MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

AN INDEPENDENT, LIVE, LOCAL NEWSPAPER.

VOL. 28--NO. 30. (Entered at Manchester Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.) MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1895. WHOLE NUMBER 1433.

Manchester Enterprise.

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Societies.

UNITED FRIENDS OF MICHIGAN, meet in their hall over Lehr's store on first and third Thursday evening of each month.
C. NAUMANN, Sec. JOHN ROLLER, Com.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meet in their hall over Hæuessler's store on second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month. C. NAUMANN, M. W.
J. BLUM, Recorder.

MANCHESTER TENT NO. 141, K. O. T. M., meet in their hall over Lehr's store on first and third Tuesday in month. Visiting knights invited. D. O. STRINGHAM, Com.
C. J. ROBISON, Record Keeper.

MANCHESTER LODGE NO. 148, F. & A. M., meet at Masonic Hall, Monday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers are invited. J. H. KINGSLEY, W. M.
ED. E. ROOT, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER NO. 48, R. A. M., meet at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening on or before each full moon. Companions cordially welcomed. E. M. CONKLIN, H. P.
C. J. ROBISON, Secretary.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL NO. 24, R. & S. M., assemble at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening after each full moon. All visiting companions invited. C. W. CASE, T. I. M.
MAT D. BLOSSER, Recorder.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER NO. 101, O. E. S., meet at Masonic Hall, Friday evening on or before full moon. Visiting members are invited. MRS. CLARA FREEMAN, W. M.
MRS. EVA SPAFARD, Secretary.

COMSTOCK POST NO. 352, G. A. R., meet first and third Tuesday evening of each month at their hall over J. Braun's store. All visiting comrades invited to attend.
J. E. TEETER, Adj. M. N. HOUGH, Com.

Business Cards.

J. D. COREY, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Collections and all other business left with him will receive prompt attention. Farm and village property for sale.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN,
ATTORNEYS
And Counselors at Law. Offices over People's Bank,
Manchester, - Michigan.

F. A. KOTTS,
DENTIST,
OFFICE OVER J. ROLLER & CO.'S STORE
Manchester, Mich.
In Blissfield every Thursday.

J. J. BRIEGEL,
TONSORIAL ARTIST.
Shaving, Haircutting, Shampooing, &c., done with neatness and despatch.
Goodyear House, Manchester, Mich.

DR. J. F. OHLINGER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Younghans' Barber Shop.
Residence, Corner Clinton and Boyne Streets,
Manchester, Michigan.

A. C. AYLESWORTH,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER,
MANCHESTER, MICH.
Sales in village or country will be promptly attended on reasonable terms.
Dates can be made at the ENTERPRISE Office.

C. S. CHADWICK, D. D. S.,
Will be in Manchester every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, to practice
DENTISTRY
In all its branches, at reasonable prices.
Office over Union Savings Bank.

ENTERPRISE
POULTRY YARDS.
MANCHESTER, MICH.
White and Barred Plymouth Rock fowls and eggs for sale in season.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

OPEN FOR BUSINESS In its New Brick Block, Corner Exchange Place and Railroad Street,
The UNION
SAVINGS BANK
OF MANCHESTER.
Will pay interest at 4 per cent per annum, if left three months.
OFFICERS
B. G. ENGLISH, President.
GEO. HEIMERDINGER, Vice-President
JOHN HORNING, Vice-President.
ED. E. ROOT, Cashier.
DIRECTORS
B. G. English, C. F. Kapp, G. Heimerdinger
A. J. Waters, W. C. Mack, J. Wuerfflmer
J. Horning, A. H. Kuhl,
F. Breitenwischer

IF YOU WANT
A FANCY,
HARNESS!
Heavy Work Harness, Whips, Robes, Blankets Fly Nets, Combs, Brushes, &c. You will always find what you want in my complete stock of
HORSE GOODS!
Repair work done promptly and reasonably
Come and see me.
JOHN BRAUN

W. H. LEHR,
Dealer in
GROCERIES
Crockery, Glassware, Notions,
TOBACCOS &C.,
Pure Wines and Liquors,
FRESH LAGER BEER
ALWAYS ON DRAUGHT.
South side of Exchange Place, Manchester Michigan.

IN TWO PENINSULAS.

MICHIGAN PEOPLE AND WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

The Spring Election a Sweeping Victory for Republicans—The Salaries Amendment Defeated by a Decisive Majority. —Boiler Explosion at Saginaw.—Briefs.

Light Vote Polled.

The Republicans of Michigan elected their state ticket in the spring election—Judge Joseph B. Moore, of Lapeer, being chosen as justice of the state supreme court by a plurality of over 58,000. The vote throughout the state was very light, more so than usual in spring elections, in many sections less than half the normal vote being cast. The general apathy did not appear in any one vicinity or party, but was quite universal. The Republican candidates for regents of Michigan University—Messrs. Butterfield and Hackley—were elected by about the same pluralities as Judge Moore.

Incomplete returns on the salaries amendment show that it has been defeated by a decisive majority, in many sections of the state aggregating fully two-thirds of the total vote cast.

There were a number of special local contests in various cities and counties. In Wayne county the proposition to bond the county for $1,500,000 for the erection of a new county building met with evident favor with the voters. In Detroit over 16,000 electors out of the 23,000 voting took enough interest in the project to vote upon it, and the proposition carried by a big majority, although the county vote was principally adverse.

The proposition to bond the city of Port Huron for a $30,000 electric light plant, was defeated by over 100.

Benzie county gives Frankfort the county seat, now at Benzonia, by about 300 majority.

State politics were dwarfed in Charlevoix county by the red-hot county seat fight, in which Charlevoix wins from Boyne City by 400 majority on a total vote of 2,500.

Milnes Defeated Todd in the Third.

Probably the contest in the Third congressional district, to choose a successor to the chair in congress made vacant by sending Hon. J. C. Burrows to the senate—was the most intense of any in the state. Lieut-Gov. Milnes was the Republican candidate and his opponent was A. M. Todd, of Kalamazoo, the nominee of the Populists. Prohibitionists, Free Silverites and indorsed by the Democrats. Five counties—Kalamazoo, Calhoun, Hillsdale, Branch and Eaton—comprise the district and the Republican candidate was elected by 1,625 plurality.

State Senatorship in the Tenth.

The fight in the Tenth senatorial district to see who should succeed the late Senator Watts proved an easy victory for Charles H. Smith, the Republican candidate. His plurality was 2,000.

Michigan Monuments at Chickamaugua.

The Chickamaugua and Missionary Ridge military park commission, in session at Grand Rapids, selected the designs for the monuments. The first one agreed upon was that of Maurice J. Powers, of New York, for the Engineers and Mechanics. The monument will be of white Maine granite. It will be 14 feet long, 2½ feet thick and 11 feet high. The base will be two heavy foundation stones rising to the height of 3 feet; then a large polished stone with a bronze tablet 3 feet 1 inch by 4¾ feet, upon which will be shown a view of the laying of the first pontoon bridge at Brown's Ferry. The reverse side of the monument will bear a bronze plate with an inscription of 150 words telling the story of the regiment.

Fatal Boiler Explosion at Saginaw.

The boilers in the old W. B. Wiggins mill plant, at Saginaw, recently purchased by Emery & Simpson, exploded with terrific force, killing Frank Kelley, a laborer, instantly; probably fatally injuring John Harlet, night watchman, and severely injuring Frank Carpenter, the engineer. The boiler house was totally wrecked. A week ago the mill building, except the boiler house, was totally destroyed by fire, and the firm were arranging to rebuild. The boiler was being fired for generating steam for a salt block. The cause of the explosion is not known, but is supposed to have resulted from some defect in the boiler.

Peculiar Story of an Adrian Wanderer.

Charles King, the city ticket agent at Adrian, of the Wabash road, who disappeared suddenly a few weeks ago, has returned. Hackman Lossing called him by name, but he indignantly denied his identity. He registered at the Lawrence as W. C. Stevens, of Frankfort, Ky. His brother is clerk at the hotel and young King refused to recognize him or his father. He has a long scar on the cheek. He later confessed that he is King, but says he does not know why he left or why he came back. He says he has been stopping in Ohio.

Malignant Disease Killing Many Cattle.

A herd of cattle on the stock farm of D. P. Clay, at Grant, Newaygo county, were attacked with a peculiarly fatal disease some days ago. Dr. Conkey, of Grand Rapids, has diagnosed the disease as anthrax, one of the most malignant and fatal diseases that attack cattle, which, however, is not prevalent in this country. Dr. Conkey sent microscopical specimens of the nasal discharges of the diseased animals to the Michigan College of Hygiene at Ann Arbor, for examination. It is a mystery how the Clay herd was infected.

Dastardly Deed of Firebugs at Dowagiac.

An attempt was made to burn the plant of the Royal Oak Stove works at Dowagiac. The fire was set in a wooden warehouse north of the shops, and but for the work of the fire department it would have destroyed the entire plant. The deed was well planned, as the strong north wind that was blowing fanned the fire furiously. That the deed was the work of an incendiary is positive, as a Mrs. Robinson, living within 20 feet of the burned building, saw the firebug tough a match to the building, but was to frightened too give an alarm. Loss $20,000.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

The Weyers homestead at Port Huron was totally destroyed by fire. Loss $2,000.

Bethune Bigelow, a West Bloomfield tilemaker, stands 6 feet 7½ inches with his boots off.

The residence of George Raub burned at Greenville; loss $1,000; fully covered by insurance.

The Manistique street railway has notified its employes that they must swear off drinking or else quit their jobs.

Fowlerville citizens want the council to raise the bonds of saloonkeepers to $6,000 or else close up the saloons entirely.

The 47th anniversary of modern spiritualism was celebrated by the spiritualists of the Saginaw valley at Saginaw.

The Odd Fellows' hall in Haynes township, Alcona county, was destroyed by fire, together with the contents. Loss $1,500.

Wm. Jolly, a married man, aged 27, of Brockaway, was arrested at Yale on a charge of assaulting the 12-year-old daughter of Ed. King.

The Centennial flouring mills at Lapeer for some time idle, will shortly resume again under the management of A. W. Kelly, of Detroit.

Gen. George A. Hart, of Manistee, has 200 vacant lots which he proposes to apportion out to poor families for potato raising, a la Pingree.

Fred Matthew, sent from Detroit for burglary, and Bruce Scofield, from Greenville, for forgery, both trusties, ran away from the Ionia prison.

Mrs. Henry B. Ledyard, wife of the president of the Michigan Central railroad, dropped dead on Chene street, Detroit, without a moment's warning.

Fr. McNamara, one of the most eloquent priests in the Grand Rapids diocese, fell from a train at Lansing and suffered injuries that may prove serious.

Woodchucks are plenty around Middleville. Over 350 have been killed in Thornapple township during the past month. The treasurer of the township paid out $88.25 in bounties.

The splendid residence of Hon. T. W. Palmer, on Woodward avenue, Detroit, narrowly escaped total destruction by fire. The burning of the south wing entailed a loss of $30,000.

While excavating for the new Presbyterian church, Port Huron workmen found a skeleton, apparantly 50 years old, buried only a few inches beneath the surface. Nobody knows anything about it.

Otsego ladies were much horrified last week to see the "Spanish Student" performances illustrated in the Police Gazette. The pictures were purely imaginery and, unlike the reality, were far from modest.

Mrs. Ellen Shane, died at Port Huron from the effects of a dose of strychnine taken late last evening, presumably with suicidal intent, as she had been known to have made threats to that effect.

Walter Thurlby, a young Birmingham blacksmith, charged with taking Fred Stephens' pocketbook containing $365, was honorably discharged. Friends gave him an ovation, and he is the hero of the hour.

Deckerville will have a flax mill this spring operated by James Livingston & Co., of Baden, Ont., who owns several mills in the eastern part of Michigan. Over 100 acres of land are being prepared for the crop.

A large eastern car manufacturing company is negotiating with Buchanan citizens in view of locating there. If the deal is consummated the factory will employ 1,000 men and use the entire power from the new dam.

One hundred thousand acres of farm and timber land in Delta, Alger and Schoolcraft counties have been sold by the North New England Debenture company to the Lac La Belle company, an Indiana corporation, for $130,000.

Rev. John Hooper, the former Presbyterian minister at Cadillac, involved in a row that led to several lawsuits and to his retirement from the ministry, passed a creditable examination at Benzonia and was admitted to the bar.

Clyde Sears, 13 years old, had his leg shot off below the knee while hunting with John Colyer at Cassopolis. Colyer fell and his gun was accidentally discharged, with the result as stated. The limb was amputated below the knee joint.

The case against Dr. Myron S Brownson, of Kingsley, who is charged with causing the death of Hattie Belle Coe by a criminal operation, has created a sensation at Traverse City, at Kingsley and at Wexford, the home of the girl.

A bull that a farmer was bringing into Battle Creek broke loose on Maple street and ran amuck, causing a stampede among the people. He became perfectly infuriated and drove the people off the street. It was found necessary to shoot the animal.

A man known only by the name of "Frenchy," living near Grand Haven walked into town and reported that some one set fire to the house in which he lived and he barely escaped with his life, being seriously burned about the legs. He was compelled to borrow clothes from his neighbors. His loss is $600.

Charles Cort tried to cross the track on his bicycle ahead of an approaching train at Royal Oak, but his wheel slipped, and the train struck him. His left leg was cut off between the knee and ankle, and his right foot was taken off just above the ankle. He is about 24 years old. Later Cort died from his injuries.

Mary, the 18-year-old daughter of Farmer Dado, near Battle Creek took a dose of paris green, and died in great agony. She wanted to go to a dance and her parents refused the request, and she took the poison just to frighten her people, not expecting that it would prove fatal.

