

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1906.

Fully half the jokes that are made have a foundation of earnestness if things turn around right.

The indications are that Chicago aldermen make more money than the highwaymen, and at less risk.

People who conceal thoughts that would please or improve other people come dangerously near to criminal practices.

In raising prices the diamond trust strikes a wanton and cruel blow at the municipal representatives of every city in this country.

A man eighty-one years old committed suicide in Maine lately because the selectmen would not repair the road leading up to his farm. He probably intended to mend his ways.

An instance of faithful effort to follow copy occurred recently in a New York newspaper office. It is not easy to tell the story in print, and part of it must be supplied by the reader's imagination. The reporter, who wrote a very bold, vertical hand, put it down that zigzag flashes of lightning played among the clouds and on the proof it came out that "313,309 flashes" played among the clouds.

Because it was too hot to live Joseph Moore committed suicide at Monongahela City, Pa., last week. During the afternoon, while hunting a cool place around the house he became exasperated, and told his wife it was "too hot to live." The next thing she heard of him was when his body was found hanging to a tree in an orchard. For a man who is suffering from heat suicide is something like jumping from the frying pan into the fire.

Mr. Charles Griswold, traveling salesman, living in Brooklyn, is glad for the first time in his life that he weighs over 300 pounds. He fell asleep on the deck of a Long Island sound steamer and rolled overboard. He remained floating and treading water for two hours and ten minutes before he was sighted and picked up by the City of Norwich. He attributes his wonderful escape from drowning to the ease with which his weight enabled him to float, and he says he will never complain again about being a fat man.

John Barry of New Brunswick, N. J., was arrested recently on a charge of disturbing the peace by snoring. Martin Albert, the leader of a band and cornet player, said his instrument was not in it with Barry's snore. Albert told the court that Barry snored away up in G. Then he dismissed, struck a controllable movement, took a crescendo neatly, and caught his breath on the retard as if he had a small circular saw in his larynx. When he got his second wind he began wailing down on the bass fiddle, and burst forth with a fine Wagnerian flute that cracked the wall paper in the room above him. The court was unable to see that Albert had been seriously impaired by the roarer, and let him go to snore some more.

According to recent reports, the Cuban enthusiasts have removed the base of their filibustering operations from New York to Boston, thinking, doubtless, that things having got a little hot in the bigger city, a new field will offer greater advantages for a short time, at least. It is also said that the threat to completely wipe out Havana with dynamite, if necessary, is no empty bravado, but the fixed determination of the Cuban leaders in the field. And in the meanwhile the talkative Weyler spends the greater part of his time sending dispatches to his home government announcing at what date he will have completed the annihilation of the rebels. Up-to-date, however, they seem to take an awful lot of snoring.

E. H. Plumacher, United States consul at Maracaibo, reports to the state department that the government of Venezuela has made contracts with William Harper, representing the Philadelphia Museums and American Manufacturing Association, for the establishment of a permanent exhibition of American goods in Caracas, with their own building, and other permanent exhibitions in Valencia, Ciudad Bolivar and Maracaibo. The purpose of the exhibition is to give the Venezuelans an opportunity to formally inspect and compare our goods with those of the old world. Mr. Plumacher says that Germany, England and France overrun South America with commercial traveling agents, mostly energetic young men well versed in the Spanish language and the customs of South American people. A commercial traveler for an American house is seldom seen in the country. Mr. Plumacher thinks the permanent exhibitions will help American trade, without the great expense attending sending of agents to South America.

Two men in English, Ind., having been blessed with an increase to their families, have named their unoffending offspring Abraham Lincoln Ulysses Grant William McKinley and Thomas Jefferson Andrew Jackson James Monroe William Jennings Bryan. Now let some Kansas arise in his might and name a daughter Mary Ellen Ninety-Nine-Year Bloomer Lease.

Now that some one has set the example, the world may expect to witness another era of bomb-throwing and shooting at the rulers of Europe.

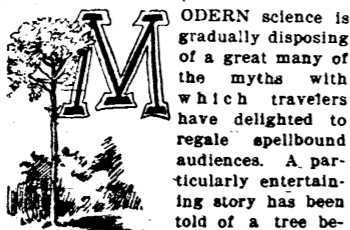
Lifeboats are now being made out of pumice stone. This is a material of great lightness and strength, and a boat made of it will support a considerable load even when full of water.

The census just completed shows that the great city of London covers 688 square miles and has 6,177,513 inhabitants. How distressing this news must be to Chicago?

What harvest before corn planting was the best condition in portions of Polk county, Mo., this year.

CURRENT NOTES OF INDUSTRY AND INVENTION.

The Tree of the Traveler Myth - About Hereditary Diseases - The Bicycle Cranks Flooding the Markets with New Inventions.

