



VOL. 31-NO. 3

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Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Societies.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meet in their hall over Hauser's store...

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 148, F. A. A. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Monday evening...

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 45, R. A. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Friday evening...

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No. 24, R. A. S. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening...

MANCHESTER CHAPTER No. 101, O. E. S. meet at Masonic Hall, Friday evening...

MANCHESTER HIVE, No. 626, L. O. T. M. meet in Masonic Hall, second and fourth Tuesday evening...

COMSTOCK POST No. 352, G. A. R. meet first and third Tuesday evening...

MANCHESTER TENT No. 141, K. O. T. M. meet in hall over J. Roller & Co's store...

COMSTOCK W. R. C. No. 250, meet first and third Tuesday afternoon...

Business Cards.

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A. J. WATERS, ATTORNEY. And Counselor at Law, Office over Union Savings Bank, Manchester, Michigan.

DR. J. F. OHLINGER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Youngman's Barber Shop, Residence, Corner Clinton and Byrne Streets, MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

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PENINSULA MATTERS

RELATED IN A BRIEF, CONCISE MANNER.

Gov. Pingree Makes Some Important Appointment—Newly Married Michigan Couple Attempts Suicide at Milwaukee—The Husband Dead.

Gov. Pingree's Appointments. Gov. Pingree has announced the following appointments: Guy M. Chester, of Hillsdale, judge of the First circuit.

McCutcheon, of Saginaw, delegate to national irrigation congress. Charles G. Turner, of Traverse City, and Arthur W. Saxton, of Jackson, as members of the state pardon board.

William L. Smith, of Flint; D. D. Van Nocker, of Petersburg; Frank Whipple, of Port Huron; A. W. Eldredge, of Big Rapids; Fred Stabel, of Lansing, members of board of control of railroads.

William Kelly, of Valparaiso, and E. G. Brown, of Calumet, members of the board of control of Michigan college of mines. Chauncey F. Cook, of Hillsdale, member of the insane. F. J. Battershe, of Crosswell, member insurance policy commission. Beverly D. Harrison, of Sault Ste. Marie, member Newberry asylum board.

Charles F. Backus, of Detroit, member northern asylum board.

Sad Attempt at Double Suicide. George J. Bunday, aged 28, until recently of Albion, was secretly married at Chicago to Miss Blanche Warren, of Bay City, whom he had courted for several years, but to whom his parents were opposed, claiming that being a working girl she was not his equal in society.

After their marriage the couple went to Milwaukee and took rooms at the fashionable Plankinton hotel, and Bunday telegraphed the news to his father in Chicago and asked his forgiveness. The latter replied that he would not receive them in his home or have anything to do with them.

When Bunday told his bride this she had a sad time trying to comfort each other and at last decided it would be better for them to die. Each then took a dose of morphine and went to bed, and when they were discovered the next morning Bunday was dying, but his wife was saved by prompt attendance.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS. Fenton has a new bank with \$25,000 capital. Lake Odessa Masons have dedicated a new temple.

A street fair will be held at Grand Rapids Oct. 26 to 29. The naval recruiting officers accepted seven men at Bay City.

Lapeer county held a very successful and interesting reunion. Attendance at Alma college is 40 per cent greater than last year.

Bay City salt companies are unable to fill orders for lack of cars. The Eagle flouring mills were damaged \$6,000 by fire at Kalamazoo.

An Arbor's school board elected a woman—Mrs. Anna B. Bach—president. There were 50 cases of diphtheria at Alpena and several families are quarantined.

J. B. Hall's barn burned at Essexville, and Henry Buck was arrested on suspicion. The first brick block built at Caro is to be torn down to make room for a \$10,000 hotel.

Mrs. Nancy DeGraff Toll, a pioneer of Monroe, has just celebrated her 100th birthday. The cold wave which swept over the state brought frost and snow and visions of coal bills.

George Mace, a camp cook for the Delta Lumber Co., suicided at the American house at Marquette. The Challenge Corn Planter Co., of Grand Rapids, has just shipped a carload of refrigerators to Australia.

Eastern capitalists have dropped the Bay City-Port Huron electric road project till more money can be raised. Nearly every miner on the Gogebic range is employed. Hundreds have gone to the Canadian gold districts.

The entire force at the Sagola mill at Iron Mountain went on a strike for an advance from \$1.20 to \$1.40 a day. The First National bank of Benton Harbor has closed its doors, but it is said that every creditor will get dollar for dollar.

James Connors, a 60-year-old pensioner, formerly of Owosso, dropped dead of heart disease at Lansing after a long spree. Grand Rapids' board of trade has options on several desirable sites and will make a bid for the next state military encampment.

There are 378 pupils enrolled at the school for the deaf, with prospects of 50 more, and the accommodations are seriously taxed. The Twelfth Michigan infantry reunion at Grand Lodge was attended by 56 veterans. J. Noble, of Cassopolis, is their president.

Mrs. Mary Wilcox, of Huron, O., while visiting friends at Hudson, slipped and fell, producing a rupture which caused death. It is said that Atty. Gen. Fred M. Maynard has an ambition to succeed Judge C. B. Grant on the Michigan supreme court bench.

John Ogerby, a hay presser, was thrown against a fence by runaway cows near Vassar. His head was badly cut, and he may not live. Wm. Kulp, of Marshall, was arrested by U. S. officers, charged with counterfeiting one-cent pieces, many of which have circulated thereabouts.

Alfred Wilson stole a farmer's coat and \$120 near Jackson and got three years in prison. James Cleary stole a bag of flour and got 12 months.

The partridge season in the upper peninsula promises to be the best in 10 years. Hunters are flocking into Keweenaw and Ontonagon counties.

Patrick Maloney attempted suicide by jumping into Portage lake at Houghton, but John Adams pulled him out as he was going down the third time.

The Hamilton-Kenwood bicycle works at Grand Rapids were sold under mortgage foreclosure for \$600,000. Operations will probably be resumed soon.

Miss Margaret Hutchinson, daughter of Rev. John Hutchinson, of Ann Arbor, who disappeared over a week ago, has been traced to Chicago from Kalamazoo.

John Camburn and wife, of Seneca, have been married over 60 years and still live on the farm Camburn took up from the government before they were married.

Marie Martin, aged 19, committed suicide at Grand Rapids by taking poison. She was from Kalamazoo and was despondent because unable to obtain work.

A construction train on the Soo railroads was derailed near Whiteville by running into a cow. Charles Mose, a section fireman, and an unknown man were killed.

Robert McGibbon, foreman at Pitts & Co's salt block at Saginaw, fell into a vat of brine heated to 180 degrees, but he was pulled out before he was fatally scalded.

The residence, two barns and other outbuildings of Charles A. Ebersold, in Raisin township, Lenawee county, were destroyed by fire. Loss \$5,000, insurance \$3,000.

Mrs. Ada Rigley, of Bridgman, is barely 15 years old, but the complainant in a divorce suit. She was married Nov. 12, 1896, when she was 14, but left her husband last May.

John Harmon, aged 76, of Plymouth, was fatally injured by jumping from a buggy while a coil he was driving was running away. A young man with him was also badly injured.

H. F. Eberts, a mining expert of Detroit, is said to have made another big gold find about 40 miles northwest of the Michipicoten fields, towards the eastern end of Lake Superior.

At the Detroit-Romeo electric railroad meeting at Utica G. B. Davis announced that Utica people would subscribe \$5,900. A bridge half a mile long will have to be built there.

The Pere Marquette Lumber Co. at Ludington has shut down its mill and salt block and quit business, throwing 100 men out of employment. The plant has been running 50 years.

For the alienation of his wife's affections Geo. W. Wissman, of Woodbridge township, has received judgment for \$1,000 against Walter Hagerman in the Hillsdale circuit court.

A fine horse owned by Jos. Gause, a farmer near Saline was missed and was thought to have been stolen. A week later it was found dead, standing up between a straw stack and a fence.

Petoskey's streets were crowded with people during the G. A. R. encampment there. Fully 7,000 visitors were present and speeches were made by Senator Burrows, Dept. Com. Bliss and others.

