Tired Women

Nervous, weak and all worn out—will find in pustiod blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla, permanent relief and strength. Get Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the Only
True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. It is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists. 25c.

Galion's Cabbage Heads.

Several years ago the residents of Galion, a little Berrein hamlet in Michigan, were surprised at the advent of a party of Chicago men who devoted their time to inspecting a large tract of swamp land near that place. The curious citizens were still more astonished when the Chicago contingent purchased the alleged worthless land for a trifling sum per acre and set about opening up huge ditches to drain the large area and for cultivation. Last season that portion of the tract cleared produced 20,000 tons of cabbages, which brought in $80,000 to the fortunate growers, the land proving to be peculiarly adapted to the culture of that vegetable. This year the cabbage patch covers 500 acres of the erstwhile worthless land, now valued at $200 per acre, and there are some people in Galion who hint that there are cabbage heads in their region other than those under cultivation.

Cheap Excursions to the West.

Bountiful harvests are reported from all sections of the west and northwest, and an exceptionally favorable opportunity for home-seekers and those desiring a change of location is offered by the series of low-rate excursions which have been arranged for the Northwestern line. Tickets for these excursions, with favorable time limits, will be sold on September 10 and 24 to points in northern Wisconsin, Michigan, northwestern Minnesota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and Montana at very lower points. Full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address A. H. Hebard, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago & North-Western Ry, Chicago, Ill.

Cucumbers in a Graveyard.

A vegetable garden in a graveyard is one of the curiosities in Augusta, Ga. The graveyard is a small one, and has no tombs, but numerous slabs tell the passer-by that the ancient dead repose there. Cucumbers, tomatoes and red pepper are found in abundance there.

It always makes a man fee good to sneeze.

A BACK BLOW

The Weapon Small,—but None More Certain or Effective.

In these times when backs are lame, when almost every other one we meet has one and then, or all the time, a back that aches or pains—"a weak back," "a bad back," a back that makes life a burden to carry to bear—and still they go on day by day, in pain and suffering, from the easiest thing in the world to give this played out back "a blow" that will settle it, and put the pain and weakness out of my. It's just like this: Hit at the cause; the kidneys come from being out of order. Reach the kidneys, start their clogged-up fibres in operation; when this is done you are good bye to backache.

Here is a case from Battle Creek: Mr. Caleb E. Shepp lives at Battle Creek; he was a member of the Battle Creek police force for many years. As a member of the force he served in the city "Bastile," the rough weather he was often subjected to aided the foundation of kidney disorder, which has troubled him very much. Here is what he says about it:

"About three years ago, while on the police force, I contracted from exposure a kidney trouble, which has since given me no end of trouble. The pain was right through my kidneys and across the small of my back; if sitting down and I wanted to stand up, I had to arise very slowly and gently to avoid lessening the pain. I was much tired-out feelings all the time, and I was steadily getting worse. About two months ago I read of Doan's Kidney Pills; I got a box. Their action and effect on me was complete, they removed the aching pain, did me good. I can now get around as quickly as anybody. Doan's Kidney Pills are probably as good as mine."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, *Doan's*, and take no other.

SWAMP ROOT The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N.Y.

Walter Baker & Co. Limited. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS and CHOCOLATES On the Continent of America. HIGHEST AWARDS Since the year Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in EUROPE and AMERICA. Caution: See that the trade mark as shown below is on the labelled wrapper on each package. Without it none are genuine. Ask your grocer for them. Trade Mark on Chocolates. SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE. WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD. DORCHESTER, MASS.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be cured at home for $5. This disease has been the study of a specialist for years. We are so sure of our ability to cure you that we can make the following offer: If you prefer to come here we will contract with you to pay your fare and board, and not accept a cent of your money until you are cured. If you have taken mercury, potash and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair and eyebrows falling, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We have cured the worst cases in 15 days. This disease has always baffled the skill of the best physicians. We have $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on receipt of 4c. in stamps. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 302 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL. Cut out and send in the Advertisement.

Sailor Crecket at Seventy-two.

(From The Journal, Detroit, Mich.)

At 85 West Montcalm street, Detroit, Mich., lives Mr. J. Crecket, a sailor, aged twenty-five years, now retired from active life, but still in good health and remarkably active and interesting. He tells the following story of his life:

"For fifteen years I was engineer on the 'City of Detroit,' one of the Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Co.'s steamers. I suppose it was the work, exposure and mental strain that finally began to tell on me. I broke down completely. I had to give up my position and became as helpless as a child. I doctored for years, but the physicians could do nothing for me. Some of them told me plainly that it was no use giving me medicine.

"I could not keep warm. My blood seemed to be exhausted. Wrapped in feather-quilts, blankets, with hot water bags at my feet, and covers to my chin in bed I still was cold. Symptoms of paralysis began to show very strongly. I had scarcely strength to walk.

"I could not walk without some one to lean on, I was so weak. One day a lady called, and in the conversation told me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I did not think much about it, for I was completely discouraged. However, I gave her the money for a box and asked her to get them.

"I attribute my wonderful recovery to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. At once. I was able to get up, the blood began to circulate through my frame, my appetite returned, and I was a new man. I feel better than I have for years. I am as active and yet vigorous as I was when I was twenty-five years of age. I cannot give too much praise to the wonderful remedy. My wife has used my pills with good results, and I want to recommend it to every one.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female. They may be had of all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

CAN TALK AGAIN.

Man Becomes Dumb for Several Weeks—Affliction Suddenly Removed.

George Sheppard of McKeesport, Pa., is again able to talk. He waked up the other morning with a slight sensation in his neck and found himself deaf and dumb. Doctors were baffled by the case. July 9th his hearing suddenly restored. Still Sheppard's only means of communicating with persons was a pencil and pad. Saturday he was waited into the back room of the National Hotel at McKeesport and wrote on his tablet that he wanted a drink of whisky and some pepper. This was supplied by the bartender. Then Sheppard sat down at a table and began to cry. In a few minutes he excitedly jumped up and began making peculiar noises with his throat. Finally he coughed a little and in a few minutes was talking. Sheppard talked for two hours as fast as he could write he was so happy. He stop for fear he would lose his speech again. He threw his pad and pencil away and talked and talked. He began in celebrating his good fortune. Sheppard's case has attracted great attention from physicians, but none has

IN FLUSH TIMES.

HE OLD CATTLE man leaned back in his chair and poised between scornful fingers the last chapters of a cigar.

"No, son, I never did no killin' myself, but I've stood 'round and seed folks get checked clear through, which is more profitable. I calls to mind a killin' down to old Ike Stockton's.

"There was a big crowd at Stockton's that June day. The corrals was full of steers and mules, and tents, an' wagon trains from the east, an' white men, Mexicans, half-breeds an' Injuns was a-mixin' an' meandering 'round, a-lyin' an' a-laughin', an' a-drinkin' old Ike's whisky mighty profuse. Four or five mule-skinners had their long, limber 16-foot whips, which are loaded with dust shot from butt to tip, an' was crackin' 'em at a mark. I've seen 'em do 'em with the most exquisite delicacy, deliberate twist of the wrist make his whip squirm in the air like a hurt snake an' at all wons hit the mark dead with the crack of twenty rifles, an' the buckskin popper would cut a hole in a Buffalo robe hard 'n' long up an' all without investin' two ounces of actual strength. Several of us was a-lookin' at this an' the hard earned applaudin' of the good shots, when Short Creek Dave speaks up to Jack Moore next to me an' says:

"Jack, you mind that old Navajo you downed over on the San Simon last fall?

"'I mind it's mighty clear,' says Jack. 'He was a-stealin' my hoss at the time, an' I kin prove it by his skelp on my bridle right now.'

"'Well, says' Short Creek Dave, pointin' to a dirty sadded colored half-breed who was squatted pretty near numerous, 'that feller they calls Pickles is his nephy, an' you wants to look out a whole lot, for he's kind a like uncle that the killin' of his uncle was mighty rank, an' he didn't like it no how.'

"Then all fired quick, says Jack, 'Pickles an' me has been watchin' each other for an hour an' I'll tell you alls private it gives to play hoss a little bit, but as his uncle will be able to talk things over before night.'

"Stineby Pickles comes along where we are.

"'Hello, Jack,' he says, 'been makin' smoke down on San Simon lately?'

"'No, not since last fall,' says Jack, an' now I thinks of it I see that old

WILD MEN OF MAINE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

EVEN DISCOUNT THE ISMAELITES OF THE WEST.

A Tribe of People Who Are as Wild as Any Savage in the Forests of Guiana—Know No Law, Converse Only with Grunts.

IN THE TOWN OF Brighton, about twenty miles north of Portland, in the woods bordering on the little village of West Athens, Me., there lives a tribe of men that would, in some respects, put to blush the most civilized cave dwellers of years agone, and give points to the now somewhat enlightened savages of the Fiji Islands. For years they have been the terror of the country for ten miles around. They subsist mainly on sheep and cattle that they steal, and when an honest turn strikes them they carry their booty hill and dale over ridges or trout. There are, as near as can be ascertained, about forty of these people, including children, for some of them are females. They are about all known by the name of Brown, and are largely inbred, according to the testimony of their long-suffering neighbors. They dwell in rude hits or shanties, and some of the younger and more intelligent of them make occasional feeble attempts at agriculture, at least to the extent of raising a few potatoes or planting a patch of half an acre of oats. Only a few of these people are often seen by the neighboring folk, who are scared at the sight of any of them, and they are not particular about cultivating the acquaintance of the rest, who are reported to be very backward in coming. A man has been harnessed to a rude sled, and in lieu of a horse, hauled many a load of hay from the back 40 to the barn. He is a giant in stature, and one would scarcely care to be favored with an introduction to him in his native wilds. Tales are told of the strength of his arm, and of his ability to fell a tall tree on a bluff, an' allowed he'd order drinks without no bettin'.

"'An' then, Jack,' he says, 'I want you to take dinner with me. I'll have jike get us somethin' right.'

"'I'll go you,' says Jack, 'if it ain't nothin' but sowbelly.'

"'I'll fix you people up a feed,' says old Ike, 'but you can't do your feedin' in no dinin' room of mine. I'll fix it over in the 'camp house,' t'other side the corral, an' you kin be just as sociable an' smoky as you please. There won't be nuthin' nor nobody for you to hurt or disturb over there.

"After little their grub was got ready in the camp house, an' Jack an' Pickles walks over side an' side. They goes in and shuts the door an' in about five minutes bang! bang! goes two six-shooters, an' we all canter over an' finds Jack sittin' away at the table, Pickles over the other side with his head in his tin plate, and his brains running out over the floor.

"'It don't look like Pickles was hungry much after all,' says Jack.

"They'd both pulled their guns as they sat down at the table in their laps, but just as I say, Pickles couldn't stand the pressure; an' gettin' nervous he grabbed for his gun, an' he was too to get it up the muzzle caught under the table top an' there his bullet was all made in the wood. 'Jack bein' clean strain' had better luck.

"After dinner we impaneled a jury tried Jack for the killin'. Of course, we knowed he'd got to be acquitted, an' the killin' was right, but it bothered a heap to find a ground to put it on.

"'You see,' says Dan Boggs, 'this kill'n' was bound to be all right from the jump, no matter who got salted. Each was agin' the other un, an' they just went to this shootin' hand-in-hand like brothers. Neither was to blame, an' that's what gits me.'

"Finally, Cherokee Hall gits up an' says: 'This here killin' was right, but there bein' some present difficulty of givin' the reason WHY it's all right, an' why, as we do, Jack Moore is the pick. I, moves you that our verdict be "justified homicide," based—on the ground that Pickles was a-committin' suicide.'

"This was good enough. Of course, Pickles didn't commit suicide none, but that didn't hurt it for a reason just the same."

Electricity in Europe.

Electrical lines in Europe have increased in number during the last 4 years from forty-three to seventy, their length from 305 to 700 kilometers, the power at the central stations from 10,850 to 16,150 kilowatts and the number of self-moving vehicles from 538 to 1,236. Germany leads in length of lines with 266 kilometers, then comes France with 96; England, 69; Austria-Hungary, 45; Switzerland, 37; Belgium, 22; Italy, 18; Spain, 14. The trolley system is the favorite, being used by 55 out of 70 lines.

A Wise Father.

"My father," said the small boy to the woman who was calling on his mother, "is a great man. He knows what time it is without even looking at his watch."

"What do you mean by that, Tommy?" asked the visitor.

"Oh, when I hollerd out an' ask him what time it is in the morning, he always says it's time to get up. And when I ask him what time it is in the evening, he always says, 'Time to go to bed.'"

Butter Bacillus.

A scientific paper discusses seriously the alleged discovery by Prof. Conn of butter bacillus—that is to say, of a bacillus producing a fermentation in milk by which the quality of the butter is improved. The statement is reasonable and the facts may be as alleged, but it is not always easily possible to distinguish the reality of current science from its romance.

Male Fight Touches a Moral.

In a desperate struggle which took place recently in Ohio between a mule and one with a young calf, the mule was not only beaten but horned to death, for chasing the calf about the field. This incident signifies that a creature which has some pride of posterity nor hope of ancestry ought not to be feeling around an only at that

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

AN INDEPENDENT, LIVE, LOCAL NEWSPAPER.

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Manchester Enterprise.

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Societies.