An interesting experiment is being made at Calumet by the Calumet & Hecla Mining company. It is a test of a newly-invented mechanical stoker, to see whether its work is equal to that of a human fireman. One boiler is being fed by the mechanical affair and another by men, and so far they have kept about even.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.—50th day.—Bills passed: To prevent the transportation of corpses on highways as well as railroads when death has resulted from communicable disease; for examination of witnesses in open court in chancery proceedings; for appointment of receivers for solvent though embarrassed corporations, to prevent sacrifice of assets; Soldiers' Home appropriation bill; fixing from Nov. 1 to Nov. 25 as open season for deer in both peninsulas. The event of the Senate session was the discussion of the bill to raise the age of consent which was finally passed at 17 years of age. The normal school committee recommended the passage of the following appropriations for that institution: $59,200 for 1895 and $57,700 for 1896, $2,000 each year to be available for library purposes, $30,000 for a practice and training school, and for a permanent tax of one-fifteenth of a mill for normal current expenses. HOUSE.—Bills passed were mostly local. The one of general importance provides for a physical and military examination by a state board of persons elected or recommended for appointment as officers in the National Guard below the rank of major. The mortgage tax law of 1893 came as near being killed as a thing could and still not give up the ghost. There was a hard fight by its friends to save it. All the old arguments pro and con which have been used for years were brought forward, and when the House, in committee of the whole, came to vote on the motion to strike out all after the enacting clause it was carried 42 to 39. But when the committee reported the House refused to concur by a tie vote of 41 to 43, and the thing was given a new lease of life—but evidently a short one—by being laid upon the table. The bill authorizing the use of the Myers and Abbott voting machines was reported without recommendation and laid on the table. The committee of the whole struck all after the enacting clause out of the bill providing that formalities should not effect the legality of tax proceedings. The opinion was entertained that it might be of advantage to tax sharks. A resolution was adopted providing that a committee be appointed to investigate toll roads which refuse to make an annual statement of their disbursements and expenditures.

SENATE.—51st day.—Bills passed: Graduated salaries for county agents; Redfern's county school commissioner bill; legalizing action of Delta county in creating county hospital; fixing age of consent at 18 years. In executive session the nominations of Mrs. Mary C. Spencer as state librarian and George H. Newett as mining statistician, were confirmed. Senator McLaughlin has a bill which will probably evade the opposition of country legislators who voted against the unrepealed of the mortgage tax law. It is to arrange the law so that cities may not have to tax mortgages and contracts for their municipal affairs. HOUSE.—Bills passed: Amending the act relative to the appointment of special administrators; authorizing damage suits for injuries incurred through failure to make repairs on toll roads; joint resolution submitting to the people a proposed constitutional amendment fixing the compensation of legislators at $750 per session, with mileage at 5 cent per mile. Liquor legislation was the principal feature of the day. Aplin uniform 400 license bill was informally passed by a very close vote and against the wishes of Mr. Aplin was made the special order of April 3. Another step in liquor matters was the action taken on the bill providing an exception to the law which prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors within one mile of the Soldiers' Home at Grand Rapids. Rep. Graham wished to allow the West Michigan fair the privilege of the exception. This was defeated in committee of the whole and an amendment to extend the limit to one and a half miles went through to the third reading when it was tabled. Senator McLaughlin's bill prescribing elective qualifications, which requires every voter in Michigan to be able to read the state constitution in English and to write his name in full was under discussion in committee of the whole, but no action was taken. The Senate bill providing that U. S. flags shall be displayed on all public school buildings was agreed to in committee of the whole. The bill was informally passed to abolish the present state board of health. The judiciary committee reported favorably the bill providing pensions for Detroit police. Speaker Gordon appointed Rep. Graham, McNall and Holmes as the special committee to investigate toll road companies.

SENATE.—52d day.—Nothing of importance transacted. HOUSE.—Bills passed: Preventing fraud in contracts, chattel mortgages, etc., all such papers to be filed with township or city clerk; providing for the purchase and display of United States flags on public school buildings; for the reorganization of the fire and marine insurance companies whose terms expire by limitation; requiring judges of probate to notify foreign consuls of applications for the appointment of administrators in certain cases; amending act in regard to suit against foreign corporations; relative to wills of personal and real estate; requiring personal actions to be begun within two years; amending law for the incorporation of mutual benefit associations. The date for the hearing on the liquor tax bill was reconsidered and finally placed at April 11. The committee on the State University made a report on the special appropriation bill for that institution. The bill originally called for $195,300, but the committee recommended that the amount be cut to $120,000—$70,000 levied in 1895 and $50,000 in 1896. The items: For electric light plant, $25,000; repair of chemical laboratory, $15,000; home for nurses and superintendent of hospitals, $25,000; enlargement of law library $35,000; to reimburse general fund for deficiency caused by a new heating plant $20,000. The items of $35,000 for an addition to the chemical laboratory and of $40,000 for enlargement of the anatomical laboratory were stricken out of the bill.

SENATE.—53d day.—Lieut-Gov. Milnes was the recipient of hearty congratulations upon his entering the Senate chamber carrying the newly acquired honors of a congressman-elect. Routine business occupied the most of the day. In committee of the whole a bill was agreed to providing that a tax deed should be invalid when issued by mistake against property on which the tax has been paid. The House bill requiring public officers under penalty to turn over all public records and books to their successors was also agreed to. HOUSE.—The session was almost entirely in committee of the whole, and final action was not taken on any measure. The first bill taken up was one by Rep. Matthews, which was passed informally, providing that certificates of membership in mutual benefit and co-operative associations should be invalidated only in cases when members failed to pay dues or assessments after due notice had been given. Rep. Graham's bill was agreed to, providing that county treasurers shall furnish copies of tax records for small fees. Rep. Donovan's bill for a state plumbing commission took up considerable time. The fee for master plumbers' certificates was cut from $10 to $5. The bill provided that plumbing inspectors were to be appointed by boards of health and to be paid at $3 a day. No action.

A fire at Carrollton destroyed the residence of Leander Yart; loss $1,800; insurance $1,000.

In a unanimous opinion by Justice Montgomery the supreme court has affirmed the conviction of Stonewall J. De France.

Frank Sanford's barn near Milan was burned with three horses, seven cattle, sheep and tools. Loss $1,500; insurance $500.

Fred A. Begole's barns at Otterburn, near Flint, with contents, burned. Loss $4,000; with insurance of $3,600. Cause incendiary.

Jackson county Sunday school people met at Jackson and elected E. A. Hough president. They reported 142 schools and 11,946 pupils in the county.

The Standard Oil company has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state and paid a franchise fee of $1,750 to the state on its capital stock of $3,500,000.

The residence and barn of Frederick Moore, just outside of Saginaw, were burned to the ground entailing a loss, including a valuable horse of about $2,000; insurance $1,200.

Miss Lucy Whitney, aged 19, Metamora, O., but attending school at Blissfield, left to attend teachers' examination at Adrian. Instead, she purchased a ticket for Detroit. Her father received a letter saying farewell forever, as she would never return home.

Mrs. Wilbur Berry, a colored woman at Battle Creek shot her husband and herself. The woman is insane. She ordered her husband out of the house, and he started to leave when she shot him between the shoulders. The wound is not fatal. She shot herself under the chin, the ball passing up into her head. Her wound is considered fatal.

NEWS OF MANY KINDS

NEWS OF INTEREST AND MORE OR LESS IMPORTANCE.

An Armistice Declared by the Emperor of Japan, but Formosa is Excepted and Japs are Winning There.—Spain Promises to do the Right Thing.

Japs Victorious in Southern Formosa.

Hong Kong: The general commander of the Chinese forces on Pescadore islands, part of Formosa, telegraphed that he had sunk two Japanese vessels. Later he telegraphed that the Japanese had captured two forts. A Shanghai dispatch says that nine Japanese cruisers and two gunboats, the squadron being under the command of Admiral Ito, bombarded the east forts on Penghui island. One thousand troops were landed from five transports and an attack was made on the fort which dominated the others. The Chinese evacuated the position during the night and the Japanese entered on the morning of March 24. The Japanese then turned the guns on the other forts, which made no reply. The magazine of one of the western forts exploded before the position was evacuated by its defenders. Only 1,000 prisoners were taken, the other Chinese being allowed to escape to the junks off the shore. The Japanese loss was one killed and 27 wounded. The Japanese have now secured a southern base for their operations. The British consul has advised that all foreign women and children leave Formosa. A number have already gone to Amoy and Hong Kong.

Chang's Assailant in Prison for Life.

Shimoneski: Kovana Rokunsuki, the young Japanese who attempted to assassinate Li Hung Chang, has been sentenced to work in the mines for life. The armistice established by the order of the mikado extends to April 20, but it will terminate if the peace negotiations are broken in the meantime. According to the terms of the armistice the movement of troops and the transportation of contraband of war by sea is forbidden. As the terms of the armistice do not embrace the Island of Formosa, the Japanese operations there will continue.

Spain Will Do the Proper Thing.

Washington: Reports that the Spanish government is taking steps to meet the requests of the United States in the Allianca affair, that the commander of the offending Spanish cruiser has been relieved from his ship and that orders have been sent to the other Spanish commanders in Cuban waters to observe the requirements of international law and refrain from improper interference with the ships of the United States or other foreign nations, has caused much gratification in official circles here. There is little doubt that the new Spanish minister, Senor De Lome, will go to Cuba before coming here.

Tampa, Fla: Puerto Principe has been declared in a state of rebellion by the Spanish government. This makes four out of five provinces of the island in a state of revolution. The manifesto issued by the rebels inviting Spaniards to espouse the Cuban cause has resulted in gaining valuable support for the insurgents. Reports show that the insurgents are daily gaining ground, but the Spanish government has issued orders for 7,000 troops to sail for Cuba at once.

Emperor of Japan Declares an Armistice.

Tokio: The emperor of Japan has declared an unconditional armistice. The decision of the emperor was greatly due to the extreme indignation aroused by the attack on the Chinese peace ambassador, Viceroy Li Hung Chang. There will be no withdrawal of Japanese troops from China until the peace treaty is complete. In the armistice the Island of Formosa is excepted.

The power of the Japanese government to excute the armistice will now be put to a critical test. The military power of Japan in the judgment of intelligent observers has almost outstripped the civil power during the war. This has caused serious concern, as it has been feared that the military element, backed by the war spirit among the people, would not submit to an armistice, even if the civil authorities ordered one.

Hong Kong: The Japanese are bombarding Tai Wan, the capital town of Formosa.

Japanese Making Big Demands of China.

St. Petersburg: A telegram from a Chinese source says that the bad weather, the sickness among the Japanese troops and the overflow of the rivers have rendered a continuance of the war extremely difficult. It is added that this produced a favorable effect upon the peace negotiations, but the hopes of a speedy conclusion of peace are weakened by the Japanese demand for the concession of a portion of Manchuria, a war indemnity of 700,000,000 yen and, pending full payment of this indemnity, that Pekin be occupied by the Japanese troops.

Four Young Men Fatally Injured.

A west-bound freight train was wrecked on the Panhandle near Newcomerstown, O., and four young men of nearby towns were seriously if not fatally injured. The men all stood on the end sill of a car about midway of the train. As the train approached the siding to put in the engineer found he was running at a high rate of speed and made an emergency stop. The force broke a car coupling just in front of the one the men were on and they were allowed to drop into the jaws of death.

Five Killed by a Boiler Explosion.

Just as the men in Loring & Jones' leather factory at Woburn, Mass., were preparing for work, the boilers in the engine room at the northeast corner of the building exploded with tremendous force, tearing out the end of the building and burying in the ruins at least a dozen men. The huge chimney, which was more than 80 feet high, fell. Four men were killed.

A dispatch from Madrid says that in order to replace the troops that have been sent as reinforcements to Cuba the government will call out the reserves—20,000 men.

BISMARCK IS 80.

All Germany Does Honor to "the Man who Made the Empire."

Germany's grand old man, Prince Bismarck, celebrated his 80th birthday anniversary at Friedrichsruhe and the whole nation did honor to the occasion. Thousands upon thousands of visitors from all parts of the empire which he founded visited the castle and surroundings to show their devotion to the iron chancellor. Presents by the carload were sent and carried to Prince Bismarck and congratulations were received from many titled and eminent people of both hemispheres. Perhaps the most touching tribute was the visit of 4,000 students, from 30 universities, in their gala uniforms, and the presentation of a handsome shaft of marble, iron, silver and gold, with symbolical figures. Prince Bismarck, amid renewed cheers, said: "Your masters paid me a tribute of acknowledgment of the past (referring to the visit of the university professors in the morning); your greetings are to me a pledge of the future that until the middle of the next century when I shall long have been dead, you will continue to utter the same feelings which you proclaimed to-day. What a German is euthused about in his youth he never lets drop altogether in his mature age. That which the government of William I. instilled into our hearts will always bear forth its fruits, no matter what shape the institution of the state may take."

Neighbors Suspect Foul Play at Fenton.

Fenton and vicinity was considerably exercised over the burning of the residence of Frank Annis, a farmer living four miles north. His wife perished under somewhat peculiar circumstances. The blaze occurred at 4 o'clock a. m. A coroner's jury was summoned and the testimony of her daughter, aged 10, showed that she heard a sound as if a match was being scratched, then footsteps. Soon afterwards the smell of smoke awoke her. She discovered that her bed and her mother's was on fire. She tried to awaken her mother but was unable to do so. She and a younger sister then ran from the building. The husband and child testified that Mrs. Annis had been suffering from neuralgia and had been in the habit of taking morphine and chloroform to ease the pain. Annis went to Fenton at 3 a. m. after a physician. During his absence the fire occurred. She recently took out a policy in the Maccabees for $1,000.

Big Dam Scheme at Belleville.

The big water power scheme at Belleville is assuming some tangible form. It is to be 15 feet high and will develop between 6,000 and 7,000 horsepower. The corporation will generate electricty for commercial purposes in Detroit. The dam will back up a big lake, which, located in a picturesque place, will make a beautiful resort. The projectors claim that if it were necessary to place the power on the market they could get $1,000,000. They say active preparations will be commenced in a short time. Belleville citizens are wild with excitement, and some of the farmers whose land will be submerged are also wild, but not with excitement. They want all the way from $50 to $100 an acre for land that at present is not even on the tax roll.

Mexico and Guatemala at Peace.