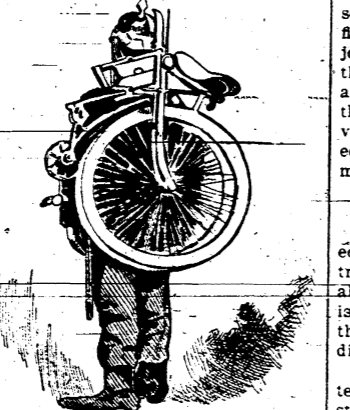


MODERN science is gradually disposing of a great many of the myths with which travelers have delighted to regale spellbound audiences. A particularly entertaining story has been told of a tree belonging to the banana. It is called the traveler's tree, because of the large quantity of water said to be stored in the sheaths of the leaf-stalks. Sensational accounts are given of travelers who have for days sought water and who, at the sight of one of these trees begin to weep and shout by turns, then to run with little strength they have to the plant, grasp a stalk and fill themselves with the life-giving liquid. These stories are all very well with a good many grains of salt. There are trees of this kind, and there is water in the leaf stalks, but the plants grow in regions where it rains a greater part of the time, so that there is no difficulty in getting water whenever it is desired; besides the trees are extremely tall, and the leaves are at the very top. It would therefore be necessary for the person to climb to the top in order to get at the leaves at all. This would be a serious undertaking for a man at death's door from thirst. The trees, however, are useful to the natives, and are much employed for various purposes. The bark is flattened and makes very good floors; the leaves are made into drinking-vessels, plates and other utensils. They are worked into mats and are used as thatching and walls on the huts. It is interesting to follow these wild and visionary stories to their source, when it is almost always found that although there is a shadow of truth in them, there is nothing specially remarkable. They are merely useful things, valuable in certain lines, but wholly destitute of the marvelous qualities attributed to them.

Oleomargarine vs. Butter. A foreign scientist has been experimenting with butter and oleomargarine in order to discover their relative digestibility. It is a trifle unfortunate that dogs had to be chosen for the experiments, as to a certain extent the tests proved nothing. Why a scientist, a professional, should go so far as to feed a dog is well wondered at. The question naturally arises: Of what use are experiments in digestion when they are tried upon creatures so unlike human beings in many respects? Because a dog can digest oleomargarine it does not necessarily follow that a child or a man can do so; therefore the experiments, as far as any actual value goes, are failures. Different creatures have different capacities, and what will digest and assimilate in one species may act exactly the opposite way in another. It was found that up to a certain point the oily matter digested precisely longer to digest than butter, which is in itself an objectionable feature. Oleomargarine, however carefully prepared, is a most excellent thing for human beings to let alone.

Bicycles for War Purposes. A bicycle designed for military purposes, which differs in many respects from those now in use, has been put upon the market by a firm of manufacturers in Dresden, Germany. It is collapsible, and may be carried by a soldier in the same way as a knapsack. An ingenious device makes it possible to fold it together and open it without the use of any tools, and from the whole process of converting it from one form to the other does not require more than half a minute. The wheels are pneumatic tires, and are so low that the rider, by simply dropping his feet from the pedals, can stand upon the ground without dismounting from the machine. For war purposes this, of course, is of great advantage. Prominent German military authorities to whom the bicycle has been submitted have been impressed with its advantages, and have expressed their approval of it.

Hereditary Diseases. At last, after fighting off the subject for many years, the scientist has been forced to the conclusion that many diseases that appear to be so are by no means hereditary. They have found that a tendency to a disease may be transmitted, but in maladies like tuberculosis there is no good reason to believe that the germs are implanted in the child's system by the parent. It has been shown that germs born with the child will either develop into true tuberculosis or will be destroyed by the healthy giving forces of the system. Much stress has been laid upon the fact that whole families die of consumption almost immediately upon reaching their majority. It is said that, of course, this disease must be hereditary, but this is only a superficial view of the case. It can easily be shown that environment has much to do with this apparent heredity. As just stated, the conditions and tendencies are hereditary. If the parent has tuberculosis all the children ought, according to naturally accepted notions, to fall victims to this dread disease. But we frequently see cases in which one or more children may die before reaching maturity, while others never show any symptoms whatever of tuberculous conditions. This proves that the germs may have been very active in the one case and lacking in the other. Be that as it may, it is high time that the hereditary scare should be done away with, and that people with weak minds and weaker lungs and throats should spend much of their time in warm weather in riding, driving, long walks and boating, although the latter is not considered so healthful as the wheel, or other forms of exercise that take one upon higher ground and out of reach of possible malarial districts.



Swallowed His Word. "Yes," he said positively, "I made the fellow swallow his words." He looked around defiantly, as though challenging contradiction. But none endeavored to gainsay him in any way, for it was perfectly true. He had indeed forced the ventriloquist to give an exhibition of his skill.

Chappie's Scheme. When Chappie goes out late at night He always takes a can. For then it thinks the bold, bad girls Will take him for a man.

Pioneers. "I wonder who was the first manufacturer to advertise?" asked the speculative boarder. "There are no data on the subject," said Asbury Peppers, "but in all probability it was the hen." - Cincinnati Enquirer.

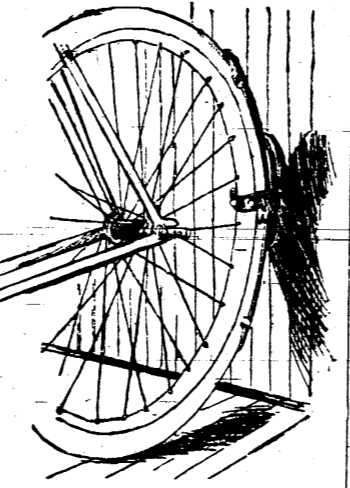
Lost Work of the Future. First Citizen - What is the object of this investigation? Secret Citizen - To find out how the police capture the money to pay their officers bills.

A GRAND OLD MAN.

THE LATE JUDGE TRUMBULL A VETERAN OF RIGHT.

He Belonged to Several Political Parties and Served in the Senate During the War - Sketch of His Long and Useful Career.