UNITED FRIENDS OF MICHIGAN, meet in this hall over Lyle's store on first and third Tuesday in month. Visiting Knights welcome. O. SAUNDERS, Sec. JOHN BOELLER, Com.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meet at Masonic Hall, Manchester, on 2nd and fourth Tuesday evenings. O. DAYTON, M. W. J. BLESS, Recorder.

MANCHESTER TENT NO. 96, K. O. T. M., meet in their tent over Lyle's store on first and third Tuesday in month. Visiting Knights welcome. W. H. STRINGHAM, Com. C. J. ROBINSON, Record Keeper.

MANCHESTER LODGE NO. 148, F. & A. M., meet at Masonic Hall, Monday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers welcome. J. E. KINGSLEY, W. M. EDW. E. ROOT, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER NO. 48, R. A. M., meet at their hall on Friday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting companions welcome. L. W. CONKLIN, H. P. C. J. ROBINSON, Secretary.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL NO. 24, R. & S. M., assemble at Masonic Hall, Monday evening after each full moon. Visiting companions invited. C. W. CASE, T. I. M. CHAS. E. BOWEN, Recorder.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER NO. 10, O. E. S., meet at Masonic Hall, Friday evening on or before full moon. All visiting sisters invited. MRS. CLARA FREEMAN, W. M. MRS. EVA BOWER, Secretary.

CORSTOCK POST NO. 352, G. A. R., meet first and third Tuesday evening of each month in their hall, Manchester. All visiting comrades invited to attend. J. B. TAYLOR, A.D. M. N. HOUGH, Com.

Business Cards.

J. O. COREY, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Collections and all business entrusted with him will receive prompt attention. Farm and Village property for sale.

A. J. WATERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law. Office over Union Savings Bank, Manchester, Michigan.

C. F. KAPP, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office at Residence on Clinton Street, Manchester, Michigan.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN, ATTORNEYS And Counselors at Law. Offices over People's Bank, Manchester, Michigan.

F. A. KOTTS, DENTIST, OFFICE OVER SHELDON & CO.'S STORE Manchester, Mich. In Blissfield every Tuesday.

J. J. BRIEGEL, TONSORIAL ARTIST, Shaving, Hair Cutting, Shampooing, and all styles of hair dressing. Goodyear House, Manchester, Mich.

DR. J. F. OHLINGER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Youngbans' Barber Shop. Residence, Corner Clinton and Sugar Streets. Manchester, Michigan.

A. C. AYLESWORTH, LICENSED AUCTIONEER, MANCHESTER, MICH. Sales in town promptly attended on reasonable terms. Date can be made at the Enterprise office.

C. S. CHADWICK, D. D. S. Will be in Manchester every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday to practice DENTISTRY. In all its branches. Office over Dining Savings Bank.

ENTERPRISE POULTRY YARDS, MANCHESTER, MICH. White Plymouth Rock Fowls for sale and eggs for sale in season. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK, CAPITAL, $25,000. C. S. MAYER, Pres't. Geo. Henkemeyer, Vice Pres't. C. H. KEMPF, Cashier. Interest paid on time deposits. Loans made on approved security. Money open Saturday Evenings.

IN TWO PENINSULAS.

NEWS OF THE HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN.

Strikers at Ishpeming and Negaunee are Restless and Violent — Non-Unionists Captured and Made to Join the Strikers — How the Workers were Frightened.

Big Fire in Alpena.

The Folkert & McRae shingle mill at Alpena, together with a large stock of piled and manufactured shingles and bolts, and a portion of No. 2 engine house, was destroyed by fire. The loss will not be far from $45,000, with but $4,000 insurance. The wind was blowing a gale, and it was only by the hardest work that the flames were kept from spreading to the business portion of the town. A half million of shingles were saved by throwing them into the river.

Severe Loss at Hermansville.

A lumber fire in the yards of the C. L. Meyer Lumber Co. at Hermansville destroyed almost every stick in reach. A strong wind was blowing at the time and it was feared that the entire town would be destroyed, but good work by visiting firemen kept the flames from reaching the mills. The loss is about $25,000; insurance, $20,000. The fire was caused by a spark from a passing locomotive.

Insurance Had a Hot Blaze Too.

Fire was discovered in the main building of the G. B. Ridgeman manufacturing plant at Roscommon. It spread to the sawmill and dry kiln and before it could be checked had destroyed the whole plant. The loss will reach $50,000; insured.

Probable Murder Near Dundee.

A. Larkins was a well-to-do colored farmer living near Dundee. He married Spring, aged 25, and Jane Merrill, aged 16, daughter of a prominent white man serving as housekeeper. Last spring the elder Larkins gave his son 160 acres of land, and he became living a life interest for himself and Mrs. Merrill. Last Friday the latter disappeared suddenly. Enos at once began to quarrel with the woman over the disappearance, and it was noticed she suddenly disappeared, but nothing was thought of it, as she had written papers, bearing Mrs. Merrill's name, relinquished all claims to the property. It is thought the young woman could not write and these papers aroused suspicion and after an investigation young Larkins was arrested on a charge of forgery, but with the suspicion of murder hanging over him. A mound was found on the farm and the stench indicated that a carcass had been buried there, but it was found to be empty. Later on horses' bones, buttons, ornaments of dress, etc., were found in the ashes of a burned brush heap near the house. Mrs. Merrill is thought to be a bigamist, but expresses a fear of being lynched.

Chapter of Street Car Accidents.

Detroit has had rather a serious time with its street cars for some years, but the management of the road, which has recently inaugurated slaughter of the citizens the city will be depopulated. Here is the history of one day's experience: The first victim was Michael McGuire, aged 56, who was talking to his brother while standing beside the track on Michigan avenue. The gong of an approaching car evidently rattled the old man as he stepped right in front of the car and was killed outright.

At the corner of Woodward and Grand River avenues a little girl was struck and thrown on the sharp edge of a car. Her head was fearfully cut and she died in a few hours. A little later at the same place a boy was struck by a passing car and pulled from under a car, but were not seriously injured.

At Jefferson avenue a car struck and dangerously injured Martin Bowe, a peddler, who was driving his horse to sell papers. His skull was fractured. The horse was also struck and killed. His buggy was demolished, his horse killed and Burns so badly hurt that his life is despaired of.

Fred Dudas was instantly killed at Lorenz, a suburb, by being struck by a motor car on the Wyandotte & Trenton suburban line.

Lively at Ishpeming—Soldier Killed.

Since the arrival of the troops, the excitement has quite materially lessened and the importation of men to take the places of the strikers has been stopped at Ishpeming. One of the incidents which pleased the strikers was a big fire which broke out in the mill, and men from the working force at the Cleveland Cliffs iron mine, which is Brassted secured 136 of his employes and has resumed operations at the Cleveland mine. Men are being paid a dollar per day and boarded free. Dec. 15. The union didn't want the men to go to work at the Winthrop, which is Negaunee, and they were very much opposed. Three non-union men were captured and made to join the strikers, but they were promptly pulled off and they then joined the union.

Two non-union men were rescued over the mining section and Camp Ishpeming was the time for the greatest excitement. Trains were felled in every direction and the switches were left in all sorts. A falling tree struck and instantly killed Joseph Helmes, of Co. B, Fourteenth Infantry, who was in the encampment during the night, several falling between occupied tents.

Port Huron Sees on the Grand Trunk Sp.

The members of the Port Huron Knights of Labor, headed by Charles Rivers Wilson, the new president of the Grand Trunk railway, Gen. Alex. Sargent, Gen. Supt. Spencer and other officials of that road, met and held a conference. The men had come here from the effect that their city was being made headquarters for the insufficient accomodation and high freight charges on the part of the Grand Trunk. Mr. Wilson said they were in business for business and not for philanthropy, and if they thought Port Huron's grievances were large enough they would be interested in them. Harvey Bailey, a prominent businessman, said the road was losing business because of the fact that if something was not done by the G. T. that competition might be expected.

Then Poor Came Down.

The foundation of the large three-story warehouse, at Charlevoix, belonging to Mrs. M. E. Bennett, gave way and the entire south end of the building, including one floor full, towing another in the good work. Seven people were on the third floor at the time, but escaped without being injured. The warehouse contained about 1,000 barrels of pork and beef, they are all in a heap in the basement. The loss is about $15,000.

Charles Ferron, a miner, fell down a trunk 72 feet at the Chapin mine at Iron Mountain, fracturing his skull.

Big Fire in Ontonagon.

The Northwestern Michigan Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion will be held at its annual reunion at Manistee with 500 veterans in attendance.

A three-foot vein of coal has been discovered near Omer, and if it pays out operations for developing it will be commenced.

Mike McKeown and Joe Breagh were each fined $100 and costs or 90 days in the Marquette county court, for selling liquor to minors.

Wm. Kitchen, wanted at Hillsdale on a charge of cheating agents of the Singer Sewing Machine Co., was arrested at St. Thomas, Ont.

Knights of Pythias of the City of Grip, of Lansing, are making a determined effort to have the annual convention of Knights of Pythias, held there.

Fifteen union men struck at the Oil Stove Foundry works at Chelsea. They complain of too poor wages. The way it is at present being done by new hands.

Business men at Camden are at work on a fire alarm and protection system, which is part of the $8,000 demanded by Jerry Begley for building his new Central Michigan railroad through that place.

There was a small strike in the Port Huron Times office because girls were employed at less than the union scale; Editor Sweeney yielded to the men's demands, and hereafter girls will be paid as much as boys.

John J. Murphy, a G. R. & I. brakeman, was riding on the bumpers of a freight train at Ionia, when he saw the train jumped the track. Murphy tried to jump, but struck his foot and was crushed to death.

W. H. Cooper and Louis Smith, of Gaylord, recently went fishing in a skiff on the Sturgeon river, they saw a deer and two large fawns swimming across. Mr. Cooper shot and killed the fawns and brought them in alive.

Souls Haven claims that 3,000,000 feet of lumber and shingles, and the peach crop thereabouts. The experiment of using long distance cars for refrigerator cars proved such a success that 300 cords were shipped within two weeks.

It is reported that near Union City a family of six are all sick with typhoid fever and as they have only two beds two contract three in a bed. The condition of the house was found to be extremely filthy. The authorities will now look after the case.

The jury in the Mary L. Pierce murder trial brought in a verdict finding Mrs. Pierce guilty of manslaughter. After being out nearly all night. She was sentenced by Judge Hanford to the industrial school for girls at Adrian until she is 21 years of age.

James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, is said to be contemplating the erection of a $50,000 hotel on Mackinac island, near the Grand. Mr. Hill has been looking at the place, and it is supposed he will build the hotel on the bluff near the Grand.

A explosion of dynamite occurred at early hour Sunday morning at the Flint Congregational church. But little damage was done. The charge was put on the corner of the church, and it is believed, who expected to obtain money from it, is said to have been put in the corner-stone at the time it was laid.

Vena Johnson, a 16-year-old colored girl, was shot and killed by her brother-in-law, Edward Hurst, also colored. Hurst heard her moving about the house in the night and thinking of burglars he fired at her. He claims he did change striking her in the abdomen.

Recently eight-year-old son of George Swarts, a farmer near Kalamazoo, was following a sister about the yard, when a sand peak caved in on them. She stooped and flipped it over her shoulder. The force struck the boy on the lips, and he attempted to blow it off. Instead of removing it, the force drove it down his throat, lodging, where it stuck. The child died in great agony.

HERE AND THERE.

VARIETY OF NEWS ITEMS FROM A ARIOUS PLACES.

Thirty-three Miners Entombed by Fire in the Osceola Copper Mine at Calumet, Mich.—No Hopes of Their Rescue Alive —Indications Suggest Incendiarism.

Thirty-three Miners Killed.

The Osceola copper mine at Calumet caught fire, and 33 miners were imprisoned far below the surface of the earth. There was little hope of their escape, and in all likelihood most, if not all of them, were dead within a few hours. The fire started in No. 2 shaft, and investigation showed that the blaze commenced at the twenty-seventh level. This shaft contained two wooden cribs, and one other side of the Osceola mine and this, together with the fact that the fire started at a spot where it was scarcely possible for it to be accidental leads many to believe that it was the work of an incendiary. The men were at work on the day shift when the fire was discovered. Of this number the greater portion came up safely, although some of the men who were last in the mine had to climb up ladders and in a fainting condition. A number were half suffocated and staggered out, and the rescuing parties were seen during the work of rescue to stagger and lose themselves with difficulty. It was judged impossible to quench the fire by ordinary means, both ends of the shaft at the mouth of the shaft were torn out and heavy timbers piled across the mouth, over which dirt was thrown. The fire continued to spread. "The work was very difficult because of the great volume of smoke pouring out. As the natives went was stopped, the smoke and hot air forced its way along the connecting drifts to the main mine, and soon began to emerge from levels in great clouds. It was now out of question to enter the mine through any shaft connecting with the main shaft, for the smoke and hot air would be suffocated before he had descended fifty feet, it will be impossible to enter the mine by the shafts burned out which will require several days. The Osceola fortunately has a smaller amount of timbering underground than almost any other copper mine in the district, which will help wood except in the shafts. The outlook for the 33 imprisoned is the most gloomy. It is probable that most if not all of them were overcome by the smoke while attempting to find their way out of the mine. If they have not been killed by the smoke in the Osceola district they are rebuilding the ruins, but the government is taking obstacles so that the rebuilding may be retarded. The government has ordered the Sampson Revenue Cutter over the hills of Sassoon. Our people who have returned to their ruined village are bitterly disappointed. Those who are friendly with our village have lost their property, and for the love of God, arise and see that you may save your lives. The government is determined to kill the people who are set to work. They state that they have discovered a plot against the Christiness and corruption that promises to be a big scandal. Discrepancies to the amount of $7,000 have already been discovered.