City of Mexico: The Guatemalan question is settled. President Diaz has formally signed with the Guatemalan minister the official document which prevented the threatened open rupture between the two countries, and congratulations are heard on all sides. It is understood that Guatemala will soon tender Mexico due apology, and will pay full indemnity for losses inflicted upon Americans and Mexicans and Mexican lumber camp owners at Agua Azul.

Two Children Frozen in the Woods.

Two little sons of Frank Andrus, a farmer residing near Rose City, were lost in the woods and frozen to death. The boys, aged 4 and 6 years, left the house telling their mother that they were going to the sugar bush, where the father was at work. At noon Mr. Andrus returned. Mrs. Andrus inquired for the boys, only to learn that the father had not seen them. With 150 neighbors the parents searched two days before they found the little ones seven miles from home frozen to death.

Spanish Soldier Shoots an English Sailor.

Baltimore: At 2 o'clock on the morning of March 19, Spanish sentries murderously shot and killed a seaman of the British steamship Laurenstina and badly wounded a Cuban Negro at St. Jago, Cuba. The British government is investigating the matter and complications between Great Britain and Spain may result.

W. D. Riley, the Negro who was arrested charged with shooting Fred Williams at Mason, has confessed.

As was expected, 2,500 coal miners in the Appanoose (Ia.) district quit work and 1,500 more in other portions of the state.

Friesner's restaurant, one of the local option affairs, was burned to the ground at Charlotte. Loss $1,500; no insurance.

The old soldiers' colony, consisting of 14,000 heads of families representing 40,000 persons, will locate in southern Georgia.

Frank E. Kirby, of Detroit, is drawing plans for a successor to the Chicora, but she will be larger, and will cost $200,000.

Gov. McKinley called at the executive mansion to pay his respects to the President. The visit was merely a formal affair.

Simeon Hickman, a painter, fell from a scaffold at Jackson, striking on his head with such force that his life is despaired of.

Ground has been broken at St. Johns for a new Methodist church. The edifice will be built of stone and brick at a cost of $15,000.

Toledo society received a rude shock when it was made known that Augustus Phillips, a member of the board of trade and of the Toledo club, and who was supposed to be a bachelor, had been sued for divorce.

Passengers from Santiago de Cuba report that two American citizens are dying in prison in that city. According to the passengers' story, the imprisoned Americans have all the passports and papers required by law and their incarceration is considered an outrage.

THREE FATAL JUMPS.

Women Leap From a Car Going Down a Mountain a Mile a Minute.

Three persons were instantly killed, two probably fatally injured and ten others slightly hurt on the Lehigh Traction Company's railroad by jumping from a runaway trolley car on the mountain near Jeansville, Pa. As the car passed out on the grade leading down the mountain, Gripman Seitz applied the brake, but the chain snapped. He then threw the safety lever. This refused to work, and the terrified motorman sprang to the reverse brake, hoping to control the car by the current. The actions of the motorman and the speed of the car had by this time alarmed the passengers. Failing to control the car, Seitz shouted to Conductor Socks to apply the rear brake. The motorman's shouts caused a panic in the car, and the passengers made a rush for the platform and crowded the conductor so he could do nothing. The car was going down the mountain at a mile a minute. Several passengers jumped and were dashed to death on the rocks. The car left the track and was badly wrecked.

Fearful Forest Fires.

Reports from southern Indiana and Kentucky say that forest fires are causing great damage to property and some loss of life. Very little definite information can be secured. Eight miles from Bowling Green, Ky., the homes of Otis Smith, James Waters and Henry Filer were burned after 500 acres of timber were swept away. The families mounted horses and escaped. Henry Filer was so badly burned that he died and a Negro farm hand perished. At Annetta and Blowtown large tracts of timber were burned. William Edwards, colored, was burned to death while fighting the fire. Since the burning of James V. Penny's house in Indiana his wife has been missing and is now believed to have perished in the woods while trying to escape. In Clark county, Ind., the farms of Bates and Weber were burned over, causing a loss of $20,000. Prof. Chas. Bruner was burned to death in the woods near Victory, Ky.

A Mother Murdered Her Two Children.

Mrs. W. H. Williams, of Grove City, O., went to Columbus with her three children and registered at the Park hotel. During the night she cut the throats of Harry, aged 7, and Maud, aged 12. Annie, aged 13, was too strong and her mother spared her life. After the murder the woman covered the bodies with bedding. Annie Williams says her mother left the room, but before going told her not to go near the bed in which her brother and sister were sleeping; and it was not until the chambermaid came in to make the beds that the tragedy was discovered. At the foot of the bed a bloody razor with which the work was done, was found. Mrs. Williams was found at the home of a friend. She is insane, although previous to the consummation of the crime her mental ill-health was not suspected.

Three Train Robbers Killed.

One of the most daring and at the same time most unsuccessful attempts at train robbery occurred in the southern portion of Kentucky, when six men undertook to rob the southbound train No. 3 on the Queen & Crescent line. One of the six was killed outright, another died two hours later, a third giving the name of Miller, died later in the day, and the other three have not been heard from. The train was delayed not more than ten minutes, and reached Chattanooga on time. The express company has adopted the plan of a secret service to protect its property against robbers. This is the first result of the new method. While it is costly, it is infinitely more effective than any amount of lynx-eyed detective business employed to arrest and punish robbers.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Buffalo—				
Best grades	$4 25@5 30	$5 25	$5 90	$5 15
Lower grades	2 90@4 10	3 45	4 50	4 50
New York—				
Best grades	$4 75@6 00	$5 25	$6 15	$5 25
Lower grades	3 65@4 60	3 00	4 75	4 90
Chicago—				
Best grades	$4 15@6 50	$5 00	$6 00	$5 15
Lower grades	2 75@4 10	3 00	3 75	4 70
Detroit—				
Best grades	$4 25@4 85	$3 75	$4 75	$5 00
Lower grades	2 25@4 00	2 60	3 50	4 70
Pittsburg—				
Best grades	$4 35@5 15	$5 25	$6 00	$5 10
Lower grades	2 90@4 20	3 00	3 50	4 75
Cincinnati—				
Best grades	$5 00@6 00	$4 50	$5 60	$4 95
Lower grades	2 75@4 80	2 25	3 00	4 50
Cleveland—				
Best grades	$4 50@5 00	$4 50	$5 25	$5 10
Lower grades	2 25@4 30	2 25	3 50	4 45

GRAIN, ETC.

	Wheat, No 2 red	Corn, No 2 mix	Oats, No 2 white
New York	80½@81½	56 @56¼	37 @37¼
Chicago	54¾@54¾	45¾@45¾	33 @33¾
*Detroit	57 @57¼	45¾@46¼	33½@33
Toledo	57 @57¼	45¾@45¾	32½@33
Cincinnati	59 @59½	48¼@48½	32 @32½
Cleveland	58 @58	47½@48	35½@36
Pittsburg	57¼@58	47 @47½	35½@36

*Detroit—Hay, No. 1 Timothy, $9 25@9 50. Potatoes, 65@70. Live Poultry, Chickens, 10@11; Turkeys, 10@11; Ducks, 10@11. Eggs, strictly fresh, 11½@12. Butter, fresh dairy, 13@15; creamery, 18@21.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

NEW YORK.—Dun's weekly review of trade says: Signs of improvement are all the more satisfactory because neither accompanied or apparently produced by a speculative craze. Dealings in stock, cotton and wheat are not diverting all the interest and capital from productive industries and legitimate trade, though these products are all a shade stronger. But railroad earnings, bank clearances and industrial indications are more encouraging than the previous week. It is a remarkable feature that the writing this year begins at the bottom, so to speak; raw materials are raised before there is any larger demand for their finished products, a thing not often done with success. In all these cases it is reasoned that the larger demand for consumption, though yet wanting, must come when it is seen that prices are going up. So far there is no answering increase in demand or in price for manufactured products and on the whole the range is slightly lower than a week ago. The failures the past week were 231 in the United States against 228 last year.

The pilot boat James Gordon Bennett, of New York, picked up the body of Capt. W. P. Watrous, of the steamer City of Haverhill, of Key West, Fla. Wreckage was also sighted, proving conclusively that the steamer foundered. She carried 11 men.

Oxford held an election last fall and voted in favor of a water works system, but the election was declared illegal, and a second one was held for the purpose of voting upon the proposition to bond the village for $25,000 for water works and an electric light system. There were 235 cast in favor of and 67 against the proposition. Both systems are to be completed by June 1.

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1895.

One cause of unhappy marriages is that so many husbands and wives are more wedded to themselves than one another.

A woman in West Virginia claims to be 120 years old, but the females of the neighborhood insist that she is 140 if she is a day.

It is a foolish heiress who regards a foreign nobleman as an attractive novelty since there are so many of them on the bargain-counter.

Scientists predict that in a century's time there will be no disease that isn't curable; and it is too bad that we cannot live forever after that.

Manufacturers who are seeking to build up a home market for home products should not overlook the fact that the best way to do it is to advertise in home papers.

The duchess of Leinster, who has just died at Mentone, was accounted the most beautiful woman in the United Kingdom before British peers acquired the habit of taking American wives.

New England's contributions to the suffering people of Newfoundland have arrived at St. John's. The contributions from old England are not yet in and in all probability never will get in.

A tramp dog has been discovered following the green street cars on a Cincinnati avenue up and down a certain route. Investigation would probably show that the faithful canine is an Irish setter.

Regarding the hand-to-hand conflict at a rehearsal of "Bob" Hilliard and "Fred" de Belgarde, leading actors, it is only fair to remark that the pugilists have been elevating the stage for as many years it is now time for the actors to elevate pugilism.

Much that Col. Ingersoll says of the barbarity of the whipping post is true. It is a relic of a savage age. But where is the colonel's chivalry now, that he should forget the savagery of a man who beats a woman?

The Perris wheel seems to have outworn public interest. Chicago news it out; New York sniffs disdainfully at it. Best take it to London. There is no place which goes into ecstasy so easily over things which America has tired of.

The practical plan adopted near Duluth of giving unemployed men land to till for support of their families is to be commended, especially as it is coupled with the condition that the occupiers shall send their children to school. If the state furnishes living to the parent he should be required to do his part to the child.

The people of Newfoundland are requested by their government to send delegates to the convention to carry the island into the Canadian confederation. They want annexation to the United States and their desire should be complied with for the good of both countries. By right they are part of the United States. They have everything to lose by joining Canada. We have much to gain by annexing them to the American union.

The thoughtlessness with which people rush after divorces without serious cause is illustrated by a case at Lincoln, Ga. A Mrs. Ward brought suit for divorce after she had married. She came home from court she met Mr. Ward, and was so sorry for him in his lonely condition that she sent for the preacher and they were married. When two people can be divorced and remarried on the same day it is evident that they had little cause for the separation, and would never have seriously thought of it but for the ease with which divorces are secured.

It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good, as California has just discovered. The failure of the orange crop in Florida has given the growers of that fruit around Los Angeles an opportunity of selling their products at a much usually high price. There the scarcity of oliver in the east created a large demand on the olive garden in the same section, and now an egg famine in New York has arrived to the great delight of five carloads of eggs from the California slope. When fruits and farm products can be transported such a great distance and delivered in good condition, the traffic is likely to be continued, and the people of Southern California will find it a more profitable cask than the enlistering of land boomers.

The destruction by fire in New York of nearly all the scientific apparatus of Nicolas Tesla, the famous electrician, involves a loss which cannot be measured by dollars and cents. Tesla has searched deep into nature's secrets; he had made many bold and startling experiments and there were adequately fine scientists who firmly believed that he was almost on the point of making discoveries of great benefit to mankind. It is a matter of regret that the result of years of patient and untiring labor should be thus wiped out, and yet the votaries of science and research are rarely discouraged by failure and disaster. Equally as great a calamity did not keep back the discoveries of Sir Isaac Newton; this blow will only temporarily disable Tesla.

The Long Islander who built his own coffin because the modern coffin is substantial should have lived in Egypt and not in a civilized country. In Egypt the human remains are absorbed in the mother earth the better for people who breathe the atmosphere of the cemetery.

It is not often that a Yankee skipper can be induced to crowd on steam for flight, but when he must he does it. He does almost everything else better than the fellow behind him. Had the Atlanta possessed a mile and a half of two or three four-inch rifles it would have been the other fellow who made the pace.

Lieut. Lopez, who killed Garza, the Mexican bandit, would have been entitled to the $5,000 reward offered for the bandit's head, but unluckily the lieutenant had his own head in the fatal encounter. In this case the game was clearly not worth the candle.

How one doth breed a habit in a man. A New York cable car conductor broke knife driver into his skull so tight that your policeman was obliged to kick a motor with a hammer could barely get it out, yet he suffered no serious inconvenience from the operation. He was wounded by an accustomed way of being prodded and pulled about that he didn't mind it.

WORLD'S PROGRESS.

AS INDICATED BY ADVANCES IN SCIENCE.

United States Mail Bags to Be Transmitted on Electric Trolley Wires—A Novel Ship Armor—New Method of Cleaning Clothes.

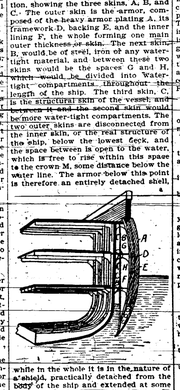
THINK OF THE mails being shot at almost lightning speed over the roofs of Chicago! That's what Richard E. Sherman says can be done, and Postmaster Hesing in his convert, says the Chicago Tribune. If the weather ever moderates Mr. Hesing and Mr. Sherman expect to convince skeptics within two weeks. If the experiment to be tried proves a success the possibilities of the scheme will be large in the direction of improvements in city and suburban mail collection and delivery and the transportation of mails to and from the postoffice to the railway stations. It is within the scope of possibilities, Postmaster Hesing says, that all the mail wagon service may be abandoned and overhead electric carriers substituted. The scheme is the invention of Richard E. Sherman, a Chicago electrician. His plan is to carry mails through the air over the tops of buildings by means of electric cars traveling on a wire cable. The inventor says he has discovered a new principle of harnessing the electric current without the use of a return wire. He declines to explain the peculiarity of his motor, which, he says, does away with the necessity of a return wire or storage batteries. He has succeeded in convincing the postal authorities that his plan is practical, and all is ready to put the experimental line in operation as soon as the weather moderates enough to permit its construction. Permission was granted by the council last Monday night to string a wire cable from the government building to the Illinois Central station at Twelfth street on which the initial tests are to be made. The advantages gained by the mode of transportation, if it proves a success, are many. The greatest argument in its favor is the saving of time. It is said the mails will be transported on the wire from the postoffice to the Twelfth street station in five minutes with the carriers traveling at one-fourth speed. The schedule time for the wagons is now twenty-seven minutes. The inventor says his motor will run at a speed of sixty miles an hour for a distance of 100 miles without attention except to start and stop it, and the cost of construction for a complete line is $100 a mile. If the experimental line works satisfactorily the postal authorities say lines will be built to all substations and suburban towns. It is also suggested that the same service may be eventually extended between the larger cities. This scheme, however, is looked upon as in the future as the suburban plan, as the question of safety of the mails in transit will arise.