HE late Lyman Trumbull was one of Chicago's best known and most highly esteemed citizens. He was affiliated with a large number of influential organizations, among them being the American Bar Association, the Quilts club and the board of counselors of the Chicago College of Dental Surgery. His political career was an interesting one.



He was born in Colchester, Conn., Oct. 12, 1813, and during the long period of his lifetime held many high offices. Among the latter were those of United States senator, justice of the supreme court of the state of Illinois and state representative. He migrated to Illinois in 1837, and settled in Belleville, St. Clair county. In 1840 he was elected representative in the state legislature, where he served two years. After that he became a candidate for several offices, but was unsuccessful until 1848, when he was elected one of the justices of the state supreme court. Four years later he was re-elected for a term of nine years, but he resigned in 1852.

His career as a United States senator began in 1855, when he was elected to serve six years. At the expiration of this term he was re-elected for a similar period, and in '67 he was made senator for the third time. During his three terms of senatorial incumbency he attracted wide notice through his prominent identification with matters which were shaking the public mind. When the slave question was the theme on every tongue, Mr. Trumbull abandoned the policy of the democratic party, with which he had been prominently identified, and espoused the cause of freedom. He was the first to propose an amendment to the constitution abolishing slavery.

In the Thirty-seventh congress he took a prominent part in the discussions relating to the following measures: On the transfer of certain suits to the United States courts, on the discharge of state prisoners, and on compensated emancipation in Missouri. In the Thirty-eighth congress he was prominent in debates resulting from the following measures: On the death of a senator, on colored voters in Montana, on amending the constitution, and on confiscation. One of the political meetings in which he took a prominent part, and which is of more local interest, perhaps, than some other even more important matters, was that held in April, 1854, when prominent state politicians, including both democrats and whigs, who were opposed to the course of Stephen A. Douglas in the senate, convened in the Tremont house. Abraham Lincoln, Lyman Trumbull, Mark Stewart, O. H. Browning, John E. Steward, David Davis, Norman B. Judd, J. Young Scammon, Francis C. Sherman and others were present. At this meeting the politicians pledged themselves to support the more moderate party, and appointed a committee to agitate the subject. The vote of 1880, when Mr. Trumbull was pitted as the democratic candidate for governor against Shelby M. Cullom, republican, shows the popularity of the democratic candidate. At that time Mr. Cullom won out by a vote of 314,565 to 277,523 votes for Trumbull.

Mr. Trumbull was a member of the law firm of Trumbull, Washburns & Robbins. German papers tell an interesting story regarding the young king of Serbia's recent vain trip in search of a bride. His majesty had taken it into his head that he would like to marry Princess Maria, daughter of the king of Greece. The Serbian minister in Athens proposed the marriage to the Greek rulers, and received an evasive answer. The minister was encouraged, however, and telegraphed the king to proceed to Athens. The young Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, however, had long been in love with the Princess Maria, and when he learned of the projects of the Serbian monarch he pressed his suit so hard that when the young king arrived in Athens the engagement with the Russian had already been announced. The unhappy diplomat will suffer for his blunder, and has already been recalled from his place.

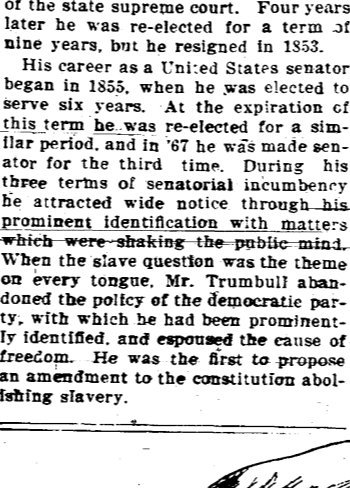
The man who is never ashamed to borrow, will, after a while, get so that he won't be ashamed to beg.

DEFENDER OF LABOR.

CONGRESSMAN BELKNAP.

Congressman Hugh R. Belknap, whose speech on the Phillips Labor bill stirred the members of the House and made a distinct hit with the gallery, is one of the self-made men of Chicago. His educational advantages were somewhat limited, but his effort on the labor bill was rhetorical, forceful, and at times was an impromptu speaker. Two years ago he attended the annual meeting of the Army of the Tennessee, at Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mr. John M. Thurston of Omaha was to have addressed the meeting, but could not be present. Mr. Belknap was called upon without warning to take Mr. Thurston's place, and his pathetic and fiery oration on that occasion won for him the warmest plaudits. Mr. Belknap is only 36 years old. He is a native of Keokuk, Ia., and in the public schools of that city he was an excellent student. He afterward spent a short time at an academy in Massachusetts, but he was unable to finish his education, as was his desire, in a college. He

left the academy to enter the service of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in a humble capacity. In 12 years he had become trainmaster, and was later made chief clerk to the general manager. He left his position to become superintendent of Chicago's first elevated railroad, and relinquished that place to engage in the financial hand-

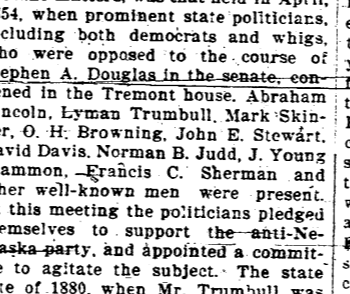


ling of railroads. His nomination for congress came to him unsought.