Chaplain Geo. H. Hixcox, of Jackson prison, who has held that position since Oct. 1, 1873—23 years—has resigned. During that time he has conducted 6,500 services in the prison chapel.

Fire destroyed three large barns belonging to Francis Hammond, one mile east of Niles. All his farming implements, hay and grain were destroyed. The loss is \$10,000, partially insured.

The barns on the Porter Fleming farm in Mt. Morris township, Genesee county, together with the year's crops, four valuable horses and considerable machinery, were destroyed by fire; loss about \$1,500.

Judge Allen B. Morse, of ex-consul to Glasgow, who is expected home in Ionia soon is being boomed for the Democratic nomination for congress in the Fifth district, against William Aiden Smith.

About 60 acres of flax have been cultivated near Saginaw this year, with such success that many more acres will be planted next year and a mill erected. Near Yale, St. Clair county, there are 3,000 acres.

Some of the prominent daily papers assert that at the recent soldiers' reunion at Big Rapids a movement was started to make Col. C. V. R. Pond a candidate for secretary of state next year, to succeed Washington Gardner.

Robert A. Davison, aged 80, of Deckerville, disappeared on the night of Aug. 24. He often said that no one would be troubled when he died. It is thought that he secretly prepared his last resting place and took his life.

Grand Army Veterans and the United Bank of the Knights of Pythias held encampments at Clare at the same time. Both were well attended and the parades were unusually attractive. The U. S. E. K. of P. gave an exhibition drill.

The proposed railroad between Albion and Charlotte, by way of Duck lake, is being boomed. Brookfield citizens will probably raise \$5,000, and the same amount is expected in Albion. The road will be 24 miles long and cost \$160,000.

Grand Rapids jobbers adopted resolutions condemning the new interchangeable mileage books and appointed a committee to wait on the presidents of the G. R. & I. C. & W. M. and D. G. R. & W. railroads, to see if the numerous restrictions and conditions surrounding the sale of the books may not be removed.

While temporarily insane Mrs. Maggie Hafer, hanged herself in a barn at Marvath Bathrick's, near Colon. She was a crass widow when she became the third wife of Henry Hafer about a year ago and he has cruelly treated her constantly.

George Davey, aged 37, was killed in a runaway at Arlington, the horse being frightened by a bicycle. He lost his wife a few weeks ago and his granddaughter, coming from Kansas to keep house for him, arrived a few hours after his death.

The attendance at the reunion of the Northwestern soldiers and sailors at Big Rapids was unprecedented, and included several prominent personages. Senator Burrows, Congressman Mosick, Commander Bliss and Capt. Belknap were among the speakers.

A United States court jury has given back to the heirs of the Chippewa chief Oshawano, a valuable island at the mouth of St. Mary's river rapids, known as Chief's island. The government bought it for \$5,000, but it is now worth 10 times that amount.

Joseph H. Griffin, the Saginaw man who made sensational statements of what he knew about the Strubel murder mystery at Shepherd, but who could tell nothing of importance on the witness stand, was found nearly dead in his back yard from a dose of opium. It is thought he attempted to suicide.

President McKinley has appointed Freeman B. Dickerson, the well-known book publisher, as postmaster at Detroit. Other postmasters appointed: At Escanaba, Chas. M. Thatcher; Fowlerville, Aaron C. Cooper; Gaylord, Faustina M. Towle; Morenci, Abram Babcock; Norway, Richard M. Sampson, Jr.; Quincy, Francis E. Marsh, Jr.; Wayne, Henry Loss.

Andrew Anger, a farmer near Caro, found that a thief in the night had carried off his last two sacks of wheat. The tracks of a light wagon were traced to Henry Selleck's house and in Selleck's front room the wheat was found. Constable Craw arrested Selleck, but permitted him to step to the pump to get a drink, and Selleck has not been seen since.

An attempt to wreck a Michigan Central train at Mason was frustrated by a dogman who discovered that a switch had been opened and a coupling pin wedged in between the split rail and the main track. At this point the track is on an embankment 15 feet high and a wreck there would have been serious. A tramp who passed through the town is suspected.

Edwin F. Uhl, ex-assistant secretary of state and ex-ambassador to Germany, will probably leave Grand Rapids for good. He has formed a Chicago law partnership with Frank H. Jones, former first assistant postmaster-general and K. M. Landis, ex-private secretary to the late Secretary of State Gresham, under the firm name of Uhl, Jones & Landis. His wife and family are still in Germany.

Sarah Fitch, a frequent offender in police court at Grand Rapids was sentenced to 30 days in jail and her husband received a similar sentence at the same time. The woman's fine was afterward paid and she was released. She took a dose of morphine and, going to the jail, called for her husband and when he appeared she said she was going to die, and fell in a swoon at his feet. Medical attendance failed to save her.

Co. C, Third regiment, M. N. G., at Bay City, is in danger of dissolution. Many of the members have had it in for Capt. Hilliker for some time, and when the annual camp drew near, without any appointment or other arrangements, they asked for Hilliker's resignation. Capt. Hilliker at once retaliated by preferring charges against four sergeants as the ringleaders of the opposition, which are now being considered by the regimental authorities.

"The U. S. cruiser Yantic can be brought through the locks, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary. It will be necessary to cut off some of the forward trimmings, but nothing will be done but which can be readily and safely repaired," says Commander Gilbert Wilkes of the Michigan Naval Reserves. "The repairs will doubtless be completed by Oct. 15 and the Reserves will be ordered to meet the ship at Erie, Pa., and bring her to Detroit about Nov. 10."

During the recent docking of the U. S. battleship Indiana at Halifax, her bottom bulged under the forward turret. The weight of the turrets was so great that the bottom sank enough to seriously affect the turrets upward. It is also reported that one of her 18-inch guns has been seriously injured.

The trouble is a large crack in the powder chamber, just forward of the breech block. An investigation to fix the responsibility for the accident will have to be called.

Three houses were broken into early in the evening in the outskirts of Hudson, and then David Way discovered the burglar leaving his house. He followed the fellow four miles into the country with a horse and wagon and got a drop on him. The burglar tried to get away when Way shot him through the thigh and then loaded him into the wagon and took him to town. He was identified as the notorious James Butler, a life-long colored criminal. He may die from his wound.

A move is being made to purchase the plants, and carry out the original plans of the companies organized to utilize the power in Flat river at Lowell, to generate and distribute electricity to Grand Rapids, west Michigan and Lowell, the failure of which scheme owing to the hard times—led to the attempt of Chas. A. Church, of Lowell, to kill his wife and his subsequent suicide, over a year ago. The Michigan Trust Co., as trustee, will sell the property and franchises Oct. 13.

The Eighth Michigan cavalry at the reunion at Port Huron elected C. E. Everett, of Milford, as president.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS PICKED PROMISCUOUSLY.

Anthrax Coal Miners Return to Work. Sheriff Martin and Deputies Arrested—Tribesmen Giving British Some Hot Fighting in India.

The Situation at Hazelton. The situation among the striking anthracite coal miners about Hazelton, Pa., is quiet, the presence of the military having a good effect. Gen. Gobin refuses to allow the arrest of Sheriff Martin or his deputies who shot the 21 strikers at Lattimer. While there are nearly 30,000 miners out there are some still at work and there is missionary work going on quietly to get them out. No attempt is being made to march or hold any meetings, but the agitators visit the working miners in twos and threes. About 250 women, however, defied all the militia and attacked 300 workers in the Carson, Star and Monarch collieries at Honey Brook, near Audenried, with stones, clubs, etc., and succeed in driving the miners out after injuring several of them.

A force of cavalry was sent to the scene of the riots created by women and under their protection the miners returned to work. The strikers think they have discovered a way to get hold of Sheriff Martin and his deputies. Gen. Gobin allowed the arrest of two men within the military lines upon warrants from a court of justice. Following this precedent the prosecution will attempt to arrest the sheriff and his deputies on warrants from a court instead of from a magistrate as was originally done.