Street Car Transfers in Baltimore.

The transfer system among the street railroads of Baltimore has grown since its introduction in 1887, and free transfers are now issued at some forty different points; in some cases it is possible to ride twenty miles for a single fare. As a rule in any city transfers are confined to different lines of one company, but at a crossing of the Lake Roland Elevated and Central road free transfers are given from one to the other. A station is located at the junction and an agent provides the transferring passengers with a ticket. At the end of each quarter officials of the two companies meet, exchange coupons and divide equally the residue of fares collected by each company over the road. It is a very simple arrangement, and has resulted in greatly increasing the traffic of both roads.

Novel Ship Armor.

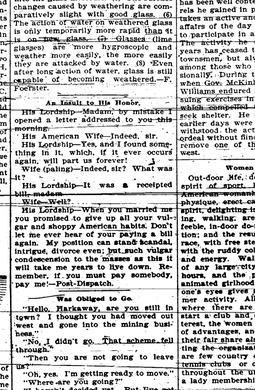
A new method of armoring war ships effectually different from that now followed, is proposed and has been patented by an English inventor. Writing from Birmingham, instead of affixing the armor directly to the side of the ship he would make it practically separate and would practically hang it over the ship's side as the Norsemen, the Greeks and other ancient sea fighters were accustomed to hang their shields along the side of their craft, or in a measure as targets netting is hung out from the modern war ship. The method of construction would give the inventor a double advantage, for it would fit between, and be attached to the outer two might both be pierced without greatly interfering with either the stability, safety or fighting power of the ship. The device is illustrated in the accompanying cut of a cross section, showing the three skins, A, B, and C. The outer skin is the armor, composed of the heavy armor plating A. Its framework D, backing E, and the inner lining F, the whole forming one main outer thickness or skin. The next skin, B, would be of steel, iron or any water-tight material, and between these two skins would be the spaces G and H, which would be divided into water-tight compartments, throughout the length of ship. The third skin, C, is the structural skin of the vessel, and between it and the second skin would be more water-tight compartments. The two outer skins are disconnected from the inner skin, or the real structure of the ship, below the lowest deck, and the space between is open to the water, which is free to rise within this space to the center M, some distance below the water line. The armor below this point is therefore an entirely detached shell.



while in the whole it is in the nature of a shield, practically detached from the body of the ship and extended at some distance from its vital sides. The inventor claims that this method is entirely independent of the two outer thicknesses, B and A. The inventor's specifications of his patent go no further than the mere outline given above, and he does not elucidate many points commented upon by some naval experts who were asked for their opinion on the device. War ships, as now constructed, are only armored on a small part of their surface, mainly by a belt of armor plate extending three-fourths of the vessel's length and only a short distance above and below the water line, the design being to protect the machinery and magazines. Some other parts are armored locally for the protection of guns. It seems to be intended in Mr. Crooke's scheme that the armor shall cover the whole vessel, from bulwarks to bottom. Such an amount of armor would, it is suggested, be altogether too great a weight for a ship to carry. Then no provision is made for light and air, or for working guns from any of the lower decks. It is suggested that some such scheme, of three skins, would be a good plan to apply to passenger steamers, especially if the spaces between the skins were filled with cellulose or some such material as would act to close up a break made by collision.

Clock Without Wheels.

A mysterious clock was found in a private collection by Director Davy of the observatory of Montsouris, France. It dates from the time of Henry III. and is described in a treatise on clocks published in the seventeenth century by Father Alexander, a Benedictine monk. The clock on the outside looks like a little wooden cabinet; on the right side figures are carved along the edge in a vertical line, representing the hours from 5 a. m. to 12 midnight. A small metal cylinder with a rod through its axis is supported by two pieces of string, and by turning the cylinder up the two pieces of string will roll up on the rod. The interior of the cylinder is divided into eight compartments of even size. These compartments communicate by very small apertures 1, 11, 12, etc.—with those next to them, and by canals—R—with those on the opposite side of the cylinder. The working power is simple. A specially prepared fluid is filled into the cylinder up to the line M—N.



When the cylinder is rolled up and the fluid allowed to settle, the cylinder will not fall down, but work its way down with a slow and steady movement. Each of the compartments in turn is slowly filled and emptied in that slow turning motion, and the rod on the outside shows the time as the downward motion of the cylinder proceeds.

How to Clean Clothes.

The Americus Analyst tells how to do it as follows: Take, for instance, a shiny old coat, vest or pair of trousers of broadcloth, cassimere or diagonal. The scourer makes a strong warm soapsuds and plunges the garment into it, squeezes it up and down, rubs the dirty places and, if necessary, puts it through a second time; then rinses it through several waters and hangs it up to dry on the line. When nearly dry he takes it in, rolls it up for an hour or two and then presses it. An old cotton cloth is laid on the outside of the coat and the iron passed over that until the wrinkles are out; but the iron is removed before the steam ceases to rise from the goods, else they would be shiny. Wrinkles that are obstinate are removed by laying a wet cloth over them and passing the iron over that. If any shiny places are seen, they are treated as the wrinkles are—the iron is lifted while the full cloud of steam rises and brings the nap with it. Clothes should always have a suds made especially for them, as in that which has been used for white cotton or woolen clothes lint will be left in the water and will cling to the cloth.

In this manner we have known the same coat and trousers to be cleaned time and time again, and have all the look and feel of new garments. Good broadcloth and its fellow cloths will bear much washing and look better every time because of them.

Decomposition of Glass by Water.

From a long series of experiments on glass, by Messrs. Crookes and Rose, the work of others, the author draws the following conclusions: (1) The weathering of glass is caused by the decomposing action of the atmospheric moisture. The carbonic anhydride of the air does not act directly on the glass, but only on the alkaline products of the glass of decomposition. (2) Dry carbonic anhydride is without action on dry glass. (3) There is no proof that water can be retained by glass, except when it enters into the chemical combination therewith. (4) The weathering of glass and the decomposition of glass by water are similar processes, and are both preceded by the taking up of water from the atmosphere. (5) The surface changes caused by weathering are comparatively slight with good glass. (6) The action of water on weathered glass is only temporarily more rapid than it is on fresh glass. (7) Glasses (lime glasses) are more hygroscopic and weather more easily, the more easily they are attacked by water. (8) Even after long action of water, glass is still capable of becoming weathered.—F. Foerster.

An Insult to His Honor.

His Lordship—Madam, by mistake I opened a letter addressed to you this morning.

His American Wife—Indeed, sir.

His Lordship—Yes, and I found something in it, which, if it ever occurs again, will part us forever!

Wife (paling)—Indeed, sir? What was it?

His Lordship—It was a receipted bill.—Judge.

Wife—Well?

His Lordship—When you married me you promised to give up all your vulgar and shoppy American habits. Don't let me ever hear of your paying a bill again. My position can stand scandal, intrigue, divorce even; but such vulgar condescension to the masses as this I will take me years to live down. Remember, if you must pay somebody, pay me!—Post-Dispatch.

Was Obliged to Go.

"Hello, Harkaway, are you still in town? I thought you had moved out west and gone into the mining business."

"No, I didn't go. That scheme fell through."

"Then you are not going to leave town?"

"Oh, yes. I'm getting ready to move."

"Where are you going?"

"I haven't decided yet. But I've got to go somewhere, Higgins. The boys in the clubs have thrown me down so hard a dozen farewell dinners, and as a gentleman and a man of my wood I can't stay here any longer after that."—Baltimore Herald.

Quite a Difference.

Hawker—Jim—I say, doctor, tell me what the difference between the grip and a cold really is.

Dr. Pillem (in confidential tone)—The doctor's fees. People don't call a physician for a cold.—Buffalo Courier.

IS LIVELY AT EIGHTY.

ONE OF THE FOUNDERS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Albert Williams Still Practices Law at Ionia, Mich—His Death Will Remove One of the Characters of the Western Country.

SO FAST MOVES the world in this age that no doubt in many minds the birth of so established an institution as the republican party seems to antedate all generations now alive. The fact that Albert Williams, one of the original committee that drafted the first state platform of the party and gave it its name at the memorable meeting held "under the oaks" at Jackson, Mich., is still living, and, more than that, practicing law, is, therefore, peculiarly interesting. It will be forty-one years ago next July (today and fifteen Siber prominent men of the time met to formulate the resolutions which embodied the principles of the political organization that has ruled the country during so many administrations. Since then he has held many important positions at the request of the party and is now spending the evening of his life in comparative quiet, although his unfailing energy leads him to continue in the practice of his profession. Mr. Williams was born in Windham county, Vermont, in 1817. His father was a veteran of the war of 1812 and moved to New York when the

ALBERT WILLIAMS.

son was 12 years old. In 1844 Albert Williams removed to Michigan and continued his law studies at Monroe. Admitted to the bar the following year, he went to Ionia, where he has since resided. From 1847 to 1851 he was prosecuting attorney of the county and shortly after became one of the leading men of the state. He was a strong abolitionist, but, until 1854, had trained with the democrats. In July, when the Michigan republicans organized the party under the name it has since borne, Mr. Williams was selected to represent his congressional district at the meeting and ever since has been a staunch supporter of that party. That year he was elected treasurer of the county and in 1856 was again elected prosecuting attorney. In 1862 he was elected attorney-general of the state and re-elected in 1864. He served through the administration of Austin Blair, the war governor of Michigan, and successfully combatted several determined attempts made during those troublous times to mulct the state out of large sums by the "great railroad and land" improvement concerns. The prohibitionists nominated him for a supreme court judgeship and several other offices during the seventies, but since his retirement from public service after the close of the war Mr. Williams has been well content to rest on the laurels he gained in political life. Still, he takes an active and keen interest in the affairs of the day and is always ready to participate in all public movements. The activity he displays despite his years has ceased to be a marvel to his townsmen, but always causes surprise among those who meet him only occasionally. During the campaign of 1894, when Gov. McKinley was in Ionia, Mr. Williams endured a march and the ensuing exercises in a terrific rainstorm which completely drenched some of his seek shelter. He declared the men of earlier days were of hardy stock and withstood the actual hardship of the ordeal without flinching. His death will remove one of the characters of the west.

Woman at Sport.

Out-door life, delight in action, the spirit of sport have taken hold of modern womanhood; giving it buoyant physique, erect carriage and energetic spirit; delighting in tennis, riding, boating, walking, are now the rule; the feeble, in-door do-nothing is the exception; and the result is a tall, vigorous race, with free steps and cheeks aglow with the ruddy color of physical health and energy. Walk along the avenues of any large city at the fashionable hour, and the procession of bright, animated girlhood which passes before one's eyes gives ample proof of summer activity. All over the country, where there are men and boys to start a club and create a sporting interest, the women also have their share of advantage, and in not a few cases their fair share also of the work of setting the organizations on foot. There are few country clubs, hunting clubs, tennis clubs or other sporting clubs throughout the union which have not a lady membership.

Has a Prison Bible Class.

Mrs de Peyster Field, nee Hamersly, so well known in New York city in connection with religious and charitable work and at one time prominently identified with the King's Daughters, has organized a bible class for convicts in Sing Sing prison. The initial session was held recently one Sunday, when fifty convicts paid respectful attention to her lucid and interesting teachings. Mrs. Field intends to have her class meet every Sunday afternoon for an indefinite period.

Girls Who Carve in Wood.

The Misses Swann are three Louisville girls who have taken seriously as designers and carvers of chestnut and oak. In 1889 Miss Laura Swann made a cedar chest and sold it for $35. Miss Jessie Swann carved the wardrobe, which was sold for $40. The third sister designed and executed a art place mate, which was quickly sold for $25. The father then fitted up a shop for the girls. They prepare work only on orders, and seek only the best trade. No duplicates are permitted. The designs, the construction, the carving, are all done by the sisters. Wealthy patrons of art are fast and proud of the excitement. Kainwater is cheaper than river water for sprinkling purposes.

Last Friday our towsoman Henry Gilbert sold to Wm. Rehfuss two cows, one of which weighed 1,240 and the other 1,740 pounds. They brought $150. Mr. Gilbert is one of the best feeders in this section and he always gets the top prices for his stock.

Walter Mack gave away a large number of half and half-and-a-Brooks and in the afternoon almost everyone we met had one. He also had some hand bills printed at the ENTERPRISE office advertising his stock of clothing. He is a good advertiser and people must know that he has a big stock of goods to back what he says.

The M. E. and baptist societies have changed the time of their Sunday evening service from 7:00 to 7:30 and the Epworth league meeting will be at 6:30. Next Sunday evening at the M. E. church instead of the sermon, Miss Poucher and Miss Salsy will give reports of the state convention of the Epworth league held at Dowagiac last week.

A few years ago a woman came into the office and began to talk about stopping her paper. She said that she liked to read it but the extra sheet being pasted in made it unhandy for putting on pantry shelves, but she finally concluded to continue. Now we have lots of exchanges that are just right for putting on pantry shelves or under carpets; they have not been soiled and we put them in great big bundles and sell them at less than cost.

Rev. M. D. Terwilliger's lecture on the "Jewish tabernacle and its teachings," at the M. E. church Tuesday evening was listened to by a fair sized audience and was an interesting and instructive description and history made doubly clear by the models of the court, the tabernacle and its contents, robes of the high priest, etc. The reverend gentleman has made a study of the subject the past 17 years and has certainly collected many facts not widely known.