G. A. R. CAPTURE LOUISVILLE

Old Veterans Find a Welcome in Old Kentucky—Encampment Dates.

The Grand Army of the Republic has invaded southern soil again and captured the city of Louisville, Ky. This city of the state noted for its pretty women, fine horses and whisky did everything in its power to make it pleasant for the boys in blue, and it is needless to say that the famed southern hospitality was fully exemplified. The first formal feature of the big gathering of the Blue was the parade with about 10,000 men in line. The four commanders of Kentucky posts Scarphop, Thermritchhoga and Sourhagoy were sacked and the alimy destroyed. The excitement and alarm are universal.

High Officials Plan Another Massacre.

Authentic information from Moosh is to the effect that an anti-Christian society of the Turkish Empire has been formed there and at Bitlis with the avowed intention of slaughtering the Christians in the event of the acceptance by the Porte of the scheme of reforms presented by the Spanish powers. It is declared that Consul Hampton is to be the first victim.

680 Spaniards Killed in Battle in Cuba.

Havana, Cuba.—Five hundred rebels from insurgent sources bring the news of a big battle fought on August 31, near Guantanamo, in which the insurgents and Spanish troops, commanded respectively by Generals Garcia and Sanchez, completely routed the troops, killing 500 soldiers and 80 officers and wounding many others. The Spanish report that the battle was fought, but to do so admits a defeat.

Cubans Will Appeal to Uncle Sam.

New York: Thomas Estrada Palma, president of the Cuban revolutionary junta, issued an address on the Cuban question from his residence in Grove, N. J., using the incident as a basis for a plea to the United States government for recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. He compares the present relations of Spain and Cuba as similar to those of America and England, and recalls the aid extended by France to the United States.

Another Attempt to Dynamite Rothschild.

Paris: Baron De Rothschild's bank, home was the scene of another anarchistic attempt at murder. A man entered the bank from the Rue Lafitte, and placed a detective's suspicions on guard there saw the stranger hurrying from the first floor of the banking office and try to light a fuse. The detective ran to him, detected he threw the bomb to the ground and ran out into the street, being pursued by the detective. When overtaken the desperate man turned and confronted his pursuer with a revolver. The officer warded of a blow which was aimed at him and secured the man. At the station he told Commissary Girard that he made the attempt at the behest of his superiors. Girard is of the opinion that precaution to insure an explosion. He says that the Rue Lafitte is filled with cigarette, but the sashes upon the latter interfered.

Alleged Crooked Officials at Toledo.

Last February the city council of Toledo appropriated $4,000 for the investigation of the various city department, and a committee was appointed to set to work. They state that they have discovered a state of affairs, the extent of corruption which promises to be a big scandal. Discrepancies to the amount of $7,000 have already been discovered.

MORE HORRORS IN ARMENIA.

Turkish Troops Torture Christian Men and Ravish Women and Children.

London: A dispatch from Kars, Armenia, says that the entire district of Kemalas is surrounded by Turkish troops dispatched by Zekiri Pacha under the plea of arresting Armenian revolutionaries. The villages of Garni, Tirigserno, Tortan, Horopont, and Marigar are reported to have been completely sacked while the population aggregating 5,000 people were fully treated. All the men were tortured and the women and children were ravished. The four monasteries of Zeitoun, Scarphop, Thermritchhoga and Sourphagoy were sacked and the alimry destroyed. The excitement and alarm are universal.

Dynamite Kills 600 Pounds of Dynamite—Five Killed.

Edward Latabaye, a government contractor, was blasting at Ste. Marie, government, had 600 pounds of dynamite stored in the office. The place is at Speckets Ferry, Ia. His son, while preparing with a revolver, missed the target, the bullet striking the office and firing the dynamite. The house was blown to atoms and five persons were killed, including Latabaye, his son, two other men and a friend. Three other persons were probably fatally injured. The report of the explosion was heard for miles.

Sioux Indians Prepare for Bloodshed.

The Sioux Indians at the Rosebud (S. D.) agency, under the leadership of Hollow Horn Bear, have driven the Agent Wright and the agency employes from the agency, and they make threats to burn the buildings. The Indians became enraged because the agent refused to issue beef, and for hauling freight from Valentine, Neb., to the agency. Settlers are bringing in rumors to distant camps and about 3,000 angry and excited Indians gathered about the agency. Settlers are becoming very uneasy.

Kansas Town Destroyed by a Storm.

Gridley, Kan., a town of 450 people on the Santa Fe road suffered the total destruction of many of its best buildings by a tornado. The storm is a fierce one in the place escaped injury. The loss is very heavy. Mrs. Clara Massie was killed by falling timbers. Reports of the storm extended from the north to the south and west, leaving a trail of destroying scores of houses, barns and granaries and greatly damaging orchards and crops. Many people and stock were killed and a number badly injured.

Bank $14,000 From the Express Co.

J. D. Rockefeller, of the Adams Express Co., and J. E. Barnett, daily ticket agent of the Vandalia, at Terre Haute, Ind., are charged with the theft of a package of $16,000 deposited by Revenue Collector Cooper, of Indianapolis, at the Cincinnati sub-treasury. Farden gave a receipt for the $16,000. The police believe the money is in Canada and they will probably reach $16,000, and that Barnett has had it illegally passed the office of the four day's receipts.

Four young Japanese were poisoned while eating in a Chinese restaurant at San Francisco.

The man who jumped off the steamer City of Ohio, near Ogdensburg, was taken between Buffalo and Cleveland. Inspector Bradley received a dispatch from the Cleveland police that he was recently released in Cleveland from a lunatic asylum.

The tenth regular triennial convention of the supreme council of the Order of Chosen Friends convened at Cleveland. Mayor Farnsworth delivered the address of welcome, to which Supreme Counselor Hanna responded. The year's report showed a steady increase in the financial resources of the organization, while there had been a marked decrease in the expense in handling the funds.

Samson Massacre to be Repeated.

New York: Dr. Leon Dominian, secretary of the Armenian Relief association, has made public the following communication from the valley of Mosish: "The remnant of the people who escaped from the massacre of Sassoun are returning to their villages. They are rebuilding the ruins, but the government is raising obstacles so that the rebuilding may be retarded. The government has ordered the Sampson Revenue Cutter over the hills of Sassoun. Our people who have returned to their ruined villages are bitterly disappointed. Those who are friendly with our villages have lost their property, and for the love of God, arise and see that you may save your lives. The government is determined to kill the people who are set to work. They state that they have discovered a state of affairs, the extent of corruption which promises to be a big scandal. Discrepancies to the amount of $7,000 have already been discovered.

THE MARKETS.

	LIVE STOCK.			
	No. 1 Cattle.	No. 2 Cattle.	Sheep.	Lambs.
Chicago	$3 00 @ 3 25	$2 60 @ 3 00	$3 40	$4 60
Buffalo	3 50 @ 3 75	3 00 @ 3 25	3 50	4 75
Cleveland	3 00 @ 3 25	2 75 @ 3 00	3 25	4 50
Pittsburg	3 25 @ 3 50	3 00 @ 3 25	3 50	4 75
Detroit	3 00 @ 3 25	2 50 @ 2 75	3 00	4 25
Buffalo grades	3 00 @ 3 25	2 50 @ 2 75	3 00	4 25
Lower grades	2 25 @ 2 50	2 00 @ 2 25	2 50	3 75
	HOGS.			
	No. 1 Hogs.	No. 2 Hogs.	No. 3 Hogs.	
Chicago	$3 50 @ 3 60	$3 40 @ 3 50	$3 30 @ 3 40	
Buffalo	3 60 @ 3 65	3 50 @ 3 60	3 40 @ 3 50	
Cleveland	3 50 @ 3 55	3 40 @ 3 45	3 30 @ 3 35	
Pittsburg	3 60 @ 3 65	3 50 @ 3 55	3 40 @ 3 45	
Detroit	3 50 @ 3 55	3 40 @ 3 45	3 30 @ 3 35	
Buffalo grades	3 50 @ 3 55	3 40 @ 3 45	3 30 @ 3 35	
Lower grades	3 25 @ 3 40	3 10 @ 3 25	3 00 @ 3 15	
	GRAIN, ETC.			
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Corn.	No. 2 Oats.	No. 2 Rye.
Chicago	65¾@66¾	37¾@38¾	24¾@25¾	54 @55
Buffalo	70 @71	40 @41	27 @28	57 @58
Cleveland	67 @68	39 @40	26 @27	56 @57
Pittsburg	70 @71	41 @42	28 @29	58 @59
Detroit	69 @70	40 @41	27 @28	57 @58
Toledo	67 @68	40 @41	27 @28	57 @58
Buffalo	71 @72	42 @43	29 @30	59 @60

Manchester Enterprise
By MAT D. BLOSSER.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1895.

Mr. Vanderbilt has well named his new mansion, "The Breakers." It took lots of rocks to build it.

The Bannock Indians, strange to say, are quietly hunting and fishing, just as if there had been no "outbreak."

The number of people believed to have been murdered by Holmes is now up around twenty, and the returns are not all in.

The Pennsylvania justice of the peace must have had a dude in mind when he ruled that a calf was not necessarily a farm product.

The elder generation of men and women can at least be thankful that while they were young courting was not done on a bike.

Hugh Talley told a girl at a dance near Columbia, S. C., that Talley Moore was a "kid." A duel was prevented by the sheriff. Talley one for the sheriff.

The laundress who starches a handkerchief no doubt thinks she is doing a good thing. The bicycle rider who thinks a "boiled shirt" is the proper caper for cycling is not much nearer right.

Robert C. McCabe, a Philadelphian, has memorized the whole of the bible and can recite it word for word. But what better off is Robert than the man who can repeat only the ten commandments?

Chili wants to borrow $20,000,000, and the Dallas, Texas, sport who is to manage the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight says, if the Chilian government will wait until that fight is pulled off, he will make the loan at a low rate of interest.

In some of the cantons of Switzerland, all the dead, rich as well as poor, are buried at public expense. Coffins and all other necessaries are furnished on application to certain undertakers designated by the government. Everything connected with the interment is absolutely gratuitous, including the grave and the religious service. The graves follow each other in regular order, according to date of burial, in uniform rows, and the dead are all laid side by side, without distinction as to standing in life or religious belief.

The signal corps and the Oregon Maxims who had expected to accomplish great results this year in their heliographic work were greatly hindered by the forest fires. Stations had been made and signals were to pass from the highest peaks of the Cascade and Sierra ranges to the peaks in Colorado. Last year with a small glass Mount Hood communicated with Portland, sixty miles away, and messages were also sent from Mount Hood to Mount Adams, which is about the same distance. In California, with a clearer atmosphere, heliographing has been successful between Shasta and St. Helena, a distance of 192 miles.

Increased vigilance has been enjoined upon the revenue marine on the south Atlantic coast for a double purpose; in the first place to prevent filibustering expeditions for Cuba setting out from the ports of the United States, and in the second place to guard against the introduction of yellow fever from Cuba. After directing the officers of the marine, in addition to their regular duties under the customs and navigation laws, to pay strict attention to the enforcement of the neutrality laws, the treasury department directs the officers to send fishing smacks, or other vessels from foreign ports which may be found near the coast, with or without the intention of making a port of the United States, and not having on board a bill of health, signed by the consular officer of the United States at the foreign port from which the vessel last sailed, to the nearest quarantine station, to report thery to the medical officer in charge for his action.

A bloomer girl on a wheel came to grief in front of the Sun office in New York the other day. She attracted no special attention as she wheeled up Park row, until her pneumatic tire was punctured, and she jumped from her wheel. Then it was evident that her bloomers were of a material not much heavier than cheese cloth, and she looked as if they were home made. The girl was not more than 18 years old, and as a crowd of small boys gathered around her she looked as if she were very uncomfortable. Her tire was so seriously injured that the wheel would cease to be trundled home. Her bloomer costume was not constructed for that kind of work. It was scarcely as to be almost transparent. Her attention was called to this fact by several small boys. Miss Bloomers was in despair. She trundled her wheel to a drug store and rang for a messenger boy. After taking his name and number, she intrusted her wheel to him and told him to take it to a Brooklyn address. Then she sprinted for the bridge.

According to the dispatches, the worshipers at prayer meeting in a church at Mason, Ohio, were horrified last week by the appearance of a maiden in bloomers at the organ. In the vicinitudes of fashion one may even come to accepting bloomers. Some fathers and mothers in Israel can remember when the wearing of flowers on a hat, or the confession of suspenders, was relished just as little.

Nobody will doubt that they need missionaries in China. The question whether they deserve them is different.

Even Mexico, which tolerates fighting bulls, tells American pugilists that they will not be allowed to punch each other on Mexican soil. President Diaz says, "Mexico has not got that low yet."

The fact that it was claiming to be a French count is selling candy in a Chicago grocery store is likely to make most people believe he is no count.

One of the most pleasing features of the Kentucky campaign is the deep and eloquent silence of the silver-tongued orator from Lexington.

KILLED THE LOTTERY.

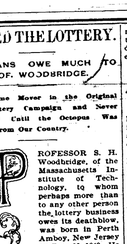
AMERICANS OWE MUCH TO PROF. WOODBRIDGE.