The backbone of the strike has been broken by the return to work of 1,200 miners in the Honey Brook collieries of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Co., and 300 at Pardee's mines at Lattimer, while the Cranberry, Crystal Ridge and Harwood mines of the Pardee Co., and the Coxe collieries in the Dribton districts are working full force. The employees of the Hazel mines of the Lehigh Valley Co. have also decided to return to work. A crowd of women attempted to prevent the men from working at Lattimer, but the soldiers pushed them back with fixed bayonets.

Later—the warrants for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and his deputies were issued by Judges Lynch and Bennett at Wilkesbarre. They were served promptly and no resistance was made. The writs contain 78 names, including the sheriff's, and the latter has agreed to deliver all the deputies for a hearing. A company of the Ninth regiment will escort them to the Wilkesbarre. Gen. Gobin permitted the service of the writs because he thinks the civil authorities are now able to handle the situation.

British Defeated With Heavy Loss. Simla, India: The Second brigade of the Mohmand punitive force, commanded by Gen. Jeffrey, reached the foot of the Rawat pass and during the night the British troops were attacked by the enemy, who kept up a heavy fire for six hours. Lieut. Tomkins and Bailey were killed; Lieut. Harrington was dangerously wounded, two privates were killed and five wounded, and 25 horses and mules were killed.

The next day the brigade moved out to attack the Mohmands and punish them. They were found entrenched on the hills and were gallantly attacked. Heavy fighting followed and the British forces were finally compelled to retire to Camp Anayat with a loss of 140 killed and wounded, including Lieut. Huges and Crawford among the dead.

British Drive Mohmands Back. The day following the defeat of the British near Camp Anayat by the tribesmen Gen. Jeffrey's brigade again moved to attack them in their entrenchments and after a desperate resistance drove them back into the hills. The British demolished their towers and captured 400 mule loads of supplies. As soon as the troops began to retire from the village the enemy reappeared in force. The retirement, however, was effected with great precision, the native troops behaving splendidly. It was learned that during the previous fight the Mohmands' loss was very heavy.

The lower Mohmands, south of Peshawar, have submitted and have agreed to pay a heavy fine and to surrender their arms.

Alger Scheme to Relieve Klondykers. Secretary of War Alger has a scheme by which he expects to send relief to the American miners in the Klondyke region who are said to have only enough supplies to carry them half through the long Alaskan winter. The idea is to employ locomotive sleds, which are used on the frozen rivers in the logging regions of northern Michigan and Wisconsin, and with these convey the large quantities of stores now stalled at St. Michaels by the freezing of the Yukon river. Messrs. P. B. Wear and Michael Cadash, representatives of the North American Trading & Transportation Co., were in consultation with Secretary Alger and they declared their belief that the scheme was feasible.

Trains Collide—Five Men Killed. A disastrous wreck occurred on the Wisconsin Central railroad six miles west of Chippewa Falls, Wis., resulting in the death of five people and the injury of several others. Two freight trains, through a misunderstanding of orders, while going 40 miles an hour, met on a curve, and not even giving the engineers and firemen time to jump, came together with terrible force. The dead are: Engineers Warren and Smith, Fireman Smiley, Brake-man Miller and an unknown man who was riding between the cars.

CUBAN WAR MUST END SOON.

Uncle Sam Threatens to Take a Hand—New Developments.

The Paris Temps publishes a dispatch from San Sebastian, Spain, to the effect that in an interview with the duke of Tetuan, the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, the U. S. minister to Spain, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, made a statement of the great injury commerce and industry had suffered in the United States through the prolongation of the Cuban war, and added that Secretary of State Sherman had desired him to declare to the Spanish government that it was evidently impossible for Spain to end the rebellion in a reasonable time and, further, that if the war was continued, Cuba would be devastated and of no utility to Spain or to the Cubans. In conclusion the U. S. minister is said to have insisted courteously, but firmly upon the necessity of ending the war, declaring that if it was not terminated by the end of October the United States would feel justified in taking measures to secure the independence of Cuba.

The duke of Tetuan protested against the alleged American "pretensions," and said he would reply officially to the United States minister when the Spanish court returns to Madrid.

STRUCK THE PRESIDENT.

Attempt to Kill the President of Mexico—His Assault Cut to Pieces. As is his annual custom on Independence day President Diaz was marching in the procession at the City of Mexico when a large, muscular man broke through the crowd and rushing upon the president struck him a heavy blow. It was broken by his being crowded by the president's staff, but Diaz was staggered. The assailant was immediately knocked down by Gen. Fradillo, a member of the president's staff, and the police carried him away. The people who witnessed the assault frantically tried to get at the prisoner, but he was soon locked up. No weapon was found on him and if he had one he dropped it in the crowd. He was identified as Ignacio Anulfo, a drunken, quarrelsome fellow.

Later—About 1 o'clock the next morning a body of common people forced their way into the jail where Anulfo was confined, and overpowering the guard, pounced upon the would-be assassin and literally hacked him to pieces and made their escape before a force of police could arrive. Several arrests have been made, however.

Atty.-Gen. McKenna Kills "Section 22." Atty.-Gen. McKenna has announced his opinion in the matter of section 22 of the new tariff law. He holds in effect that goods coming directly into the United States from foreign countries through Canadian ports are not subject to the discriminating duty of 10 per cent and also holds that foreign goods shipped from countries other than British possessions in British vessels are not subject to the discriminating duty.

Three Children Burned to Death. The home of Presen Heward, at Port Alma, Ont., was discovered to be on fire at 3 a. m. Heward raised an alarm and he and his wife and three sons escaped through a window, but the spread of the flames was so rapid that three girls, aged 16, 10 and 6 respectively were burned to death. The oldest girl reached safety once, but rushed back to rescue her sisters and sacrificed her own life. Two of the boys and the mother were badly burned.

Four Killed, 10 Injured, in a Collision. A collision on the Wabash railroad between a passenger and a freight train at Keytesville, Mo., resulted in the death of four men and injury of 10 other persons. The freight was a minute late at Keytesville and was just entering the switch when the passenger train crashed into it.

Miss Alice Reading, an Akron milliner, discovered that her lover, a Toledo man, was married and then she took a dose of morphine and tried to drown herself, but will probably recover.

Prof. E. Benj. Andrews has withdrawn his resignation as president of Brown university at Providence, R. I., upon the request of the trustees, the latter having removed the cause of President Andrews' dissatisfaction.

A dispatch from Osgood, Ind., says that more bloodshed is feared at Versailles. It is said that the relatives of the five men who were lynched are threatening and it is not unlikely that the county buildings may be burned.

Charles May, of Ann Arbor was drowned in McHugh's lake, near Whitmore Lake. He was fishing in company with Jack Heintzman when the boat suddenly commenced leaking and sank. Heintzman reached the shore. Dispatches from Nuevitas state that Mendez Capote was chosen president of the Cuban republic at the recent election. He is a lawyer, was formerly governor of Matanzas, and is said to have received the support of Gen. Gomez.

The tobacco shed and corn crib on the farm of Mrs. Lew Angspurger, two miles south of Middletown, was destroyed by fire. The shed contained this year's crop of tobacco, and the crib over 500 bushels of corn. The loss is \$1,500.

John E. Redmond, Parnellite leader, takes a gloomy view of Ireland's future and says that dire famine stares the people in the face, owing to the failure of the crops. He says the government must come to the aid of the people at once if they are to be saved.

George Switzer, an employe at Wilson Graber's meat market at Massillon, entered the market drunk. When ordered out Switzer grasped a heavy cleaver and hurled it at his employer's head. Graber threw up his arms just in time to save his head, but his hand was shattered. One finger was completely severed and dropped to the floor.

MORE YELLOW FEVER.

Mobile in a State of Panic—Trouble at Jackson, Miss.

The yellow fever has begun to spread quite rapidly at Mobile, Ala., 11 new cases being announced in one day. A quarantine line has been drawn from Chicasabogue creek, north of Mobile, some five miles northwesterly to the Mississippi line so as to present an absolute embargo against Mobilians penetrating by land into the interior of Alabama. This trocha is guarded continuously and when some 2,000 people started out into country intending to take refuge with the farmers, they encountered the guards at the trocha and were stopped there and remained in the open air fearing to return to the city. The people of Mobile are in a great panic and all are leaving who can, although experienced physicians and the older citizens try to quiet the alarm by showing that the fever is not progressing with anything like old time rapidity.