A FAMOUS EDUCATOR. The Death of M. Heger Removes an Eminent Teacher. Brussels was recently called upon to mourn the death of one of its most famous and oldest educators, M. Constantin Heger. But it was not only from his great success as a teacher that M. Heger is known, but as the original of Charlotte Bronte's Paul Emanuel in her "Villette." It was his school that the plain little English girl was sent, and the two years of her life there gave her marvelous knowledge of the language and literature of the French. At the end of the two years, however, M. Heger's wife refused to keep longer the daughter of the simple English clergyman and the Belgian critics insist that the bitter caricature of the good Frenchman's seminary is a work of spite, in retaliation for her banishment from the place which she had grown to value so much, a degree. Notwithstanding Currer Bell's merciless exposition of the school, its high reputation in its own city, kept it unharmed by the widespread advertisement, and when the

devoted old teacher died a few weeks ago at the age of 87 mourning in his own city was most sincere.

His Reason. Caggs - "Are you still down on politics?" Eggs - "Yes, and if you had lost \$1,000 backing yourself on a losing ticket as I have you would be down on it, too." - Manhattan.



Paradise is open to all kind hearts.

WHITE AFRICANS.

TRAVELERS WHO SAY THAT THEY HAVE SEEN THEM.

There have always been vague traditions of a white race locked up in the interior of Africa, but when the tale generally turns out to be merely a tribe of light-colored Arabs, keeping all the characteristics of the race and having none of the white man's, says the London Graphic. But in this race we have something much more correct and precise. Capt. Larymore, at present A. D. C. to Sir Francis Scott, was sent up to Koranza on a mission and stayed a considerable time at the capital. He took advantage of the opportunity to inquire about this comparatively unknown race and its neighbors, and was surprised to find that there was an accepted tradition that there lived, in indefinite number of days' marches to the northeast, a tribe of white men.

Further inquiry elicited the statement that they were the white people of a desert which was difficult and dangerous to cross. Attempts had been made to visit this desert by passing through their country, but they were found to be so fierce and so absolutely devoid of fear that the caravans preferred the dangers of the desert to the hostility of the white tribe. Such circumstantial statements induced Capt. Larymore to make stricter inquiries, and at length he found a Mohammedan priest, Al Hadji, a man of great integrity and considerable influence. He had been to Mecca and it was on his way there and back that he actually saw, with his own eyes, one of this white tribe.

The man in question was armed only with a bow and arrow, but such is the reputation of fierceness possessed by the race that the caravan did not remain long in his vicinity, but left the place as quickly as possible. Al Hadji saw him distinctly, Capt. Larymore, who is a type of the fair Saxon, interrupted the priest in his story and said that the man must have been simply a light-colored Arab. "No," said Al Hadji, "I saw him close at hand and he had light hair and blue eyes, exactly as you have."

Capt. Larymore took down the testimony in writing. The existence of such a race is firmly believed in by most of the gold coast travelers, and, among others, Sir Francis Scott. Unfortunately, owing to the fact that the reckoning of the progress of the caravan is done in the most careless way, the spot cannot be located. Al Hadji says it is many days from Koranza, which might mean 100 or 1,000 miles.

NEW STATE SEALS. Wyoming and Utah Have Recently Had Theirs Made. The states of Wyoming and Utah have recently had their seals made and are now affixing them to all public documents emanating from the governor or secretary of state, says the Washington National Tribune. That of Wyoming represents a pedestal showing on the front an eagle resting upon a shield. Upon the shield are engraved a star and the figures "44," being the number of Wyoming in the order of admission to statehood. Standing upon the pedestal is the draped figure of a woman modeling after the statue of "The Victory" at the Louvre, from whose wrists hang the links of a broken chain. In the right hand she holds a scroll, from which floats a banner bearing the words "Equal Rights." This suggests the political position of a woman in this state. On either side of the pedestal, standing at its base, are figures typifying the live stock and mining industries of Wyoming. Behind the pedestal and in the background are two pillars, each supporting a lighted lamp, signifying the light of knowledge. Around the pillars supporting these lamps are scrolls bearing the words "Live Stock," "Grain," "Mining" and "Oil." At the base of the pedestal is a scroll, from which issues "1890," the former signifying the organization of the territory of Wyoming and the latter the date of its admission to statehood.

The seal of the state of Utah is well composed. An eagle holds in its claws six arrows and a Norman shield. This shield bears a hive on a pedestal, about which the bees are humming. The word "Industry" is emblazoned across the top of the shield and the figures "1877" are shown at the lower point. Behind the shield are crossed two flags of the United States. Around the outer edge of the seal are the words "The Great Seal of Utah, 1896."

Feathered Heavy Family. William S. Dunning has at his home, on Forest street, an unusual sort of a happy family, consisting of a white-crested black Polish hen, some brown Leghorn hens, some hens of common breeds, turkeys, and a large hawk. They dwell together in serene harmony.

The hawk is of the variety known as sharp-shinned. These hawks are very daring and will attack birds and animals which are too heavy for them to fly away with. Mr. Dunning's hawk is so tame that it will eat from its master's hand. It walks around the yard with the chickens and they ignore its presence, as far as fear is concerned. While some visitors were looking at Mr. Dunning's collection yesterday a Leghorn hen came off a nest in a barrel and in an excited manner announced the laying of an egg. Seeing the visitors, she jumped upon a roost, and in doing so unceremoniously jostled the hawk, who meekly made more room for the "new woman" in chicken-dom. - Baltimore Sun.

