarded all of the vilayet except a worthless strip to Iraq, at the same time extending the British mandate over Iraq to twenty-five years. Turkey protested angrily, but was somewhat mollified by Britain's offer to negotiate a permanent peace on the Iraq frontier, with hints of compensation for the oil lands. The council of the league was called on to prevent one war, and did so. Greece and Bulgaria were ready to fight over some trouble on the Macedonian frontier, and the Greeks went so far as to invade Bulgarian territory and occupy several towns. The league council ordered that hostilities cease at once, saw to it that the order was obeyed, and sent a mission to settle the dispute. Greece was found at fault and was ordered to pay damages to Bulgaria.

Abd-el-Krim's attempt to drive the French from the Riff and establish an independent government in that part of Morocco was not successful, but caused the two European powers much trouble and expense. They joined forces against the Riff leader, and after the Spanish effected a landing in Alhucemas bay in September Krim was virtually surrounded and was driven into the mountains. A group of American aviators formed an escadrille and helped in the fight against the Moroccan chieftain.

Strikes in the Shanghai cotton mills, fostered by Russian Bolshevik agents who sought to stir up civil war in China, resulted in fatal rioting in May and the anti-foreign threats made necessary the landing of American and European bluejackets and the arming of a force of foreign volunteers. This only enraged the Chinese the more and the government at Peking was utterly unable to straighten out the tangle. On August 5 the Washington treaties relating to Chinese customs and the open door went into effect, and in October the international conference to carry them out began its sessions in Peking. China demanded autonomy in the matter of the tariff, and the conferees agreed to give it this not later than January 1, 1929, provided that in the meantime China should abolish the ilkin.

Great progress was made in the settlement of international debts. In August Great Britain granted exceedingly liberal terms to France, but with the provision that if France obtained less favorable terms from the United States the British would insist on the same terms that the United States exacted. The French mission spent some time in Washington but was unable to satisfy the demands of the American debt commission and went home with a temporary plan which was rejected by the French parliament. In December, when Briand became premier again M. Beranger was appointed ambassador to Washington for the purpose of reopening negotiations. The American debts of Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Italy and Rumania were arranged satisfactorily to those countries.

President Coolidge, to whom the long standing dispute between Peru and Chile over Tacna and Arica provinces had been referred, sent General Pershing down there to arrange and conduct a plebiscite of the inhabitants of the region. The Chileans protested when he deferred the date of the plebiscite until April 15, 1926, and appealed to President Coolidge.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Politics in Great Britain were not especially eventful. The Liberal party recovered somewhat from its crushing defeat in the elections of 1924, and Herbert Asquith, who was raised to the peerage as the earl of Oxford, was continued as its leader. Lloyd George pledged to him his unqualified loyalty. The Labor party did all in its power to combat the Baldwin government but was itself badly split between radicals and conservatives. All these parties and elements except the radical Laborites were kept busy fighting the schemes of the Communists. The government refused to admit foreign Communists to the country to attend the conference of the British Communist party in Glasgow, and later canceled the permits of many Communists to live in Great Britain.

What was called one of the most important events in the post-war history of the British empire occurred on April 28, when Great Britain returned to the gold standard. Australia and New Zealand took this step at the same time and the Union of South Africa followed suit on July 1. Canada was already back on a gold basis, so that at the mid-year the currency of the entire empire was virtually on a pre-war footing.

France's troubles, aside from the

warfare in Morocco and Syria, were mainly financial. Premier Herriot held on until April 10, when the government's finance bill was defeated in parliament. Paul Painleve thereupon became premier and he gave the finance portfolio to Joseph Caillaux, who was convicted during the war of treason. Aristide Briand took the post of foreign minister. Caillaux was no more successful than his predecessors and the cabinet resigned October 27. Painleve formed a new ministry, but this went on the rocks in November. Briand was made premier again and Louis Loucheur, one of the wealthiest of Frenchmen, became minister of finance. His plans were rejected and he gave place to Paul Doumer.

The revolt of the Druses in Syria, held by France under a mandate, became serious in July and the tribesmen defeated the French forces several times. They filtered into Damascus and started an uprising there in the suppression of which the French shelled the Moslem quarters of the ancient city and battered it to pieces. Reinforcements were poured into Syria but the tribesmen kept up a harassing guerrilla warfare which was extended into Lebanon.

Germany's new reichstag convened January 5, and Dr. Hans Luther became chancellor, pledging himself to maintain the republic and the Dawes plan. The Monarchists and Nationalists were strong in his cabinet. March 29 the first popular elections for President were held and resulted in no candidate receiving a majority. The Nationalists and several other groups then made Field Marshal von Hindenburg their nominee, and at the second elections, held April 26, he was elected. It was freely predicted that this meant the early restoration of the German empire, but the old soldier took the pledge of loyalty to the republic and thereafter gave not the slightest indication that he desired a return to monarchism.

In December the cabinet resigned so that a new ministry fully in favor of the Locarno treaties might be formed.

Benito Mussolini continued to rule Italy with a firm hand, and the position of the Fascists was strengthened in the autumn by a split in the opposition, the Maximalist Socialists severing their connection with the other groups forming the Aventine bloc. The dictator began the year by taking steps to suppress the opposition organizations and newspapers, and before the twelfth month was ended the parliament had at his behest passed a number of laws, electoral and otherwise, that made Fascism supreme and Mussolini's dictatorship complete. In November the police uncovered a plot to assassinate the premier and overthrow the government, and one result of this was a renewal of measures to suppress the Freemasons.

Primo de Rivera, dictator of Spain, caused some surprise in December by announcing that the time to end the military dictatorship had come. He formed a civilian cabinet, retaining the position of premier. On the whole the rule of the directory seemed to have been beneficial to the country. In Portugal cabinet crises, small military revolts and Communist uprisings were rather frequent. Belgium experienced several changes of ministries, and so did Poland, where Skrynski came into power in November.

General Pangalos led a successful military and naval coup d'etat in Greece in June and the government was upset without bloodshed. Pangalos thereupon became premier. In September he dissolved the national assembly and ordered new elections.

Soviet Russia did not gain the confidence of the other powers to any great extent, for the diplomatic efforts of her rulers in that line were offset by the continuance of bolshevist propaganda abroad. Having failed to entice the proletariat of western Europe, they turned their attention especially to Japan and China. At home their chief concern was the state of mind of the Russian peasantry, which was so dissatisfied that revolt was in the air. As usual, there were crop failures in various districts and famine conditions were predicted, despite which the government exported wheat for political purposes.

To foster industries and attract foreign capital the Soviet government took steps during the year which led it farther and farther away from its Communist ideals. Industrial plants were returned to their former owners under lease and private capitalists were permitted to enter trade. Graft in government circles was sternly suppressed, on one occasion 12 officials being sentenced to death for this crime.

Egypt got into trouble with Great Britain when a group of radicals murdered Sir Lee Stack, the sirdar. The British exacted the death penalty for the assassin and compelled the Egyptian government to yield certain concessions that tightened the British grip on the disputed Sudan territory. Ahmad Mirza, the young shah of Persia, enjoyed life so much in Paris that he refused to return to his country, so on October 31 the parliament deposed him and put an end to his dynasty. Riza Khan, the premier who once was a common soldier, assumed the throne as King Pahlavi. A. C. Millsbaugh, American, is still administrator general of the finances of Persia, having made an excellent record for the year.

Conditions in Arabia were unsettled during the year, owing to the intermittent warfare between Ali, king of the Hedjaz, and Ibn Saud, king of

Nejd and leader of the Wahabis. Ibn captured Mecca, but was defeated by Ali at Jeddah.

Captain Amundsen made a spectacular attempt to fly over the North pole, hopping off from Spitzbergen with two planes on May 21. The expedition succeeded in getting within 150 miles of the pole but was forced to descend and lost one of the planes. After great hardships the intrepid explorers returned to Spitzbergen on June 18.

Latin America had a comparatively uneventful year, which means there were fewer revolutions than usual. On January 23 the navy junta government of Chile was overthrown by army officers and a few days later the army and navy reached a peaceful agreement and recalled President Alessandri from his voluntary exile in Europe. In October Alessandri resigned and was succeeded by Emiliano Figueroa Solazano in January, and Barahona of Honduras. On August 3 the American marines were withdrawn from Nicaragua after keeping the peace there for 12 years. In Bolivia Jose Villaneuva was elected President but would not promise subservience to the party of President Saavedra, so at the instance of the latter the congress declared the election void. On September 3 Saavedra turned over the office of chief executive to the president of the senate and new elections were ordered.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS

Presidential electors of the states met January 12 and went through the formality of voting for President and vice president of the United States. Calvin Coolidge and Charles Gates Dawes were declared elected, and on March 4 they were duly inaugurated. Before that event congress had passed through the usual grist of appropriation bills and had passed a measure increasing postal rates and the pay of postal employees. It also raised the salaries of its own members to \$10,000 and of the cabinet members to \$15,000.

Associate Justice McKenna of the Supreme court resigned January 4 and the President appointed Attorney General Harlan F. Stone to the vacancy. A few days later he nominated Charles E. Warren of Michigan to be attorney general. When the senate met in special session after the inauguration one of its first acts was to reject the Warren nomination because of his former business connections. The President sent in the name again, and again it was rejected. Mr. Coolidge thereupon nominated John G. Sargent for the place and he was accepted. Secretary of State Hughes retired from the cabinet on March 4, and was succeeded by Frank B. Kellogg, then ambassador to Great Britain. Secretary of War Weeks, who had been ill for many months, resigned on October 13, and Dwight F. Davis, assistant secretary, was given the portfolio. Mr. Davis' position was filled by the appointment of Col. Hanford MacNider, former national commander of the American Legion. William M. Jardine of Kansas was made secretary of agriculture on February 14. A change in the White House itself that was of especial interest to politicians was the resignation of C. Bascom Slessop as secretary to the President and the appointment of Everett Sanders of Indiana.

President Coolidge spent the summer vacation at Swampscott, Mass., and during the year he made several trips for the purpose of delivering addresses. The more important of these were to St. Paul, Minn., for the Norse-American centennial celebration; to Omaha for the meeting of the American Legion, and to Chicago for the convention of the American Farm Bureau federation. Vice President Dawes was exceedingly active in carrying on his campaign for revision of the rules of the senate, making speeches on that topic in many parts of the country. When the Sixty-ninth congress opened its sessions on December 7 he was ready to go on with his fight, but without glittering prospects of success.

The Republicans were in full control of the new congress, but the old insurgent bloc in the party was there again undaunted by disciplinary measures by which its members were deprived of most of their important committee assignments. In the lower house they refused to support the Republican candidate for speaker, Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, who nevertheless was elected. The Republicans also amended the rule concerning discharge of committees so that a majority of the house must sign a petition to take legislation out of a committee's hands and place it before the house. In the lower house sat three women members—Mrs. Rogers of Massachusetts and Mrs. Kahn of California on the Republican side and Mrs. Norton of New Jersey on the Democratic side. With a vast number of bills introduced at the beginning of the session, the house put at the top of the list the tax reduction measure that had been prepared by the ways and means committee during the fall, and at once went to work on it. This bill proposed a cut in income and other taxes that would reduce the national revenues by more than \$325,000,000. It was virtually a nonpartisan measure and seemed assured of passage.

Aside from Vice President Dawes' effort to reform the senate procedure, interest in the upper house at first centered on the attitude of Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., of Wisconsin, who had been elected to succeed his late father, the leader of the insurgents. The young man gave every indication that he would follow closely in the footsteps of his sire. Another of the radical senators had passed away—Senator Ladd of North Dakota—and Governor Sorensen had appointed Gerald P. Nye, an avowed follower of LaFollette, to succeed him. Some of

the senators opposed the seating of Mr. Nye on the ground that the governor had no right, under the state constitution, to fill a senatorial vacancy. Senator Ralston of Indiana, a Democratic wheelhorse, died October 14 and A. R. Robinson, Republican, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Senator Spencer of Missouri also passed away and his place was filled by George H. Williams.

One of the most spectacular political battles of recent times was that waged for the majority of New York. It began with a hot contest for the Democratic nomination between Gov. Al Smith and Tammany, whose choice was State Senator "Jimmy" Walker and the Hearst following, which urged the renomination of Mayor Hylan. Tammany won out, and in the election Walker was easily the victor over F. D. Waterman, the Republican nominee.