Was a Prime Mover in the Original Anti-Lottery Campaign and Never Wavered Until the Octopus Was Driven from Our Country.

PROFESSOR S. H. Woodbridge, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, to whom perhaps more than to any other person the lottery business owes its deathblow, was born in Perth Amboy, New Jersey on Dec. 26, 1848. He is a descendant of the Rev. John Woodbridge, a Puritan preacher, who came to this country in 1630, and became the first minister in Newbury, now Newburyport, Massachusetts. At Williams college, where he received his academic education, Prof. Woodbridge exhibited traits of leadership and an ability for organization and aggressive effort which made him a young man of mark. He was identified throughout his student life with all the religious and moral activities of the college, at one time being chiefly instrumental in quelling a rebellion among the undergraduates, and at another raising from the alumni enough money to build a parsonage for the resident minister in the noted White Oaks missionary parish.

On leaving college, it was Prof. Woodbridge's purpose to become a general teacher of physics, but an accident turned his attention to the subjects of heating and ventilation, and his reputation as an expert presently won for him a chair in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology as an instructor in these branches. Failing ill, and losing for a season the use of his eyes, he became deeply interested in what friends read to him of the struggle in Louisiana to rid that state of the lottery curse. He co-operated with the managers of the original anti-lottery campaign; but when that was ended by the exclusion of all lottery matter from the mails, he discovered that it would be necessary to close other avenues of advertisement and correspondence also. Accordingly in the early days of 1894 advertisement and correspondence also. Accordingly in the early days of 1894 advertisement and correspondence ceased only at five minutes before noon on the 4th of last March. It was a fine example of what can be accomplished in the face of appalling odds by one determined and tireless agitator. Prof. Woodbridge trusted nothing to other hands which his own could do and the last night of the last session of the Fifty-third Congress he passed in the senate gallery, encouraging by his presence the twelve hours' siege which Senator Hoar, in spite of ill-health and exhaustion from overwork, was conducting on the floor.

After the close of the session, Prof. Woodbridge was called in to examine the defective ventilating appliances in the halls of congress, and to report plans for their permanent improvement. He is still engaged in this work.



REV. JOHN WOODBRIDGE.

WASHINGTON IRVING BABB.

One of the Candidates for Governor of Iowa.

Washington Irving Babb, one of the candidates for governor of Iowa, was born Dec. 4, 1846, on his father's farm in Des Moines county, near Burlington. His parents were Mr. and Mrs. Miles Babb, who came to Iowa from Pennsylvania and were of Dutch descent. There were but two children in the family, W. I. Babb and his sister, Mrs. Belle Mansfield, now dean of the music and art school of De Pauw university, Greencastle, Ind. Miles Babb died when his son was young. Anxious that her children should have an education, Mrs. Babb sold her farm and moved to Mt. Pleasant, that she might enjoy its educational advantages. Young Babb immediately entered the Iowa Wesleyan university and continued until 1863, when, at the age of sixteen, enlisted in the famous Fourth Iowa cavalry and served until the close of the war. Then he resumed college, graduating in the class of 1866.

Having chosen the law as his profession, he at once entered the office of Ambler & Ambler, and, on his admittance to the bar was made a member of the firm under the name of Ambler & Babb. After a few years he formed a partnership with John S. Woolson, another leading lawyer. The firm of Woolson & Babb at once became recognized as the leading one in southeastern Iowa and enjoyed a large practice. The firm was dissolved four years ago, however, by the election of Mr. Babb to the district bench. Shortly after his partner, Mr. Woolson, was appointed United States judge for the southern district of Iowa. Judge Babb cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln.

WASHINGTON IRVING BABB.

Drum-Beating.

Probably the most remarkable drummer that ever lived was Jean Henri, the famous tambour-major of the Emperor Napoleon, who some sixty years since gave an exhibition of his wonderful talents at the Lyceum theater, London.

One of his feats was to play on fifteen differently toned drums at the same time in so soft and harmonious a manner, that, instead of the deafening uproar that might have been expected, the effect was that of a novel and complete instrument. Another trick of his was to throw twenty-eight drumsticks into the air in all directions and then to catch them in a peculiar manner under his arms and between his legs.

Of his playing we are told that he pagged from one drum to the other with such wonderful rapidity that spectators could hardly follow the movements of his hands and body.

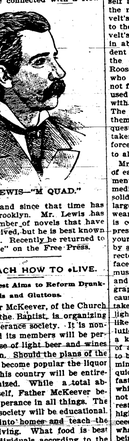
Mrs. Beecher Still at Work.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher is now eighty-three years old—a slender woman of medium height, with a face that is described as faded and wrinkled, but has lines of strength and determination in it, while her voice is strong and her mind clear. Mrs. Beecher has contributed many articles to periodicals during the last few years, and found literary work profitable and pleasant.

"M. QUAD."

A Man Who Has Made All Christendom Laugh.

Charles B. Lewis, better known by his pen-name of "M. Quad," was born in northern Ohio early in the forties, and, after receiving a common school education, learned the printer's trade. Desiring to better his condition, and hearing of an opening in Maysville, Ky., he started for that place. The steamboat on which he took passage was blown to atoms by the explosion of its boiler, and for several months Mr. Lewis hovered between life and death in a Cincinnati hospital. When the war broke out he went to the front with the Seventh Michigan cavalry, and served with his regiment throughout the conflict. After being mustered out he went to Michigan and again took up the printer's trade. He was connected for a time with the Pontiac Bill Poster, and then drifted to Lansing, where one winter he was engaged to act as legislative correspondent for the Detroit Free Press. He subsequently went to Detroit and became a reporter for the Free Press, continuing his connection with that paper for over twenty-five years. He made himself and his paper famous with his short stories and articles depicting the humorous and pathetic phases of city life. A few years ago he became connected with a New York paper, and since that time has resided in Brooklyn. Mr. Lewis has written a number of novels that have been well received, but he is best known as a humorist. Recently he returned to his "old home" on the Free Press.



C. B. LEWIS—"M QUAD."

WILL TEACH HOW TO «LIVE.

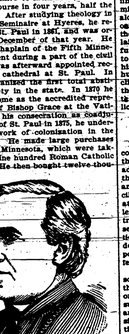
Pittsburg Priest Aims to Reform Drunkards and Gluttons.

Rev. Father McKeever, of the Church of St. John the Baptist, is organizing a novel temperance society. It is nonsectarian and its members will be permitted the use of light beer and wines in moderation. Should the plans of the organization become popular the liquor business of this country will be entirely revolutionized. While a total abstainer himself, Father McKeever believes in temperance in all things. The work of his society will be educational. It is to go into homes and teach the science of living. What food is best suited to individuals according to the work they do, and how to prepare it, the amounts necessary for the preservation of health and strength will be taught them. For those who desire alcoholic stimulants the use of beer and light wines will be advocated. Whisky, brandy, gin, rum, Father McKeever relegates to the apothecaries, where they are to be secured as medicine by prescription. The practice of treating will be discontinued. Father McKeever is arranging for a mass meeting at which his ideas will be explained. He is pastor of one of the largest Roman Catholic churches in this city. He also proposes to reform people who eat too much.

BISHOP IRELAND.

Biographical Sketch of a Much Talked About Catholic Prelate.

Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, as a orator, has gained a national reputation. He was born in Burnchurch county, Kilkenny, Ireland, Sept. 11, 1838. His parents emigrated to the United States when he was a boy, and settled in St. Paul, Minn. He went to Paris in September, 1853, entered the Petit Seminaire of Meximieux, and finished the course in four years, half the usual time. After studying theology in the Grand Seminaire at Hyeres, he returned to St. Paul in 1861, and was ordained in December of that year. He served as chaplain of the First Minnesota regiment during a part of the civil war, and was afterwards appointed rector of the cathedral at St. Paul. In 1875 he organized the first total abstinence society in the state. In 1879 he went to Rome as the accredited representative of Bishop Grace at the Vatican. After his consecration as coadjutor bishop of St. Paul in 1875, he undertook the work of colonization in the Northwest. He made large purchases of land in Minnesota, which were taken up by nine hundred Roman Catholic colonists. He then bought twelve thousand acres of land with equally satisfactory results. In 1887 he was appointed archbishop of St. Paul.



BISHOP IRELAND.

Riding Astride.

The "new woman" is only copying article of the ancient dames when she rides astride, as is now the fashion of the royal princesses and the leading equestriennes of both England and America. Joan of Arc rode astride at the head of the French army, and Queen Elizabeth used to ride to falcon hunts in this fashion behind Lord Leicester. It was only in the sixteenth century that the side saddle came into use in England, and women rode astride in Germany until the close of the eighteenth century. In most foreign countries the fashion of riding on one side has never been adopted by women.

PARTY MEN AGHAST.

LAWMAKERS GET NO SHOW IN NEW YORK.

No More Liquor to Be Sold on Sunday—Theodore Roosevelt Has Caused the Liquor Men No End of Worriment—A Determined Man.

IN THE REALM of American public affairs the most interesting topic of the past few weeks has been the enforcement of the laws against Sunday liquor selling, by the police commissioners of New York City. Theodore Roosevelt as president of the new police board has taken the astonishing ground that he will observe his oath of office and respect the laws. New York has never been so shocked and surprised in all its 229 years of existence. The great politicians are aghast and are declaring that the party will be ruined. They protest that it was not for this that they helped to elect the reform ticket last November. Mr. Roosevelt's intrepidity seems even to have disconcerted Mayor Strong himself a very little, but upon the whole the mayor evidently likes Mr. Roosevelt's logic and intends to support him to the end. It happens that Mr. Roosevelt's colleagues on the police board are in absolute harmony with their president and are as actively committed to the execution of the policy as Mr. Roosevelt himself. Col. Frederick Grant, who is one of the commissioners, has not forgotten that his illustrious father used to say that the best way to deal with an unpopular law is to enforce it. The police commissioners do not give themselves much concern with the question whether the law is wise or mistaken. They simply stand upon its enforcement until the legislature chooses to alter it.

Mr. Roosevelt is a veritable dynamo of earnestness, force, and physical and mental energy. In build he is of the medium height, broad, very thick-set, solid, and muscular. Even through the large-lensed glasses he is obliged to wear when at work he looks boyish and is constantly thus referred to in the press. That is because he is not only young, but his youth has been preserved by an active outdoor life rationally directed. He has a plump, almost round face, thick brown hair, the small light mustache of a younger man than he is, and snapping blue eyes. His photographs make him look a little stern because they fail that I have seen) are taken with his glasses off and the strong light makes him half close his eyes, like a man influenced by a stern resolution, or character. In reality, he is a kindly, genial, happy man, too full of animal spirits and too fond of fun to be stern except on rare occasions. His mind works so quickly, and he is so quick in every impulse, that he talks fast and seems to explode his words, which fly from him in short volleys, not in a loud tone, but with only half-restrained energy. He is noted for his high ideals, but he is nevertheless exceedingly practical. I asked him once what he expected to be or dreamed of being when he was a boy, and he said: "I do not recollect that I dreamed at all or planned at all. I simply obeyed the injunction, 'whatever thy hand findeth to do, that do with all thy might,' and so I took up what came along as it came. Since then I have gone on Lincoln's motto, 'Do the best; it not, then the best possible.' He has never laid up anything to be carried out in future. Whatever has occurred to him to do that he has done at once with all his might and main, whether it was hunting bears or writing books, or climbing mountains. And in that way the whole country has seen him as at the task of reforming the New York police.—Julian Ralph.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Napoleon's Industry.

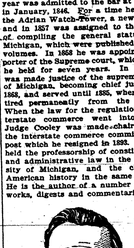
Before the time when the campaign could open in the spring of 1800 all these parts were intended to be, and actually were, running smoothly; but they were running by the inspiration and activity of a single man. The council of state was his greater self, the senate his instrument of governing; the legislative body was as silent as the tribunate. The senate—neither was a serious check on his plans. Legislation of the greatest importance was under way; it was devised for the purposes of centralization, and was studied in detail by the First Consul. Administration was proceeding with scarcely any friction whatsoever; but this was because Bonaparte kept his eye on each separate office, and carefully superintended its working. By special arrangement foreign relations were considered and settled in secret consultation by the chief of state and Talleyrand, not the latter never pretended that in unravelling the threads of an tangled week, or in their skillful rearrangement, the initiative was his. Carnot, a his old work, with his old genius unimpaired, needed little encouragement but even in his department every corps, every battalion, every regiment, every company of all the army—cavalry, infantry or artillery of every class, conscript, soldier, reserve or honorguard—each and all were known to the First Consul.

Incredible and exaggerated as such statements must appear, the testimony to their truth is so abundant and unimpeachable that it seems to the reader as if at this crisis there had amazed in Europe a being neither human, divine nor celestial, but a being, with superhuman powers of endurance, application and labor, an angel without perfection, a demon without malevolence. For, on the whole, Bonaparte's work, while replete with dangerous expedients, and, as the future conclusively proved, inspired by self-seeking, was beneficent, constructive and permanent in regard not merely to France, but to Europe and the world.—Professor Sloane's Life of Napoleon in the August Century.

JUDGE THOMAS M. COOLEY.

Sketch of One of America's Most Eminent Legal Lights.