Governor Barred the State Capital. When the rigid quarantine was established at Jackson, which is the capital of Mississippi, Gov. McLaurin was at his home at Brandon. Now he wishes to enter the capital, but the board of health is no respecter of persons and refused to admit him. The scare at Jackson is growing and the people are determined not to allow the disease to get a foothold there. They have torn up the tracks of the Alabama & Vicksburg railroad, a short distance west of the city, and also burned the trestle on the same road because the company refused to run trains through the city at the rate of 20 miles an hour. Indignation is at fever heat and the people say that, if necessary to compel observance of their quarantine regulations, they will burn every bridge between there and Vicksburg. Gov. McLaurin has ordered out the Capital Light Guards, in order to protect the property of the railroad.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKINGS.

The Ohio State Liquor league held its annual meeting at Columbus. Fire at Youngstown, O., destroyed the stock barn of John A. Logan, Jr. Eight finely-bred horses and several elegant equipages were burned up. Loss estimated at \$75,000.

The cage in which 10 men were being lowered into shaft No. 2 of the Alden Coal Co., at Nanticoke, Pa., suddenly dropped to the bottom of the shaft—850 feet. Eight of the men were severely injured and four will die.

Three Columbus, O., penitentiary prisoners assaulted the guards, took their guns—then appeared in the guard room and leveled revolvers at Capt. Saxby, and attempted to escape. A fight ensued. Two of the prisoners, Bots and Clark, got away, but were caught later.

Perhaps a cipher accidentally got lost when Mr. Cleveland was making up the estimate of his taxable property.

Sir John Lubbock's act died recently. It was the insect that gave up so much information when he interviewed it, and not, as some obtuse writer thought, a chicer of one of his parents.

The National Association of Manufacturers is taking a practical step toward the promotion of trade between this country and the Latin-American republics in the initiative of a journey made till I donned the breeches. Then I had old sagas and something that was really a fatiguing journey.

Whatever may be the fate of Andrea—which at the time of this writing is unknown, and may be cleared up by the next electric current that thrills an ocean cable—it is impossible to remain ignorant of the fate of the young man. When he cut loose from land and drifted out of sight beyond the horizon of an unknown sea, driven by the wind that would blow him to whither, he performed an act that was a supreme test of human nerve.

The lingering visitor has often worn out a welcome, but a more serious result of a long stay is reported from Cheyenne. Mrs. Nicholas visited the Stantons in Ogden, remained more than a month, and when she went home the Stantons sent her a bill for \$14,000.

"I do believe," hurriedly exclaimed the Nebraska housekeeper, looking out of the front door, "that the young man is coming." A forlorn looking guest dug his way out from under the ruins of the hotel.

The United States exported \$7,005,323 worth of bicycles in the twelve months ending June 30, 1909. The different countries and the value of exports to them were as follows: United Kingdom, \$2,375,675; Germany, \$1,206,246; France, \$429,696; other Europe, \$1,199,214; British North America, \$730,287; Mexico, \$71,117; Central America, Australia and British Honduras, \$38,801; Cuba, \$14,016; Puerto Rico, \$14,310; Santo Domingo, \$4,980; other West Indies and Bermuda, \$12,807; Argentina, \$42,991; Brazil, \$23,256; Colombia, \$29,049; South America, \$73,507; China, \$18,410; British Australasia, \$62,894; East Indies (British), \$13,226; other Asia and Oceania, \$118,225; Africa, \$125,979; other countries, \$217. Total, \$7,005,323.

An investigator who likes to get down to the difference in the oiling of watches and how long they will run, says that a watch needs oiling once in a year and a half. A locomotive oiler in the same way would run six miles an hour day and night for 648 days, or nearly forty times the circumference of the earth.

The Spanish attaché who has been secretly investigating our coast, says he could not have selected a better place than Charleston harbor. One look at the scarred site of Sumner ought to have convinced him that this is a good country to let alone.

The Queen Regent of Spain has been petitioned by women of the United States to release Evangelina Cisneros, a young Cuban woman, now being held in Havana and sentenced to a term of 20 years imprisonment.

GROUND FOR COMPLAINT.

What Happened When the Tailor Mixed the Wedding Dress. "I'm on my feet," declared the young man who is yet in the first quarter of his honeymoon, says the Detroit Free Press.

Ghost Carnival

The gold seekers flocking to Klondyke are obliged to go through a country inhabited by some very queer aborigines, who dwell along the coast of the Yukon.

"When it came time to dress I prepared with a fair degree of equanimity till I donned the breeches. Then I had old sagas and something that was really a fatiguing journey."

The lingerie visitor has often worn out a welcome, but a more serious result of a long stay is reported from Cheyenne. Mrs. Nicholas visited the Stantons in Ogden, remained more than a month, and when she went home the Stantons sent her a bill for \$14,000.

THE OLD FASHIONED WOMAN.

In Many Ways She is True to Her Vocation. "When I was a girl," says the old-fashioned woman, "I was a very different person from what I am now."

him by catching men and collecting curiosities in his house is a fabulous bird with an immensely long beak, which lives on the brains of the people who come to see it.

On one occasion money was carefully hidden in a pair of heavy working boots, to be remembered almost too late for even Uncle Sam's experts to save the remnants of the once crisp paper.

"It is a good thing," remarked the inventor, "that I have not been killed by the dynamite. I had hoped to get from the Treasury two hundred dollars in good new bills for that box full of worthless paper."

Twenty-five members of the Chicago Alaska Club will fit the members of the Klondyke by camping in the snow and practicing on skates, sleighs, snowshoes and skis. They can avoid all the usual winter sports by selecting twenty-five of the 39,000 mail-order Mrs. Charlotte Smith says are suffering for some one to love them.

The youngest and best educated for whom there has been rights which the American eagle and the British lion feel bound to respect.

SOME TREASURY "NOTES."

While counting money in the national bank divisions of the United States Treasury, I gathered together a strange collection, of which I have made a scrap-book; these objects are of no value, except as curiosities.

I will say first that all money sent to the Treasury for redemption is thoroughly disinfected before it is given out in packages of five hundred notes, and never to be counted. No less than six persons count it and put their names on each package, thus making themselves responsible for any error that may occur after it leaves their hands.

My curious collection is composed of things used to patch mutilated banknotes, so that they might be sent to the Treasury and redeemed by fresh money. A distinguished ethnologist, who is to be published shortly by the National Museum.

There are all sorts of United States stamps, express receipts, railroad tickets, and other things, which are used to patch up the notes. Some are of the most interesting kind, and some are of the most ordinary.

Some notes were carefully sewed with the fine thread and many had names of persons and places written on them. One of these was a five-dollar bill which was written in a few words, it being a note for a small sum.

From Indian Bureau Photographs. The servants receive no wages, but they are allowed to take what they like from the pockets of the guests.

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WOMEN AND TIPS.

There is something in the feminine character which rebels against the lavish giving of tips, and if porters and maids had to depend wholly on women for their livelihood, the probability that the poor creatures would find very small satisfaction.

The custom of giving small sums to porters and hotel servants is pretty generally followed, but it is only in the case of the original giver that the habit is growing, partly from the circumstances of the country, and partly from the fact that the habit is growing in America as it is in foreign countries.

Every one who crosses the sea for the first time, and who has not been a traveler, will find it very difficult to understand the habits of the people who are trying to make a brave face with a crusty thin purse.

Things were worse, however, in the last century—especially in France. Jacques Rousseau is said to have gone to the mountains to "save the world from the plague of the French."

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SCIENTIFIC POINTERS.

The story of California and Australia is being repeated today; being hanged, sold and third: is death to the gold-mining industry in the West.

Patented device for the protection of life. A new patent for a life-preserver, which is a small, portable, and easily used device, has been patented.

The sterilizing water has become a most important item in domestic economy. Scientists long ago discovered that water, when treated with certain salts, becomes sterile.