Col. William Mitchell, by his determined fight to improve the air service of the army and navy, made his name a household word. Early in the year his outspoken criticisms of his superiors resulted in his removal from the office of assistant chief of the army air service, but he kept on talking and writing until the War department had to order his trial by court-martial. Meanwhile the President had appointed a special board to inquire into the condition of the air service, and this board, after lengthy hearings, made a report upholding Mitchell in many of his criticisms. It condemned, however, his pet scheme for making the air service an independent department.

Having no warfare, no really serious business or economic troubles, and not much in the way of politics, the people of the United States devoted a great deal of attention to prohibition, its enforcement and its violation. It could not be denied that the dry law was not being thoroughly enforced, so in June General Andrews, assistant secretary of the treasury, was put in full charge of the job. He made a sweeping reorganization of the federal enforcement machinery, depriving Prohibition Commissioner Haynes of most of his powers and dividing the country into 24 districts with administrators responsible to him.

There is little need to remind readers of the Scopes trial in Dayton, Tenn., in which the school teacher was convicted of violating the state law forbidding the teaching of any theory of the origin of mankind contrary to that found in the Bible. With William Jennings Bryan leading the prosecution and Clarence Darrow, Chicago atheist, as chief counsel for the defense, the contest was between fundamentalism and liberalism, and the people of the country learned more about Charles Darwin and the theory of evolution than they would otherwise in a lifetime. However, there could be no "decision" in this contest. Mr. Scopes was found guilty on his own admission that he had violated the law. Only a few days after the close of the trial, on July 20, Mr. Bryan was found dead in bed.

INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR

Only one great strike marred the year's record in the United States. The anthracite miners had been demanding an increase in wages and the adoption of the check-off system by the operators, and after long and futile negotiations the men were called out of the mines on September 1. Because the stock of coal was large and owing to the use of oil and other substitutes, the consumer did not suffer greatly, but the effects of the strike on the miners and operators and the business men of the mining towns were serious. President Coolidge refused to interfere but asked congress to give the Chief Executive and the secretaries of commerce and labor the authority to intervene in such crises.

The American Federation of Labor held its annual meeting in Atlantic City in October, turned down all propositions for co-operation with the Russian trade unions and recognition of the Soviet government, and re-elected President Green and all other officers. The Supreme Court of the United States on April 13 held unconstitutional that part of the Kansas industrial court act providing for compulsory arbitration of labor disputes. In October it ruled against the Arizona minimum wage law for women. A special federal court of equity exonerated the International Harvester company of trust charges, and Secretary of Agriculture Jardine dismissed the federal charges against the merger of the Armour and Morris packing concerns. Violent fluctuations of prices on the Chicago Board of Trade aroused the ire of farmers and of Secretary Jardine, and at his insistence the board in October adopted stringent rules to prevent price manipulation.

DISASTERS

Nature was not kind to the human race during the year, for earthquakes, tornadoes and floods took heavy toll of lives and property. In the United States the spectacular disaster was the destruction of the great navy dirigible Shenandoah in a storm over Ohio on September 3 as the airship was on her way to some state fairs in the Middle West. Commander Zachary Lansdowne and 13 men of his crew were killed. Another misfortune befell the navy on September 24 when the submarine S-51 was rammed by a steamship off the Rhode Island coast and went down with 33 men. Among other disasters were these: In February: Mine explosion in Dortmund, Germany, killed 138; Kansas City live stock pavilion and motor show burned, the loss being \$2,500,000; mine explosion at Sullivan, Ind., killed 51. In March: Thousands died in earthquake in central China;

tornadoes in southern Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Tennessee and Alabama killed about 800. In May: Mississippi river steamer capsized, 22 drowning; destructive earthquake on Japan's west coast; explosion in North Carolina coal mine killed 52. In June: Seventeen killed by mine explosion at Sturgis, Ky., 45 killed in train wreck in New Jersey; earthquake wrecked Santa Barbara, Cal., killing 11 and destroying \$25,000,000 in property. In July: Fifty killed by collapse of dance hall in Boston. In August: Fifty killed by boiler explosion on excursion steamer near Newport, R. I.; Italian submarine lost with crew of 49. In September: Mine explosion in Corea killed 150. In October: Eighteen killed in train wreck near Memphis, Tenn. In November: British submarine lost with crew of 8; three million dollar fire on New Orleans docks; west coast of Florida ravaged by storms. In December: Fifty-three miners killed by gas explosion near Birmingham, Ala.

NECROLOGY

Outstanding among the names of those claimed by death during the year are these: In January: Archbishop Henry Moeller of Cincinnati; Guernsey Moore and George Bellows, American artists; Dr. Norman Bridge, Chicago physician and philanthropist; Harry Furniss, English cartoonist and author; D. G. Reid, "tin plate king"; John C. Eastman, publisher of Chicago Journal; Field Marshal Baron Grenfell, British soldier; George W. Cable, American author.

In February: John Lane, English publisher; Julius Fleischmann, Cincinnati millionaire; Thomas W. Lawson, Boston financier; Mrs. Clio Bracken, American sculptress; Fred W. Upham, Republican leader of Chicago; M. H. DeYoung, publisher of San Francisco Chronicle; President Marlon Burton of University of Michigan; James Lane Allen, American author; Hjalmar Branting, former premier of Sweden; Medill McCormick, U. S. senator from Illinois; Friedrich Ebert, President of Germany.

In March: William A. Clark, copper magnate; Bishop W. A. Quayle of Kansas; Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, first President of Chinese republic; Marquis Curzon of Kedleston; Lord Rawlinson, commander of British forces in India.

In April: Jean de Reszke, famous tenor; Archbishop Christie of Oregon; Elwood Haynes, inventor of first automobile; John S. Sargent, American painter; Ralph D. Paine, American author; G. S. Sanderson, secretary of United States senate.

In May: Viscount Leverhulme, English "soap king"; Maj. Gen. H. A. Bandholtz, U. S. A.; Herbert Quick, American author; W. F. Massey, premier of New Zealand; Miss Amy Lowell, poet and critic; Gen. Charles Mangin, defender of Verdun; Viscount Milner, English statesman; Sir Henry Rider Haggard, English author; Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles; S. P. Spencer, U. S. senator from Missouri; Field Marshal French, earl of Ypres; Dr. Ernest D. W. Burton, president of University of Chicago; Louis Falk, noted organist.

In June: Former Vice President Thomas R. Marshall; Camille Flammarion, French astronomer; Pierre Louys, French author; Vance Thompson, American author; Warren S. Stone, president of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Julius Kruttschnitt, railway magnate; Edmund J. James, American educator; R. M. LaFollette, United States senator from Wisconsin; E. F. Ladd, United States senator from North Dakota.

In July: D. W. Tryon, American painter; Rear Admiral G. W. Williams; Cardinal Begin, archbishop of Quebec; Dr. A. J. Ochsner, famous American surgeon; William Jennings Bryan; Mrs. Helen H. Gardner, author and educator; Edgar A. Bancroft, American ambassador to Japan.

In August: George Gray, former senator from Delaware; John Temple Graves of Georgia; Victor F. Lawson, publisher of Chicago News; Sir George Goldie, founder of Nigeria. In September: E. R. Stettinius, New York banker; Reginald C. Vanderbilt; Rene Viviani, French statesman; Paul Bartlett, American sculptor; A. C. Bedford, Standard Oil magnate; James Deering, Chicago capitalist; Ada Lewis, American actress; Leon Bourgeois, French statesman.

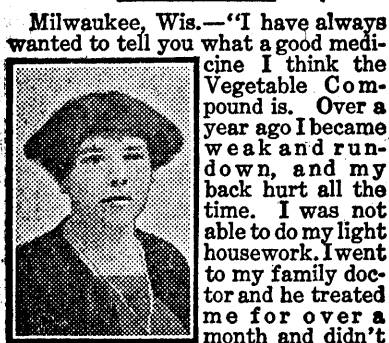
In October: Christy Mathewson, famous baseball pitcher; James B. Duke, tobacco magnate and philanthropist; S. M. Ralston, United States senator from Indiana; Eugene Sandow, famous strong man; Gen. Isaac Sherwood of Ohio; Bishop Frederick Burgess of Long Island; Bishop E. M. Parker of New Hampshire; Dr. H. J. Waters, agricultural expert and editor; Job Harriman, Socialist leader; M. E. Ailes, Washington banker; Gen. Felix Agnus, publisher of Baltimore American.

In November: P. A. Lannon of Salt Lake City; Khai Dinh, emperor of Annam; Eldridge G. Snow, New York financier; Domicio Da Gama, Brazilian statesman; A. J. Earling, former president of C. M. & St. P. railway; Alexandra, queen dowager of England; Clara Morris, actress; Rama VI, king of Siam; Andrew Fletcher, president American Locomotive company.

In December: Dr. A. F. Nightingale and Dr. F. A. Parker, veteran educators; Ladislus Reymont, Polish author; Ed. H. Moore, Democratic leader of Ohio; P. S. Hill, president of American Tobacco company; Rev. William Wilkinso, "bishop of Wall Street"; John R. Booth, Canadian lumber magnate; Maj. Gen. Harry L. Rogers, retired; F. C. Hicks, alien property custodian.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

At This Critical Period Let Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Help You Safely Through



Milwaukee, Wis.—"I have always wanted to tell you what a good medicine I think the Vegetable Compound is. Over a year ago I became weak and run-down, and my back hurt all the time. I was not able to do my light housework. I went to my family doctor and he treated me for over a month and didn't help me. I saw your name in the paper and the name of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I said to my husband, 'I will try that and see if it will help me.' I have taken six bottles and am feeling much better, but I am still taking it as it is the Change of Life with me and I will keep on till it is over."—Mrs. ANNIE KWINSKI, rear 526 1st Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Brewton, Alabama.—"During the Change of Life I suffered for some time during each month with headaches and backache, and was hardly able to do my work at those times. A friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and since taking it I feel like a different woman."—Mrs. MATTIE ADAMS, Downing Street, Brewton, Ala.

SPOHN'S
Best for 30 Years
for Distemper, Pink Eye,
Influenza, Laryngitis,
Catarrhal Fever, Epizootic,
Coughs or Colds.
For Horses,
Mules & Dogs.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO. DISTEMPER
GOSHER, INDI. COMPOUND

Handiest thing in the house

For Cuts
Dress at once with "Vaseline" Jelly. Prevents soreness. Shuts out air and dirt. Heals quickly. Keep it handy for every emergency.
CHESBROUGH MFG. COMPANY
State Street (Consolidated) New York

Vaseline
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.
PETROLEUM JELLY
25 CENTS

Not Afraid
Night Watchman—Young man, are you going to kiss that girl?
He (straightening up)—No, sir.
Night Watchman—Here, then; hold my lantern.

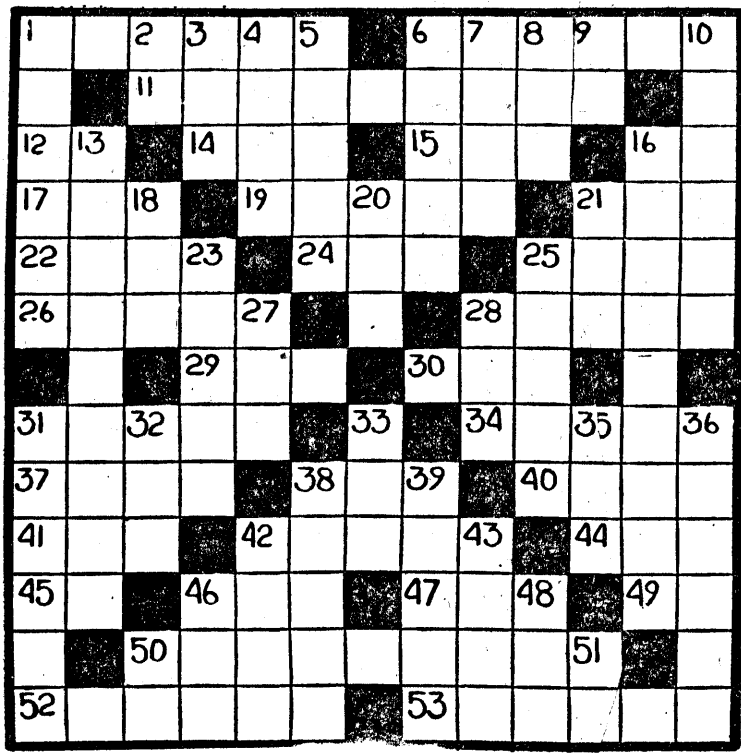
Sure Relief
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief
BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION
25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

Mothers, Do This—
When the Children Cough, Rub Muterole on Throats and Chests
No telling how soon the symptoms may develop into croup, or worse. And then's when you're glad you have a jar of Muterole at hand to give prompt relief. It does not blister.
As first aid, Muterole is excellent. Keep a jar ready for instant use.
It is the remedy for adults, too. Relieves sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, chilblains, frosted feet and colds of the chest (it may prevent pneumonia).