NOW IS

THE TIME

To Buy a Watch.

Being overstocked with Watches, I am making

SPECIAL LOW PRICES

This month. Call and see them.

E. F. KIRCHGESSNER,

Jeweler. Tecumseh, Mich

Smith & Adams,

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL,

Jackson, Michigan.

HEADQUARTERS FOR BUILDING MATERIAL

Jackson, Michigan. Equipped as we are with our own Saw Mill—one of the latest improved and most modern Band Mills—and our own Planing Mill filled with the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of

SASH, DOORS and INTERIOR FINISH,

And cutting our own Timber we are enabled to sell Lumber cheaper than any other dealer in Southern Michigan. Special bills cut on short notice. Timber furnished in Pine, Hemlock or Oak, any size up to 40 feet in length. A large stock of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles,

Moulding, Doors, Sash, &c., kept constantly on hand.

Special Attention Given Mail Orders.

Call on us or write for Prices on any bill of Lumber you may want. It will pay you. SMITH & ADAMS, 401 to 429 N. Jackson St., Jackson, Mich

WE ARE CLOSING OUT

All Odds and Ends

IN WINTER GOODS

At Reduced Prices.

Flannels, Yarns, Underwear, Mittens and Gloves, Hosiery, &c. Everything goes AT COST. Our line of H. & S. Shoes in sizes 2 1-2 to 5, at HALF PRICE. Our entire line of

Winter Shoes At Cost.

All other Shoes reduced to make room for Spring Stock, which will arrive some time this month.

J. ROLLER & CO.

We Give Credit

For the Money you pay us on

A PARLOR SUITE,

A BED-ROOM SUITE,

A ROCKER, TABLE, Couch or Any Goods in our line and

WE TRUST YOU

For the balance, you paying us a certain amount every month.

BUY NOW!

And have the comfort and enjoyment of the Goods. Call and see us.

JENTER & RAUSCHENBERGER,

Funeral Directors and Dealers in Furniture, Manchester.

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1895.

LOCAL NEWS GALORE.

Gathered by Our Unwelting Pencil Pushers.

Time for snake stories.

Next week is holy week.

Spearing on the river has begun.

Has that cheese factory turned t'way?

The store has a new advertisement this week.

Confirmation at Emanuel's church on Sunday.

Fred Kensler has rented Sandford's creamery.

The M. E. Sunday school is preparing for easter.

The blackbirds and robins are here in good numbers.

The new seating for the masonic temple has arrived.

There are 14 new scholars at the ward school this term.

The village and township assessors will be after you soon.

You can find a pretty easter card at the ENTERPRISE office.

Upwards of 15 fine bass were caught in the upper pond on Tuesday.

Workmen have been changing some of the electric light poles and wires.

A new and larger water-wheel has been ordered for the electric light plant.

The W. C. T. U. will meet on Friday afternoon with Mrs. Frank Spafard.

Mail was exchanged for the new office "Spike," for the first time on Wednesday.

They are putting a metal cornice on the first story of the union savings bank building.

Anderson & Co. have a new advertisement this week about dress goods, carpets, etc.

The ladies are all excitement over the millinery openings and new hats will be numerous before easter.

George Nisle has bought the house on the corner of Clinton and Boyne streets, opposite W. L. Watkins'.

The regular meeting of the star chapter occurs on Friday evening and it will be held in the new temple.

We intend no disrespect when we mention that Monday was "all fools' day" to the democratic party of this township.

Holy week services will be held at St. Mary's church Thursday, Friday and Saturday mornings and Thursday and Friday evening.

They may quarrel about who captured Jeff Davis, but there is no disputing the fact that it was a Manchester soldier who took possession of Jeff's shooting irons.

W. L. Watkins intends to move into the VanDuyn house, Dr. Oblinger will occupy Watkins house, and George Nisle will move into the house vacated by Dr. Oblinger.

The Codling moth has made its appearance now, that the frost is coming out of the ground. The best way to catch them is to place a band of "Stickfast" in the trees around the apple trees.

The wind had been kicking up such a dust that our merchants were thinking about getting out the street sprinkler when a gentle rain set in and put a stop to the excitement. Rainwater is cheaper than river water for sprinkling purposes.

Last Friday our towsoman Henry Gilbert sold to Wm. Rehfuss two cows, one of which weighed 1,240 and the other 1,740 pounds. They brought $150. Mr. Gilbert is one of the best feeders in this section and he always gets the top prices for his stock.

Walter Mack gave away a large number of half and half-and-a-Brooks and in the afternoon almost everyone we met had one. He also had some hand bills printed at the ENTERPRISE office advertising his stock of clothing. He is a good advertiser and people must know that he has a big stock of goods to back what he says.

The M. E. and baptist societies have changed the time of their Sunday evening service from 7:00 to 7:30 and the Epworth league meeting will be at 6:30. Next Sunday evening at the M. E. church instead of the sermon, Miss Poucher and Miss Salsy will give reports of the state convention of the Epworth league held at Dowagiac last week.

A few years ago a woman came into the office and began to talk about stopping her paper. She said that she liked to read it but the extra sheet being pasted in made it unhandy for putting on pantry shelves, but she finally concluded to continue. Now we have lots of exchanges that are just right for putting on pantry shelves or under carpets; they have not been soiled and we put them in great big bundles and sell them at less than cost.

Rev. M. D. Terwilliger's lecture on the "Jewish tabernacle and its teachings," at the M. E. church Tuesday evening was listened to by a fair sized audience and was an interesting and instructive description and history made doubly clear by the models of the court, the tabernacle and its contents, robes of the high priest, etc. The reverend gentleman has made a study of the subject the past 17 years and has certainly collected many facts not widely known.

ELECTION.

What? Republican?

Manchester republican?

Well, where am I at?

Shades of the immortal hickory Jackson, what's the matter with Manchester?

If anyone had said a week ago that the republicans would carry Manchester this spring, he would have been looked upon as a proper subject for Pontiac. But, the returning board has declared every office on the township ticket theirs, and there is no going behind the returns. The scramble for nomination for highway commissioner on the democratic ticket was the only show of feeling noticeable in the canvass, but it has leaked out since that there were those present who would like to have seen the south part of township better represented.

There are various things that conspired to outside democratic tickets all the way down, but the hard work done by the republicans and the listlessness of the democrats accounts for the "flop" made, which places the republicans in absolute possession for the first time in over 30 years.

There was a pretty full vote, but the majority of votes came in the afternoon and the board had considerable difficulty "to get through time." Voters began to spend so much time in the booths, neither were there so many votes thrown out—which goes to show that a school of instruction should be held before every election. There were 85 township tickets thrown out, 7 were perfectly clean and 28 were illegal, 14 democratic and 14 republican.

There was an evident apathy in regard to the state ticket, voters not seeming to care whether they took them or not and of those who took them into the booths 54 voted without putting a single mark upon them, in consequence of which they were thrown out. There were 212 straight republican, 201 democratic, 19 prohibition and 3 peoples'.

On the amendment to the constitution relative to circuit courts there were 28 yes and 107 no.

On the amendment to the constitution relative to salaries of state officers there were 38 yes and 225 no.

We give below the full vote each candidate received on the township ticket, the first being republican, the next democratic.

Supervisor,	William Burless	257
	Willis L. Watkins	247
Clerk,	Bert W. Amsden	233
	Myron H. Silkworth	215
Treasurer,	Henry S. Root	263
	William J. Holmes	236
Justice,	John H. Kingsley	298
	Timothy W. Hunt	200
H'y Com.,	George M. Sutton	276
	Bert A. Logan	223
R'd Review,	Geo. Heimerdinger	262
	Thomas Holmes	237
School Ins.,	Fred Hall	263
	H. G. Conklin	232
Constables,	Adam Schabble	256
	Porter Brower	254
	William Becker	254
	Edwin S. Blythe	268
	William J. Holmes	242
	Erasmus Logan	243
	James Egan	238
	James Scully	224

FREEDOM.

Look out for orange blossoms in the near future.

Will Kress went to Ann Arbor Monday on business.

Sebastian Gehringer spent Sunday at Cambridge.

Theodore Ulrich was in Ann Arbor on business last Friday.

Mesdames Geo and Frank Dettling visited friends in Clinton over Sunday.

Mr. Thos. Lerz and children of Pittsfield visited relatives here over Sunday.

F. L. Feldkamp will close the winter term of school at the centre next Thursday.

Miss Tillie Dettling began the spring term of school to the Silver Lake district Monday.

A class of 16 children will be confirmed at Bethel church, Palm Sunday. Their names are: Lewis Burkhardt, Fred Haum, Willie Glatz, Fred Koebber, Chas. Bauer, Ernest Pfizenmaier, Albert Schendt, Fred Gall, Geo. Blumensaer, Andrew Dahmer, Clara Sackinger, Tena Bauer, Rena Gutmann, Emma Dieterle, Clara Gall, Lydia Zahn.

The election passed off quietly. There were 120 straight democratic and 60 straight republican. There were also three prohibition tickets voted. On the state ticket Morgan received 63, Wedemeyer 83 and Hammond 120 votes. We give the vote on the township ticket, the first name given after the office being a democrat:

Supervisor,	Michael P. Alber	108
	Barne Bertke	59
Clerk,	Henry Kuhl	144
	John Reno	70
Treasurer,	Wm. J. Beuerle	154
	Fred Lutz	58
Justice,	Jacob Breining	148
	Frederick Eiseman	62
Justice, vacancy,	Matthew Schabble	152
	Jacob Leyer	59
H'y Com.,	Lewis Koebbe	147
	John Stabler	65
Dr'n Com.,	Gottlieb Kraus	146
	Gottlob C. Mann	65
School Ins.,	Frank Dettling	144
	Bernhard Huehl	61
Sch'l In. vacancy,	Martin Koebbe	148
	Christian Eiseman	65
B'd Review,	Herman Niehaus	148
	John F. Baas	61
Constables,	Charles Schenk	149
	Bernhard Sodt	149
	Edwin Kuhl	148
	Samuel Feldkamp	149
	Charles Scheffler	61
	David Schneider	62
	Daniel Hieber	63
	Christian Koebler	62

Married.

Columbus, $100, Hartford, $50, $60 & $80. S. W. Demuth, Agt., Clinton, Mich.

BRIDGEWATER STATION.

Mrs. John Riedel is reported quite sick.

Miss Katie Becker visited at Ypsilanti last week.

Geo. Bohde and John Hutzel spent Sunday in Chelsea.

Rev. Clessler spent a few days at Ann Arbor last week.

Miss Ida Rheinfrank visited Freedom friends last week.

Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Becker visited relatives in Ypsilanti over Sunday.

Wm. Springer and Chas. Hutzel went to Ann Arbor last Thursday.

Miss Meta Schlegel returned on Monday from a visit in Ann Arbor.

Conrad Schade and Fred Layher spent Sunday with friends in Lodi.

Wm. Schaib, who has been visiting in Blissfield, has returned home.

Miss Lottie Schlicht has begun the spring term of school in district No. 5.

A. M. Humphrey of Saline was in town looking after business this week.

Miss Emma and Louisa Clessler spent Thursday with friends in Ann Arbor.

Gust Brenion and David Rapp went to Ann Arbor on their wheels last Tuesday.

School began in district No. 2 began last Monday with Miss Irene Mills as teacher.

Mrs. M. Pool and Mrs. Kline of Detroit who have been visiting here, have returned.

Mrs. Nicholas Sandi, who has been quite sick with inflammation of the lungs is reported better.

Miss Katie Becker was surprised last Sunday by a party of young people that came to remind her of her 15th birthday.

Eugene Rheinfrank of Ohio spent vacation week with his uncle, Geo. Rheinfrank, here. He is a student at the U. of M.

The knights of the Maccabees are trying to organize a tent at the station. They will hold a meeting at Guthard's hall next Saturday evening.

NORVELL.

Wm. Sharp of Brooklyn was in town this week on business.

Mrs. Frank Palmer of Pontiac is visiting her parents, Mr. & Mrs. Eli Tuyer.

Mr. & Mrs. Michael Donahue of Brooklyn were in town calling on friends Saturday last.

The wheelmen are out trying their wheels these fine days, getting in practice to ride if the roads ever get in good condition.

Election was very quiet but a goodly number of votes was polled and the result was a large republican gain, they carrying the day. The tickets were badly cut up and there were some defective ballots. The vote was a follows; the first names being democratic:

Supervisor,	Alasco T. Stitt	92
	Addison J. Austin	116
Clerk,	Wm. Spokes	96
	Geo. A. Post	109
Treasurer,	Don E. Palmer	94
	Julius C. Matteson	101
Justice,	Hiram Curtis	100
	John Kay	94
Justice, (vacancy)	James Cobb	101
	Daniel S. Fuller	94
H'y Com.,	John Bell	87
	Geo. W. Greene	106
	Jacob Doerfler	96
	Harvey H. Baby	99
B'd Review,	Geo. B. Cobb	100
(full term)	Stephen W. Holmes	97
B'd Review, (short term)	Ernest Schmeidler	98
Constables,	Elmer Foor	90
	Chas. Maurer	99
	Elmer Ovens	98
	Joseph Myers	96
	Chas. Griffith	105
	Leonard Roberts	107
	Frank Brower	96
	George C. Dresser	98

IRON CREEK.

W. W. Walters was in Cambridge Tuesday.

Miss Sarah Egan visited in Adrian the past week.

School began again in the "creek" district Tuesday.

Mrs. E. G. Keck went to Utica yesterday to visit relatives.

Wiley W. Mills of Ann Arbor has been spending the past few days here about.

Norman Furgason will work the Munson King farm in Bridgewater the coming season.

Miss Mamie Haag of Jackson is spending her vacation with her aunts, the Misses Herman.

Mr. & Mrs. J. R. Holmes started Monday or a visit with relatives in the northern part of the state.

Mrs. Ann Sutton and daughter Lottie returned home a few days since from a visit in Livingston county.