An Electric Plant. A plant has been discovered in Nicaragua, which appears to be a source of electrical energy. It is a natural phenomenon, and is being studied by scientists.

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Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER
Write to the Public.
Advertisements for the Enterprise are accepted on the basis of space and time.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1937.
The Ingham county circuit calendar contains 96 divorce cases.

The sun crossed the line yesterday and the days and nights are of equal length.

Work was begun yesterday at Dundee, on the Lima Northern extension to Detroit.

The sugar beet experiments on the agricultural college farm are likely to be disturbed on account of a fungus disease in the crop.

Geo. H. Hickox, who has been chaplain at the Jackson prison for 23 years, will retire after Sunday next. He has conducted 6500 religious services there.

People who are in the habit of using indecent, insulting, immoral or profane language in the presence of women and children should stop it at once.

While weather conditions have been generally favorable for fall crops, the dryness in the six southern states continues to be very injurious to the wheat and rye seedling.

The will of the late Charles Wells of Franklin, who died a few weeks ago, leaving an estate valued at \$85,000, will be read in probate court this week.

J. E. Tray, Adelbert Vedder, Frank Owens and Lathet Powell, the five men arrested by Game Warden Watkins at Wampler's lake a few weeks ago, pleaded guilty to the charge of spearing.

Report cards will be given out next week. The cards are intended to indicate approximately the work of the pupil for the past year.

The Detroit presbytery will meet at Saline next time.

The county teachers' association will meet at the Ann Arbor high school building Saturday. A program has been arranged.

Sheriff Wm. Judson discovered Harry Wright and Edward Harris, alleged pickpockets, sawing away at the bars in the windows of the jail last night.

The Michigan society of Ann Arbor is to report its findings of the past year at a public meeting Sept. 24th.

The conference at Port Huron closed Monday night. E. W. Ryan of Ypsilanti is providing office of the Ann Arbor district.

Following are some of the appointments:
Adrian—Chas. L. Adam.

RESTLESS HUMANITY.

People who Travel the Plains and Those who Are on Mountain Peaks.
E. E. Stark left for Chicago last evening.

They are putting new seating into the Catholic church.

President Stokolow went to Lansing today on business.

Mrs. J. M. Jones of Tecumseh was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. J. O. Ehlhard of Toledo is visiting Mrs. E. C. Wagstaff.

Mrs. Fack of Ann Arbor is visiting relatives in town this week.

Frank O'Connell went to Chicago last Saturday to look for a situation.

Mrs. D. H. Yokon was in Ft. Huron over Sunday, with her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schable have been visiting in the city this week.

Miss Bevia Waters did not return to Ann Arbor until yesterday, owing to the illness of her mother.

Chas. Hall and Ben Klief of Ypsilanti are on wheels Sunday forenoon at the city track.

L. Whitney Watkins went to Ann Arbor this morning, to look after those who violate the game law by shooting quail.

Mrs. Chas. Trefethen went to Adrian Tuesday morning to visit friends, including Mrs. W. H. Wiggin, who is dangerously ill.

Miss Gertrude Eckhardt of Cleveland came here last week to visit her sister, Mrs. Ozer, who has been visiting Mrs. Trefethen this summer.

George C. Raymond of Sharon was in town yesterday advertising an auction of the contents of the estate of the late Mrs. Raymond.

Mrs. C. W. Case and daughter and Mrs. G. I. Robinson and Mrs. J. H. Case are sorry to say that the high school is not exempt from this charge.

Report cards will be given out next week. The cards are intended to indicate approximately the work of the pupil for the past year.

Closing Out Prices

Continue at MACK & CO'S
Old papers at the Enterprise office.
E. E. Tray, photographer, of Jackson will be here Friday of each week to take your photograph.

Plaid-Chin spring pigs, Purebred, for sale at reasonable price.
GEO. R. BERRY, Clinton, Mich.

I will pay the highest market price for live chickens, hens and ducks, delivered to Manchester, Sept. 30th.

Bring in Your Cakes.
I want all the Pie Possibility. I can get delivered in Manchester on Tuesday Oct. 1st, for which I will pay the highest market price.

Attention here.
Geo. O. Raymond, 575 Olive east of Grand Lake, will sell at auction, Thursday, Sept. 30th, 1 p. m., 4 horses, 6 cows, 5 young calves, breeding sows, home wool bales, wools, farming tools, household goods, hay, grain, etc., terms 1 year.

Form for Sale on Kalamazoo, Washtenaw and Monroe Counties.
A No. 1 brick, brick and sink Farm, 220 acres, well, windmill, good buildings, large basement barn, two good large houses. Farm would divide easily with home and sink.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schable have been visiting in the city this week.

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FALMAGE'S SERMON.

"LIKE THE STARS, LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.
From the Text, Daniel 10: 3-7.
That Turn May to Us.
That Turn May to Us.
That Turn May to Us.

VERY man has a thousand roots in his soul.
A thousand roots in his soul.
A thousand roots in his soul.

His silence often is as thunder, and his life is a dirge or a doxology.
His silence often is as thunder, and his life is a dirge or a doxology.

It would be absurd for me, to elaborate an argument, to prove that the world is off the track.
It would be absurd for me, to elaborate an argument, to prove that the world is off the track.

First, we may turn them by the charm of a right example.
First, we may turn them by the charm of a right example.

Again, we may turn them by the force of a right example.
Again, we may turn them by the force of a right example.

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THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

A REVIEW OF THE THIRD QUARTER.
Before Test—Let Your Light So Shine.
Before Test—Let Your Light So Shine.
Before Test—Let Your Light So Shine.

"HINTS TO THE TEACHER.
All the places prominently named in the Bible are located around the Mediterranean Sea.
All the places prominently named in the Bible are located around the Mediterranean Sea.

Water for Rabbits.
The food of rabbits is always green stuff of some kind, and nine-tenths of this water, these animals never need drink.
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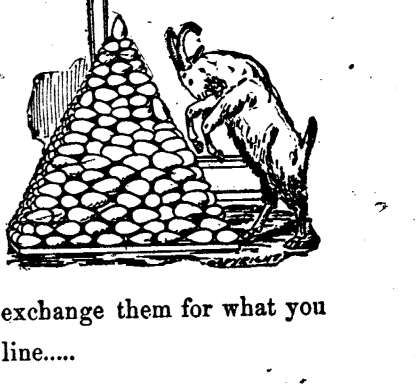
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GROceries.



Bring Your Butter and Eggs.
To me and exchange them for what you need in my line....

SCHOOL SHOES For the Children.
SCHOOL DRESSES For the Girls.

You will find my stock new, neat and attractive and the prices right.

J. FRED SCHABLE.
ATTENTION FARMERS!

If you are in need of anything in the line of Shelf or Heavy Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Buggies, Wagons, Plows, Harrows,

Or any kind of Farm Implements, don't forget to look over our stock and

GET OUR PRICES.
We will save you money by so doing.

WURSTER BROS. & Company
Our Motto....

Good Quality, Honest Quantity, Sell Cheap, Sell a Heap.

And Keep Everlastingly at It.
Come and See

E. C. WESTGATE,
Manchester's Lumberman.

Gardeners, Please bear in mind that in our box factory we manufacture

Celery Boxes
Onion and Potato Crates.

Our Specialty is a Matched Pine Celery Box.
See our goods and get our prices before buying.

We always carry a full line of LUMBER, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Dry Stock. Write us or call at the yards, north end of Lake Shore way Yards, Tecumseh, and get our prices.

Temple, McClure & Co.
Cleveland Leader.

MANCHESTER.

A Store full of BARGAINS.
A lowering of prices of every commodity which enters into family consumption. This in the face of a uniform advance in the market of all kinds of merchandise. While the goods last the below prices will obtain.

Come before they're gone.
A Complete Line of New Fall Dress Goods.

Comprising all the attractive weaves and color combinations popular for the coming season.

The Prices on these New Stylish Goods are made lower than you have ever purchased equal value in the past and less than you can reasonably expect to see them again.

Do You want the newest ideas in Fall Dress Goods at Bargain Prices?

Come while these goods are on sale.
7c Bleached Muslin, 5c White Outing Flannel, to close at.