To Mothers: Muterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Muterole.
Jars & Tubes
MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER
Better than a mustard plaster

Better Than Pills For Liver Ills.
You can't feel so good but what **NR** will make you feel better.
Get a 25c. Box.
Nature's Remedy
Your Druggist

Cross-Word Puzzle



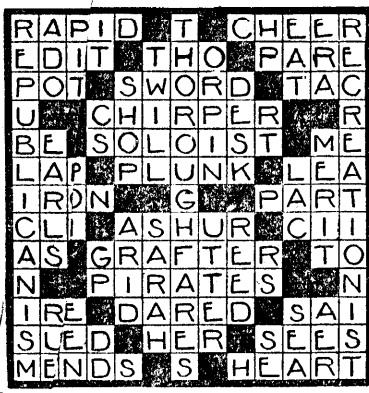
(Copyright, 1926.)

- Horizontal.**
- Scowls
 - Opposed to "inabilities"
 - The legislative body in Germany
 - The present era (abbr.)
 - The complete self
 - A tool equipment
 - That man
 - Came together
 - A famous Greek poet
 - A stinging insect
 - An heroic poem
 - The foot of certain animals
 - A Laplander
 - A medicine that produces sleep
 - Talks extravagantly
 - An electrified particle
 - Indistinct
 - Distributed
 - To combine
 - Finishes
 - To cut short, as hair
 - In the near future
 - Cents (abbr.)
 - Liberated
 - Finish
 - White
 - A scarf of fur or feathers
 - Part of a circle
 - Therefore
 - Of the nature of a theft
 - A river in the western U. S.
 - Goes quickly

- A cushion
- Anthems
- Winks sprally
- Makes cripple
- To decay
- Edge
- To march away
- Advertisements (slang)
- Enemy
- Eggs of flax
- Bestows a permanent fund or income upon
- Support
- Popular Boston dish
- A fortification
- To let fall
- A baseball implement
- An implement used in billiards
- A southern state of the United States (abbr.)
- A point of the compass.

The solution will appear in next issue.

Solution of Last Week's Puzzle.



- Vertical.**
- Flashes
 - Either
 - Small (Scotch)
 - Near by
 - A shovel-like implement
 - Awry
 - To mix
 - Rested
 - Therefore (abbr.)
 - To brush
 - Persons who give written testimony (law)
 - Figures having seven sides
 - The end of anything

HOW TO SOLVE A CROSSWORD PUZZLE

When the correct letters are placed in the white spaces this puzzle will spell words both vertically and horizontally. The first letter in each word is indicated by a number, which refers to the definition listed below the puzzle. Thus No. 1 under the column headed "horizontal" defines a word which will fill all the white spaces up to the first black square to the right, and a number under "vertical" defines a word which will fill the white squares to the next black one below. No letters go in the black spaces. All words used are dictionary words, except proper names. Abbreviations, slang initials, technical terms and obsolete forms are indicated in the definitions.

LOVE AND IDLENESS

By THOMAS ARKLE CLARK

LET the man who does not wish to be idle fall in love.
I do not know the author of the above sentence, but whoever he was he was a wise boy. Young women do not take love so seriously as men, or if they take it seriously they have themselves under better control than young men do, and so do not let it interfere with any other serious work which they may have to do.

Love is a common state of mind or emotion—so common that anyone at all given to making observations upon the young people of his community must have made a considerable number of generalizations upon the matter. As for me, I am surrounded by young people, day and night, and I should be more than ordinarily dull if I did not have driven home to me certain conclusions concerning the dominance over a young man of the tender passion.

Whatever may be the reason—physical, social or emotional—the young fellow in love finds it, in most cases, an occupation which monopolizes all his available time. If he devotes to the object of his affections the attention he would like and that she requires, he is worth nothing for anything else either physical or mental, especially mental.

Love making, it is admitted, I believe, is best carried on in the evening, so that the young fellow who is employed in some physical or semi-physical way from 8 a. m. until 5 p. m. has the best chance while in love of retaining his job. If his professional or educational duties require him to labor at night, the chances of his getting anything done are pretty nearly negligible.

"What's the matter with Lorenz?" I asked one of my assistants not long ago. Lorenz had been rather an outstanding man who had shown some life and more than average interest in his work. Now he moped around like a convalescent from a lingering disease. He had no more life than a saw horse.
"He is in love," was the explanation.

I knew then that though it seemed otherwise, Lorenz was not idle.

The man in love has no leisure, no time for meditation, no relaxation, for though he may be rushing from one social function to another, to a picture show this afternoon and a formal dance tonight, from a game of golf tomorrow to a drive in a motor car the next day, there is no rest in these things. He is always in a state of worry lest someone else will ingratiate himself with her or show her some attention of which he has not thought and which will cause him to lose her. It is a twenty-four-hour-a-day job which he has undertaken, and there is surely no season of idleness for him.

When he isn't with her he thinks about her or he calls her up over the telephone. The only rest for him is marriage or the grave, and either of these is a little uncertain.

(© 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

Concerts for Horses

It is doubtful whether human eccentricity ever went further than in the case of Lord Holland, who was contemporaneous with William the Third. It was his usual custom to regale his stud of horses with a weekly concert. He had a gallery erected for the purpose, and he maintained that the music cheered their hearts and improved their tempers.—London Tit-Bits.

Doctoring a Mountain

Some alarm has been caused in Rome by the statement of scientists that the Matterhorn, one of Italy's famous mountains, is in a shaky condition, and may topple over into the Italian valley. Years ago similar fears for the Rocher de la Clusette in Jura caused engineers to rush to the mountain and shore it up with concrete.

Distinctive Motion

Harmonic motion is motion executed by the foot of a perpendicular let fall of the diameter of a circle from a particle moving with uniform velocity in that circle. It may also be defined as a motion to which the piston rod of a steam engine approximates when it turns a crank uniformly.



"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Is Winter Time Your Backache Time?

Does Your Back Foretell Every Change of the Weather? Do You Feel Old and Stiff and Suffer Sharp, Rheumatic Pains? Then Look to Your Kidneys!

DOES every cold, chill or attack of grip leave you lame, stiff and achy? Are you nervous and depressed; feel tired, worn out and miserable? Does your back throb and ache until it seems you just can't keep going? Then look to your kidneys! Colds and chills throw a heavy strain on the kidneys. They overload the blood with impurities that the kidneys have to filter off. The kidneys are apt to weaken under this rush of new

work, become congested and inflamed. It's little wonder, then, that every cold finds so many folks suffering with torturing backache, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness and annoying kidney irregularities.

If this is the case with you, don't risk neglect! Help your weakened kidneys with a stimulant diuretic. Begin using **Doan's Pills**. **Doan's** have helped thousands. Local users testify to their worth. Ask your neighbor!

"Use Doan's," Say These Good People:

CHAS. ROSEBOROUGH, 159 E. Monroe Ave., St. Charles, Ill., says: "I think a cold and change of climate weakened my kidneys. My back troubled me and a dull, steady ache across my kidneys wore on me. When I bent over I could hardly straighten because of those pains. My kidneys were weak and I had to get up occasionally at night. I used Doan's Pills and they cured me in fine shape."

MRS. MINNIE SCHÄFFER, 624 E. Macoupin St., Staunton, Ill., says: "The dull, bearing-down pains in my back made life pretty miserable for me. Colds settled in my kidneys and I'll never forget the headaches. I was nervous and irritable. My kidneys acted irregularly, too. I used Doan's Pills and my back was rid of the pain, my head ceased aching and my kidneys became strong and well."

Doan's Pills

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

At all dealers, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfg. Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

Tut, Tut

"Why does he wear his cap at such a rakish angle?" "Oh, I suppose it's to run the surplus off his brain."

6,822 DEATHS FROM WHOOPING COUGH

Whooping cough is the most neglected of children's diseases, and one of the most dangerous. There are 6,822 deaths reported in a single year in the United States from this disease. There is no cure for whooping cough, it usually running its course, but relief can be given and its duration shortened. A few drops of Dr. Drake's Gliesco will relieve the most violent paroxysms of coughing, and given regularly it will lessen the severity of the attacks and bring quicker recovery. Endorsed by physicians and sold by druggists on guarantee of complete satisfaction. 50c by all dealers everywhere.—Adv.

He Has

Tess—Hazel married a man with all kinds of money.
Jess—Who is he?
Tess—A coin collector.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Take Tablets Without Fear if You See the Safety "Bayer Cross."

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 25 years. Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Imitations may prove dangerous.—Adv.

Women who remain single can console themselves with the thought that they were born that way.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching, by hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Advertisement.

A girl can always tell when a man is in love with her by the way he looks at her when she isn't looking.

FLORIDA

Celery often yields \$2,000 an acre. It has made one city in Florida, and will make others. For particulars, write Dept. A, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Tallahassee, Florida

It's for Piles Peterson's Ointment

"Hundreds of people have told me," says Peterson, "that Peterson's Ointment is the quickest and best remedy for piles in the world." For chafing, eczema, old sores and sore feet. All druggists, 60 cents.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 2-1926.

200-300-500 Feet of Controlled Light
BURGESS FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES
BURGESS BATTERY COMPANY, MADISON, WISCONSIN

CHAPPING - SORES
One treatment soothes the irritation and starts the healing if you use
Resinol



"Those bilious headaches can be prevented"

"I know how agonizing they are. For years I was a chronic sufferer.
"And the headaches were not the worst part of it. The strong drugs I used to take to relieve the pain upset my stomach and slowly but surely undermined my general health.
"Finally I found out that my headaches were due to constipation. My doctor advised Nujol. After taking it regularly a few weeks the trouble disappeared.
"Since then I have never had another headache. There is no reason why I should, for the cause has been corrected."

Nujol Corrects Constipation in Nature's Way

Constipation is dangerous for everybody. Nujol is safe for everybody. Nujol simply softens the waste matter and thus permits regular and thorough elimination without overtaxing the intestinal muscles. Medical authorities approve Nujol because it is gentle, safe and natural in its action.
You can take Nujol for any length of time without ill effects. To insure internal cleanliness, it should be taken regularly. Unlike laxatives, it does not form a habit and can be discontinued at any time.
Ask your druggist for Nujol today and begin to enjoy the perfect health that is possible only when elimination is normal and regular.

Nujol

THE INTERNAL LUBRICANT For Constipation

**Measure
TINY Comfort**

**"Come when thou wilt
and
depart when thou wilt**

—since for thy
Pleasure and Comfort
all is ordered
here"

Hotel Rowe

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.
ERNEST W. NEIR, Mgr.

**Certified Member Gobles
Chamber of Commerce
for the year 1925**

signs in windows show boosting farmers
where to trade. Boosting boosters boosts
your own property. You know it! Go to it.

**DR. G. A. SHOWERMAN
Dentist**

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN
Office over O'Grady Bros. Store
Office Hours: 8 to 12. 1 to 5
Phone 353

Mark's Shop

Cleaning Pressing
Dressmaking
BLOOMINGDALE, MICH.

Mark every grave

**Bloomington Flower and
Gift Shop**

REID & CARNES
Extends to you a warm, welcome
Quality and Service

ALBERT J. FOELSCH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.
Office at residence across from Baptist
church

Both phones GOBLES, MICH

G. M. RILEY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office Hours: 1 to 3 p. m.
Except Sundays
Office at residence Call either phone
Gobles, Michigan

Easter Lily Chapter No. 230, O. E. S.