Judge Thomas M. Cooley was born in Attica, N. Y., Jan. 6, 1824. He began the study of law in Palmyra, N. Y., in 1842, and removing to Michigan the next year was admitted to the bar at Adrian in January, 1846. For a time he edited the Adrian Watch-Tower, a newspaper, and in 1857 was assigned to the work of compiling the general statutes of Michigan, which were published in two volumes. In 1858 he was appointed reporter of the Supreme court, which office he held for seven years. In 1859 he was made justice of the supreme court of Michigan, becoming chief justice in 1868, and served until 1885, when he retired permanently from the bench. When the law for the regulation of interstate commerce went into effect Judge Cooley was made chairman of the interstate commerce commission, a post which he resigned in 1893. He has held the professorship of constitutional and administrative law in the University of Michigan, and the chair of American history in the same college. He is the author of a number of legal works, digests and commentaries, that are much used in the profession, and has written a history of the governments of Michigan.



THOMAS M'INTYRE COOLEY.

The Cigarette.

It is puzzling to account for the different status of the cigarette in England and the United States. Here it is very rare to find a man past middle life smoking cigarettes, yet the statement is made on good authority that Herbert Spencer, who is seventy-five, smokes them, and it is noticeable in reading the personal gossip or London weekly papers that the same fact, from a disagreeable (somewhere's point of view) is alleged against many men of prominence in public life. When Edmund Yates told the story of her fondness for cigarettes it was repeated, and it shocked many American readers; but Miss Faithfull was not unique among English ladies in this indulgence. In the case of men, perhaps the inferior quality of their cigars and the proximity of France on the continent may account for the preference given the cigarette.

Malbe's Tells.

An interesting anecdote is being told in New York about Mme. Melba. The recent concert, she took the part of the queen in "The Huguenots" at a performance at the Hotel Savoy. During the performance a little child became excited and running to its mother, who was in the audience, cried in another manner: "Listen, mamma, birdie, birdie!" The effect was magical. The audience broke forth into a storm of applause. After the performance the great singer said: "Nothing has ever pleased me more in all the things that have been said of me in all my life."

Story of Tom Reed.

After he was graduated from Bowdoin college ex-Speaker Reed thought seriously of becoming a minister, but he studied law instead of divinity, and went to Portland to hang out his shingle. The story of his admission to the bar then is interesting. "You," said the judge, "is the legal tender act constitutional?" "It is," answered the young lawyer, who knew his examiner's bent. "You shall be admitted," said the judge, and the ceremony was at an end. Three years later Mr. Reed was back in his native home and a member of the legislature.

Make the Receipts.

Hamilton W. Mabie, the essayist and editor, is frequently mistaken for an Englishman, probably because of his accent and manner of speaking. He is a man of lively mind and lively talk in his face. He happens, however, to be a native of Cooperstown, but born at Cold Springs, New York, fifty years ago. He is a man of attractive personality, and he has found out door life as his writings make others. His summer home is in the mountains of Sullivan county, New York.

Stanley's Remarkable Career.

Between John Rowlands, otherwise Howell Jones, walk from a British poorhouse, and Henry M. Stanley, member of parliament, there extends a career of adventure and vicissitude as dramatic as anything in romantic novels. As cabin boy, confederate soldier, Indian fighter, reporter, war correspondent and African explorer, Stanley has had a life of rare interest, and now, at fifty-five, he secures a place in British politics equal to the one he gained in London society by his marriage to Miss Dorothy Tennant, the celebrated "Dodo." The ex-explorer has lived in London for some years, and the social of the time has been more interested in bics books than in Dark Continents. He has grown stouter with his life of ease.

A 3-year-old boy has been sent to the reform school from Rockford on the horse-stealing.

IN BUYING
FALL GOODS,
Please Remember
A FEW POINTS FOR YOUR INTEREST:
FIRST— That we can save you money on your Boots & Shoes, from coarsest to finest quality, as we bought them before the advance in prices.
SECOND— That our Underwear, Yarns, Flannels and Hosiery never were sold as cheap as they are to be the present season.
THIRD— That we have a complete line of Rubbers, Knit Goods, Felts, Mittens and Gloves, &c., which we will guarantee to sell as low as anybody can sell them. Yours respectfully,
J. ROLLER & CO.

SMITH & ADAMS, Jackson, Mich.,
Headquarters for
LUMBER
LATH, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, INTERIOR FINISH, COLUMNS, BRACKETS,
And all kinds of Porch Material. Special bills sawed at our own Saw Mill.
Place Your Orders Now
Before the usual Fall advance in prices. Mail and Telephone Orders promptly attended to.
If you want to save some money,
SEND US YOUR ORDERS.
SMITH & ADAMS, JACKSON, MICHIGAN.
401 to 429 North Jackson Street.

It's Time
TO DO YOUR BUYING.
And here is the place to buy your CLOTHING. We make Reductions that will make you wonder how we can stand it. See and compare. It will be a lesson in economy that will be a benefit to your purse.
MENS' SUITS, $5.00
Clay Worsted for $10.
Come in and see if you ever saw one better. Just received new samples of Fall Cloths. We order from your measure and guarantee a fit and also to please you. Give us a call, for it is no trouble to show goods.
JOHN WUERTHNER.

We Give Credit
For the Money you pay us on
A PARLOR SUITE,
A BEDROOM SUITE,
A ROCKER, TABLE, Couch or
Any Goods in our line and
WE TRUST YOU
For the balance, you paying us a certain amount every month.
BUY NOW!
And have the comfort and enjoyment of the Goods. Call and see us.
JENTER & RAUSCHENBERGER,
Funeral Directors and Dealers in Furniture, Manchester.

Manchester Enterprise
By MAT D. BLOSSER.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1895.

RACE-Y ITEMS CAUGHT

As they passed along.

Whew! what hot nights.

Farmers have begun cutting corn.

Some farmers have begun seeding.

Housewives are busy canning fruit.

W. C. Mack has a change of advertisement.

The weather reports do not fit this locality.

Robison & Koebbe have a new advertisement.

The orientals took in $1 members Tuesday night.

Go to the hall and get hypnotized tomorrow night.

Wm. Bortless shipped a carload of hogs east, Tuesday.

The weather has been very warm the past few days.

Work on the methodist church is progressing finely.

The council appointed several extra policemen for duty today.

They are driving a new well at the corner of Jefferson and Waters streets.

Our merchants dressed their places of business very showily this morning.

There was no school this afternoon on account of this being a day of sports.

It looked very much like rain this morning but just a sprinkle was all we got.

Kimble & Schmid have received a carload of lumber to be made into celery boxes.

The streets were cleaned and put in trim yesterday morning, for the day of sports.

The village is full of strangers today and they act as though they had money to burn.

There will be no services at Emanuel's church on Sunday. Sunday school at 11 a. m.

The stars and stripes are seen floating from the top of the high school building every school day now.

Wm. Rehfuss shipped a load of cattle and hogs to Toledo, Monday and will ship a load of cattle to Buffalo Saturday.

The baptist aid society will meet with Mrs. Raby, next Thursday afternoon, Sept. 19, from 2:30 until 6 o'clock.

F. E. Mills, secretary of the Washtenaw fair, has kindly sent us a complimentary ticket good for four days, Sept. 24 27.

Our advertisers are all hustling for trade, and it will pay anyone in search of bargains to scan our advertising columns closely.

About 25 members of the C. E. of Emanuel's church went to Freedom last Sunday evening to attend the mission festival.

A base ball nine from here went to Sharon Saturday to play a game with that team, winning the game by a score of 26 to 8.

The streets were repaired with gravel last week and are now free from "chuck holes," which were caused by the extreme dry weather.

Wm. Fahrbach finished up a fine steer of Chas. Merriman, for shipment east on Saturday. He will weigh upwards of 1,500 pounds.

A special examination of teachers for third grade certificates will be held at the high school building in this village on Friday, Sept. 20th.

T. J. Thorne caught some small boys in his apple orchard Tuesday night and gave them such a severe fright we hardly think they will coon melons again soon.

Elder Jas. Perrin will preach in the universalist church on Sunday at 3 p. m. Subject: "The coming of Christ in the clouds of heaven the next great event in the world's drama."

We call attention to the unique advertisement of "our only shoe store," which will be found in another column. Fred Briegel is a good shoemaker and an excellent judge of shoes.

Our readers, if in search of a place to buy goods at a reasonable price, should read the new advertisement of Roller & Co. They will be pleased to show goods whether you buy or not.

The electric lights failed to glow Sunday and Monday nights owing to the fact that the flume at the power house was being repaired. It is hoped that we shall now get better service.

The adjourned school meeting to take into consideration the building of an annex to the central building or the building of a new ward school, will be held at the school chapel on Monday night.

The Freese-Whittelsey Co., of Clinton are enlarging their store and will have one of the largest and finest stores in Lenawee county. It you doubt it give them a call. Read their new advertisement in another column.

The premium list of the 47th annual fair of Washtenaw county, which is to be held at Ann Arbor, Tuesday to Friday, Sept. 24-27, has been placed on our table. It is neatly gotten up and contains an attractive advertisement of the Enterprise.

Run in from other Towns

By our Correspondents.

SHARON.

Wm. Myers' new barn is nearly completed.

Mrs. Jennie Cushman went to Ypsilanti Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Campbell and daughter Jennie went to Ann Arbor Saturday to attend the funeral of a relative.

Mrs. Bert Osborn of Rochester, N. Y., who has been visiting at W. B. Osborn, left for home yesterday, accompanied by Miss Hattie Osborn.

BROOKLYN

Attorney Sheckel was in Jackson Saturday.

Mrs. J. A. Cruse visited in Jackson last week.

Bert Porter of Tomahawk, Wis., is the guest of his parents, in town.

E. Wilber, the Monroe street blacksmith, is in Grand Rapids this week.

Frank Fitzgerald is papering, painting and furnishing his residence on east main street.

Mr. & Mrs. Frank Stephenson and Webber, the laundryman, are making preparations to drive through to Kentucky.

Our citizens were treated to a street concert Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings by a quartette of gospel singers. The village turned out en masse to hear them.

FREEDOM.

Paul Schaible went to Elmhurst, Ill., Tuesday to attend school.

Rev. Meister will drive to Adrian after morning services Sunday, to attend a mission festival.

On Monday Rev. Irion's black mare caught its foot in a barbed wire fence, lacerating it so badly that she died from loss of blood and internal injuries, 15 minutes after being found to be hurt.

The mission services at Bethels church last Sunday were largely attended, the church at both the morning and afternoon meetings not being able to accommodate the great concourse of people. In the evening the new chandeliers which were bought by the ladies' society were used for the first time. The pleasant weather induced people from all the neighboring towns, even from Chelsea, Dexter and Saline, to attend the interesting meetings. Rev. Voegtling, clad in the white garment of a chinese mandarin, gave a sketch of his experiences among the chinamen. The contribution amounted to $175.38.

NORVELL.

T. B. Halladay left Tuesday for a month's visit in Dakota.

Miss Ella Hay is teaching school in the Hess district, Columbia.

Miss Cora Ordway of Lansing is a guest at Mr. & Mrs. Lewis Bower's.

Our advertisers are all hustling for trade, and it will pay anyone in search of bargains to scan our advertising columns closely.

C. P. Bancroft went to Jackson Tuesday to commence his duties as a juryman.

The Cobb Bros., are putting down a flowell for John Kay in his celery marsh.

Farmers have begun thrashing beans this week, with a fairly good yield per acre.

Norvell is in need of more dwellings as there is not a vacant house in the village.

Geo. B. Hurlbut, W. C. Pratt and Chas. Ashley were Detroit passengers last week.

Lyman Tracy has gone to Kalamazoo college, where he will study for the ministry.

Mr. & Mrs. Chancy Bisbridger and daughter Pearl are visiting relatives near Battle Creek.

Miss Emma Frey attended the missionary meeting at Bethels church, Freedom, last Sunday.

Mrs. Nancy Merrill is improving the looks of her place by having her house painted.

Parker Palmer of Owosso is making his relatives a visit during his vacation from the casket factory.

Melvin Cone made a business trip to Jackson Monday on his wheel. He is talking of buying a farm in Ingham county.

Mrs. Nellie Gardner of Pinckney was in town last week. While here she sold her home and lot in the village to John Allen.

Charles Yarrington of Milford made a short call on friends Sunday, returning home Monday. He came out to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, Benj. Smith of Napoleon.

Several of our citizens are thinking of attending the day of sport at Manchester, Thursday. Hoos'ier will remember their failings and not try to catch the fireworks in their hats.

A lawsuit that drew out a large attendance and lasted until midnight, was tried last Friday at the town hall. It seems that D. R. Ayers had given Abbie D. Ayers, his sister, a bill of sale of his personal property, including wheat in the barn, to repay her for her services as housekeeper for him for several years. The bill of sale was given in November '94, and was not placed on record, and in the mean time Wm. Colver of Brooklyn obtained a judgment against Ayers and on the 5th day of August sent Wm. Ambler, a deputy sheriff, to levy on property to satisfy said judgment. He was forbidden to take the wheat, by Miss Ayers, and was informed that she had a bill of sale of the same, which she offered to show him, but he refused to see same, saying that it was no good for the reason that it was not on file. Miss Ayers employed the services of A. J. Waters and replevied the wheat on the 14th of August, just as it was being offered for sale by the sheriff. The suit was ably defended by John F. Kendall, but notwithstanding, the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff on first ballot.

WAMPLER'S LAKE.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. Frank English is improving.