We place on sale this week 1 case Chocolate Color Prints for which you have been paying 6c, while they last, 31c.

\$1.75 Men's Pile Shoes. (All sizes, prime stock, regular make, the last change at the price) 1.29

Bargains In LADIES' SHOES, Best Make, Best Style, All Sizes.

500 pounds Coffee—Arbuckle's or Lyons—Lay in your supply while it lasts, at about its usual price.

You Want The News, Then Take The ENTERPRISE

All our 12.50 Garvin Suits in Fancy Cheviot, Worsteds in black and navy, plain and mixed Cassimere, the best values ever shown at 12.50, at 9.95

Men's Suits, good cloth, well made, latest cut and colors, in many kinds of material. 8.00 will not buy as good. Your choice, 4.95

Until January Next, MACK & COMPANY

Manchester

W. H. LEHR, Groceries

DEALER IN Groceries, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, NOTIONS, TOBACCOES, & C.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS. FRESH LAGER BEER. Always on Draught. South side of Exchange Place, Manchester.

Webster's International Dictionary. The One Great Standard Authority.

THE BEST FOR PRACTICAL USE. It is the only dictionary that gives you the meaning of every word.

WEAR Hand Made Work Shoes. ...\$1.50...

F. G. BRIEGL, Manchester.

We give Credit for the Money you pay us on A PARLOR SUITE!

A BED ROOM SUITE, TABLE ROCKER, COUCH, or any goods in our line, and WE TRUST

You for the Balance, you paying a certain amount every month.

BUY NOW! And have the comfort and enjoyment of the people. Call and see us.

Junior & Rosenbarger, Manchester, Michigan.

W. H. LEHR, Groceries

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You for the Balance, you paying a certain amount every month.

BUY NOW! And have the comfort and enjoyment of the people. Call and see us.

Junior & Rosenbarger, Manchester, Michigan.

FORGOT HIS VERSE.

Henry Clay Made a Dashed Hit With Another One.
In the early '70s of this century...

Richmond he received with great interest the publication of his life...

He said that his profession, politics and affairs of government had been the chief interest of his life...

He was a man of affairs and a man of letters. He was a man of affairs and a man of letters.

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100 Doses in a Bottle

Is peculiar to and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is proof of its superior strength and economy. There is more curative power in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other. This fact, with its unequalled record of cures, proves the best medicine for all blood diseases is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.00 per bottle. Cure Liver, Lungs, Etc. Hood's Pills cure Lymphatic, Scurvy, etc.

She Knows Papa's Circumstances. He—Do you think your father would receive me civilly if I were to go to him and ask for you?
She—Let's see—I believe you hold a mortgage on papa's business, don't you?
He—Yes, and it's about to mature.
She—You will be perfectly safe in approaching him at any time or place that may suit your own convenience.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

Could Not Weaken Such Testimony As This.

(From the Kalamazoo Telegraph.)
The following statement is of great interest to many a citizen of Kalamazoo, and a man as well known as Mr. Wallace should carry more than ordinary weight with our readers. Here it is taken down in my report, and I am glad to say a member of the firm of J. A. Wallace & Co., doing business as tinners, etc., at 106 Eleanor Street, Kalamazoo, in which city I also reside. For the past nine or ten months I have been having attacks of kidney complaint, the pain in my back over my hips was very severe at times; my urinary system was also in a bad state of derangement, sometimes the urine was scanty and then again the amount would be excessive, and a difficulty of passage always existed. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills at a time when I felt that I was going to be sick, but their use warranted an attack, and I am now feeling very much better; the urinary organism has regained a normal condition, and the terrific pain in my back is much reduced in severity, while it is now fast going away altogether. I am continuing the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, with positive feeling that they will effect on me a permanent and speedy cure. I have unbounded confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills as a remedy for all kidney ailments; have good reason to be, as they have done so much for me.
Can you ask any more than this? Doan's Kidney Pills are relieving more backs of the burdens they have been forced to bear through the kidneys than all other means devised, and better still, they are doing this right here in Michigan. Ask any one who has ever taken them and see what they will say.
Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Australia prefers American locomotives.

No-To-Bacco For Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

A New York mill makes 18,000 pies daily.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing.

Very Low Rates to The Sunny South via Big Four Route...

ACCOUNT One Way Settlers' Excursion.

Tickets on Sale: OCT. 5th and 19th.

For tickets and full information call on any ticket agent of the Big Four Route, or address
E. O. McCORMICK, Passenger Traffic Manager, WARREN J. LYNCH, Ticket Agent, MEDICAL COMPANY, Omaha, Neb., and they will send you absolutely FREE, a valuable paper on the disease, and positive proofs of their truly MARVELOUS REMEDY. Thousands of men, who have lost all hope of a cure, are being restored by them to a perfect condition.

This MARVELOUS TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions, or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go there for treatment, if they every case they treat or refund every dollar, or their charges may be deposited in a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

CURE YOURSELF!

Low Price for Unnatural Discharges, Inflammation, Irritation of Mucous Membrane, Gonorrhea, etc.

George Caulfield's Journey

By Miss T. E. Braddon.

CHAPTER I.—(CONTINUED.)
He took the card from his breast-pocket and handed it to the station-master.
"Mr. Elsdon, Briargate," the man read aloud.
"Elsden," said the doctor. "I know an Elsdon of Briargate—a big man with large white whiskers?" he interrogated, turning to the curate.
"No, this was a young man; pale, dark and good looking."
"Ah, I don't know who he can be. There'll have to be an inquest to-morrow morning, and the best thing we can do is to telegraph to Elsdon, of Briargate, directly the office is open. Very strange that the lady's friends should not have appeared."
"I shall lose my train," cried George Caulfield, seeing the last lingerers hurrying to their places. "Here's my card," handing one to the doctor. "You may communicate to me at that address. Any assistance that I can give—"
"Beg your pardon, sir," said the constable, laying an authoritative hand upon him. "I shall be obliged to detain you till this business is settled."
"I shall be wanted as a witness at the inquest."
"Yes, sir; most likely, sir. It will be my duty to detain you. Better not talk too freely, sir. Any statement you now make may be used against you later on."
The curate looked at him with surprise.
"Do you mean to say that I am your prisoner—that you want to lock me up?"
"Well, yes, sir. Very suspicious case, you see. Young lady poisoned—friends not forthcoming. No doubt you'll be able to explain matters to-morrow; but for to-night you must consider yourself in custody."
"Yes, of course, I shall be able to explain," said George Caulfield, calm and bold, now that he found himself face to face with actual peril, "but it is a most painful position. I feel that a trap has been set for me."
"You had better hold your tongue," said the doctor.
So the London Mall left without George Caulfield, who was conveyed in a cab to Milldale Jail, where he was subjected to the ignominious process of having his pockets searched by a jailer. In one of them was found the little bottle given him by the gentleman at Grandchester, and this, together with a few other trifles, was handed over to the authorities for investigation.

CHAPTER II.
INSTEAD of making any vain attempt at sleep, George Caulfield asked for pens, ink and paper, and a lamp that would last him for the best part of the night; and on these things being conceded, he sat down to write a long letter to his mother, relating all the circumstances of his miserable journey, and entreating her not to take alarm at his situation, whatever she might read about him in the newspapers. This letter, which would travel by the morning post, could be preceded by a telegram, informing the old lady that her son was safe, and detained at Milldale on business. Some hours of anxiety the son could not spare that beloved mother; and it was more painful to him to think of her trouble, when five o'clock came and brought no returning traveler, than to contemplate his own position.