What Trees Lightning Struck. The liability of trees to be struck by lightning was not long ago found by Jonesen, a German investigator, to depend less on the soil and height of the trees than on the nature of the latter, those containing oils being rarely struck, while those with much starch are extremely liable to it. A continuation of these researches shows that the season has much influence - many trees containing oils in spring and starch in fall, or the reverse.

Conclusively. The Victim - But they say fountain pens are not to be depended upon. The Canvasser - Absurd, my dear sir! We have testimonials from the two champions of the world, and from four thousand prominent pugilists.

Patents is open to all kind hearts.

More

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Medicinal value, more skill, care, expense, more wonderful cures, and more curative power in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Than in any other. Be sure to get only Hood's Hood's Pills cure biliousness, indigestion, and all the ailments of the bowels. It is a natural cure for men to die in a passion when anything makes them sore. Itching Piles, night's horrid plague, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment. Your dealer ought to keep it. The man who loses is never accused of not playing fair.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

In lamb-like weather even the clouds are lazy.

Even chronic diarrhoea succumbs quickly to Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry, nature's own specific for all bowel complaints.

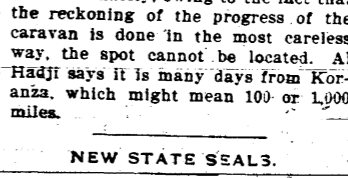
Illuminating oil is made from grape seeds in Italy.

FTS stopped free and permanently cured. He has since first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Peppermint Cure. Sent to Dr. Kline, 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The devil gets an army when he gets a child. If the baby is cutting teeth, a few drops of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will soothe the gums and relieve the pain. Send for a free trial.

Italy has 27,000 inmates of the poorhouses. Pisco a Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds. Mrs. C. B. Bell, 609 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.

Keeping them busy - That is, give them something to do. The only way to keep them from mischief is to give them something to do. The only way to keep them from mischief is to give them something to do.



Gladness Comes With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts - gentle efforts - pleasant efforts - rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that no many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a congested condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, gently removes. That is why it is so highly esteemed by millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

In the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physician, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best and with the best-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF RICHMOND, KANS. Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both under humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book. A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken. When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it, and the label. If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squamous feelings at night. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Waterproof your skirt edges with Duxbak S.H. & M. VELVETEN BINDING. It keeps them dry and whole and it never fades. If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Patents, Trade Marks. Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Inventions. Send for our Free Book on Patents. O'FARRELL & SON, Washington, D. C.

PISOS CURER. Cures Whooping Cough, Croup, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all the ailments of the throat and lungs. Sent to Dr. Kline, 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Patents is open to all kind hearts.

BY MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896.

OUR TOWN NEWS.

Brief As It Is.

Wheat that is in the field is beginning to grow.

We have had several days of extremely hot weather.

The corn and potato crops promise to be very large this fall.

Squirrel hunters are having great sport now, almost equal to the fishermen.

Yocum, Marx & Co., are out with a new advertisement this week of a special sale.

If you are troubled with cabbage worms, sprinkle the cabbages with a not too strong brine.

The high wind Sunday night broke down fruit trees, and shook a large amount of fruit from trees.

Mack & Company have a change of advertisement this week which ought to interest our readers.

Lewis & Co., ordered a refrigerator car and shipped half a car-load of celery to New York, Tuesday.

The catholic society gave an ice cream social on the rectory lawn last evening that was well attended.

The cricket's chirp and the nightly concert of the katydid are reminders that the summer of '96 is hastening to its close.

Enoch Silkworth and Wray Graham have the contract for delivering coal for Wurster Brothers & Co., and Jas. Kelly.

The engine and boiler that were in Clark & Tracy's steamboat at Wampler's lake, are doing duty at our new cremery.

A maple tree in front of Lawyer Waters' residence was broken down by the wind Sunday night. It was rotten at the base.

Corn has attained a great height, in many places eight feet and more. The wind Sunday night blew lots of it flat onto the ground.

This has been an unfavorable time for harvesting oats. Those who had their oats cut but not drawn and those who have not cut theirs, are in hard luck.

We have had a plenty of rain right along, but Sunday night we got an over-dose. We have not seen the water so high in the upper pond in a long-time as it was Monday morning.

We have a patent shirt front with McKinley and Hobart's pictures on, that we will present to the first sound money man who pays up his back subscription or a year's subscription in advance.

The flood of water running down Exchange Place during the storm Sunday night washed out the embankment near the post-office and the gutter is being repaired and other repairs made today.

The sale of goods of the Orttenberg stock last Saturday was a success. Frank Meritew was the salesman and he cried the wares with the skill of an experienced auctioneer. The sale will be continued next Saturday.

In another column will be found an interesting letter from our friend, B. F. Burgess Esq., of Jackson, who makes an annual trip to Ludington for the purpose of testing his superior weedless hooks in bass and pickeral fishing.

Another batch of items was received yesterday with no name or signature attached, and we do not know who our kind friend is. It is too bad to throw a lot of news into the waste basket, but we cannot do otherwise.

We wish that our correspondents would try to send in their items as early as Tuesday if possible. A good share of the items could be sent then and if important news occurs it could be sent later. When items come in late they are liable to be too late.

We learn that the heretofore friendly and social relations existing between some of our prominent men, have been strained on account of difference of opinion on the silver question, and uncomplimentary allusions while arguing. This is to be regretted.