Miss Clara Boomer commenced school in Cambridge last week Monday.

Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Frederick of Columbia visited relatives here last Sunday.

Miss Dora Bommer commenced teaching school near Devil's lake on Monday.

A rattlesnake struck at E. D. Main three times a few days ago, before he killed it.

A. E. Wells, of the resort hotel, would like to rent the old Wells homestead in Franklin.

Mrs. John Cruse of Brooklyn visited her parents, Mr. & Mrs. E. D. Main, last week, and Mr. Cruse was there over Sunday.

BRIDGEWATER STATION.

Dr. Alton spent Sunday with friends in Manchester.

Cora Gauss of Saline spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. John Puhl and children of Detroit spent Saturday with Mrs. Fred Schmid.

Rev. A. Schoen of Waterville is visiting his parents at this place.

Chas. Hutzel of Ann Arbor came over Sunday morning on his wheel and spent the day with his parents.

James Burns of Rathbdrum, Idaho, was in town last week renewing old acquaintances. He went from here to Detroit to visit relatives. Mr. B. looks as though the "wooly" west agreed with him.

BRIDGEWATER.

Mrs. Dennis Van Duyo, who has been seriously ill, is improving slowly.

Isaac Brangwain and Geo. Taggett started Tuesday on their return drive to Dero.

Mrs. H. C. Calhoun has been visiting her brothers, Dr. E. N. and A. H. Palmer of Brooklyn.

There being a scarcity of water for his stock, Arthur Lowery, had Wurster Bros., of Manchester put up another wind-mill in his pasture lot.

Mr. & Mrs. Ed. Mahrle and family of Norvell visited her parents, Mr. & Mrs. X. Baner, and attended the mission services at Bethel church in Freedom last Sunday.

The cattle guards on the Ypsilanti branch do not prevent stock from getting on the track. Monday night four head of horses belonging to Joe Faulhaber broke out of pasture and strayed east several miles, coming west again on the track and then Tuesday morning stopped and whistled until the frightened animals ran across the guards into the road again.

IRON CREEK.

Albert W. Dorr visited at this place the past week.

Several farmers have begun wheat seeding in this vicinity.

Michael Heinzle is the new school director in district No. 9.

Miss Mary Bauer of Jackson is visiting her parents this week.

S. L. Palmer was elected for a fourth term as director of school district No. 5.

Mr. & Mrs. John Green of Monroe county have been visiting relatives hereabout the past week.

Mrs. Van Valkenburg and Mr. & Mrs. R. P. Bauer visited at C. M. Cooley's the fore part of the week.

The social to have been at J. R. Holmes' Thursday afternoon and evening of this week has been postponed until Thursday afternoon and evening of next week.

The school meeting in district No. 8 approved the government of its officers the past year by electing the appointees: C. M. Cooley director, and S. B. Decker, moderator.

Every farmer, every mechanic, every manufacturer in the county, who raises, invents or manufactures anything worthy of exhibition, ought to take it to the county fair. The managers offer liberal premiums and are doing everything to accommodate exhibitors. They also furnish a attraction of various kinds and encourage horsemen and others to compete for speed premiums. The merchants are given space in which to show their goods and artists and skilled workmen and women are encouraged to display their talents. Some people say that a "county fair is the same old thing," others say "I went to the world's fair and there will be nothing new to see at the county fair." Pshaw, what nonsense. This is a world of progression and new things are being invented every day. Even if they were not, why not go to our fair and see how our products compare with what we saw at the world's fair. There will be a special train from Manchester to Ann Arbor on the 25th and 26th, so there will be no need to remain away on account of railroad accommodations. Get ready and take the whole family.

A Free Press despatch from Ann Arbor claims that Miss Mary Purfield of that city has eloped with a man named George Paltridge of Kalamazoo, an old lover of hers, and married him, leaving a man named Weiss, upon whom her affections had been recently bestowed, to mourn.

Go to Arbeiter hall Friday and Saturday evenings, Sept. 13 and 14, and hear Prof. FINK, who makes his subjects laugh, cry, sing, fight, dance, drink or perform any act he requires of them. See advertisement.

I. N. Cross, aged 65 years, was thrown from his wagon at Ypsilanti Tuesday and struck on the back of his head, paralyzing his whole body.

The Ann Arbor ministers are opposed to the sale of liquor at the county fair and wish Supt. Mills to grant no permits.

A large line of Flower Pots—Kensler's
See Kensler's line of Crockery before you buy.
You can get Potato Peach and Onion Crates at Kimble & Schmid's factory.
Call at Miss J. A. Hough's, in the Gwinner block opposite the hotel, for fine millinery.
If you want papers to put under carpets or on the pantry shelves, come to the ENTERPRISE office.

Commercial.

HomeMarkets.

APPLES—Dull, 25c@30c per bu. 75c @30c per bbl.
BUTTER—Good demand for good stock at 10c@14c lb.
BEANS—35c@$1 per bu.
BEEF—Live, 2½@4c per lb; extra good, 4½c per lb.
CABBAGE—Dull at 3c per head.
CELERY—30c bunch.
EGGS—Good demand, 11c@12c ⅌ doz.
HOGS—Live, 3½@3¾c ⅌ lb.
HIDES—Beef, 5c@6½c lb; veal, 6c@7c lb
LARD—7½c per lb.
MELONS—Water, 3@5c; Musk, 3c@5c each.
OATS—Dull 20c@21c bu.
ONIONS—25c@30c bu.
PEARS—Good demand 35c@50c per bu
PEACHES—50c@75c per bu.
POTATOES—Dull, 25c per bu.
POULTRY—Good demand. Live, old, 6c ⅌ lb. Spring chicken, live, 7c, Ducks 7c, Turkeys 7c, Geese 6c.
RYE—Lower, 40c per bu.
SHEEP-PELTS—10c@30c
TOMATOES—25c@30c per bu.
TALLOW—3c@3½c per lb.
WHEAT—Dull and lower, at 52c@55c ⅌ bushel.
WOOL—Firm. Unwashed. 10c, washed 12c@14c lb.

Restores Gray Hair to Natural Color
"More than a year ago, my hair began turning gray and falling out. Though I tried many remedies for it, nothing I used satisfied me until I commenced to use
AYER'S Hair Vigor
After using one bottle of this preparation, my hair was restored to its natural color, and ceased falling out."—Mrs. HUZZANNA BOW E. 68th St., New York, N. Y.
Prevents Hair from Falling Out.

Prof. J. V. FINK, Hypnotist,
At Arbeiter Hall, Friday and Saturday, SEPT. 13 & 14.
The funniest show on Earth.
FINK Produces more Laughter than any show on the road.
Come and be convinced.
ALL SHOW—No Waiting Between Acts.
Remember the date—SEPT. 13 & 14, Friday and Saturday.
Admission—
Children under 12, 15c
Adults, 25c.
Dinner set on exhibition in the window of Robison &

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Notice to the Public.

Advertisers wishing to change their advertisements, must get the copy to us so the work can be done as early on Tuesday as possible. It will be set after the paper is out and be inserted the next week.

Advertisers wishing additional space should inform us of the amount desired as many days before publication day as possible, in order that we may arrange for it.

Notice of church socials and meetings, free; but notices of any kind where a fee or admission is charged must be paid for the same as other business announcements.

Those having business at the probate court are requested to ask Judge Halbitt to read their prize in the Enterprise office.

Birth, marriage and death notices, free. Obituary notices, five cents a line.

Card of Thanks, five cents a line.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1895.

If the ruination of any boy is desired let him roam the streets at will. There is nothing that will ruin a boy so quickly as unwatched liberty. It is during these light carousals that he learns the vulgarism which later on will grow to something worse, and the idea of having so little respect for himself or those around him. Parents, try and find something for your boy to do at home evenings; give him good papers and books. Let him have his associates come to the house occasionally and see if you cannot do something to entertain them, then they will not care to go out upon the streets.

The Enterprise is 29 years old. In presenting this number the publisher desires to thank his old and new subscribers for their patronage. There are many names now on the list that he wrote in the subscription book before the first paper was published and it is a great pleasure for him to see them there now, and hopes that they will remain for many years to come. His thanks are also due to those who have lately become subscribers, as well as to other patrons, and he hopes by making the Enterprise what it has long enjoyed the reputation of being—one of the best newspapers in the state, and by fair and honorable as well as gentlemanly treatment to all, to merit not only a continuance of their favors but also an additional number of friends.

The law provides that "every parent, guardian or other person in the state having charge of any child between the ages of 8 and 14 years, and in the cities between the ages of 7 and 16 years, shall be required to send such child to public schools for a period of at least four months in each school year, beginning on the first Monday of the first term commencing in his or her district after Sept. 1, 1895, and of each year thereafter. The attendance shall be consecutive and each and every pupil between the ages specified shall have attended school the entire four months previous to June 30 in each school year." The law provides for the appointment of a truant officer in each school district who shall enforce it, and also that if it is shown that a child is being properly taught in a private school or lives over two miles from a school, or is physically unable to attend school, such child shall be exempt from the provisions of the act. Failure to comply with the provisions of the law will subject the offending parent or guardian to a fine of from $5 to $50 or to imprisonment in the county jail for not less than two nor more than 90 days.

More Room Needed.

It is very gratifying to us to know that the parents and taxpayers of this village have at last awakened to a realization of the fact that our schools are overcrowded and that it is necessary to have more room in order to give their children proper educations.

The Enterprise has been talking along this line for several years, but the excuse offered for the delay was the expense to be incurred and a consequent increase of taxes. We think the time for expense," has been the cry, and the school board has faithfully heeded the warning until now the people seem to see that there is need of more room and more teachers in order to relieve the overcrowded condition of our school.

The following figures show the school census and number of children enrolled during the past 13 years:—

1884	Number of children	431	attending 365
1885		456	383
1886		4,450	304
1887		462	305
1888		427	366
1889		472	366
1890		413	334
1891		410	304
1892		414	327
1893		414	315
1894		420	372
1895		407	397

This is an average of 347 or about 58 pupils to each room, and we believe that every fair-minded man will argue that that is too many for any teacher to handle, not to say do justice to.

The proposition made by the school board at the annual meeting was to either build another ward school, an annex to the central building or put a partition through the chapel.

Rough plans and estimates of cost will be submitted by the board at the meeting on Monday evening. The expense of a ward school will perhaps be $5,500, of an annex $3,400.

It will be for our tax payers to say what shall be done and whether the work shall be done now or next summer. The sooner the work is done the sooner will the benefits be derived. Perhaps it might interfere too much with the school to have the work done now.

Washtenaw County.

The premium list of the Chelsea fair, Sept. 18 20, is out.

Henry Gilbert of Chelsea, aged 60, died Monday of heart failure.

Washtenaw county oddfellows have a picnic at Whitmore lake, Friday.

Mrs. Sarah H. Olney, widow of the late Prof. Olney, died Tuesday night at Ann Arbor, of cancer.

One of the attractions at the county fair will be the children's bicycle contest. M. Stabeler will offer a bicycle to the boy or girl with the biggest foot.

A T. Bruegel of S. Fifth avenue, at the corner of Packard street, had a number of his bardy hydrangeas stripped of their bloom last Friday night, and he offers $10 reward for information that will lead to the capture of the thief.—Courier.

Link Mott's perpetual motion machine is in "limbo." It was known that all parts of the machine had been patented except the "slot" arrangement. It now turns out, it seems, that this part had also been patented.—Ypsilanti Commercial.

Michael Brenner has bought the Franklin house property, corner of W. Huron and Ashley streets. This sale is of interest upon which the city can congratulate itself, as Mr. Brenner is a man who will fit it up and keep it in tip top shape.—Courier.

Robert, youngest son of Matthew Schabie, of Freedom, had the misfortune to lose his father's team last Saturday evening in such a manner as to break his left arm above the wrist and also above the elbow. Dr. Wessinger reduced the fracture.—Times.

It certainly does not speak well for the generosity of the citizens of Ann Arbor that rooms can not be found to accommodate five or six hundred delegates to the M. E. conference, when 4,000 or more students are accommodated here with rooms year, and there are always plenty of rooms to spare. It has a stingy penurious look to it someway, one that our citizens are not credited with possessing to any great extent.—Courier.

Lenawee County.

The plans and specifications for a new depot at Tecumseh are said to be ready.

H. H. Ferguson, secretary of the Lenawee county fair, which is to be held at Adrian, Sept. 22-27, has kindly furnished the Enterprise with a complimentary ticket.

A tablet has been placed in the episcopal church at Tecumseh, which reads: "In memorium. Josiah Phelps, born June 14, 1820; died, Jan. 24, 1895. For 22 years rector of this parish."

George B. Holmes of Franklin narrowly escaped being crushed to death while building a rock wall. He caught his right leg and arm, fracturing the bones. He is able to be around with the aid of a crutch.

Paul, the four-year-old son of A. E. Palmer of the Tecumseh company at Adrian, was missing Monday and his parents supposed he had wandered away and was lost. Later he was found dead in the barn under a bale of tow.

The contention over the trade name of the Clinton glove company, was settled in the circuit court this morning by Judge Lane, who restrained the new company from assuming to be the successors of the Woodward & Greenleaf company, but holding that the latter had not acquired any proprietary right to the title of the Clinton Glove Co., and permitting the new company to use that name.—Times.