"Dear old lady! I can fancy her and all her neat and careful arrangements for my comfort," mused Mr. Caulfield. "I know how distrustful she will be of the maids, and how she will insist upon getting up at four o'clock in order to see about my breakfast. And then when the time comes, and no hansom drives up to the gate, what agonies she will suffer! For I have never accused her of disappointments. I have never broken my word to her in my life."
The curate fretted and fumed at the thought of his mother's anxiety. He was an only and an adoring son—at thirty-two years of age a confirmed bachelor, loving no one on earth as well as he loved the widowed mother whose cherished companion he had been from childhood upward. Had she not removed her dearly loved goods and chattels to Eton, and lived in a small house in the High street all the time her boy was at Cambridge? Had she not followed him to Cambridge as faithfully as a sutler follows a camp? And now she had one of the prettiest houses in South Kensington, and her son was first-curate at the most interesting Gothic church in that locality. George Caulfield's mother was the love of his life. He had been assisting at a choral festival at a small town near Grandchester, where an old college friend of his father was vicar, and had been only three days away from the dainty little nest at South Kensington, where blue china plates had just broken out like pimples, on a sage-green wall, and where the Queen Anne mania showed itself modestly in divers inexpensive details.
"Poor mother!" sighed George; "a telegram can hardly reach her before nine o'clock at the earliest."
He read his Tennyson; he dozed a little; he got rid of the night somehow and at seven o'clock he had written and dispatched two telegrams.
The first was to his mother; the second was to the vicar, from whom he had parted at eleven o'clock the previous morning, and to whom he was inclined to look for succor, as one of the clearest and most energetic men he knew.

This latter message was brief: "From George Caulfield, Milldale Jail, to Edward Leworthy, Freshmead Vicarage.—Come to me at once, for God's sake! I am in a great difficulty." Mr. Caulfield's janitor brought him a comfortable breakfast by and by, and was inclined to sympathize. He knew a gentleman when he saw one, he told the curate, though he had had to deal with a rough lot in this beastly hole.

"He was going to spend the day in Grandchester."
"Has he any friends or acquaintances in that city?"
"No. He was going to look at the cathedral and law-courts, and to spend an hour or two in the Oldbury Library."
"He was to dine somewhere, I suppose?"
"He meant to dine at a restaurant. There are a good many dining-places in Grandchester; he could take his choice among them."
After this witness had been examined the inquiry was adjourned for a week.

At the close of the proceedings Mr. Brockbank, the lawyer, asked if his client might be released on bail, the Vicar of Freshmead being prepared to offer himself as security to any amount, but the coroner replied that the case was of too serious a nature to admit of bail.
So Mr. Caulfield went back to the story place whence he had come, where the utmost privilege that could be accorded him was the liberty to see his friends at stated hours, and to have his meals supplied from an adjacent hotel.
His spirits would have assuredly gone down to the point of utter despondency on that gloomy winter evening, when the moldy fly that had conveyed him to the George Hotel carried him back to the jail, had he not been supported and sustained by the indomitable cheerfulness of his friend the vicar.

"What do you think of the case now?" he asked.
"Think!" cried Mr. Leworthy. "Why, that I shall have so much to do in Grandchester ferreting out this mystery of yours during the next six days that I don't know how the deuce my parish work is to get done."
"Won't you employ the police?"
"Of course I shall; but I shall employ myself too. Don't you be downhearted, George. I mean to see you safely through this business, and I shall do it right away, as they say on the other side of the Atlantic."
George Caulfield's confidence in his father's old friend was unbounded. He had seen in the past how the Vicar of Freshmead could conquer difficulties which the ruck of men would have found insurmountable. Mr. Leworthy dined with him as cheerfully as if they had been eating whitebait at Greenwich or turtle in Aldersgate street under the most exhilarating circumstances; and stimulated by the force of example, George, who had scarcely broken his fast since he left Grandchester, found himself enjoying the tavern steak and tavern claret.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHARLES STEWART PARNELL.

The Real Meaning of the Policy of Obstruction.

Many people set him down merely as a man who, out of some sort of sinister purpose or malignity, wished to interfere with and harass, obstruct and irritate every English government and the whole house of commons, writes Justin McCarthy in "A History of Our Own Times." Mr. Parnell had no feeling of the kind. His was a deliberate purpose, and it was even by the process of exasperation that he tried to fix the attention of the house and the country on the fact that there was an Irish national demand which it would be necessary to listen to and take into consideration. Parnell's creed was that the house of commons was the one great public platform of the country. From that platform he was determined to appeal to and arouse the English people. Therefore he said in substance to the house of commons: "If you will not listen to our Irish national claim, then we will not allow you to discuss any other question whatever of which we can prevent the discussion."

He acted on the inspiration of the woman in the eastern story—of which woman he had probably never heard—whom, having tried in vain to get a petition delivered to the sultan, took her place with the little children in the public street, and waited until the sultan rode that way, and then flung herself and babes in front of the horse's hoofs, and declared that she would not move from that spot until he had listened to her appeal, or had wrangled her and hers to death. That was the real meaning of the later policy of obstruction. It had its effect.

HE MOVED THEM ON.

But Didn't Arrest Them for Being Drunk and Disorderly.

Their fixed and glassy eyes were sufficient indication of their condition announced to all the world by the placards they wore on their breasts bearing the legend, "I am blind," in large black letters, says the New York Telegram. In the left hand of each was a large tin cup and in their right hands they carried long sticks with which to direct their steps. Their arms were locked together and the sticks were kept busy directing their wandering steps. They lurched around the corner of the Herald building and brought up one on either side of the bulletin board.

From this coin of vantage the two emitted shrieks of hearty, whole-souled merriment from time to time, for both were drunk, gloriously drunk. Blindness was for the time being a forgotten condition. Visions as good as reality started out of the darkness before the startled eyes of each. All humanity was kin to the two, and they were proclaiming the fact to the attentive world represented by the night birds that make the street their home. A torpid cop was awakened from his slumbers by the unusual noise and prepared with uplifted club to enforce the majesty of the law. When he saw the cardboard placards, however, he changed his mind and muttered: "Poor devils! it's little enough fun they have. I'll just move them on a bit and leave them be."
Drunkness is no respecter of conditions, but, strange to say, the law sometimes is.

THE AMERICAN GIRL IN FICTION

As a Heroine She Is Smart, and Delights in Managing Men.
"Sometimes the characteristic type of the American heroine of fiction is vulgar, sometimes cold-hearted, or unkind, or willful, or indiscreet, but she is never stupid," writes "Droch" in the Ladies' Home Journal. "That is the verdict of contemporary observers on the American girl. Whatever she may be or do she always has her wits about her; she is 'smart.' While her father delights in managing factories, stock operations, or railroads, she delights in managing men. And in every kind of fiction which she dominates the men seem to be uniformly glad to be managed by her. Often in fiction she has been lacking in certain graces—chiefly the supreme grace of tact. But there are signs that our novelists have discovered that the American girl possesses this grace also, and so it happens that today she trails through fiction not only with fine clothes, and a beautiful face, and generous deeds, and witty, if impertinent, remarks—but there is developing around her a gracious manner, an unconscious simplicity that shows itself in consideration for the weaknesses of others—in addition to that keen knowledge of their foibles which was always hers. What we have yet to hope for is that her wealth or her poverty may be made less obtrusive and less a significant part of her always attractive personality."

There is a Class of People Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 cent as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Jillson says the owner of a menagerie may occasionally lose track of some of the other animals, but he invariably has all his leopards spotted.

Read the Advertisements.
You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most interesting study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable, they send what they advertise.

An English provincial paper concludes a long obituary with the following unusual notification: "Several deaths are unavoidably deferred."
The misery of years has been cured in a single night by the use of Doan's Ointment, a positive, never-failing remedy for Itching Piles and all similar diseases. Your dealer keeps it, or can get it for you.

Does your head feel as though someone was hammering it; as though a million sparks were flying out of the eyes? Have you horrible sickness of the stomach? Burdock Blood Bitters will cure you.

Stranger—is the climate variable here? Native—No; same sort right along. Four or five kinds of weather in one day.
Travelers are frequently troubled with dysentery, diarrhoea, or other bowel complaint brought on by change of water and diet. One dose of Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry will bring relief.
What is the difference between a goose and a defeated turkey? One gives down and the other gives up.
In cases of burns, sprains, scalds, or any of the other accidental pains likely to come to the human body, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil gives almost instant relief.
Cholly—Do you think it takes nine tailors to make a man? Algy—Not at all, provided he has credit with one.
Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. H. C. C. Co. fall, druggists refund money.