Meetings First Tuesday of Each
Month
Visiting members always welcome
MARGARET EVEREST, W. M.
Elizabeth Upham, Sec.

Hudson Lodge No. 326, F. & A. M.

Meetings the First Thursday evening
of each month
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**Getting Into
the Game**

By J. A. WALDRON

(Copyright.)

"I WISH papa had less money," said
Marjorie Paxton to Guy Mar-
tin. They had met by plan-
cians. They were in love. "He would be
more reasonable about you, dear, if
he had less!"

"Well, I've got enough money for
us to start on, darling, if you want
to take a chance with me."
"Oh, no! I just couldn't elope, or
anything like that! We must wait.
If I dared tell him we're really en-
gaged, you might have Thanksgiv-
ing dinner with us!"

"Small chance of that, little girl!
Thanksgiving is only a few weeks
away!"

"But who knows? Really, though,
how much money have you, dear?"
They were having luncheon in a
quiet restaurant. Marjorie, as she
asked the question, sipped her tea
daintily. He adored every tiny move-
ment her rare grace formulated.

"Well, I could raise twenty thou-
sand dollars on a pinch, from what
has been left me. And I think I have
a knack of getting along."

"Of course you have! But twenty
thousand dollars! Papa would call
that 'chicken feed!' Why, only last
night, at dinner, when he had Mr.
Strong, one of his partners in busi-
ness, they talked of spending twenty
million dollars on one spot!"

"Some spot, I should say."
"They are quietly buying that
block on Green, Hudson, Clinton and
Vander streets for a new soap fac-
tory—one of the largest in the world!"

"Soap! What wonders are achieved
in thy name! Well, little girl—my
little girl—we shall wait a while,
as you wish. But we can't wait for-
ever, you know!"

Two weeks afterward, having sent
in his card, Guy waited in the ante-
room of the elaborate offices of the
Universal Soap corporation of which
Hiram Paxton was president. Guy
hardly expected courtesy, but he was
asked in.

Hiram Paxton swung in his easy
chair and faced his visitor. "Well,
young man, what is it?" he asked
raspily.

"I want to marry your daughter
Marjorie," Guy bluntly replied.
"You do, eh? Rather ambitious.
What is your vocation, if the ques-
tion is not impertinent?"

"I'm experimenting, sir. Haven't
yet fixed upon what I may really do."

"A dilly-dallier, eh? Well, young
man, my daughter, for whom I have
ambitious plans, may think something
of you. I should worry about it if
I were not convinced that a girl's fancy
is ephemeral. I heard you play the
piano and sing to her one evening
when neither of you knew I was in
the house. A mere girl thinks a lot
about such things. I have casually
asked her about you, though with no
desire whatever that you should be-
come my son-in-law. She says you
are also a beautiful dancer. And pos-
sibly you play games as well—say
poker, for instance?"

"Oh, I have played poker in a
strictly social environment. And I
also play tennis, golf and bridge."
"Ah! Quite accomplished! Ap-
parently a young man of leisure. But
from my slight knowledge of the arts
in which you assume to be proficient,
I doubt if you ever become a virtuoso
in any of them. Doubtless you im-
agine that you can take the place of
Paderewski—who has become a polit-
ician—as a pianist?"

"Oh, no, sir."
"Possibly you think you can be a
Caruso?"

"Hardly. I'm a baritone."
"Maybe you can dance as well as
some of the persons who are said to
command large salaries in that field?"

"Mr. Paxton, you'll excuse me—I'm
an amateur in all those things. And
I have no ambition for public ap-
plause."

"Then what is your bent?"
"I'm thinking of going into real es-
tate."

"Going into' is good!" Hiram
laughed cynically.

"But one has to start in anything,
you know."
Hiram's laugh became raucous.

"Say, young man, I'm busy, but I want
to give you a pointer. You've heard
of Wall Street sharks?"
"In a general way."

"Well, they're simply sunfish com-
pared with the species in real estate.
I'll tell you something: My company
has been trying to get hold of a cer-
tain block on the West side of town
where tax improvement has kept the
prices low. We worked quietly, and
bought three-quarters of the block,
only to find that the most desirable
quarter had been tied up on an op-
tion. There's no record of the mat-
ter, yet, and we can't imagine who
the devil could have got wind of our
plans. You see what an opulent op-
portunity you have to 'get into real
estate!'"

"In the language of the Street, you
mean what they call 'a fat chance?'"
"Exactly that. A fat chance."
"Well, Mr. Paxton, I'm the one who
tied up that quarter of the block. I
hold the option."

Exactly
"Why did you never marry, Smith?"
"I thought several times of doing
so, but finally decided not to."
"The victory of mind over matri-
mony, so to speak."—Boston Tran-
script.

Hard Work
"Do you play the races?"
"No. My fruitless struggles to pick
a winner could hardly be designated
as play."

**He Was Mother's
Architect**

By RUBY DOUGLAS

(Copyright.)

"W HO is that strange and good-
looking young man I see you
driving about with, Kit?" asked one of
Katherine's associates in the village
club.

"He's not too bad looking, is he?"
countered Katherine, mischievously.
"That doesn't answer my question,"
insisted her friend.

Katherine smiled enigmatically.
"Oh—he's only mother's architect."
"And what, pray, is your mother do-
ing with an architect?"

"Mother is going to have a won-
derful new home for her silver wed-
ding present from father. He has
given this young architect carte
blanche to go ahead and make her
some plans and—well, mother gets a
little tired going over to the grounds
with him. That's all." Katherine
was very matter of fact about her ex-
planation.

"It wouldn't be at all if I had to go
traipsing about with him very
much," said Kit. "He's very attrac-
tive looking and—well, you know what
propinquity does."

"To some people—not to unromantic
folks like me. To me, Mr. Williams
is merely mother's architect," an-
nounced Katherine loftily.

But the young professional man and
the daughter of the prospective owner
of the lovely new home continued to
be seen together either in Katherine's
coupe or in his own rather heavier
car. And the village lookers-on did
hazard a guess here and there.

They were reckoning without knowl-
edge, however.

Weston Williams was not the type
Katherine Foster would fall in love
with even if she were in a receptive
mood. And she was not. Her heart
had already been promised elsewhere
but it was as yet a secret. And she
learned as she drove and walked
with the young architect, he had had
a most unhappy love affair.

Katherine and the architect would
laugh and make merry over what the
villagers did not know.

"Let's give them a touch of high
life," the young man suggested to
Katherine one morning. "I've had
wonderful news from Helen. Her fa-
ther and mother have begun to see
that the girl won't have anyone but
me—that she's utterly miserable. They
don't want to give in, so my girl
writes me that she and I are to elope,
as it were. Take French leave. Isn't
that great?"

"But what's the touch of high life
for us?" asked Katherine, bewildered.

"Oh—I forgot that, in my exuber-
ance. You, if you don't mind, are to
go with us. She is to motor over
here tomorrow and you will go with
us to Locust Valley and we'll be mar-
ried—she and I," he explained.

"Oh, I begin to see," said Kather-
ine. "We are to disappear and the
villagers will think we've eloped. Oh,
that will be fun. I'll tell mother all
about it and she'll see the joke. I'll
have a lot of fun with Ned, too. He
and I are going to be married in the
spring, after father and mother get
into their new house."

"Can't you just see the good sisters
nodding and whispering when you and
I have disappeared together in a car
tomorrow?"

They could hardly attend to the de-
tails of the job that day, so full were
they of their plans.

The next day they drove through
the village apparently entirely devo-
ted to each other. They did not no-
tice the passersby on the village cor-
ners and the girl in the bank saw them
—as they had intended, she should
—just when their heads were closest
together over a matter of choosing the
place for the bridal supper.

"Jane saw us," laughed Katherine.
"I saw her see us," he added.

They picked up Weston's fiancée at
the station and hastily bore her out
of the village by a back road.

Everything went without a hitch at
the ceremony and when the telephone
rang repeatedly that evening for
Katherine, Mrs. Foster said that her
daughter was not at home. She had
gone out with Mr. Williams, the archi-
tect, in the morning and had not re-
turned.

Late that night Mrs. Foster received
a call from her daughter.
"Mother, dear, I just hate to tell
you but—I am married."
"Married?" almost screamed her
mother on the telephone.

"Yes—the romance of it all got into
my veins so completely that while we
three were motoring over to Locust
Valley to the minister's house I just
decided that there was no sense for
Ned and me to wait for your silly old
house to be finished. I telephoned
him—we needed another witness any-
way. He hurried along and—we were
all married together. We'll be back
in the morning, mother dear," said
Katherine.

There was nothing else for Mrs.
Foster to say except "Bless you,"
which she did with all her heart. She
saw for a moment the picture of her
own young lover on the day that they
had taken their affairs into their own
hands. And now, since they were
celebrating their quarter-century wed-
ding anniversary, she could hardly say
no to their first-born and make her
unhappy.

The villagers did get a shock.

Ford

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JANUARY 9-16

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Featuring the latest Ford Equipment**

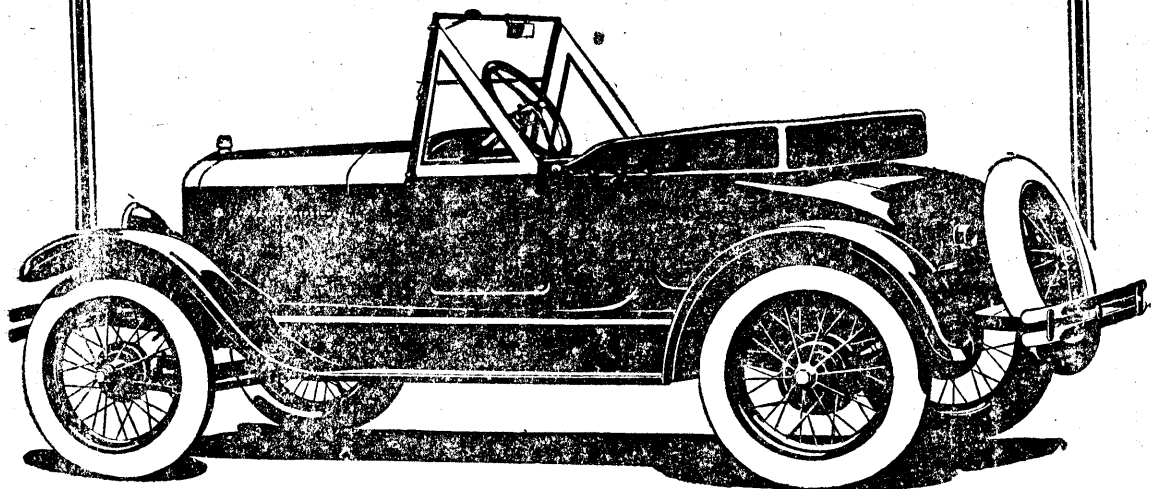
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proved Ford cars and featuring the latest
Ford equipment.

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cars, you should see this Display—for it is
something entirely new—

The Show will begin Saturday morning Jan-
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January 16. Be sure to see it!

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PROGRAM**

Thursday, Jan. 7--

A comedy drama from the stage success

"In Love With Love"

Also Two Part Western

Fri.-Satur., Jan. 8-9--

"Wild West"

Featuring Jack Mulhall and Helen Fer-
guson

A Wild West show taken on the Famous
101 Ranch

Also News and Comedy

Sunday, Jan. 10--

Pete Morrison in

"Bucking the West"

Also Good Comedy

Mon.-Tues., Jan. 11-12--

"Black Lightning"

The Wonder Dog

Also Good Comedy

Wednesday, Jan. 13--

Betty Compson in

"Ramshackle House"

Also the Circus Mystery

Thurs.-Fri., Jan. 14-15

James Oliver Curwood's

"The Alaskan"

The greatest Thomas Meighan picture
ever made

Also News and Comedy

Tax Notice

Will be at Gobles State Bank
Tuesday only, next week to
collect Bloomington township tax-
es. Dog tax must be paid before
January 10 or you will have to pay
\$2 extra per dog.
Ernest Sniffin, Treas.

Little Things

Keep the drawers of the bureau
and dresser closed tightly when not
in use and remember to keep the win-
dow shades even. Two apparently
small things, but what an appearance
of orderliness they add to the bed-
room.