Sunday visitors at Devil's lake were entertained by an exhibition given by Prof. Talmadge on a water bicycle, which he pumped around the lake with almost the ease of a wheelman on a good road. The machine, which he built himself, is constructed of two canvas canoes, eight feet long, 22 inches wide and six inches deep, fastened together at either end by strips, upon which is fixed a frame. Two wheels, which operate with pedals, and attached to which are eight paddles, form the motive power, the handle bars serving as the rudder. It's a great invention.—Times.

A Dundee dispatch of Saturday says: The body found here in a Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw box car last Monday with a revolver in his hand and bullet in his head, has been partly identified by a man by the name of Kehoe, he claiming that the picture of the man found resembles that of his brother, Michael Kehoe, living near Clinton, Mich. He visited the vault, examined the body, and claimed that the dead man had all the scars on leg and arm, also on his leg, that his broteer had, but he did not know his brother was missing, so he left for Clinton at once to see if his brother had left home and was missing. He expects to return Saturday with other relatives for further examination.—Times.

Jackson County Items.

The new Napoleon school building is occupied now.

Foster brothers were beaten by Kelly's corners club at Napoleon, Saturday.

R. S. Smith of Napoleon died last Thursday of heart failure. He was 82 years old.

Geo. H. Blair, prosecuting attorney of Jackson, having resigned, Gov. Rich commissioned his brother, Charles Blair, to fill the place.

The old soldiers and their families, of Napoleon, Columbia, Liberty, Somerset and other townships will picnic at Pleasant View, Clark's lake, Saturday, Sept. 14. All soldiers are invited to attend.—Exponent.

THE HUMAN RACE

Ever on the move.

Gust Kuhl is working for Dr. Lynch.

Dr. Kapp was in Ann Arbor Monday.

Frank Conklin spent Sunday in Jackson.

Milo Dickerson was in Jackson over Sunday.

Dennis Torrey is in the people's bank this week.

James Jones the Tecumseh tailor is in town today.

Albert Dorr has returned from his eastern trip.

Mrs. Norton of Jackson is visiting at Dr. Lynch's.

Miss Anna Maurer is now at work for Miss Pfister.

Fr. Heidenreich was in Detroit Friday and Saturday.

Prof. Thos. Moran left on Friday for Lafayette, Ind.

Rev. Wildis of Francisco is visiting at Rev. Schoettle's.

A. J. Waters went to the county seat on business, Monday.

Geo. J. Haeussler was in Chelsea on business, Monday.

Adolph Fanuel of Ann Arbor is visiting his parents today.

Geo. Kempf of Chelsea was in town yesterday and today.

Mrs. Lucy Poucher of Morenci is visiting at Mack Robison's.

Rev. Fr. Olen of Detroit is visiting Fr. Heidenreich this week.

Miss Rose Palmer is entertaining her brother from Bingham.

Gust and Henry Eisley of Chelsea spent Sunday here with friends.

Rev. Yokom has gone to Ann Arbor to attend the annual conference.

Gust Wuerthner of Tecumseh came here to attend the day of sports.

C. W. Case went to Detroit Tuesday to attend the bankers' convention.

Mrs. Ed. Kief and Miss Flora Campbell were in Tecumseh, Tuesday.

Henry Howard went to Jackson Saturday to clerk in a grocery store.

Rev. Schoettle will go to Adrian to attend a mission festival on Sunday.

Mrs. White of Ypsilanti visited her sister, Mrs. Fred Briegel, last week.

Miss Mae Henion has gone to Toledo to live with an aunt and attend school.

Mrs. Hiram Martin and Mrs. Wm. Freeman visited in Jackson last week.

Mrs. J. A. Stevens of Jackson visited her brother, M. T. Prout Esq., last week.

E. D. Main, our faithful Wampler's lake correspondent, was in town Monday.

Fred Burtless returned Tuesday night from an extended visit in Ohio and New York.

Wm. Burtless went to Detroit Tuesday afternoon to attend the bankers' convention.

Fred and George Field of the Tecumseh News visited their mother here over Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Osborn and daughter Clara of Grass Lake visited at Mat D. Blosser's Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Kempf of Chelsea visited Mrs. Haeussler part of Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. O. B. Taylor of Detroit visited Mrs. Geo. J. Haeussler Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Harlow Howard and children of Jackson came down this morning to visit relatives.

Elmer Schaffer of Jonesville is occupying his old place in Robison & Koebbe's this week.

Susie Belmont goes from here to Plymouth where she makes an ascension on Friday next.

"Tommy Mack" drove over from Chelsea last evening to be ready for the day of sports.

Ernest Kuenzler went to Elmhurst, Ill., Monday, to resume his studies at the university.

Miss Julia Martin and Miss Edith Kapp went to Ypsilanti yesterday to attend the normal school.

Miss Orrell Grigsby of Allegan came here Monday to teach in the primary department of the union school.

John Braun and daughter Katie, and John Keck went to Lodi yesterday to attend the funeral of John Jedele.

We learn that Witherell won his suit at Ann Arbor Tuesday. He had been playing to a loosing game heretofore.

Mrs. H. Townsend is in Adrian taking care of her grandchildren, while Mr. & Mrs. Frank Cantrick take a trip to Boston.

Walter C. Mack of Ann Arbor was in town yesterday for the first time in five weeks. He bought an immense stock of goods when in New York.

Mr. & Mrs. N. W. Holt went to Detroit last Thursday to see her sister, Miss Maude Cleveland who was playing at the Bow-Jed Beatie in "Kentucky Girl."

Eugene Hill and Mr. Will of Jackson passed through here on Sunday on a tandem wheel, made by the latter. They expected to go to Clinton and Ann Arbor.

We had a pleasant call Monday afternoon from Philip Blum of Ann Arbor, advance agent and general hustler for the Washtenaw county fair, which is to be held Sept. 24-27.

Opening of the Day of Sports.

The day of sports to-day opened under very favorable conditions. Although it was cloudy and looked like rain early in the morning, the sun soon came out and a refreshing breeze sprang up, so that by 10 o'clock the weather conditions were all that could be wished for.

The crowd of amusement seekers that began to collect in the village last evening, was greatly added to by arrivals on the morning trains, also by farmers and others who drove in.

The Tipton band is on hand with their town uniforms.

The ball teams are also on hand and as we go to press, just before noon, Chelsea and Brooklyn are on the diamond. The score at the end of the 4th inning was, Brooklyn, 12; Chelsea, 8 Batteries—Brooklyn, Cole and Taylor: Chelsea, Jarden and Downey. The game promises to be a good one.

Reader, when you are preparing to come to town to do your trading, just pick up your home paper, glance at the advertising columns to see who wants your trade. We guarantee that if you trade with those who recognize the local paper as an incentive to their business they will save you money. The man who advertises certainly has inducements to offer you, or he would not ask you to come and see him before buying.

The editor of the Enterprise sent notices of our day of sports to the Tecumseh Herald and News, Clinton Leader, Brooklyn Exponent, Jackson Patriot, Grass Lake News, Chelsea Herald and Standard, Ann Arbor Argus and Saline Observer; all of which published the item with the exception of the Chelsea Herald and Ann Arbor Argus.

John G. Esch, administrator of the estate of John Esch deceased, will sell at auction on the Esch farm in Sharon, 21 miles west of Howe's corners, on Wednesday, Sept. 25, at 10 a. m., a quantity of stock, farming tools, buggies, harnesses, hay, grain, etc. A. C. Aylesworth will be the auctioneer.

Thousands of dollars are thrown away every year by not selecting the right medicine. Then poisoned by Ivy or Sumach, or when suffering from the painful effects of Hives, Elizir for the Blood is a guaranteed internal remedy. Sold by G. J. Haeussler in 25c and 50c bottles.

The County Fair News is the name of a mid-column folio gotten up by the officers of the Washtenaw county fair for free distribution. The copy just at hand contains much valuable information regarding the fair to be held Sept. 24-27. Send for a copy.

Prof. Fink appears at Arbeiter hall two nights only, Sept. 13 and 14. He is one of the most wonderful entertainers of the age and hear a subject discussed that effects every living person. No one mesmerized except those who wish to be.

Prof. Fink, hypnotist, will give entertainments at Arbeiter hall, Friday and Saturday evenings, Sept. 13 and 14. He comes well recommended as able to make lots of fun. See advertisement in another column.

B. G. Lovejoy is now ready to buy poultry and will pay the highest market prices. If you have any to sell please let him know or wait until he comes.

Lane Gulch.

Notice, All Village Tax not paid by Sept. 14th, 1895, will be handed to village attorney for collection. F. Steinkohl, Village Treasurer.

Pork, Lard, and Collodion at Kensler's

A full line of Garden Seeds at Kensler's

PEOPLE, Please Remember

Magazine Binding

In a neat and substantial manner and at reasonable prices.

For

Fashionable Millinery

GO TO

Misses PALMER & THOMPSON

Over the Union Savings Bank.

LADIES of Manchester

AND VICINITY, COME TO ME FOR

Spring & Summer Millinery

Goods, Latest Styles.

LOUISE PFISTER.

Commissioners' Notice.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. We the undersigned, have been appointed by the Probate Court for said County Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Mary Ann Clement, late of said County, deceased, with five months from date of said order, which is hereby ordered, that we will meet at the office of Warren Kimble, in the village of Manchester, in said county, on the 6th day of December and on the 6th day of March next, at 10 o'clock a. m., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated this 6th day of June, 1895.

WARREN KIMBLE,
MARCUS D. CASE,
Commissioners.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Mathilde Kindel deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted by the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, in the state of Michigan, on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1895, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder at the premises hereinafter described, in the township of Augusta, in said county, on the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all mortgages or encumbrances which may be lien on said premises at the time of said sale) the following described real estate, viz:

The north-east quarter of the north-west fractional quarter of section one (1) town four south, range five east, except a strip of land off the south-west fractional quarter of the north-west fractional quarter of said section one (1) town four south, range five east, and seven (7) acres of land on the north end of the south-east and south-west fractional quarter of said section one (1) fractional quarter of said section number two (2) all in Township four south of Range four east (Sylvan) containing one hundred and forty acres in all, according to the United States Survey.

Also the west half of the west half of the north-east fractional quarter of section twelve (12) in Town four south, Range four east (Bridgewater) in Washtenaw county, containing thirty-five acres and more or less.

PHILIP BLUM Jr.,
Administrator.

Dated Aug. 29, 1895.

OUR GREAT SALE

Will Positively Save You Money.

A long-felt want in Manchester: a place where you can find the latest shades and styles in Dress Goods and Clothing at prices you can find only at a Department store.

Dress Goods

DEPARTMENT:

36-inch Novelty Weave,	15c
36-inch Serge, all wool, in all colors,	25c
50-inch Serge, all Fall shades, worth 75c for	49c
50-inch Henrietta, imported, in all shades,	50c
50-inch Serge, imported, worth $1, for	75c
Dress Goods, 40-in., silk & wool crepone effects,	$1
54-inch all wool Beaver for capes and coats,	$1.50

NEW FALL SUITINGS.

50 Dress Patterns of 8 yards each in Mohair and Crepone effects, latest novelties worth 50c a yard, your choice per yard, 29c

Another lot of 50 Dress Patterns, something very choice for the coming season, per yd only 45c

50 Dress Patterns, silk and wool novelties, something very rich, per yard only 60c

50-inch Imported Dress Patterns, per yd., $1

15 pcs All Wool Flannels worth 40c yd., 25c

A full line of Silks in Morie, Gro. Grain, Taffeta and Bengaline weave.

Black Jet Trimmings are very popular. We have them in Points and Gymps, per yard, from 10c to 50c

Clothing

DEPARTMENT:

Here you can find all the latest styles and cuts in suits and Overcoats produced by the best factories in the country. We can safely guarantee every Garment.

Men's Suits, black, navy blue and mixed, cheviots, single and double-breasted sack. These goods are strictly all wool, made up first-class in every respect, heavy weight, worth at least $10, will be on sale for $6.40

Men's Suits, fine worsted, all FALL SHADES, in ALL Styles, every Suit WARRANTED, ONLY $10.50

Men's Suits, imported goods, latest novelties, all shades, worth $18, will be on sale for $13

We have a beautiful line of Dress Suits of the latest styles, made of the best imported goods.

We have also a full line of Overcoats and Ulsters, made up for the coming season.

Remember our special sale of Children's school suits.

SHOE Dept.,

GRAND EXHIBITION

Of latest styles in Footwear, at prices lower than you find elsewhere.

WHY Can we do this?

1st—Because we do business on a CASH Basis only and can therefore sell for smaller profit.

2nd—Because we have NINE STORES.

WHY Do we do this?

1st—Because we want to get acquainted with us. Call on us or order by mail.

2nd—Because we want to extend our business and therefore we make this inducement and save you more than your day's expenses.

All Groceries

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

26 pounds of Granulated Sugar for $1.00 with every purchase of $2 and over.

Walter C. Mack.

New Bank Building

How To Make Money

BUY Your DRY GOODS, SHOES, CROCKERY, GROCERIES At Kensler's!

10 lbs Rolled Oats,	25c
5 lbs Choice Whole Rice,	25c
5 lbs Crackers,	25c
3 lbs Graham Wafers,	25c
7 cans Sardines in Oil,	25c
2 cans Salmon,	25c
7 bars J. Kirk's Soap,	25c
Tumblers, doz.,	22c
Choicest sun-dried Japan Tea, new crop,	50c
3 lbs choice California Prunes,	25c
Lemon and Vanilla Extracts, per bottle,	5c
Strictly Pure Spices, lb,	25c
Chewing Tobacco, lb,	22c

Leather BOOTS & SHOES!