A Hillsdale college student, Mr. Nichols, will preach at the church next Sunday Meeting at 11 a. m.

Two young farmers of this region were honored Monday by election to township offices, Geo. M. Sutton and Fred Hall, who will be respectively highway commissioner and school inspector. These offices properly belonged to this part of the town anyway.

BRIDGEWATER.

Cadet Harry Kies returned to Orchard Lake on Wednesday.

The democratic ticket was elected here by an average majority of 40.

Miss Julia Kirchhofer began the spring term of school in district No. 6 on Monday.

As Xavier Baue was returning home from J. Ambruster's last Tuesday, his horses became frightened at a large stone by the road side, and, while they did not get away from him, they broke the buggy pole in two in place.

J. Ambruster is moving into the old Dickerson house, while Mrs. Dickerson and daughter Grace, who have resided in Manchester the past year, moved into Clyde Dickerson's house on Wednesday.

BROOKLYN

Miss Mamie Murray has returned to Toledo.

Prof. Lake was to Jackson a few days last week.

The W. C. T. U. meets with Mrs. Ara Palmer Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Schmedlen of Illinois spent the day with friends in town, Monday.

Charles Marr of Cambridge was the guest of relatives here Monday and Tuesday.

The King's daughters were entertained by Miss Blanche Barstow Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. W. S. Culver returned from Pittsfield Tuesday were she has been spending a week with her sister.

Preparations are being made for three new houses on Sherman ave. by Messrs Hart, Wilber and Cole.

The roof of the foundry caught fire Friday forenoon but was extinguished before much damage was done.

Mrs. B. W. Amsden and children of Manchester were the guests of her father, W. S. Culver, the past week.

Farming utensils, stock and household goods were sold at auction on the late John Sharp's estate, Tuesday.

Grandpa Monnagon is very ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Reed. There is very little hope of his recovery.

Mr. & Mrs. Henry Walker and Albert and David Walker were in Manchester Monday on business connected with the Schmedlen estate.

One of our local nimrods while duck hunting recently saw a whole band of mallards in a cove on Vineyard lake. He crawled a half mile on his hands and knees to get a good shot, and blazed away, but not a duck or a feather flew. The decoys were there for the day.

SHARON.

Mrs. Beisner of Jackson is visiting her parents.

Mrs. Perry talks of returning to her farm this spring.

Miss Laura Hoesman spent Tuesday with friends in Tecumseh.

It is Miss Jennie Raymond instead of Nellie who has the new organ.

Wm. Bertke and daughter Augie visited friends in Napoleon on Saturday.

Mrs. Leeson and son of Manchester visited at Mrs. Helen Gillett's last week.

The ladies' society of the Rowe's corners church met with Mrs. Lambert Gieske on Thursday last.

There were four tickets in the field here Monday, democrat, republican prohibition and populist. The democratic ticket was elected. The state ticket went republican, the democrats seemed to care about the state. Wedemeyer has over 200 majority.

The M. E. social was held at the home of the president, Mrs. E. W. Crafts, on Friday last. The exercises were opened with singing by Mrs. Yokom, followed by prayer from our faithful parson, who though "wide in his parish and houses far asunder," has always met with us in our gatherings; Mrs. Geo. Pardee favored the company with a selection while Myrtle Yokom entertained them with an amusing recitation, exercises closing with the creation of a quest floor, by Chas. Pardee.

WAMPLER'S LAKE.

The ice went out of the lakes on Monday

Wheat looks bad. There is nothing that is green on the fields.

Joe. Myers and Wm. Cole visited friends in Grass Lake over Sunday.

Peach and other fruit buds seem all right except raspberries and blackberries; these will be only part of a crop.

On Tuesday, April 9th I will be in Manchester with a full and complete line of Spring and Summer Suitings. Please reserve your orders. J. M. HOTCHKISS, Tecumseh, Mich.

**

Manchester Enterprise

Published Every Thursday Morning

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Notice to the Public.

Advertisers wishing to change their advertisements, must get the copy to us on the week run before noon as early as Tuesday, or it will be not after the paper is out and be inserted the next week.

Advertisers wishing additional space should inform us of the amount desired when first handing in their publication day as possible, in order that we may arrange for it.

Notice of church socials and meetings, free; but notices of any kind where a fee or admission is charged must be paid for the same as other business announcements.

Those having business in the probate court are requested to ask Judge Hallett to send their printing to the ENTERPRISE office.

Birth, marriage and death notices free. Obituary notices, five cents a line.

Card of Thanks, five cents a line.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1895.

Norvell Farmers' Club.

The meeting with R. D. Palmer on March 30th was well attended and a pleasant time was had. The annual election of officers resulted in no changes.

Leila Green read a selection entitled "Home," and Mrs. C. J. Harper followed with an essay on "Intemperance. Thy evil, she said, surpasses all others. It is as widespread as the nation; dwelling in the lowest holes and in the finest palaces. It destroys both innardly and outwardly and once in the toils of drink, the victim is seldom saved. We are now in an age of depression. How much of it is due to this evil? How many now in want would have had plenty and to spare but for this? Of those who indulge in strong drink the moderate drinker is the greatest bane, as his example is one that does harm. Who labors most and hardest to suppress this evil? The mother.

The topic for discussion, "Needed legislation state and national," was introduced S. W. Holmes. This subject was to have come before the club two months ago. He felt then that he was loaded for bear; today he is only charged for humming birds. People differ widely on the subject, even to the wisest statesmen. As to state matters, he would suggest a state board to inspect grain instead of it being left to the board of trade, as now; the railroad law so changed that the two-cent fare rate could not be evaded; as it now is by all but the Grand Trunk; butterine labelled as such, state institutions to use butter, butterine being largely used in them now. As to temperance, he expressed himself honestly in doubt as to the best course to pursue under existing circumstances. National legislation concerns us more than state. Congress has more to do with each state than the state itself and its laws are better observed and better enforced. He then spoke at some length upon the tariff, believing it to be the great cause of the present depressed times.

The discussion which followed gave most attention to the liquor traffic. W. R. Mount knew what he would do with it if he had the power. He would kick the traffic out of the face of the earth.

Henry R. Palmer said that when in Kansas it was the general sentiment there that prohibition was a benefit; fewer persons were learning to drink.

L. D. Watkins said that first-class temperance man had to once resolved to test the matter in Kansas and spent a whole day hunting for a place where he could get a drink.

Mrs. Watkins believes that we cannot make laws to entirely stop the sale of liquor or to do away with sin in any form. But still we can continue but all should work together for each other's good and for the good of all. She would never vote for a man who drinks, will go farther and say, or uses tobacco. If we send drinking men to congress, or to any will make laws to suit themselves.

Mrs. Sarah Turner said the tariff question is very small compared with that of the liquor traffic. $60,000,000 a year is expended in this country for drink. All to this the larger part of the cost of supporting the various charitable and penitentiary institutions and the courts and you from some idea of the money cost of the traffic.

Mrs. A. W. Dunn said that we cannot do anything until you put men in office who will enforce the laws.

As to other topics suggested, Wilder Bancroft thought we were already regulated to death. He would not have the legislature meet again for ten years and then would limit its session to 30 days.

Jas. Hay would put men in office who were honest and who did not seek it. A. W. Dunn thought something might be done in the way of encouraging the use of home products. Our state institutions should use them instead of getting butterine and meats abroad.

R. D. Palmer thought there should be more stringent laws against adulterations. If the farmer sells extraneous matter with his wool or fruit or elsewhere, he is very soon exacted up for it, but the merchant sells adulterated food, shoddy clothing, etc., and there is no law against it. He would also have the road law so amended that no credit should be allowed for road-wagons, plow, etc., used in road work.

T. B. Halladay believed the state needed a stringent pure food law, that the national government should retire from the land business, that it should coin free all gold and silver offered. Opposed the township unit school system believing the present district system a better one and will vote against the salary amendment. As to the liquor traffic he would raise the tax higher. If the present law which are certainly restrictive are not enforced, what reason have we to suppose that a prohibitory law would be.

The following preamble and resolutions were read and adopted by unanimous vote:

Whereas, The employment of convict labor in the penal institutions of our state is receiving much thought and discussion in the legislature and certain societies of organized labor are employing every means to defeat the time honored system of contract labor, therefore we laborers and members of the Norvell farmers' club do hereby resolve: that while we realize the depression and competition in the labor market, we are satisfied that the competition is no greater where the convicts are employed either by the state or under contract to individual employers than when these same persons as free men by industrious labor are earning an honest living.

Resolved, That in view of the increasing taxation of which farmers bear a large proportion, and that the interest of the convicts both physically and mentally requires the full employment of his time, we hereby pray that our senator and representative in the state legislature will vote for such bills as will insure to the state the greatest revenue from the state prisons, having in view the two main objects of punishment—the reformation of the criminal and the prevention of crime.

The circle will next meet with H. R. Raby on April 27, at 1 p. m. Press clippings, L. D. Watkins; select reading, Mrs. Watkins; some recent bulletins, A. R. Palmer; essay, Mrs. C. P. Holmes. Each member is expected to bring some thought or brief clipping with comments thereon.

Washtenaw County.

The board of supervisors stands 16 democrats and 13 republicans.

The republicans carried Saline boots and britches. E. A. Hauser, supervisor.

Where did the Ann Arbor papers get that "H" they put in supervisor Burtless' name. "Bill" is a yankee, sure enough.

The village of Chelsea, by a vote of 217 to 139, decided to make a contract with the Chelsea electric light company for light the streets of the village.

The Bell Telephone Co.'s new rate goes into effect today. The rent of phones in business places will hereafter be $36 instead of $48 per month.—Courier. Per year, you mean.

We can remember when it was not a pleasant thing for a republican to vote in Freedom, but year after year has added strength until this year for the first time since "before the war," a republican ticket was put in nomination there.

The Washtenaw Times of Thursday last says: Mrs. W. G. Dietesle fell down stairs at her home on S fourth ave. yesterday morning and injured her head so much that she was unconscious for three or four hours. She is somewhat better today.

However the election may come out today, one thing is certain, Ann Arbor never had a police force that has contributed more to good order and obeying of the law since the time of Jerome Robinson as mayor of Ann Arbor. He proved to the people of Ann Arbor that the law could be enforced without much trouble, if the chief executive of the city would only have backbone enough to stand by the marshal and insist upon it.—Courier.

The board of supervisors have stood up and attend roll call.

Ann Arbor city.

First ward, William K. Childs, R.
Second ward, Eugene Oesterlin, D.
Third ward, Jacob J. Fischer, R.
Fourth ward, Joseph Donnelly, D.
Fifth ward, James Boyle, Democ.
Sixth ward, Arthur J. Kipps, R.
Seventh ward, Evart H. Scott, R.

Ann Arbor town, Con. L. Tuomey D.
Augusta, S. S. Bibbins, R.
Bridgewater, George Walter, D.
Dexter, Thomas McQuillan, D.
Freedom, Michael J. Alber, D.
Lima, Walter H. Dancer, D.
Lodi, Michael Graslans, D.
Lyndon, James Howlett, D.
Manchester, William Burtless, R.
Northfield, Emery E. Leland, R.
Pittsfield, Martliner F. Case, R.
Salem, Fred Wheeler, R.
Saline, Edward A. Hauser, R.
Scio, Byron Whitaker, D.
Sharon, William F. Hall, D.
Superior, Walter Voorhees, D.
Sylvan, Hiram Lichtball, D.
Webster, Edwin Ball, R.
York, Alfred Davenport, D.
Ypsilanti town, James L. Hunter, R.
Ypsilanti city—

First district, B. M. Damon, R.
Second district, James Forsythe, D.

Lenawee County.

Wm. Arnold of Tecumseh has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Chas. F. Arnold of Adrian.

The Clinton republicans were victorious. Following is part of the ticket. The first name after the office is republican, the next democratic.

Supervisor,	Geo. Lindsley	218
	Wm. Rogers	185
Clerk,	E. L. Parker	216
	Wm. Silvers	166
Treasurer,	Hiram Saxton	194
	Alonzo Marshall	188
Justice,	A. W. Kimball	206
	Chas. S. Burroughs	153
	A. W. Power	216
	Richard Gillespie	170
School Insp.,	Geo. S. Wilson	211
	Minnie Humphrey	183
It's Com.,	David Haggard	198
	B. B. Mills	171

A new advertisement of the Douglas shoe, sold by W. C. Mack, will be found on the fifth page.

Read our advertisements all over this week for bargains.

Boiler's store looks fine.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

Welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.

John Spafard was in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Myron Sikworth spent Tuesday in Jackson.

A. J. Waters went to Jackson today on business.

Will Marx has gone to Clinton to work for Mr. Burton.

F. E. Ottenburger went to Detroit today on business.

M. Brenner of Ann Arbor was in town on Monday and Tuesday.

Justice Kelly went to Ann Arbor today with the election returns.

Mrs. Wm. Burtless and Mrs. C. W. Case went to Tecumseh today.

S. W. Demuth of Clinton was in town yesterday afternoon on business.

Mrs. J. F. Miller and Mrs. N. Senger went to Norvell today to visit friends.

A. J. Austin, supervisor elect of Norvell, was in town on Tuesday morning.

Miss Abbie Chase is at work for the new millinery, Misses Palmer & Thompson.

Miss Lena Arnold of Tecumseh visited relatives in town from Friday until Monday.

Dr. Chas. Unterkircher of Saline makes frequent visits here to see his father, who is very sick.

Fr. Ternes was in Jackson yesterday. He will attend the funeral of Fr. Buyse there on Saturday.

Geo. Nisle jr. is moving into the house just south of Jas. Kelly's, recently vacated by Mrs. Dickerson.

James Yerdon, who has been visiting relatives at his old home in New York state, returned here on Tuesday.

Wm. F. Rehfuss and son William and Floyd Austin went to Buffalo with stock last Saturday, returning on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. P. Lapham has returned home after spending a few weeks very pleasantly visiting friends in Norvell and Brooklyn.

Prof. J. W. Bradner of Hudson, Mo., and Miss Mamie Bradner of Clinton were guests of Miss Adah Case, Tuesday evening.