Decision of character will often give an inferior mind command over a superior.

I believe my prompt use of Pisco's Cure prevented quick consumption.—Mrs. Lucy Wallace, Marquette, Kans., Dec. 12, 1894.
He who has not a good memory should never take upon him the sins of lying.
We think very few people sensible except those who are of our opinion.
A "clear conscience" is one of those things that no man has ever had yet.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Pitcher is President.

March 8, 1897. *Samuel Pitcher, D.*

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF *Chas. H. Pitcher*

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

\$75 1897 Columbia Bicycles

Standard of the World

It is desirable... to have a good looking bicycle as well as a strong one, also that it should possess greater strength and later improvements than any other wheel. This describes the Columbia. To the eye it is beautiful—to the rider it gives unequalled satisfaction. To be safe and satisfied you should ride no other except Hartford Bicycles.

Better than any except Columbia. \$50 \$45 \$40

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Send two-cent stamp for Catalogue. If Columbia is not properly represented in your vicinity, let us know.

MRS. KRINER'S LETTER

About Change of Life.
"I suffered for eight years and could find no permanent relief until one year ago. My trouble was Change of Life. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and relief came almost immediately. I have taken two bottles of the Vegetable Compound, three boxes of Pills and have also used the Sensitive Wash, and must say, I have never had anything help me so much, I have better health than I ever had in my life. I feel like a new person, perfectly strong. I give the Compound all the credit. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are using it with like results. It has cured me of several female diseases. I would not do without Mrs. Pinkham's remedies for anything. There is no need of so much female suffering. Her remedies are a sure cure."—MRS. ELLA KRINER, Knightstown, Henry Co., Ind.

Do you want Home, Land, Investment or any character? Endless STAMPS SOUTH. The Jan. 8 Green and Gold. No. 100. No. 101. No. 102. No. 103. No. 104. No. 105. No. 106. No. 107. No. 108. No. 109. No. 110. No. 111. No. 112. No. 113. No. 114. No. 115. No. 116. No. 117. No. 118. No. 119. No. 120. No. 121. No. 122. No. 123. No. 124. No. 125. No. 126. No. 127. No. 128. No. 129. No. 130. No. 131. No. 132. No. 133. No. 134. No. 135. No. 136. No. 137. No. 138. No. 139. No. 140. No. 141. No. 142. No. 143. No. 144. No. 145. No. 146. No. 147. No. 148. No. 149. No. 150. No. 151. No. 152. No. 153. No. 154. No. 155. No. 156. No. 157. No. 158. No. 159. No. 160. No. 161. No. 162. No. 163. No. 164. No. 165. No. 166. No. 167. No. 168. No. 169. No. 170. No. 171. No. 172. No. 173. No. 174. No. 175. No. 176. No. 177. No. 178. No. 179. No. 180. No. 181. No. 182. No. 183. No. 184. No. 185. No. 186. No. 187. No. 188. No. 189. No. 190. No. 191. No. 192. No. 193. No. 194. No. 195. No. 196. No. 197. No. 198. No. 199. No. 200. No. 201. No. 202. No. 203. No. 204. No. 205. No. 206. No. 207. No. 208. No. 209. No. 210. No. 211. No. 212. No. 213. No. 214. No. 215. No. 216. No. 217. No. 218. No. 219. No. 220. No. 221. No. 222. No. 223. No. 224. No. 225. No. 226. No. 227. No. 228. No. 229. No. 230. No. 231. No. 232. No. 233. No. 234. No. 235. No. 236. No. 237. No. 238. No. 239. No. 240. No. 241. No. 242. No. 243. No. 244. No. 245. No. 246. No. 247. No. 248. No. 249. No. 250. No. 251. No. 252. No. 253. No. 254. No. 255. No. 256. No. 257. No. 258. No. 259. No. 260. No. 261. No. 262. No. 263. No. 264. No. 265. No. 266. No. 267. No. 268. No. 269. No. 270. No. 271. No. 272. No. 273. No. 274. No. 275. No. 276. No. 277. No. 278. No. 279. No. 280. No. 281. No. 282. No. 283. No. 284. No. 285. No. 286. No. 287. No. 288. No. 289. No. 290. No. 291. No. 292. No. 293. No. 294. No. 295. No. 296. No. 297. No. 298. No. 299. No. 300. No. 301. No. 302. No. 303. No. 304. No. 305. No. 306. No. 307. No. 308. No. 309. No. 310. No. 311. No. 312. No. 313. No. 314. No. 315. No. 316. No. 317. No. 318. No. 319. No. 320. No. 321. No. 322. No. 323. No. 324. No. 325. No. 326. No. 327. No. 328. No. 329. No. 330. No. 331. No. 332. No. 333. No. 334. No. 335. No. 336. No. 337. No. 338. No. 339. No. 340. No. 341. No. 342. No. 343. No. 344. No. 345. No. 346. No. 347. No. 348. No. 349. No. 350. No. 351. No. 352. No. 353. No. 354. No. 355. No. 356. No. 357. No. 358. No. 359. No. 360. No. 361. No. 362. No. 363. No. 364. No. 365. No. 366. No. 367. No. 368. No. 369. No. 370. No. 371. No. 372. No. 373. No. 374. No. 375. No. 376. No. 377. No. 378. No. 379. No. 380. No. 381. No. 382. No. 383. No. 384. No. 385. No. 386. No. 387. No. 388. No. 389. No. 390. No. 391. No. 392. No. 393. No. 394. No. 395. No. 396. No. 397. No. 398. No. 399. No. 400. No. 401. No. 402. No. 403. No. 404. No. 405. No. 406. No. 407. No. 408. No. 409. No. 410. No. 411. No. 412. No. 413. No. 414. No. 415. No. 416. No. 417. No. 418. No. 419. No. 420. 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No. 643. No. 644. No. 645. No. 646. No. 647. No. 648. No. 649. No. 650. No. 651. No. 652. No. 653. No. 654. No. 655. No. 656. No. 657. No. 658. No. 659. No. 660. No. 661. No. 662. No. 663. No. 664. No. 665. No. 666. No. 667. No. 668. No. 669. No. 670. No. 671. No. 672. No. 673. No. 674. No. 675. No. 676. No. 677. No. 678. No. 679. No. 680. No. 681. No. 682. No. 683. No. 684. No. 685. No. 686. No. 687. No. 688. No. 689. No. 690. No. 691. No. 692. No. 693. No. 694. No. 695. No. 696. No. 697. No. 698. No. 699. No. 700. No. 701. No. 702. No. 703. No. 704. No. 705. No. 706. No. 707. No. 708. No. 709. No. 710. No. 711. No. 712. No. 713. No. 714. No. 715. No. 716. No. 717. No. 718. No. 719. No. 720. No. 721. No. 722. No. 723. No. 724. No. 725. No. 726. No. 727. No. 728. No. 729. No. 730. No. 731. No. 732. No. 733. No. 734. No. 735. No. 736. No. 737. No. 738. No. 739. No. 740. No. 741. No. 742. No. 743. No. 744. No. 745. No. 746. No. 747. No. 748. No. 749. No. 750. No. 751. No. 752. No. 753. 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No. 865. No. 866. No. 867. No. 868. No. 869. No. 870. No. 871. No. 872. No. 873. No. 874. No. 875. No. 876. No. 877. No. 878. No. 879. No. 880. No. 881. No. 882. No. 883. No. 884. No. 885. No. 886. No. 887. No. 888. No. 889. No. 890. No. 891. No. 892. No. 893. No. 894. No. 895. No. 896. No. 897. No. 898. No. 899. No. 900. No. 901. No. 902. No. 903. No. 904. No. 905. No. 906. No. 907. No. 908. No. 909. No. 910. No. 911. No. 912. No. 913. No. 914. No. 915. No. 916. No. 917. No. 918. No. 919. No. 920. No. 921. No. 922. No. 923. No. 924. No. 925. No. 926. No. 927. No. 928. No. 929. No. 930. No. 931. No. 932. No. 933. No. 934. No. 935. No. 936. No. 937. No. 938. No. 939. No. 940. No. 941. No. 942. No.