The standard oil company has leased ground at the east end of the stock yards at the Jackson branch station, and erecting a large tank there. We understand that I. M. Robison will draw oil and gasoline to customers at Clinton, Brooklyn, Norvell and Napoleon.

Ed. Blythe has bought Wray Graham's delivery outfit and today began business. He has the contract for delivery of goods for Roller & Co., and hopes to get others. He will also be able to do light drayage. He has not regained his health but hopes to be able to attend promptly all orders given him.

If you have company or go away, or if anything has transpired within your knowledge that would be of interest in the newspaper, we would esteem it a favor if you would let us know all about it. Newspaper publishers are seldom clairvoyants, and therefore you see, what you do not tell us we may not find out.

Mr. Tew informs the ENTERPRISE that he is very well satisfied with the way farmers are responding to his call for milk. New customers are being added daily and he hopes to soon be able to make 1,000 pounds of butter per day. He does not like the idea of working Sundays, but the customers want to get rid of the milk and he has to take it.

BRIDGEWATER.

Miss Amelia Kublenkamp is having the lumber drawn for a new house.

Last week Wednesday morning Mr. Luckhardt found two dogs in Frank Brown's field worrying the sheep. He procured a gun and shot one dog but the other escaped. The dogs belonged to Riley and Kies. 18 sheep were injured. On Monday Wm. Burtless and Matt Flinn appraised the sheep at \$2 a head.

WAMPLER'S LAKE.

We had a heavy rain and wind storm on Sunday night.

Mr. & Mrs. John Cruse of Brooklyn are spending the week with her parents, Mr. & Mrs. E. D. Main.

There is no complaint about the drought now, but some of the farmers d-n the rain. It's hard to suit some folks.

James Moore has purchased a three-seated canopy top buggy to transport passengers to and from the railroad stations.

Dr. Wm. Aylsworth of Springfield, Iowa, who has been visiting relatives here the past two weeks, returned to his home last Friday.

J. C. Aylsworth has purchased a stacker and attached it to his separator. It does fine work, only requiring one man to stack the straw.

IRON CREEK.

Miss Achie Hall has gone to Toledo to visit friends for a few days.

Miss Mae-Aylesworth of Tecumseh is the guest of the Misses Herman.

Miss Emma Dieterle of Ann Arbor visited relatives at this place the past week.

Mr. Griffiths and Mrs. Barber of Phelps, N. Y., are visiting their sister, Mrs. J. R. Holmes.

L. D. Watkins went to Traverse City on Tuesday to return with Mrs. Watkins, who has been visiting there.

Judge J. B. McMahon of Ludington and his sister, Mrs. H. W. Schmidt of Chelsea, visited at C. D. McMahon's the fore part of the week.

Remember the S. S. rally Friday evening at the church. E. A. Hough of Jackson, A. B. Tuttle and Mrs. J. W. Kinney of Monroe are on the programme.

The band is planning for a picnic in the near future.

Miss Diehl of Ann Arbor is visiting Mrs. F. Schmid.

A number from here will visit Buffalo Bill Monday.

The thrasher's whistle reminds us that fall is near at hand.

The high wind and heavy rain Sunday night did considerable damage to oats and corn.

Joelyn lake seems to be strictly in it this year, from the number of picnics that are held there.

And still our little band improves. Prof. Jaynes has already got the boys on two very nice pieces of music.

Rev. Ciesler's son of Columbus, addressed the congregation in english, Sunday evening. Owing to the unfavorable weather the church was not crowded.

SHARON.

Miss Emma Widmayer will teach the fall term on Sharon hill.

Miss Lizzie Tate of Bridgewater visited at S. H. Smith's last week.

Miss Myra Smith entertained a few of her friends Tuesday afternoon.

J. G. Leland and Miss Jennie Campbell went to Tecumseh this afternoon to visit friends.

Elmer Cushman and family of Ann Arbor have been visiting at Wm. Campbell's this week.

Ernest Raymond has an eye for business. He finds a ready sale for his garden produce among the busy farmers.

Mr. & Mrs. E. Bowers and Mr. & Mrs. James Tracy were the guests of Charles A. Bullard at Wolf lake last week.

Mr. & Mrs. Geo. F. Robison and four daughters from Detroit are visiting at J. J. Robison's. Mr. & Mrs. Eaman of Detroit visited there over Sunday.

Lester Fellows left here on Friday the 17th, saying that he might go to Dakota.

On the 21st word was received that while trying to board a train which was in motion near Chicago, he had his foot crushed and was taken to a hospital. Later advices say that his foot had been amputated, that he had no fever and was in a fair way to recovery.

The midsummer St. Nicholas is a perfect gem. "The swordmaker's son" and "Sisbad, Smith & Co." continue to interest those who have followed the stories. "The little Dutchess and the Lion Tamer," "The Tricks of Torpedo Boats," "The Fallo at Siena," will be found attractive, while "A sand pile" and "A fool's wit" will make you laugh. The August number is full of illustrations worth more than the 25 cents charged for it.

Dr. Kapp received a call yesterday from J. W. Stocker of Pontonow, Ill., who used to live north of Ann Arbor and was a schoolmate of the doctor's.

We learn that the apple evaporator will be in working order this fall.

Washtenaw County.

Ann Arbor people have been wallowing in the mud long enough and now are going to pave some of the streets.

Mr. & Mrs. C. P. Steyens of Ann Arbor are taking a western trip on a tandem wheel, and write from South Dakota that they have shot three prairie dogs, a rattle snake and an owl.