Miss L. Pister went to Cleveland and Toledo this week to attend the grand millinery openings and get the latest styles.

Misses Carrie Hankins of Battle Creek and Minnie Randall of Bridgewater were the guests of Miss Nettie Taylor, Friday and Saturday.

W. C. Mack and Mr. Tuomey of the store, Ann Arbor, were in town conducting the sale of capes, etc., at the store here on Tuesday.

Warner Spencer went to Grand Rapids Monday to accept a position in a railroad office. His friends regret his departure but wish him success.

A. C. Aylesworth, the auctioneer, and family have moved onto their farm in the south part of the township, near the Nichols school house.

Geo. C. Amsden came up from Ypsilanti on Tuesday to do some work in the new savings bank building. He is feeling better than when he was last here.

Mrs. C. H. Millen and children came down from Wolf lake Monday morning. The children resumed school, while Mrs. M. went to Adrian for a brief visit and returned to the lake on Wednesday. They have their new house there ready to be plastered.

Mrs. Quinn at Adrian mother of Mrs. Wm. Brighton of this village died on Friday last. Mrs. Brighton and the younger children were at her bedside when she died. Mr. Brighton and the residue of the family drove to Adrian on Sunday to attend the funeral which occured on Monday morning at St. Mary's church. Twenty-seven grand children including six who acted as pall-bearers followed the remains to the grave.

Dr. Thomas Rix of Dowagiac made his friends here a visit last Friday. Tom is a bigger man than he was when he lived here and went out with the first Michigan volunteers as lieutenant; bigger in size and avoirdupois and with the reputation of being a skilled operator and leader in the dental profession. He is fat and jolly and the old boys were glad to get acquainted with him again. The Enterprise takes pride in noting the success achieved by our old citizen.

A Frenchman has invented a wind plow to be placed in front of locomotives to cut the air as the sharp prow of a ship cuts the water and throw it to one side. The device seems simple but it has proved to effect a saving in the consumption of coal, especially on fast trains. The Enterprise would suggest that some enterprising yankee invent a turbine windmill to place on the rear end of the train to push it along, then a still greater saving will be effected.

Perhaps the leading article in the April Cosmopolitan is China and Japan by Geo. Fred's Seward. People are anxious to learn all they can about these strange countries, now at war with each other. Following this is an illustrated sketch of "The Krakatoa Eruption." "English Country-house Parties," by Lady Colin Campbell will be found interesting, also a score or more of other sketches, besides the stories, poems, etc., which go to make up a valuable number well worth 15 cents.

With all the new-fangled process, the election seems to come in slower than they did years ago.

Oysters in bulk direct from Baltimore at N. Senger's.

Headquarters for Bulk Garden Seeds at Gieske & Blum's.

Landreth's Seeds are destroyed every Fall. Sold at Gieske & Blum's.

Landreth's Garden and Flower Seeds are the best. Sold at Gieske & Blum's.

For Sale—20,000 Strawberry plants, 8 choice varieties, $2 M. J. D. GAGE.

New patterns of Japanese napkins have been received at the ENTERPRISE office.

Subject of discourse in the universalist church next Sunday morning: Organization.

BICYCLES.

Columbias, $100. Hartfords, $50, $60 & $80. S. W. DEMUTH, Agt., Clinton.

The ladies' aid society of the baptist church will be entertained by Mrs. Tester and Mrs. Taylor, at the home of the latter, Thursday afternoon, April 11.

The Ladies Society of the Evangelical church in Sharon will serve a supper on Wednesday, April 10th, afternoon and evening, at Lambert Upham's. Tickets 25 cents for two, 10 cents for children. The special feature of the meeting will be the selling of a silk and worsted quilt made by the members of the society, to the highest bidder. Proceeds for improvements on the church. A general invitation is given. A cordial welcome will be extended to all.

LADIES, Wait until Friday and Saturday, APRIL 12th & 13th, Spring Opening of Millinery Goods. Latest Styles.

LOUISE PFISTER.

FOR Fashionable Millinery GO TO Misses PALMER & THOMPSON Over the Union Savings Bank.

EASTER CARDS And NEW SCHOOL CARDS, at the Enterprise Office.

OFFICE Enterprise Printing and Stationery House, Manchester, - Michigan.

IF YOU WANT Fashionable MOURNING CARDS, PAPER AND ENVELOPES, Send 5c in Stamps to us for Sample and MANCHESTER - ENTERPRISE

Call on the NEW TAILOR

If you want a Good, Stylish Suit for Spring and Summer. Having a full line of Spring Goods, I can please you. IT WILL PAY YOU To call on or address

S. B. RENSHAW, Merchant Tailor, Next to Post-office, MANCHESTER, MICH.

WE WILL PAY $300 FOR A NAME 25 Varieties and Colors Mixed SWEET PEAS, 40 Cents a Pound.

For full particulars of $500 offer and the handsomest and most complete catalogue of Flower, Vegetables and Fruits, containing all old favorites and many of our own introduction, printed on 112 pages, elegant colored plates. Send 10 cts (which may be deducted from first order) for

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE. JAMES VICK'S SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

Great . . . Easter Sale AT The Store.

Commencing Saturday Morning, April 6th and will be continued until 10 o'clock Saturday night, April 13th. Our object is to make our customers happy and give them a chance to make their friends happy. No matter how small your purse is, our goods will enable you to buy Easter presents, and in so doing receive a present yourself.

The sympathy shown by the public in our Slaughter of Spring Wraps convinced us that our prices are lower than anybody's else. We continue with the quality of our goods is sure to bring success, and the people will soon find that we mean what we say. Every article is guaranteed, if not satisfactory, your money is refunded.

Men's, Boys', Youths' CLOTHING

Stylish Dressers seeking the latest fashions in cut, make and trimming, the newest shades and patterns, the finest fabrics and perfect fitting garments, celebrated throughout Europe and America should make an early visit to our Clothing department.

$6.00 Men's all wool suits for spring, worth $10, this week they go at $6. Another lot for $6 40.

9.49 Men's Suits, blue, black, brown and gray worsteds, fine cassimeres and cheviots, sack and frock styles, worth $15. These are great bargains for spot cash and in selling them for cash they will go at $9.49.

12.00 Here is the best thing of all for the money. Frock style, the latest cut, clay worsted. These suits are actually worth $25, we will be sold for $12.

7.96 Just look at this for $7.96. You can buy a whole outfit for Confirmation Day at our store.

We have a full line of samples for suits and can sell you a suit of clothes made to your order at the same price you can buy ready made clothing.

Great Hat Sale Next Week.

Greatest Bargains ever heard of in this town.

SHOES!

REMEMBER, Right here in Manchester you have a store—The Store where you can buy anything you want in Shoes from the cheapest to the best. Remember, we are endeavoring to work up a standing trade here and know that the only way to do it is to sell reliable goods at a small advance and turn out to be as represented by the return to your money. Ladies' Oxfords of all the latest styles from $1 15 up. Children's and Misses' Oxfords, latest styles, from 75c up. Men's, Boy's and Youth's Shoes upwards from 90c. Boots at a discount of 50 per cent.

DRY GOODS.

Prices cut on everything. We have the greatest bargains in Dress Goods for this week ever heard of.

Spring Ginghams, the latest styles and patterns for 36c yd.

An elegant line of Dress Silks, specially selled sale from 15c up.

Whenever you think of buying housekeeping linen or sheetings of any description, always keep your mind and eye on The Store. We are going to offer some great inducements in linens and sheetings for this week:

7 doz Towels, knotted fringe, bird's eye pattern, 20c qual.	14c
10 " " " " " "	14c
15 " " " " " "	14c
20 " " " " " "	21c
8	5½c
10 pieces fine unbleached Cotton worth 6c, for	4½c
20 " unbleached cotton, worth 7c, for	5½c
50 " fine quilting cotton, worth 8c, for	6½c
25 " bleached sheeting, regular 7c quality, for	6½c
20 " " " " "	7c

Dress Ginghams, Percales, Lawns, Dimities, Cambrics, Jaconets, Nainsooks, the latest styles and patterns, regular 8c quality, for 5c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth 25c, for 15c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth 50c, for 25c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth 75c, for 50c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1, for 75c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1 25, for 75c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1 50, for 75c.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2, for $1.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2 50, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3 50, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $18, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $125, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $150, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $175, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $200, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $225, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $250, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $300, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $350, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $400, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $450, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $600, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $700, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $800, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $900, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1250, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1750, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2250, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $17500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $22500, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $125000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $150000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $175000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $200000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $225000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $250000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $300000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $350000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $400000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $450000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $600000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $700000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $800000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $900000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1250000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1750000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2250000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $17500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $22500000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $125000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $150000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $175000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $200000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $225000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $250000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $300000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $350000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $400000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $450000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $600000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $700000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $800000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $900000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1250000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1750000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2250000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $17500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $22500000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $125000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $150000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $175000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $200000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $225000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $250000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $300000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $350000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $400000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $450000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $600000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $700000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $800000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $900000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1250000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1750000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2250000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $17500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $22500000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $125000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $150000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $175000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $200000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $225000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $250000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $300000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $350000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $400000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $450000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $600000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $700000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $800000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $900000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1250000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $1750000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2250000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $2500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $3500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $4500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $5000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $6000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $7000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $8000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $9000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $10000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $12500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $15000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $17500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $20000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $22500000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $25000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $30000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $35000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $40000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $45000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $50000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $60000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $70000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $80000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $90000000000000000, for $1 50.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed vests, worth $100000000000

WEAK NERVES

Indicate as surely as any physical symptom shows anything, that the organs and tissues of the body are not satisfied with their nourishment.

They draw their sustenance from the blood, and if the blood is thin, impure, or insufficient, they are in a state of revolt. Their complaints are made to the brain, the king of the body, through the nervous system, and the result of the general dissatisfaction is what we call Nervousness.

This is a concise, reasonable explanation of the whole matter.

The cure for Nervousness, then, is simple. Purify and enrich your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the nerves, tissues and organs will have the healthful nourishment they crave. Nervousness and Weakness will then give way to strength and health.

That this is not theory but fact is proven by the voluntary statements of thousands cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read the next column.

"With pleasure I will state that Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me wonderfully. For several months I could not lie down to sleep on account of heart trouble and also

Prostration of the Nerves.

For three years I had been doctoring, but could not get cured. I received relief for a while, but not permanent. Soon after beginning to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there was a change for the better. In a short time I was feeling splendidly. I now rest well and am able to do work of whatever kind. If I had not tried Hood's Sarsaparilla I do not know what would have become of me. I keep it in my house all the time, and other members of the family take it, and all say there is

Nothing Like Hood's

Sarsaparilla. I have highly recommended it and one of my neighbors has commenced taking it. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla at every opportunity." MRS. S. BRADDOCK, 404 Erie Av., Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Webster's International Dictionary

Invaluable in Office, School, or Home. New from cover to cover.

It is the *Standard* of the U. S. Supreme Court, of the U. S. Government Printing Office, and of nearly all of the Schoolbooks. It is warmly commended by every State Superintendent of Schools.

A College President writes: "For ease with which the eye finds the word sought, for accuracy of definition, for effective methods in indicating pronunciation, for terse yet comprehensive statements of facts, and for practical use as a working dictionary, '*Webster's International*' excels any other single volume."

G. & C. Merriam Co., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

☞ Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages, illustrations, etc.
☞ Do not buy cheap photographic reprints of the Webster of 1847.

NO BOYS OR LOAFERS WANTED. General agents. Salary or commission. Chemical Fire Extinguisher Co. Racine, Wis.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

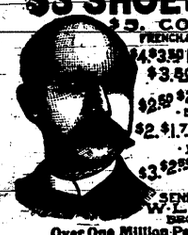
THE SCALPER 24 pages, 2c. All about making money in Grain and Stocks by "scalping the market" on margins of $20 to $1,000. Best method yet. All scalpers make money. LANSING & Co., 112 Quincy St., Chicago.

LINENE REVERSIBLE Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn: they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. *They fit well, wear well and look well.* A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS. EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes. All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

35 Cent Patterns for 10 Cents

These patterns retail in fashion bazaars and stores for 25 to 70 cents each, but in order to increase the demand among strangers we offer them to the lady readers of this paper for the remarkably low price of only **10 cents each.** Postage one cent extra.

The patterns are all of the very latest New York styles and are unequaled for style, accuracy of fit, simplicity and economy. For twenty-four years these patterns have been used the country over. Full descriptions and directions—as the number of yards of material required, the number and names of the different pieces in the pattern, how to cut and fit and put the garment together—are sent with each pattern, with a picture of the garment to go by. These patterns are complete in every particular, there being a separate pattern for every single piece of the dress. Your order will be filled the same day it is received. Every pattern guaranteed to be perfect.

The retail price of pattern is 25 cents.

LADIES' WALKING TOILET. Pattern No. 6342—The cape is cut in six sizes, viz.: 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. The skirt is cut in five sizes, viz.: 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure.

This stylish spring toilet of golden brown crepon is one of the new Parisian modes.

The Paquin skirt and cape are made to match, the collet, or short cape, being of black plaited chiffon, over which a Van Dyke collar of point-de-venise lace is worn. A lining of blue and brown changeable silk makes a rich completion.

A full ruching of chiffon decorates the neck, which can either take the place of the fashionable collar, or be worn over it.

Parasol of changeable blue and brown taffeta is edged with a deep frill of white lace, a handsome bow of blue satin ribbon decorating the handle.

Hat of brown straw, with black bow and blue wings.

The retail price of each pattern is 30 cents.

LADIES' PRINCESS GOWN. Pattern No. 6343 is cut in five sizes, viz.: 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

Bluette crepon is here stylishly trimmed with black gre-de-leudres and jet passementerie.

A handsome collar of creamy point-de-venise lace forms a deep round yoke, the full puffs on the sleeves, being shirred in successive rows to give the sloping shoulder effect here shown.

The closing on left side of front is rendered invisible by the arrangement of the trimming, the collar closing in center back with the stock.

The mode is desirable for almost any style of fabric, and can be worn as a walking toilet, tea or home gown, as well as ceremonial occasions.