Coal

Most of the world's underground
supply of coal is in the northern hemi-
sphere, chiefly in North America and
Europe, and but a small fraction of it
is in the southern hemisphere.—Sci-
ence Service.

Force Everywhere

Force, force, everywhere force! We
ourselves a mysterious force in the
center of that. There is not a leaf
rotting on the highway but has force
in it; how else could it rot?—Carlyle.

It's Only "Bobbed" Bird

The only bird in the world which
bobs its feathers is a native of
South America. It nibbles off its
tail feathers to produce a curious
looking racket effect.

Many Defaced Coins

The number of defaced coins re-
turned to the mint at Philadelphia,
Pa., to be remelted would fill five
trains of 56 cars each, holding 50,000
pounds to the car.

Order for Publication
STATE OF MICHIGAN—The Probate Court
for the County of Van Buren.

At a session of said Court, held at the Pro-
bate Office in the Village of Paw Paw, in said
County on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1925.

Present, Hon. Wm. Killefer, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Hattie E.
Cook, deceased.

L. O. Graham, administrator of said estate,
having filed in said court his final adminis-
tration account, and his petition praying for the
allowance thereof and for the assignment and
distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is Ordered, that the 18th day of January,
A. D. 1926 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said
probate office, he and is hereby appointed for
examining and allowing said account and
hearing said petition.

It is Further Ordered, that public notice
thereof be given by publication of a copy of
this order for three successive weeks previous
to said day of hearing in The Gobles News, a
newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

WM. KILLEFER, Judge of Probate,
A true copy, Mamie L. Shafer, Register of
Probate.

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HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE has been
used successfully in the treatment of
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HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE con-
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Relieves by local application, and the
Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts
through the Blood on the Mucous Sur-
faces, thus reducing the inflammation.
Sold by all druggists.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Arth-
ur Healy and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beeman spent
Christmas with her mother, Mrs.
Day in Gobles.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ayers of Chi-
cago spent Christmas with his par-
ents, Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Ayers.

Grange Thursday afternoon, Jan.
14.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Eastman have
returned to Chicago after spending
the week at Geo. Leach's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beeman spent
New Years with her mother, Mrs.
Day and family.

Frank Reed and family, Mrs. Ru-
by Holderman and daughter spent
Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Joe
Holderman.

Mrs. Blanch Healy and children
spent the week end with her mo-
ther, Mrs. Haven of Bloomington.

Claude Holderman of Lansing,
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Neal, Mrs. Nor-
ma Skillman of Kalamazoo, Mr.
and Mrs. Frank Reed and family,
Mrs. Judson Holderman and daugh-
ter spent Christmas with Mr. and
Mrs. Joe Holderman of Bloom-
dale.

Martin Holderman is spending
the week with relatives in Lansing.

Basil Allen spent Thursday night
with Allen Billington.

Allen Billington spent the week
end with his grandparents, Mr. and
Mrs. Albert Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Eastman
spent Thursday night with Mr. and
Mrs. Grover Shaw.

Harold Brown and family of Glid-
denburg spent Sunday at the home
of his parents.

D. Page of Chicago, who has
been visiting at A. C. Blakeman's
for some time, returned home Satur-
day.

Mrs. Luther Batt and children of
Three Rivers has been visiting at
the home of Harry Batt and mother.

Harry Batt and mother spent
the holidays with friends in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Taylor of
Kalamazoo spent Sunday at R. B.
Taylor's.

Glenadore Blakeman has return-
ed to her school work at the Nor-
mal.

WAGERTOWN
(Too late for last week)

Ladies Aid will meet Wednesday,
Jan 6 with Mrs. Short.

Emma Eastman and Claude Mil-
ler of Kalamazoo spent the week
end at Geo. Leach's and in going
back on Sunday afternoon they had
to be towed back as far as Gobles
by Charles Eastman.

Abc Miller and sister, Mrs. C.
Joy and son, Wayne spent Christ-
mas with Mr. and Mrs. G. Bell.

Geo. Leach and family spent
Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. H. B.
Brant in Kalamazoo.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Healy and
family and Miss Lizzie Healy spent

The BLACK GANG

By CYRIL McNEILE
SAPPER

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D. N. U. Service

CHAPTER XIII

-20-

In Which Things Happen at Maybrick Hall.

Had the Italian come up five minutes sooner—a minute even—all would have been well. As it was, at the very moment when Drummond's crashing blow took him on the point of the jaw with mathematical precision, another mathematical law began to operate elsewhere—the law of gravity. Something fell from a ceiling onto a table in the room below that ceiling, even as in days gone by an apple descended into the eye of the discoverer of that law.

The two men seated in the room below the ceiling in question failed to notice it at first.

Then one stared upward and gave a little cry of horror. Slowly spreading over the white plaster was a great crimson stain, whilst from a crack in the middle the steady drip fell onto the table.

"There's been murder done," he shouted hoarsely and dashed out of the room. Doors were flung open, and half a dozen men rushed up the stairs after him. There was no doubt which the room was, and headed by Yulowski they crowded in—only to stop and stare at what lay on the floor.

"It's the Greek," muttered one of them. "He was guarding the girl. And someone has severed the main artery in his arm."

With one accord they dashed across the passage to the room where Phyllis had been. In a second the door was broken in, and they saw the unconscious Italian lying on the bed.

"The 'Black Gang,'" muttered someone fearfully, and Yulowski cursed him for a cowardly swine. And it was his hoarse voice that Drummond heard shouting for the power to be switched on, as he turned and darted across the lawn.

Completely ignorant of what had taken place, he was just as ignorant of what was meant by switching on the power. His one thought now was to get away with Phyllis. A start meant everything, and at the best he couldn't hope for a long one. With his arm through hers he urged her forward, while behind him he heard a confused shouting which gradually died away under the peremptory orders of someone who seemed to be in command. And almost subconsciously he noticed that the thudding noise had ceased; only the faint humming of the engine broke the silence.

Suddenly in front of him he saw the fence which had caused him to wonder earlier in the evening. He was not five feet from it, when it happened—the amazing and at the moment inexplicable thing. For months after he used to wake in the night and lie sweating with horror at the nearness of the escape. For it would have been Phyllis who would have gone through first; it would have been Phyllis, who— But it did happen—just in time.

He saw a dark shape dart across the open toward the fence, an animal carrying something in its mouth. It reached the fence, and the next instant it bounded an incredible height in the air, only to fall backward onto the ground and lie motionless almost at Drummond's feet. It was so utterly unexpected that he paused instinctively and stared at it. It was a fox, and the fowl it had been carrying lay a yard away. It lay there rigid and motionless, and completely bewildered he bent and touched it, only to draw back his hand as if he'd been stung. A sharp stabbing pain shot up his arm, as if he'd had an electric shock—and suddenly he understood, and with a cry of fear he dragged Phyllis back just in time.

The fox had been electrocuted. That was what the man had meant by shouting for the power to be switched on. And as he stood there still clutching Phyllis' arm, and shaken for the moment out of his usual calm, there came from the direction of the house, the deep-throated baying of a big hound.

"What is it, Hugh?" said Phyllis in an agonized whisper.

With terrified eyes she was staring at the body of the fox, stiff and rigid in death, and with its jaws parted in a hideous snarl.

Then suddenly she realized that her husband was speaking—quietly, insistently. "We can't climb through the fence, dear," he was saying calmly. "You see they've switched an electric current through the wires, and if you touch one you'll be electrocuted. So I'm going to throw you over the top."

In an agony of fear she clung to him for a moment; then as she saw his quiet, set face she pulled herself together and smiled. There was no time for argument now: there was no time for anything except instant action. And being a thoroughbred, she was not going to blinder him by any weakness on her part. Of fear for herself she felt no trace: her faith and trust in her husband was absolute. And so she stood there silently waiting while he measured height and distance with his eye.

"Come, dear," he said after a moment's pause. "Put your knees close

up to your chin, and try and keep like a ball until you feel yourself falling." She doubled herself up and he picked her up. One hand held both her feet—the other gripped the waistband at the back of her skirt. Once he lifted her above his head to the full extent of his arms to free his muscles; then he took a little run and threw her up and forward with all his strength. And she cleared the top strand by two feet.

She landed unhurt in some bushes, and when she had scrambled to her feet she realized he was speaking again—imperatively, urgently.

"Get the gang, darling; somehow or other get the gang. I'll try and get you a good start. But—hurry."

The next instant he had disappeared into the undergrowth. And then loud and clear the hoot of an owl thrice repeated. It was a message for her, she knew—not a senseless piece of bravado; a message to tell her that he was all right. But the call at the end was the urgent call of the gang, and though he was safe at the moment she knew there was no time to be lost. And, with a little prayer that she would choose the right direction, she broke into the steady run of the girl who beagles when she goes beagling, and doesn't sit on the top of a hill and watch. Hugh had never let her down yet: it was her turn now.

To what extent it was her turn, perhaps it was as well that she did not realize. Even Drummond was ignorant of the nature of the odds against him. He had not the slightest idea how many men were in the house—and while it remained dark he didn't much care. In the dark he felt confident of dealing with any number, or at any rate of eluding them.

But since the inmates were ignorant of what they were up against, they somewhat foolishly decided on instant action. They came streaming across in a body, and by so doing they played straight into the hands of the man who crouched in the shadows close by them. Without a sound he faded away from his hiding place, and emerged from the undergrowth ten yards nearer the house. Then with his collar turned up, and his shoulders hunched together, he joined the group. And a man-eating tiger in their midst would have been a safer addition to the party.

Slowly the line of shadowy men moved forward through the undergrowth, and creeping behind them came the man they were out to kill. And gradually he edged nearer and nearer to the wire fence, until he was following the outside man of the line. He saw him pause for a moment peering round a bush, with his revolver ready in his hand. And then the terror started. The beater next to the victim had a fleeting vision of a huge black object springing through the darkness: a muttered curse and a gurgle—and a dreadful strangled scream. And the outside beater was no more. He had been hurled against the live-wire fence as if he was a child—and the exhibits had been increased by one.

With a hoarse cry of fear the man who had been next him turned and ran toward the house, only to find himself seized from behind with a grip of iron. It was Franz, and as he stared into the face of the man whom he knew to be drowned he gave a squawk like a trapped rabbit. But there was nothing ghostly about the hands round his neck, and as he felt himself being rushed toward the fence of death he began to struggle furiously. But Drummond was insane at the moment, and though Franz was a powerful man he might have saved himself the trouble. A terrific blow hit him on the face, and with a grunt he fell back against the fence. The exhibits were increased by two, and through the darkness rang a cheerful laugh, followed by the hooting of an owl.

And now the line was broken, and men were crashing about in all directions shouting hoarsely. Here, there, and everywhere they heard the hooting of an owl: they formed into bunches of twos and threes for protection, they blazed away with compressed-air revolvers at harmless rhododendron bushes, and sometimes at their own pals. And every now and then a great black figure would leap silently out of the darkness onto some straggler: there would be a bellow of fear and pain—followed by an ominous silence, which was broken a second or two later by the hooting of an owl twenty yards away.

And at last they could stand it no longer. They had no idea how many men they were up against, and a complete panic set in. With one accord they rushed for the house, and a mocking peal of laughter followed them as they ran. For Drummond had gambled on that, and he had won. In the position of knowing that every man was his enemy, he had been at an advantage over the others, who were never sure who was a friend.

He began to thread his way swiftly and silently in the direction of the drive, reached the edge without incident, and started to skirt along it away from the house. At last he saw

the gate, and turned deeper into the undergrowth. He wanted to examine it at leisure, before making up his mind as to what he would do. As far as he could see from the outline he could make out against the road, it was an ordinary heavy wooden gate, such as may be seen frequently at the entrance to small country houses.

Drummond became aware that a car was approaching. Now was his chance, and with the quickness of the born soldier he acted on it. If the car was to come in they must open the gate; and since nothing blinds anyone so completely as the dazzle of strong headlights, he might be able to slip out unseen, just after the car had passed through. He skirted rapidly to one side out of the direct beam: then he made his way toward the lodge, keeping well out on the flank. And from a concealed position under cover of the little house he awaited developments.

If he was to bring it off it would be a matter of seconds and half-seconds. Little by little he edged nearer to the drive, as a man with what appeared to be a huge glove on his hand approached the gate. There was a bright flash as he pressed down the catch and the circuit was broken, and at the same moment the headlights on the car went out, while an inside light was switched on.