Saline has a number of would-be sports and pea-nut gamblers, that sneak off into secluded places on Sunday and play poker. The wife of one of these got on to the racket, and determined, as far as her husband was concerned, the business must stop.—Observer.

A banquet was given by Messrs. Brenner and Shetterly of the new St. James hotel at Ann Arbor, last Thursday evening. The guests praised Mr. Brenner for furnishing the city with such a good house, and Mr. Shetterly was praised for his management of the hotel.

"When the Boston Ladies' Quartet were to come here last winter," said Dr. Ryan of Ypsilanti in his sermon Sunday evening, "I distinctly told the advance agent that we were a methodist episcopal church and a high church at that and that if those ladies were to sing in this church they must have their clothes on. They could not come here and dress as if for the opera."

Saline Observer: For some time Editor Warren has been quite sorely afflicted with rheumatism, the usual remedies failing to bring relief, he left Thursday for Mt. Clemens, where he will test the much advertised healing waters of that place. So if the paper this week is not as readable as usual, or should anything objectionable appear in its columns, just buy a gun and hunt for a baptist minister who has taken to the woods.

Prof. V. C. Vaughan lectured last night to the summer school students at Ann Arbor. He talked for the most part on typhoid fever and consumption. Mr. Vaughan ventured the assertion that one out of every seven of those present would die of consumption, that 3,000 die of it every year in Michigan, and that 50,000 people annually die of typhoid fever. Both diseases, he said, were easily prevented. He claims that the medical profession of today is fully a century ahead of the politicians and others who are in control over municipalities. In Berlin and Hamburg people are compelled to disinfect their spits, thus retarding the spread of tuberculosis. The death rate in those cities has decreased rapidly. He believes that in time cities will be held responsible for typhoid fever outbreaks as much as they are for defective sidewalks. To prevent typhoid fever he says, boil your water. To prevent consumption use a cheap paper cuspidor and burn it twice a day.

Lenawee County.

The Ousted masons have a new hall. Abraham Woodbeck, a Tecumseh young man sent to jail for drunkenness, will wear a ball and chain.

Both the Herald and News of Tecumseh showed considerable enterprise by giving full reports of the bicycle meet last week.

James Glasgow of Tecumseh was missing yesterday and his friends feared that he had committed suicide. He was for years baggage master for the Lake Shore, but his indulgence in intoxicants caused his dismissal as well as trouble with his family.

Ladd's factory commenced operations for the season this morning, canning white wax beans. A force of 60 hands is at work. This year the contract for all the beans to be put up was given Chas. Bowerman of Raisin. He had 88 hands engaged in picking the first crop Tuesday. The factory will be run as fast as the crops come in.—Times.

It is too bad that it must be said the only disturbance on derby day at Tecumseh was caused by a deputy sheriff trying to show his authority by roughly handling a man from Adrian. Officers should try to preserve order, not to make a disturbance. Henry Stevens is the man and it is said that he made an unwarrantable attack upon Will Curtis of Adrian. He was arrested on Saturday and taken before Justice Van Degrift of Adrian where he pleaded not guilty and his examination was set for Aug. 3. Deputy Stevens gives his side of the question in the Times and denies any rough treatment, but says that the young man was very abusive.

At the Tecumseh bicycle races, Thursday, the 10-mile road-race was won by Dodge of Windsor; Long, Pleasant Lake, Ind., second; McKenzie, Leamington, Ont., third; Wolfert, Toledo, fourth; Rowley, Port Huron, fifth; Moody, Battle Creek, sixth; Tinker, Jackson, seventh. Wolfert, Toledo, won the one mile novice. Davidson, Tecumseh, won the one mile county championship. Marsh, Dowagiac, won the one mile open amateur, time, 2:20. Holmes rode an exhibition mile in 2:01 3-5. Schrein, Toledo, won the one mile open professional, time 2:20 1-5. Patterson, Bay City, won the two mile handicap, professional, time 4:41 1-5. Marsh won the half mile open, amateur, time 1:08 3-5. Wood, Oberlin, won the three mile lap, amateur. Randall and Johnson won the one mile tandem, time, 2:16 3-5. P. C. Myer of Ann Arbor rode five miles paced by two tandems, reducing the state record from 12:38 to 11:32 2-5.

A Literary and Musical entertainment will be given in the M. E. church Friday evening Aug. 7th, consisting of humorous and dramatic recitals by Prof. Mark Beal of Albion, solos by Mrs. Addie Legson and Miss Isabelle Millen, instrumental on the piano by Miss Tait. Tickets 25c and 15c. Begins at 8 o'clock.

Jackson County.

Miss Emma Ray of Napoleon will be assistant teacher in the Brooklyn schools.

Mrs. Jemima Jackson of Napoleon has been at the hospital at Jackson to be cured of a mental trouble, but will have to be sent to the asylum.

The business men of Jackson are again agitating the subject of better train service on the Jackson branch. It is proposed to ask the company to change the time of arrival of the first train to about 9 a. m., instead of 1:40 p. m. This would give residents along the line five hours in which to transact business in the city.

Announcements.

The woman's relief corps has changed the day of meeting from Tuesday to Saturday afternoon.

There will be no preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday morning. Services will be held in the evening.

Elder Jas. Perrin will give a free talk on bible symbols, at the residence of Mrs. Sam. McCord, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Epworth league topic at M. E. church next Sunday evening: The reproof of Peter. Matt. 16:21-23; Luke 22:31-34, 61. Leader, Fred Hall.