Now is the time to buy them, as the price has advanced 15 to 25 per cent.

Don't wait too long and get them at our old prices.

Highest Market Price paid for BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY.

JOHN KENSLER

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

DANIEL, THE COEUR-DE-LION OF ALL AGES.

Golden Text: "His Windows Being Opened in His Chamber Toward Jerusalem." Daniel, VI:10—Discourse as New York Sunday, September 3.

THE scoundrelly princes of Persia urged on by political jealousy against Daniel, have succeeded in getting a law passed that whosoever prays to God shall be put under the paws and teeth of the lions, who are lashing themselves in rage and hunger up and down the stone cage, or putting their lower jaws on the ground, bellowing till the earth trembles. But the leonine threat did not hinder the devotions of Daniel, the Coeur-de-Lion of the ages. His enemies might as well have a law that the sun should not draw water, or that the south wind should not sweep across a garden of magnolias or that God should be abolished. They might as well try to stop the red-hot furnaces, and they can not now scare him with the lions. As soon as Daniel hears of this enactment he leaves his office of secretary of state, with its upholstery of crimson and gold, and comes down the white marble steps and goes to his own house. He opens his window and puts the shutters back and pulls the curtain aside so that he can look toward the sacred city of Jerusalem, and then prays.

I suppose the people in the street gathered about and peered before his window, and said: "Just see that man defying the law; he ought to be arrested." Do the constabulary of the city rush to the police headquarters and report that Daniel is on his knees at the wide-open window. "You are my prisoner," says the officer of the law, dropping a heavy hand on the shoulder of the kneeling Daniel. As the constables open the door of the cavern to thrust in their prisoner, they see the glaring eyes of the monsters. But Daniel becomes master of first lion-tamer, and they lick his hand and fawn at his feet, and that night he sleeps with the savagery mane of a wild beast for his pillow, while the king that night, sleepless in the palace, has on him the paw and teeth of a lion he cannot tame—the lion of a remorseful conscience.

What a picture it would be for some artist: Darius, in the early dusk of morning, not waiting for footmen or chariot, hastening to the den, all flushed and excited and in dishabille, and looking through the crevices of the cage to see what had become of his prime minister. The keeper of the lions says, "Daniel is surely devoured, and the lions are sleeping after their horrid meal. Hark! the bones of the poor scattered across the floor of the cavern." With trembling voice Darius calls out, "Daniel!" The answer, for the prophet is yet in profound slumber. But a lion, more easily awakened, advances, and with his breath blown through the crevice, seems angrily to demand the cause of this interruption, and then another lion and lioness lift their heads from under Daniel's head, and the prophet waking up, comes forth to report himself all unhurt and well.

But we need not go so far to find our window, open toward Jerusalem. Why is that direction open? Jerusalem was the highest land, and all the people for age, and he never visited it, though he lived to be eighty-five years. Yet, he wanted to arouse its deepest emotions and grandest aspirations of his heart, he had his window open toward his native Jerusalem. There are many of you to-day who understand that without any exposition. This is patriotism to be found in all climates. They have come into all occupations and professions. They sit in all churches. It may be twenty years ago since you got your naturalization papers, and you may be thoroughly naturalized, but you can't forget the land of your birth, and your sympathies go out toward it. Your windows are open toward Ireland, Scotland, Germany and mother are buried there. It may have been a very humble home in which you lived, but you can't forget it. Memory plays around it, and you hope some day to go and see it—the hill, the tree, the brook, the home. Memory plays around you, the door from which you started off with parental blessing to make your own way in the world; and God only knows how often sometimes you have longed to see the familiar places of your childhood, and how in awful crises of life you would like to have caught a glimpse of the old, wrinkled face that has loved you as your face has the grave-top fence, or the door or dirty alley, but you may have on this side of the sea risen in fortune, and, like Daniel, have become the constabulary of the city, and properties which you never could have reached if you had stayed there, enable you to have many windows in your house—bay-windows, and sky-light windows and windows of conservatory, and windows on all sides—your house

The Foundation of Good Health is

Pure, Rich Blood

And the surest, best way to purify your blood is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are easily made, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

THIRTEEN TREES.

Were Planted by Alexander Hamilton a Century Ago.

Over a century ago, on the upper West Side, at a spot known as Tappan George, but now a part of Harlem, Alexander Hamilton, whose breath was stopped by Aaron Burr's bullet, planted thirteen trees within a radius of thirteen feet. Now they are sturdy oaks, and a splendid lesson in forestry. Although placed in the knoll of an obscure hill, this bunch of timber attracts the attention of all who pass that way, whether they know the history or not. Like Hamilton was, these trees are now—namely, eccentric. One may look on them from any angle of the range of vision, and count them, but by some hocus pocus one is sure to miscalculate their number, invariably falling short at least one, and sometimes a dozen alone being visible. In order to accurately count the trees in this bit of timber one must scale the dilapidated fence surrounding the oaks and count them one by one, marking them in order to avoid a second count. You will then find that the unlucky number is there. Harlemites who are acquainted with the peculiarity generally wagers with the uninitiated. After rousing a stranger's curiosity they quietly lay down their hard earned money that he cannot count the Hamilton oaks correctly. They always win, of course. The loser takes pride in telling the loser how to play the game on others and get even. The thirteen trees were planted by Alexander Hamilton to commemorate the original thirteen states.

Singing For Soldiers.

General Pelliene De Saint Mars, commanding the French Twelfth army corps, has issued an order of the day regretting that the soldiers do not sing on the march, and suggesting to the regimental bandmasters that they train capable men in the ranks to sing national and warlike songs, sentimental and popular airs and lullabies to the accompaniment of mandolins, accordions or other instruments that can be easily played while marching.

A WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

Related by a Keeper of the Michigan State Prison at Jackson.

(From the Jackson Citizen.)

Mr. A. E. Wing resides at 612 N. Jackson Street, Jackson, Mich. He has been in the Michigan State Prison, a man of strict integrity and whose word is never in dispute. He tells the following story of a wonderful escape, and the incidents connected with the dangerous sickness from which he was placed. He says, some months ago my kidneys became affected by a swelling of my groins, which began to increase in size. To such an extent that I spread from one side of my bed to the other my feet, and I was bloated from my waist down to my knees. What I could do to get pants, over my legs, and I had to open my pants and put my two inches before I could get them on. Even my face became puffy and up; and my whole system seemed affected. I could hardly dropsy enough water to unlock my men. I consulted a physician, one of the best in the city. He said the swelling was caused by an irritation of the kidneys, and I commenced treatment with his pills, and continued to take them, as I was strongly urged by a friend to try Doan's Kidney Pills, which I finally consented. After the first week I commenced to see a change, and felt much better. This was encouraging, and I continued their use. I took five boxes in all, with the gratifying result that I was completely cured. I have never heard of any indications coming back, I had such a pronounced and radical effect, that I feel that the system must be cured and leave it in such a good condition. I feel happy in the knowledge that the effect was once established the swelling gradually disappeared until it was entirely gone. Doan's Kidney Pills are, I think, the most wonderful agent in the curing of any form of kidney disorder.

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, *Doan's*, and take no other.

SWAMP ROOT The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE. At Druggists, 50c. & $1.00. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

★ ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR ★ IMPERIAL GRANUM THE BEST FOOD FOR INVALIDS ★ JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Delay or improper treatment of BLOOD POISON permanently ruins thousands of lives. You can be treated at home under the same guarantee as if you came to our City. Have you Mercury or Potash in your system? Do you feel the first symptoms of Pimples, Ulcers in Mouth, Throat, Sores on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling? If so, we advise you to come at once. We make no guarantees to cure. We submit the most obstinate cases to our specialists, and we guarantee to cure them. The disease has always baffled the skill of the physicians you have consulted, or you would not be reading this. Our Medicine is composed of Vegetable Remedies, and is the result of a life long study of this disease. ABSOLUTE PROOFS sent sealed on receipt of 4c. in stamps. ADDRESS COOK REMEDY CO., 1107 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Out Out and send this Advertisement.

MYSTERY OF THE ROSE

"What had they to do with me? I don't understand you, Mr. Hunter."

"Was it not an overpowering rush of associations connected with the roses that brought on your attack of illness?"

Alma stared a moment, then laughed merrily.

"No, indeed, it was the overpowering rush of a bee concealed in one of the roses, and it stung my poor lip so that I was a fright for weeks and suffered from the poison, too."

"And it wasn't a memory!" Lawrence's tone was jubilant.

"No, but it is now, and a very distinct one, too. I am pledged hereafter to artificial roses."

"Let me have the life-long position of poison-taster to my queen," suggested Lawrence eagerly, and his voice was unusually tender.

He had heard the young woman before on the fact that she never gave him roses except those raised in hot-houses, that she did not consider art superior to nature, and should never forget the day when she gathered that great bunch in the garden of their old home—they were filled with tender associations.

Therefore Lawrence Hunter was full of a happy importance, as he presented her with the roses he had plucked himself from the bushes in a friend's garden that same day.

"You will find them delightfully fragrant," he said, as she took the great bunch of bloom in her fine, slim hands, and looked at them with such loving appreciation that the young man's pulse went up in fever heat.

She was dressed as became a rose-queen, in snowy white, and her golden hair was bound with a fillet of blue, which color enhanced the fairness of her complexion, as she probably meant it should, in the artlessness of art. And as she held her lovely face with its delicate rose-color above the roses, the young man, arrogantly as he resolved to propose that—

But there is an old adage about mankind in the aggregate, that they always wagers with the uninitiated. After rousing a stranger's curiosity they quietly lay down their hard earned money that he cannot count the Hamilton oaks correctly. They always win, of course. The loser takes pride in telling the loser how to play the game on others and get even. The thirteen trees were planted by Alexander Hamilton to commemorate the original thirteen states.

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POPULAR SCIENCE.

EXPERIMENTS AND INVENTIONS INTERESTING TO ALL.

Some Marvelous Strides Recently Made in the Mechanical World—Chemical and Electrical Wonder Workers Revealing Hidden Treasures.

HIS is a device for keeping the pneumatic tire of a wheel inflated to the desired degree, the device being adjustable for maintaining a hard or soft tire, as may be preferred. The large figure represents the device applied, the piston rod of the pump being seen through a cut-away portion of the tire, while the smaller figure is a sectional view of the pump. The piston rod is hollow and has at its lower end a foot piece normally abutting against the inner surface of the outer wall of the tire, and an air duct leading communicating with the interior of the tire. There is in the piston head a port controlled by a spring-pressed valve, and in the head of the cylinder is a port covered in the top of a dust-filter screwed into the head, the latter portion being also closed by a spring-pressed valve, while within the cylinder and between its head and the piston is a spring to return the piston. The connection between the piston and cylinder and the wheel is made by a flexible sleeve, a foot-piece of which is clamped between the outer surface of the rim and the inner wall of the tire, the packing and sleeve allowing the parts to yield to side strains on the piston rod. The desired degree of tire expansion is obtained by varying the projection of the piston rod into the tire by screwing the rod farther into or out of the piston or by similarly adjusting the foot piece, and by the adjustment of the encircling sleeve. In operation, each time the tire presses upon the ground and is distorted, the point opposite the foot of the piston rod is upwarped, compressing the air in the tire, allows the air in the cylinder to pass into the tire, and on the piston being forced downward, the spring acts to draw into the cylinder the air drawn in passing through a flexible diaphragm designed to free it from dust.

A Boat Propelled by the Waves.

A strange craft devised by a San Francisco man is now afloat in San Francisco bay and is attracting the attention of crowds of curious people. It is designed to make the water on which it floats do double duty, both that of buoying it up and that of propelling it. Other means of progress it has none. There is no electricity, compressed air, gas, or compressed air to furnish motive power. The water is expected to do it all. This picture, reproduced from the San Francisco Chronicle, shows what the contraption looks like. It may be seen, it is not unlike a dredger in appearance. As it goes along the paddle wheels at the sides splash the water and various cranks and bars and shafts alert more mysterious than the boat is a wave motor, and is designed as a perpetual-motion boat, although the possibility of a deal of friction is apparently not been taken into consideration. Two flat-bottomed scows are fastened end on by a huge hinge from the keel. When the scows rock in the waves the force of the motion is communicated to a lever which moves a fly-wheel, which in turn works the paddle-wheels, and there-you are. So long as the waves are there, reduce the boat goes, and the higher the waves rise the greater the motive power of the boat. There was one disadvantage about the thing as originally devised—it wouldn't stop. When the waves died out, it went on and on and on, and the only way to halt it was by an anchor. So the inventor contrived a way to switch the wave motor power to vacancy and reduce the motion to a simple rocking on the waves. He proposes to make a thing use of the power—namely, to furnish power for other machines when at the wharf. A trial of this will be made later, the boat having sufficiently demonstrated its capacity of wave propulsion. The inventor of the boat is Paul Breitenstein, stage carpenter in the Morosco Grand Opera House. His practical experience thus far has been most to combine to one-sided boats, which rotes furiously on seas of canvas while a Lookout Jerry hollers "fetch 'em!" and "hold 'em!" and "Bill, you're wildly for the rigging!" and "Bill, you're a lubber!" and "Bill, you're a lubber!" and "Bill, you're a lubber