And Drummond stopped dead—frozen in his tracks. The car was moving forward slowly, and he could see the people inside clearly. One was Count Zadova—all as Mr. Atkinson; one was the Reverend Theodosius Longmoor. But the other—and it was the third person on whom his eyes were fixed with a hopeless feeling of impotent rage—the other was Phyllis herself. The two men were holding her in front of them, so that to fire was an impossibility, and Peterson was smiling out of the window with the utmost benevolence. Then they were past him, and he watched the red tail-lamp disappearing up the drive, while the gate was shut behind them. Another flashing spark stabbed the darkness: the circuit was complete again. And with a feeling of sick, helpless fury, Drummond realized that it had all been useless. He was exactly where he had been half an hour before, with the vital difference that the events of the last half-hour could not be repeated. He was caught; it was the finish. Somehow or other the poor girl must have blundered right into the car, and probably asked the occupants for help. She wouldn't have known who they were; she'd just stopped the car on spec, and . . . He shook his fists impotently, and at that moment he heard a loud, powerful voice which he recognized at once speaking from the direction of the house.

"Unless Captain Drummond comes into the house within five minutes, I shall personally kill Mrs. Drummond." And the voice was the voice of Carl Peterson.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Spotlight of World Turned on Minister

The minister is looked upon as the leader of the community. He stands on a high pedestal. The church atmosphere, the organ, the painted windows, the silence, the solemnity, set him off and apart from his fellows. There is something of enchantment and mystery about him. Wisdom must flow from the fountain head, and what the poor overtaxed man can give is mere words, and sometimes dull ones at that.

He must stand a little straighter, keep himself aloof, talk dogmatically, and be just a little above his fellows. That makes the minister a rather lonesome man, spiritually.

He cannot share himself with his fellow. He must share the pretended, artificial self with them. He does that unconsciously, of course, but that only makes him a more unfortunate person still. He gradually identifies himself with the thing people think he is, and his real self goes withering away, and his real personality loses its force and character and significance.—A Minister's Son, in Century Magazine.

Bear as Photographer!

A student of forestry was camping with two friends in the wildest part of Allegheny park. Taking his camera, he rambled off alone to look for picturesque subjects.

He had placed his camera on a fallen tree, and had gone some little distance to get a viewpoint, when he saw a black bear browsing amongst some berry bushes. He was scared, and forgetting his camera, sped back to his camp and companions. With them he returned to the spot, but, in the meantime, the bear had disappeared.

The camera was still on the log, but a plate had been exposed. When it was developed it showed the frightened young man in rapid flight down the trail. The bear, investigating the camera, had touched the trigger with its nose.

He who lives by his wits alone is the pawnbroker's best customer.

DAIRY

FACTS ABOUT COSTS OF PRODUCING MILK

That feed forms more than 50 per cent of the total cost of milk production, and that farms where cows are kept for a city milk-production service have much higher costs, are two of the items found in a recent two-year survey taken on 20 farms in Walworth county. This was done by men employed by the experiment station, says a writer in the Wisconsin Farmer.

In 1923 the average cost of producing 100 pounds of milk was \$1.96 and the cost of producing a pound of butterfat was 56 cents. The average price received that year by these producers was \$2.39 per 100 pounds of milk and 68 cents per pound of butterfat, showing 23 cents margin on milk and 12 cents margin on fat over costs.

In 1924 the average cost of producing milk was \$2.25, and each pound of butterfat cost 62 cents to produce, while the dairymen received \$2.33 per 100 pounds of milk and 65 cents for a pound of butterfat. This cut their margins to six cents and three cents.

Good home-grown crops of grain and forages help a great deal to lower the expenses in the feed bill, and wise buying of the necessary additional feed items helps to reduce the cost some more. Labor amounted to about 25 per cent of the costs, and it was reckoned at only 26 cents an hour. Milk hauling and pasture costs amounted to about 6 per cent of all costs.

Men conducting milk routes found it cost \$3.42 for each 100 pounds of milk, but the return was proportionate to costs in most cases. The cost of cow keeping was \$224 a head with one farm where milk was taken to a city route. The average cost of keeping a cow on all the farms was \$142 a year.

Cows averaging less than 200 pounds fat formed herds which were losers in this intensive dairy region. Those making 220 to 250 pounds and over were on the profit side for their owners.

Balanced Ration Quite Necessary in Dairying

Dairy cattle, in particular, but all animals in general, require plenty of good feed. Unless this is provided, attention to other matters will be of no avail. Time spent in a study of the animals will teach the owner how to make up a balanced ration and enable him to feed animals more intelligently. Successful dairymen have found that it pays to remove waste from mangers. They keep all feed boxes clean and sweet by prompt removal of waste and by occasional washing with a liquid disinfectant prepared and applied in strict accordance with directions printed on the package.

Nature has generously furnished us with one of the best means of controlling diseases, in the form of sunlight. Nearly all disease-producing germs are quickly killed by rays of the sun. So all barns should be built with plenty of windows to admit an abundance of sunshine.

Clean bedding helps in keeping animals healthy and comfortable. Animals plastered with manure and filth show poor care. A dirty coat of hair provides a favorable breeding place for microbes and animal parasites, while, well-bedded, clean animals thrive much better.

Calving Cow Should Be Given Close Attention

The cow, due to calve, should be confined nights in a clean, warm shed or box stall. During the day it is best for the cow to run with the herd. Normal conditions should be maintained as far as possible, but the safety of the calf and the health of the cow must be insured.

Just prior to calving the cow should be receiving only light laxative feeds such as bran, oats, and oil meal. Alfalfa hay is always good. If wheat pasture is accessible, the kind of the grain is not so important as the amount fed. Grain should be reduced by one-half a few days before calving.

Dairy Hints

Cattle have the sharpest sight, horses next, dogs the poorest.

A well-ventilated and light barn is essential. Remove all litter twice a day.

A too generous feeding of the calf for the first few days may result in scours.

It is a waste of time to try to feed a calf from a bucket until he is good and hungry.

Where mature sires are too costly, it is often possible to purchase a well-bred bull calf that will, in the future, add merit to the herd.

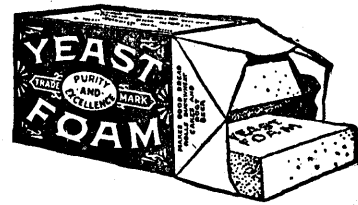
Pure-bred stock is much better than wild-cat stock, says John A. Arey, North Carolina dairy extension specialist.

To produce good butter, it is important that milk pails, cans, and separator be well cleaned and sterilized after each usage.

Be sure of good bread; use Yeast Foam



Every girl should learn how to make good bread; it should be the starting point in her home cookery training.



Send for free booklet "The Art of Baking Bread"

Northwestern Yeast Co.
1730 North Ashland Ave.
Chicago, Ill.



Let that please man which has pleased God.—Seneca. It is a poor sport that is not worth the candle.—Herbert.

Children Cry for



MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Wm. H. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.



A sunny face solves many ills.

Between the Acts
"The acoustics of this place are very bad!"
"Are they? I can't smell anything!"

Only Thinks He Has
"Jim has a gift for after-dinner speaking, hasn't he?"
"No; merely a weakness."



SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN"—Genuine

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin prescribed by physicians and proved safe by millions over 25 years for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe—Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetateester of Salicylicacid

PANGALOS SETS UP GREEK DICTATORSHIP

Plans Strongest Army in Balkans—Navy to Rule Mediterranean.

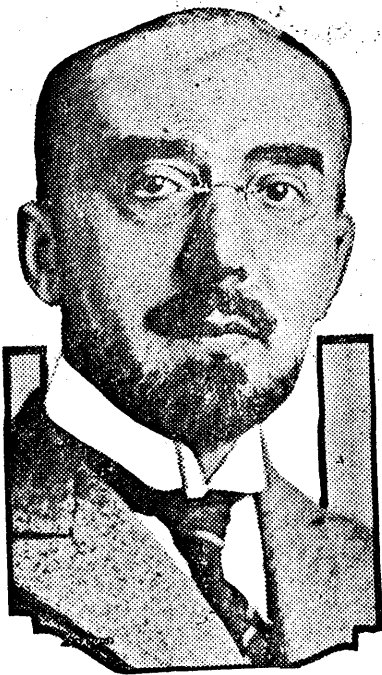
Athens.—With an assertion that he would create the strongest army in the Balkans and a navy which will dominate the eastern Mediterranean, Gen. T. H. Pangalos, revolutionary premier of Greece, proclaimed himself dictator of that country. The dictatorship was announced at a military banquet. Premier Pangalos announced that the "military revolution of 1909 led Greece to the gates of Broussa and the suburbs of Constantinople but the elections of 1920 placed the country in the grip of parliamentarism with catastrophic results."

The military dictatorship, similar in its announced aims to that of Mussolini in Italy, follows the deportation of 400 alleged communists to the Aegean islands on a charge that they were plotting a revolution.

The military aims which are announced by the new dictator call to memory the Bulgarian-Greek imbroglio last fall, in which Greek troops were sent into Bulgaria on an assertion that Bulgarians on the border had fired across at the Greeks. The Greeks were forced to withdraw their troops and an investigation by a commission of the League of Nations assessed a fine against Greece.

The revolution is the seventh in Greece since 1916, when, after the Saloniki revolution, a provisional government was formed by Venizelos.

CLAIMS TELE



Eduard Belin, a German inventor, has demonstrated a television machine before the French Photographic society. It consists of a twenty-sided mirror turning at 4,000 revolutions per minute in front of an electric arc, before which is placed the image to be transformed. The mirror is oscillated by an ingenious device across the beam of light and the original image is reproduced. M. Belin says he transmitted a photograph of Louis Lumiere, president of the society, and that connected to a radio transmitting apparatus the system realizes television.

CONGRESS STARTS ON LONG SESSION

Taxation and Farm Relief to Occupy Spotlight.

Washington.—Facing decisions on taxation and the World court in the senate and with farm relief overshadowing everything for the moment in the house, congress is back on the job after a two-weeks' recess which has rather accentuated than smoothed out the legislative program.

The two houses will grind away with almost no interruption until the regular long session is ended. The leaders propose to close the session in June, but there is no assurance that this will be done. Many members expect it to continue most of the summer.

President Coolidge has already outlined his program to the two branches of congress in his annual message. He hopes to see the chief features written into the law before the session is over. Among these points are tax revision, adherence to the World court, railway consolidation, shipping legislation and some kind of farm legislation.

It is clear that the agricultural problem will be one of the foremost in both houses.

Prince of Wales May Wed Princess Astrid of Sweden

London.—British society is excited by the announcement that the Princess Astrid, niece of the king of Sweden, is to be the guest of King George and Queen Mary at Buckingham palace next summer. This will be a formal visit, such as is usually associated with a royal betrothal. Society is speculating as to whether at last a bride has been found for the prince of Wales or whether Princess Astrid is intended for his brother, Prince Henry.

Cabinet of Bulgaria Out; King Picks New Premier

Sofia.—Premier Tzankoff tendered the resignation of the cabinet to the king and it was accepted. The inability of the premier to obtain harmony within the ministry brought about the resignation. Andrey Liaptcheff, former minister of finance, it is expected, will be asked to form a new ministry, supported by the same groups as were represented in the outgoing ministry.

Eight Women of Rajah's Court Killed by Train

Kalka, Punjab, India.—Eight women, attendants upon the Maharajah of Patiala, were killed and two probably fatally injured when a motor lorry in which they were riding was struck by a passenger train at a grade crossing. The accident occurred as the maharajah's was returning from his shooting lodge.

Mob Battles Police in Anthracite Coal War

Seranton, Pa.—More than fifty men and women engaged in a battle with six motor-cycle policemen and eight truck drivers who were hauling coal to hospitals. It was the first violence here since the anthracite strike began.

Queen Mother Has Relapse

Bordighera, Italy.—Queen Mother Margherita has had a relapse owing to a blood clot which gathered on her brain and is near death. Members of the royal family has hastened to her bedside.

Bomb Severs Shah's Legs

London.—Hiza Khan, new shah of Persia, had both legs blown off when a bomb was thrown at him in an attempt on his life, according to news reaching here.