Topic for C. E. Sunday evening at Emanuel's church at 7:30: Kindnesses christians should be doing. Luke 7:36-47. Fred Braun leader.

The 4th quarterly meeting will be held at the Sharon centre church next Sunday morning, commencing at 10 o'clock. Quarterly conference at Sharon, Saturday evening.

Born.

IDDINGS.—In this village on Tuesday July 28, 1896, to Dr. & Mrs. T. L. Iddings a son.

WATERS.—In this village on Saturday July 25, 1896, to Mr. & Mrs. A. J. Waters a daughter.

Commercial.

Home Markets. APPLES—15c to 20c per bu. BUTTER—Good demand at 8c@10c lb. BEEF—Live, Steers and heifers \$2.75@ \$3.50; dry cows \$2@2.50 @ cwt. CULMERS—40c@45c per bu. CALVES—\$3 @ \$3.50. EGGS—Good demand, 10c@11c per doz. GREEN CORN—6c@8c per doz. HOGS—Live, good demand at \$3.00. HIDES—Reef, 3/4c lb; veal, 4c lb. LAMBS—Live, 4c@4 1/2c per lb. LARD—2c per lb. ONIONS—2c@3c per bu. OATS—Dull at 14c@15c per bu. PEACHES—30c@35c per bu. PEARS—Bell, 25c bu. POTATOES—New 25c per bu. POULTRY—Live, Spring chickens 8c@ old fowls, 5c@6c per lb. Ducks 7c lb. BYE—Washed, 11c@13c; unwashed and discount, 8c@9c per lb.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE UNION SAVINGS BANK.

At Manchester, Michigan, at the close of business, July 14th 1896.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. RESOURCES includes Loans and discounts, Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc., Surplus fund, etc. LIABILITIES includes Capital stock paid in, Undivided profits less current expenses, etc.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. I, Ed. E. Root, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ED. E. ROOT, Cashier. GEO. HELMERDINGER, JOHN H. SOBLOTT, B. G. ENGLISH, Directors.

Lost—Between town and L. D. Watkins, a child's black coat. Finder please leave at ENTERPRISE office.

Village taxes should be paid at once. Call at Robison & Khebbe's and pay to either of the firm and take your receipt. Don't delay. W. M. KEBBE, Treasurer.

Parsons & Hobart Baked Beans. None Better. Every can warranted. Money refunded if not satisfactory. For sale by Mack & Co., and J. Roller & Co. Canned by Parsons & Hobart Canning Co., Grass Lake.

Restores Gray Hair to Natural Color

"More than a year ago, my hair began turning gray and falling out. Though I tried many remedies for it, nothing I used satisfied me until I commenced to use

AYER'S Hair Vigor

After using one bottle of this preparation, my hair was restored to its natural color, and ceased falling out."—Mrs. HERZMANN, 359 E. 68th St., New York, N. Y.

Prevents Hair from Falling Out.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK.

At Manchester, Michigan, at the close of business, July 14th 1896.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. RESOURCES includes Loans and discounts, Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc., Surplus fund, etc. LIABILITIES includes Capital stock paid in, Undivided profits less current expenses, etc.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. I, C. W. Case, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. W. CASE, Cashier. FRANK SPAFARD, J. D. LOREY, W. M. BURTLESS, Directors.

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Midsummer.....

We continue to offer

Bargains in all Seasonable Goods—

Dimities, Percales, Organdies,

Crepons, Mulls, Shirt Waists, Belts, Etc.

This is the season for—

Ladies' Walking Shoes.

We have them in all colors, styles, and prices.

The Freese-Whittelsey Co.

Closing Out Sale

At ANDERSON & CO.'S, Tecumseh. Sale commences to-day and will continue until everything is sold. We intend to close out our immense stock of

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS

within the next 30 days. \$25,000 worth of choice Dry Goods, at the

Lowest Prices Ever Known.

You will never again have such an opportunity to buy DRY GOODS SO CHEAP.

POSITIVELY

Everything must be sold at once, as our creditors demand immediate settlement.

ANDERSON & CO.

Tecumseh, July 9, '96.

Gone Down.....

in a Sea of Low Prices.

NOW IS THE TIME

to jump in and complete your Summer Outfit for little money. To show how small, we quote



The Low Water Price

of Men's Suits— Good, all wool, reliable make at 4.50 to 7.50, better value was never quoted less than 6.50 to 10.00. And say, everything in our store has been reduced in exactly the same proportion.

WE MADE A CUT.....

about this time last year, but the cut was not a marker to this. No cut we ever heard of equals it. But you can't help appreciate it unless you see the fine things we are cleaning out. Hope you will not only see, but buy also.

Robison & Koebbe.

Before buying, don't fail to see

OUR

Shoes and Slippers

The best, cheapest, and most complete assortment we ever had. Notice our Ladies' and Children's

Fancy Tan Shoes and Slippers.

Pointed Patent Leather Tips, Tan, Lace and Congress Shoes, all styles for Men's and Boys' wear.

For Ease and Comfort

Try our Serge Slippers, Serge Congress and Dongola Lace and Congress and other wide

Specialties....

Every Pair not giving reasonable satisfaction we will make right.

J. ROLLER & CO.

Headquarters for Boots and Shoes.

Respectfully,

YOCUM, MARX & CO.