BLAME FOR SHENANDOAH WRECK

Final Report on Airship Inquiry Absolves All Involved in Disaster.

Washington.—The naval court of inquiry into the destruction of the naval dirigible Shenandoah was unable to find that any blame attached to anyone in connection with the loss of the airship. The final report of the court made public here held in general that the loss of the ship was unavoidable and the price which must be paid in the development of heavier-than-air craft, although it conceded that mistakes had been made.

Errors of judgment were attributed to Commander Lansdowne and other naval officers, but it was asserted that none of these errors was due to negligence. It was recommended that no action be taken against any one.

"Primarily, the loss of the ship was due to large, unbalanced, external aerodynamic forces arising from high velocity air currents," says the report, which is interpreted in popular terms as meaning that a high wind was chiefly responsible.

The report also declares that nothing has been brought out during the inquiry which should operate to stop the continued construction of heavier-than-air craft.

Treasury Refunds Large Amount to U. S. Taxpayers

Washington.—Almost 100,000 federal taxpayers shared in \$151,885,415 refund out of collections by the Treasury department during the last fiscal year.

The list submitted to the house ways and means committee showed \$134,107,773 of the total was returned on account of taxes illegally collected, while \$17,777,642 was refunded because of the provision of the 1924 revenue act allowing a 25 per cent reduction on income taxes.

While most of refunds amounted to less than \$100, there were many for more than \$100,000, and two exceeded \$1,000,000.

230 Hurt When Stand Falls at Pasadena Rose Pageant

Pasadena, Cal.—A day of roses and joy ended in sorrow for 230 persons who were precipitated into a tangled mass of wreckage when a temporary private grandstand collapsed during the parade of the tournament of roses here. Thirty cases of serious injuries were treated in the operating room of the Pasadena hospital and 200 others received treatment.

Famous Film Director Succumbs to Pneumonia

New York.—J. Gordon Edwards, for many years director-general of the Fox Film corporation, died of pneumonia here. Mr. Edwards was born 58 years ago at St. Anasette, near Quebec, Can. He joined the Fox organization at its inception and directed more than fifty features, including "Cleopatra," "Salome," "Nero," "The Silent Command" and "The Shepherd King."

Chicago Theater Robbed of \$10,000 by Lone Bandit

Chicago.—A lone bandit with a revolver clutched in his right hand walked into the office of the treasurer of McVicker's theater, one of the largest in the loop. The theater was filled with spectators. When he walked out, leaving the treasurer, his wife, and other employees of the theater in the room, he carried \$10,000 in a gladstone bag.

Forbes' Sentence Upheld

Chicago.—Col. Charles B. Forbes, former head of the United States veterans' bureau, and John W. Thompson, St. Louis contractor, must serve two-year prison terms unless they appeal to the Supreme court immediately, the United States court of Appeals having upheld their conviction.

Fifth of Applications Unfiled

Washington.—Four-fifths of the 3,500,000 bonus applications of World war veterans have been submitted and certificates have been issued to practically all eligible among those who have applied, the adjutant general's office has announced.

Trotzky Wins Communist Vote

Moscow.—Leon Trotzky won a victory and L. B. Kamenoff and G. Sokolnikov were defeated in the selection to the political bureau of the Communist party, the highest directing organization of Soviet Russia.

Ex-Governor Boyle Dead

Reno, Nev.—Emmett Derby Boyle, governor of Nevada from 1915 to 1923, died here after several weeks' illness.

U. S. Owes Twenty Billion

Washington.—The United States begins 1926 with its public debt below the \$20,000,000,000 mark for the first time since the World war. It has dropped from the peak of \$25,478,000,000 to \$19,920,000,000.

Hurricane Sweeps Samoa

Washington.—Extensive property damage was caused by a hurricane which swept the island of Samoa New Year's day, according to a dispatch received here from the governor.

COMES FROM BULGARIA



Mrs. Simeon Radiff, wife of the Bulgarian minister to the United States and a new member of the diplomatic set in the national capital.

MUNSEY WILL LEAVE MILLIONS TO MUSEUM

\$300,000 Divided Among His Business Associates.

New York.—Frank A. Munsey's will, disposing of property estimated at \$40,000,000, was made public here.

Mr. Munsey bequeathed almost his entire fortune to the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

He directed all his properties, including his two newspapers, the Sun and the Evening Telegraph, to be sold within five years. William T. Dewart, business manager of the Munsey properties, issued a reassuring statement there would be no sudden sale or change.

Requests other than that to the Metropolitan Museum of Art constitute "only a small fraction" of the estate. Chief among them are \$250,000 to Bowdoin college, at Brunswick, Maine, and \$100,000 to the Maine State hospital at Portland.

Approximately \$300,000 is divided among business associates. Mr. Dewart is to get \$50,000 and his wife \$10,000. R. H. Titherington, who had been with Mr. Munsey nearly forty years, is given \$50,000.

Matthew White, Jr., one of Munsey's earliest associates in the magazine business, is given \$10,000 and an income of \$5,000 a year. Armen J. Ridgeway receives \$25,000, and Robert Hobart Davis \$10,000. Joseph Brannigan, foreman of the Munsey composing room, gets \$10,000.

Gen. Hsu Killed by Son of Man He Executed

Tientsin.—The dramatic climax to an old Chinese feud was enacted when Gen. Hsu Shu-cheng was assassinated. Hsu Shu-cheng, better known as "Little Hsu," was shot while on a train at Langfang, by Capt. Lu Cheng-wu, whose father, Gen. Lu Chien-chang, was executed on orders of Little Hsu, in 1919, while the latter was a cabinet secretary under President Li Yuan-sung. Captain Lu is a cousin of Feng Yu-hsiang, the Christian general.

Grange Head Says 1926 Will Be Good Farm Year

Columbus, Ohio.—The American farmer will have a better year in 1926 than he has had since 1920, L. J. Taber, master of the National Grange, asserted in a speech at the dedication of a grange hall at Alton, near here. Agriculture still faces numerous problems, he said, but it will do well to devote its efforts in the coming 12 months to the development and strengthening of co-operative marketing facilities and farm organizations.

Col. Coolidge May Never Walk Again, Says Doctor

Plymouth, Vt.—Col. John C. Coolidge, the President's father, was "very, very comfortable," his physician reported. He sat up in his wheelchair for half an hour, and was apparently not fatigued by the exertion. But he had lost the use of his legs through faulty blood circulation, and his physician, Dr. Albert W. Cram of Bridgewater, said the prospect of his ever regaining the use of the legs was remote.

National Cash Register Is Sold for \$75,000,000

New York.—A deal involving more than \$75,000,000 whereby the ownership of the National Cash Register company will pass from the hands of the family of the late John H. Patterson, founder and former head of the company, into those of the general public is being arranged by Clarence Dillon, head of Dillon, Read & Co.

Produces \$49,126,900 Gold

Washington.—The bureau of the mint estimates that refinery production of gold in the United States in 1925 was 2,376,514 ounces, valued at \$49,126,900, which was \$3,150,000 less than in 1924.

Magazine Manager Dies

New York.—Daniel J. Hanley, manager of the New York office of Liberty Magazine, died at Postgraduate hospital, following an operation for peritonitis.

HOOVER SAYS 1926 OUTLOOK IS GOOD

Dominant Favorable Factor Is Increased Productivity of United States.

Washington.—That the flood-tide of prosperity which swept the nation in 1925 will rise even higher in 1926, provided "we temper our optimism with a sprinkling of caution," was the prediction of Secretary of Commerce Hoover in a statement issued here.

"On the whole, both our country and the rest of the world face a more favorable outlook at this turn of the year than for a long time past," Hoover declared, adding a warning: "We ourselves, however, need to be on our guard against reckless optimism. What we need is an even keel in our financial controls, and our growing national efficiency will continue us in increasing prosperity."

Pointing out that the United States produced and consumed more goods in 1925 in proportion to population than ever before, thus resulting in the highest standard of living in history, Hoover takes this view of the future: "The dominant factor in our outlook is increased productivity, due to fundamental and continuing forces such as the culmination of education, advancement of science, skill and elimination of waste.

"Other favorable indications are that stocks of commodities are moderate, employment exists for practically every one, wages are at a high level, savings are the largest in history and capital is therefore abundant."

Much room for improvement exists in the agricultural situation, according to Hoover. Admitting that the prosperity wave has ebbed somewhat in the farming district, he says: "Agriculture generally has not gained a stability that makes for contentment because its basic economic problem of market is unsolved."

Oldfield Weds Soon After Second Wife Wins Divorce

San Diego, Cal.—Barney Oldfield broke existing speed records here when he secured a marriage license and was wedded to Mrs. Hulda Rae Braden, named in the divorce suit of his wife, who secured a decree from the former auto racer only 20 hours prior to his remarriage.

Mrs. Braden is Barney's third bride and he is her third husband. The present Mrs. Oldfield was under the name "Braden" named in charges of Mrs. Rebecca Oldfield, which won the latter final decree and a property settlement of near \$100,000.

World Audience Hears New York, London Concerts

New York.—The first attempt to hold a world-wide New Year's celebration by radio was made on Friday night. New York and London exchanged New Year's greetings and musical entertainment by transoceanic superbroadcasting, and efforts were made to rebroadcast the program, not only from coast to coast in the United States, but also throughout the British Isles and the continent of Europe, South America and as far west as Hawaii.

Iowa Farmers Plan to Sell Surplus Crops

Des Moines, Iowa.—A program for solving the ills of the farmers which calls for organization of a farm products export corporation to handle the surplus crop, and several other features, was adopted by the conference of bankers, business men, farmers and political leaders of Iowa, held here. The program of the conference, called by the Iowa Bankers' association, received the indorsement of the Iowa congressional delegation, all the members of which were in attendance.

Floods Sweep Europe; 100 Die in Hungary

Vienna.—More than 100 peasants are reported drowned, 200 head of cattle killed, and hundreds of farmhouses and stables carried away in a terrific flood which swept the Hungarian low country.

President Coolidge to Send Arms Note to Congress

Washington.—President Coolidge is preparing a special message for congress outlining the terms under which he believes the United States should participate in the disarmament conference being called by the League of Nations.

783 Killed by Autos

Chicago.—Seven hundred and eighty-three persons died from automobile accidents during the last year, according to records made public by Coroner Oscar Wolff. The total for 1925 was 133 more than for 1924.

Justice Department Chief Out

Chicago.—Edward J. Brennan has resigned as chief of the bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice in Chicago, a post which he has held for seven years. He had been an agent of the department 27 years.

Newspaper Publisher Dies

Faribault, Minn.—Howard Bratton, fifty-three, veteran newspaper publisher and formerly secretary to J. M. Cox, Democratic presidential candidate, died at his home here.

A Farmer Boy's Success

From hard work on a farm to the study of medicine was the course Dr. Pierce pursued. Finally he determined to put up in ready-to-use form his "Golden Medical Discovery" so the public could easily procure it. This "Discovery" is a tonic in its effects on the stomach and digestive apparatus; an alterative in its action on the blood, liver and skin. It increases the appetite, stimulates the digestion, enriches the blood, and makes both men and women feel as they did when they were young.

All dealers. Large bottles, liquid, \$1.35; tablets, \$1.35 and 65c. Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package tablets.

Wisdom's Height

True wisdom is to know what is best worth knowing and to do what is best worth doing.—Humphreys.

Colds

By millions ended. Hill's stops millions of colds every winter—and in 24 hours. They end headache and fever, open the bowels, tone the whole system. Use nothing less reliable. Colds and Grippe call for prompt, efficient help. Be sure you get it.

Be Sure It's HILL'S Price 30c
CASCARA QUININE
Get Red Box with portrait

IF MOTHERS ONLY KNEW

During these days how many children are complaining of Headache, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Irregular Bowels and take cold easily. If mothers only knew what Mother Gray's Sweet Powders would do for their children no family would ever be without them for use when needed. These powders are so easy and pleasant to take and so effective in their action that mothers who once use them all ways tell others about them. Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by druggists everywhere. Trial Package sent FREE. Address Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

A Health Builder
HOSTETTER'S Celebrated Stomach Bitters is a wholesome tonic. Keeps the stomach in good condition and improves the appetite.

At All Druggists
THE HOSTETTER CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Boschee's Syrup
HAS BEEN Relieving Coughs for 59 Years

Carry a bottle in your car and always keep it in the house. 30c and 90c at all druggists.

Harless, purely vegetable, infants' and Children's Regulator, formula on every label. Guaranteed non-narcotic, non-habit forming.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP
The Infants' and Children's Regulator

Children grow healthy and free from colic, diarrhoea, flatulency, constipation and other troubles if given it at teething time. Safe, pleasant—always brings remarkable and gratifying results.

At All Druggists

INSIST UPON
KEMP'S BALSAM
for that COUGH!

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVINE
for Epilepsy Nervousness & Sleeplessness.

PRICE \$1.50 AT YOUR DRUG STORE
Write for free Booklet
KOENIG MEDICINE CO.
1045 N. WELLS ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

Hudson & Son

IT PAYS TO PAY CASH

Rubbers, Overshoes, Rubber Boots

The season is here for the first two and you may need the others anytime. A few choice Overcoats at 20 per cent off. Bed Blankets and Bath Robe Blankets 10 per cent off. New line Sanitas Table Oilcloth in choice patterns. A few Good Sweaters at low prices to close. 10 per cent off on all Heavy Underwear and Heavy Night Shirts. 10 per cent off on Heavy Dress Goods. We have a fine new lot of Belts and Ties. Some Good Books and Fancy Articles at low prices. See us for Fresh Groceries, Choice Candies and Cigars.

INSIST ON HUDSON QUALITY IN ALL GOODS IN OUR LINES

Harrelson Year End Sale

All cars must go at a ROCK BOTTOM PRICE. We need space for new cars and must sell 20 Used Cars and trucks we have on hand. Every Saturday Through January we will have a car specially priced. The car for this Saturday will be 1925 Touring Car \$175. No trade in on this car.

To induce you to buy we will give 5 days' trial on each car. If for any reason the car that you buy is not satisfactory in every way, you may return it and apply every cent paid on a new car or any other guaranteed used car.

1925 Star Coach, many extras	1924 Coupe
1924 Fordor Sedan	1923 Coupe
1925 Ford Coupe, balloon tires, 5 months old	Two 1921 Coupes
1925 Touring, balloon tires, 5 months old	1925 Tudor, 5 months
Two 1924 Tourings, late models	1922 Reo Speed Wagon, specially equipped
	3 Ford ton trucks, 1919 and later

FORDSON TRACTOR, 2 YEARS OLD

If bought any time during January will sell for \$175. In excellent condition. SATURDAY SPECIAL. We will give 10% discount on all Tires, Tubes and Accessories, cylinder oil included. Come in or call us and we will gladly demonstrate any car you wish. We will take your car in trade and allow liberal terms on balance. Don't wait, call us today.

Harrelson Auto Sales Company
GOBLES, MICHIGAN

REIGLE'S

The store of many bargains

Start the New Year right by saving money on your groceries here. We believe that in a year's time you can save a big sum. Try it.

SATURDAY CASH SPECIALS

DelMonte Canned Goods, nothing better.	Three 10c bars hard water Castile for
DelMonte Corn, Evergreen 22c	25c
D. M. Asparagus Tips 22c	Kellogg's & Post's Corn Flakes large, per pg
D. M. Yellow Peaches 22c	15c
D. M. Yellow Cling Peaches 29c	Iodine Shaker Salt, per pkg
D. M. Peeled Apricots 29c	10c
D. M. Spinach 17c	Armour's brk and Beans, per can
D. M. Tomatoes 15c	10c
Leaf Lettuce, Head Lettuce, Celery, Grape Fruit, Oranges, Bananas, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, Sweet Potatoes.	Kellogg's rumbles, per pk
	13c
	Bird Seed French, pkg
	13c

J. P. REIGLE

This is What We Have to Say
Friday Jan. 8, Saturday, Jan. 9, Monday and Tuesday

\$1.59 Dress Flannels, 36 inch at	10 p. c. off on all men's and boy's winter caps
1.25 Brown Crepe, 36 inch at	20 p. c. off on all Men's Overcoats
1.00 Cheek Wool Coats, 36 inch at	Winter Millinery at less than cost
1.65 all wool Check, 54 inch at	72x90 Batts
1.25 all wool Plain, 54 inch at	3 pound Quilted batts
1.59 Gray Worsted, 36 inch at	All Percales
1.89 all wool Flannel	Unbleached Muslin
1.50 ladies all wool Cordovan hose	Good broom
4.00 to 5.00 back lace corsets	Wheaties
All ladies Winter Underwear 20 p. c. off	Corn or Peas
2.00 men's best Union Suits	13c
1.50 men's Dress Shirts, 2 for	15c
2.00 men's heavy Outing Night Shirts at	17c
30c men's mixed Wool Hose, 4 pr.	9c
Men's all rubber 4 buckle Arctics	10 pounds Sugar 63c with other purchases
\$3.65	BIG LINE 20c CANDIES

HICKS & TAYLOR

H. W. TAYLOR, Resident Manager

MYERS STORE NEWS

AFTER INVOICE

To reduce stock and for CASH Sales on a number of varieties of Staple Canned Goods such as Corn, Peas, Peaches, Salmon, etc. we are placing these with other goods on a BARGAIN table to go at a very LOW price. They will be EVERY DAY SPECIALS while they last. Be sure to look at the good specials displayed.

Good Corn and Peas, per can	12c	Bulk Cocoa, 3 lbs.	27c
Pork and Beans, per can	10c	California Navel Oranges, per dozen	19c
Salmon at 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c		Dr. Phillips Grape Fruit	
Large can Peaches	25c	Special Sugar Price SATURDAY	

Come to our store personally and see the new Cathedral Gong Colonial Clock to be given away absolutely FREE. Our Coupons given with all CASH sales mean a great saving in the course of a year. Be sure and get them at

MYERS of COURSE
The Big Store on the Corner

Again This Year

We will do our best to keep a first class Sanitary Market for your use. Best of everything in Home Killed Meats

BRUCE & LOHRBERG BROS.

50 YEARS IN FRUITS

and over 100 years growing Nursery Stock enables us to give superior, distinctive service, because

STARK TREES (1) Whole root grafted (2) Early bearers (3) Heavy bearers (4) Bring fancy prices (5) Shipped fresh SUCCESS	OTHER KINDS (1) Piece root grafted (2) Late bearers (3) Shy bearers (4) Low prices (5) Dry on arrival FAILURE
--	--

Demonstration Orchards Stark's Delicious Golden Delicious, Starking, Gold Sweet, Cherry 20 per cent below wholesale. Only one in a neighborhood.

Chas. H. Sumner, Bloomingdale

WEBSTER'S NEW DICTIONARIES

THE NEWS OFFICE

for a square deal---

The Square Deal Cash Cream Station
Van Ryno

Try Gobles First!
Patronize Our ADVERTISERS

O. J. RHOADES
any, Fresh and Smoked Meats
Cash paid for Wool, Hides, Furs, Tallow, Veal and Chickens
Always the best in Home Killed Meats
Some before buying that quarter of beef or dressed hog
SOME GOOD SATURDAY SPECIALS

We have for This Week

1924 Coupe	1925 Coupe
1922 Coupe	1924 Fordor
1925 Roadster	1921 Roadster
4 Ford Tourings, late models	
1924 Buick Tourings	
1922 Dodge Touring	

These cars can be bought with a small down payment, balance to suit you.

As a Special we are furnishing 1926 License with every car sold for 10 days from date of this issue

Several of these cars have been reduced in price the first of the year.

You will save money by comparing our prices with others before you buy.

Remember, we carry our own notes and guarantee and service the cars we sell.

E. A. Marcy Used Car Market
CARROLL HENDRICKS, Mgr.
Don't forget the place--Main St., Gobles, Mich.
Next door to Monument Works

For Florida Warmth in Michigan



DIXIE GEM COAL will be your choice if you buy as carefully as you should.

If You Have a Good Crop of Corn and Oats---

You want to feed this corn and oats to get the most money out of them.

Here's a suggestion that won't cost you much to try--and will surely save you some money on your feed bill this winter.

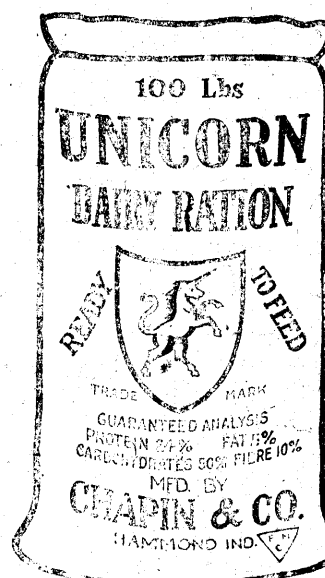
Try mixing two bags of Unicorn (200 lbs.) with 100 lbs. of corn and oats--if you have just ordinary hay.

If you have good clover or alfalfa hay, then try mixing 100 lbs. of Unicorn with 100 lbs. of corn and oats.

Either of these mixtures will produce 100 lbs. of milk at a grain cost from 20c to 50c LESS than will any other mixture you can put together yourself.

Quart for quart, Unicorn makes as much, or more, milk than any ordinary Dairy feed--and you get from 10 to 20 MORE QUARTS of Unicorn in every 100 lb. sack.

Now's the time to start figuring on how to make milk at lowest feed cost this winter. Come in and get enough Unicorn to give our suggestion a good try-out. You'll never regret it.



THE GOBLEVILLE MILLING COMPANY
BOTH PHONES GOBLES, MICHIGAN

More of that choice
Three Layer Brick Ice Cream
and Frost Bites

Can out of these last week but hope to have enough this week

Hot Meals and Lunches
WHITE LUNCH

STORE BUILDING Stock and Fixtures for Sale

This property belongs to the estate of Dennis Cooley and must be sold to settle same.

W. J. Richards, Administrator
Kendall, Michigan

Production Counts

High prices do not necessarily mean a big profit for your products. It costs just as much to produce a pound of butterfat or a dozen eggs for a low price as a high one. Production cost may be lowered only by increased out-put.

Milkmaker is the Old Standby

for bringing about this much desired result with your dairy cows. Hundreds of satisfied users proclaim this the dairy ration par excellence

And while you're about it why not put your chickens on a paying basis? MICHIGAN EGG MASH has proved its worth with the poultry raisers of this as well as other communities. A few hens or several hundred, it will pay you to use this egg producing feed.

How about lightening up your corn and oats feed by the addition of Burt's Cereal Feed? 17 per cent protein at about half the price of bran.

Gobles Co-operative Assn.

John Leeder, Mgr., at Gobles
W. J. Richards, Asst. Mgr., at Kendall
One Hundred Per Cent Farmer Owned The Watch Dog of Prices and Quality

78658

Loaves of Harvest Queen BREAD

made and sold in 1925, an increase of over 8000 loaves over previous year. Besides thousands of loaves of other Gobles brands of Bread.

KEEP IT UP
WE THANK YOU

Quality Bakery

Herman R. Schowe

Make 1926 ELECTRIC YAR

Cook, heat, wash, iron clean by electricity and save money.

Michigan Gas & Elec. Co.
Chas. S. Howard, Local Man

FULLER Kalamazoo
Phone 212
Monday & Tuesday Night, Jan. 11 & 12

Not a moving picture, but the supreme stage sensation of New York, Chicago, Detroit

THE GORILLA

FUNNIEST SHOW ON EARTH
The play with 1,001 laughs

MANAGER'S GUARANTEE

I want to give you my personal guarantee that this is the same company that has been playing long engagements in Boston, Cleveland and Detroit.

SEAT SALE FRIDAY

Prices: \$2.50, \$2, \$1.50, \$1. Plus tax. Gallery 50c
COMING: Jan. 19, "Is That So," Jan. 20, Mat. and Nite, "No No Nanette," Feb. 5 "Ed Wynn," Feb. 12 "My Girl," Feb. 22-23, "The Student Prince."

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

10 qt. Pails, galvanized	19c
12 qt. Tin Milk Pails	49c
17 qt. Enameled Dish Pans at	98c
12 qt. Aluminum Water Pails	98c

See our 10c Table, values to 25c

Hardware

E. J. MERRIFIELD

Implements

Guy G. Graham, Manager