The retail price of pattern is 35 cents.

PAQUIN SKIRT. No. 6323.—This style counts as one of the many new designs in the large variety of skirts now worn bearing the name of the Parisian artiste who introduced the mode. The shaping is of the circular variety, and fits smoothly in front and over the hips, the top edge being held easy when sewed to the belt. The lower portion presents the undulating ripple now fashionable, while the back falls in full gored, or organ pipe folds from backward turning plaits at the top. A deep undersacing of canvas, grass or hair cloth is generally used through this, while the back is lined throughout, with the same fabric. Some prefer a stiff petticoat throughout all the skirt, supplemented by a lining of taffeta or cambric.

and around the front and sides, while the back is lined throughout, with the same fabric. Some prefer a stiff petticoat throughout all the skirt, supplemented by a lining of taffeta or cambric.

MRS. GRUNDY SAYS

That good society, like charity, covers the multitude of sins.

That there is not much Christianity in an exclusive religion.

That the expense to American girls who buy titles is increasing.

Look into the drunkard's home, if you would see the tracks that have been made by the cloven hoof.

That which seemeth most casual and subject to fortune, is yet disposed by the ordinance of heaven.

There are people who seem to think that God only expects them to keep the Ten Commandments on Sunday.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE. At Druggists, 50c & $1. Advice & Pamphlet free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

AT THE TOP THIS RHEUMATIC CURE is "Schrage's $1,000,000 Rheumatic Cure." Knocks out Gout and Neuralgia too. It must be good or Doctors wouldn't praise it as they do. It's a Discovery. Want some testimonials? We've a barrel full. Take this cure as directed. Never Fails and won't injure the stomach. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO. Owners 167-169 Dearborn St., Chicago

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup. SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE. WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT. BEST IN MARKET. BEST IN FIT. BEST IN WEARING QUALITY. The outer or tap sole extends the whole length down to the heel, protecting the boot in digging and in other hard work. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM and don't be put off with inferior goods. COLCHESTER RUBBER CO.

"GENTLEMEN: Regarding prospects for the coming year, would say, *we hope to double our last year's output of Aermotors, or, at least, as we have done in the past, sell twenty-four out of every twenty-five windmills that are sold. Since commencing the sale in 1889,* WE HAVE SOLD ABOUT

500 AERMOTORS

We do not attribute this fairly good record entirely to our efforts, but to the superiority of the goods which you make. BURNIE & DAVIS Urbana, Ill., February 18, 1895.

GENTLEMEN: We bought and put up Aermotor No. 2, and out of the first fifty which you made we had thirteen. Since that time we have sold about

400 AERMOTORS

In our small territory is represented the history of the Aermotor and the Aermotor Company from the beginning to the present hour. That history is one of unbroken triumph. Aside from the Aermotor there have been but few other windmills put up in our territory—just enough with which to compare and show the infinite superiority of the Aermotor in design, finish (all galvanized iron), and ability to run when all others stand still. We should have sold more, but there are Aermotors in operation, all being located within 15 miles of us, that we know from reliable reports, have pumped more than any other mill in the same time during the past year. Our sales for the past year represent any previous year's record, and we expect to double your orders for this year. Count on us for our portion of it, for the Aermotor never stood further above all competitors in reputation and in the hearts of its users than it does to-day. Yours to Balance, Massengale, Ill., February 25, 1895.

The best Aermotor all will be of yours. We shall offer for this year's trade, a mill unsurpassed by any other mill made, and the best Aermotor all will be of yours. We shall offer for this year's trade, a mill unsurpassed by any other mill made, and the best mill that we can put in the hands of our agents to sell at that price. All Aermotor men will have it. The work following will appeal our advertisement of galvanized steel tanks at 3½ cents per gallon. They neither shrink, leak, rust, nor make water taste bad. Aermotor Co., Chicago.

$7.50 A $15

When Answering Advertisements Please Mention This Paper.

ACUTE DYSPEPSIA.

SYMPATHETIC HEART DISEASE OFTEN ATTENDS IT.

The Modern Treatment Consists in Removing the Cause.

From Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Republican.

Mrs. V. Curley who has resided in Clarence, Iowa, for the past twenty-two years, tells an interesting story of what she considers rescue from premature death. Her narrative follows:

"For ten years prior to 1894, I was a constant sufferer from acute stomach trouble. I had all the manifold symptoms of acute dyspepsia, and at times other troubles were present in complication—I did not know what it was to enjoy a meal. No matter how careful I might be as to the quality, quantity and preparation of my food, distress always followed eating. I was despondent and blue. Almost to the point of insanity at times, and would have been glad to die. Often and often I could not sleep. Sympathetic heart trouble set in and time and again I was obliged to call a doctor in the night to relieve sudden attacks of suffocation which would come on without a moment's warning.

My troubles increased as time wore on and I spent large sums in doctor bills, being compelled to have medical attendants almost constantly. During 1892 and 1893, it was impossible for me to retain food, and water brashes plagued me. I was reduced to a skeleton. A consultation of physicians was unable to determine just what did ail me. The doctors gave us as their opinion that the probable trouble was ulceration of the coats of the stomach and held out no hope of recovery. One doctor said, "All I can do to relieve your suffering is by the use of opium."

About this time a friend of mine, Mrs. Symantha Smith of Glidden, Iowa, told me about the case of Mrs. Thurston of Oxford Junction, Iowa. This lady said she had been afflicted much the same as I had. She had consulted local physicians without relief, and had gone to Davenport for treatment. Giving up all hope of recovery, she was persuaded by a friend to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was almost magical.

I was led to try them from her experience, and before many months I felt better than I had for a dozen years. I am now almost free from trouble, and if through some error of diet I feel badly, this splendid remedy sets me right again. I have regained my strength and am once more in my usual flesh. I sleep well and can eat without distress. I have no doubt that I owe my recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, $2.50)—by addressing Dr. Williams' six boxes for $2.50.

April borrows three days from March, and they are ill.

A NEW SPECIALIST.

Arrives in Detroit—Success Attends a Medical Triumph.

FROM THE DETROIT NEWS.

The prevalence of Kidney complaints and maladies arising from the Kidneys' disorder such as lame back, backache, weariness, worn-out and listless feelings, has started many a remedy for their cure, but few have proven a success. After many years a preparation has at last been found, one that acts promptly and performs its work as surely as the daily setting of the sun. This is a strong statement, but can be proven by undisputed testimony right here in Detroit. Read what Mrs. Fleney, of 258 Chestnut street, says: "About a month ago I was taken down with what seemed to be a severe attack of Kidney Complaint; the pain across my back above the hips was simply unbearable. I finally grew so bad I was compelled to go to bed. This was on a Friday, and on Saturday my husband brought home a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I began taking right away. I was so much relieved on Sunday that I was able to get up and be around again. As I took no other medicine at the time, the credit of my quick, almost magical return from suffering to freedom from all pain is due to Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole Agents for U. S. Remember the name, DOAN'S, and take no other.

A cold and moist April fills the cellar and fattens the cow.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that can not be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(SEAL) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

When April blows his horn,
'Tis good for hay and corn.

1,000 Bushels Onions per Acre.

If you will cut this notice out and send it to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 40c, they will mail you free ¼ pound Wisconsin Grown Yellow Globe Danvers Onion seed, and directions how to grow 1,000 bushels onions per acre, worth $1,000 during a life time.

Thirty-five packages early vegetable seeds, $1, postpaid. Five lbs. Danvers Globe Onion seed, $1.50, postpaid. The Salzer Seed Co. is the largest growers of vegetable, farm, grass, clover and potato seeds in America. Editor W. N. U.

A hint is sometimes the most effective argument one can employ.

THE SECRET ART OF BEAUTY lies not in cosmetics, but is only in pure blood, and a healthy performance of the vital functions, to be obtained by using Burdock Blood Bitters.

Milwaukee has gotten rid of the smallpox epidemic, after having 1,011 cases and 208 deaths in nine months.

Low Rate Excursions, April 2 and 30, 1895

On April 2 the IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell Excursion tickets to all points in Arkansas, to Lake Charles, La., and to all points in Texas, except El Paso, at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip, plus two dollars, and on April 30 at one fare straight for the round trip to points in the Southeast.

Liberal limits and stop-over privileges allowed. For full particulars and illustrated and descriptive pamphlets, address company's agents, or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

A great many people are in such a hurry that they have no time to live.

The money that brings us most good is the money with which we do good.

All truth is nonsense to the man who has let a lie make its home in his heart.

Americans pay $10,000,000 a year for peanuts.

Miss Josie Craig, who was the queen of the elves in the Oberon fete in New Orleans, is described by the local newspapers in language too rich to mutilate. Of her one writer says: "Above the delicate oval of her face was fastened a crown of pearls which nestled in her hair as if they had grown there, and her lips parted, showing a row of pearls which rivaled those on her brow and at her waist."

Shakspeare's plays have been translated into the Armenian language, and the translation will soon be published in Russia.

CLARE'S TWO LOVERS.

"I KNOW I'M PRETTY," said Clare Wintringham to herself, gazing composedly into the depths of her mirror, "but I don't think I'm sufficiently beautiful to send all the young men of my acquaintance into ecstasies over me."

It is not always very easy for a girl to judge of her own looks, but Clare tried to be as impartial as possible on this special occasion.

"Yes," said Clare, nodding her head so that certain spirals of golden brown hair which always hung over her forehead danced coquettishly up and down, "I am pretty. And then that $1,200 a year that Uncle Bruce's will secured to me isn't altogether a disagreeable pill for some of my lovers to swallow. I don't think I was made for an heiress. I've always had an idea that I should make a splendid poor man's wife."

She took from her belt a withered rose and bunch of faded violets as she spoke, and arched her pretty eyebrows over them in a puzzled fashion.

"Harvey Gelette gave me the rose," she soliloquized. "He's very handsome, and I always did have a weakness for handsome people and he's a rising young man in his profession, people say. I like talented people, too. I'll keep the rose just a little while." And she laid it away in a certain satin lined box where she was wont to treasure souvenirs of these, her girlish days. "And Frank Hood's violets—poor Frank Hood! He's so silent and so awkward, and yet there's something about him that won't let you despise him. Well, I won't throw away the violets either, not just yet."

And Clare went composedly to bed.

For why should she lie awake and lose the roses of her complexion and dim the sparkle of those glorious velvet eyes, thinking about the respective claims of the various lovers who hovered, mother-like, about the torchlight of her charms? There was time enough to make up her mind—quite time enough.

So, in the very middle of the season, when balls, operas and dejeunes dancantes were at their height, and when old Aunt Dalmayne wrote a piteous letter up to her brother in town, setting forth that "she had the rheumatiz dreadful bad, and that there wasn't no reliable help to be had, and she was that lonesome that she couldn't stand it any longer and wouldn't one of her three nieces come down and stay with her a spell?" Clare astonished the family circle by volunteering to go.

"My dear," said Mrs. Wintringham, "you don't know what you are undertaking. It is a common farmhouse, not even painted, among the hills."

"And Alantha Ann is as full of whims as an egg can be of meat," said Papa Wintringham, rubbing his nose. "But I suppose she is lonesome."

"Well," said Clare, "Miriam's busy with her conservatory lessons and her German class and Laura belongs to those sociables, and I seem to be the only one disengaged. Besides, I am getting tired of balls and dances and suppers. I should like to try the other extreme just for fun."

The scene looked indescribably beautiful to Clare Wintringham that frosty December night, as the jolting old wagon, with a buffalo robe spread over the seat, and a sleepy old horse trotting in front, turned into the valley road, and she could see the ancient farmhouse, steep-roofed and brown with half a century of suns and rains, with the maple boughs wrestling overhead in the gale, and the wooded hills rising up on every side, while one ruddy beam of light glowed from the tiny window under the eaves, casting, as it might be, a javelin of brightness athwart the road in front of the door.

"I guess she's expectin' of you," said the rough character who had been sent to the depot to meet Mrs. Dalmayne's city niece, "but I'm afraid you'll find it desput lonesome."

And she entered the low-ceiled kitchen, all aglow with the roaring fire of pine logs on the hearth. Aunt Dalmayne had evidently bestirred herself, for the table was spread, and the old lady herself hobbled forward on a crutch to welcome her niece.

"Well, my dear," cried Aunt Dalmayne, stepping back to take a second survey, "you're as pretty as a picture."

"Am I?" said Clare, laughing. "But, aunty, what a glorious fire you've got, and what a darling old urn, and how good that tea does smell!"

And before Clare slept that night she had taken Mrs. Dalmayne's heart fairly by storm.

She had been an inmate of the farmhouse for about a week, when one of those grand ante-Christmas snowstorms came on which veil the whole country in spotless white and hang the woods in royal robes of ermine. Aunt Dalmayne's rheumatism grew worse and she kept her room, but Clare went about as light-hearted as ever, doing the whole work of the house, with such assistance as Moses Peckham, the hired man, was able to render.

The snow had fallen steadily all day, blown into drifts by the wind that howled lugubriously through the gorges of the hills, and at last the twilight deepened over the stormy earth. Clare was sitting thoughtfully before the firelight, peeling apples for a pudding, which was dear to Aunt Dalmayne's soul, when Moses came in.

"Miss Clare," said he, "there's two gentlemen got storm bound outside, and their horse is clean tired out, and they wanted to know if we'd give 'em a night's shelter. I told 'em Mrs. Dalmayne was sick, and I wasn't boss, but I'd ask the young woman that does the work."

Clare winched a little and then laughed outright at Moses' unpolished language.

"Of course they may come in," she said. "I wouldn't turn even a dog from the door on such a night as this."

And she threw a fresh log on the fire. What was her amazement, on turning to welcome the strangers, to behold in them no strangers at all, but Harvey Gellette and his friend, Frank Hood!

Powdered liberally with snow, their noses reddened by the wind, their features rendered unnaturally rigid by the cold, they stood blankly regarding her, but Clare came forward with the grace of a young duchess.

"Good evening, gentlemen. Pray come a little nearer the fire. I hardly supposed that in the storm-bound strangers who sought shelter here I was to welcome old acquaintances."

"But, Miss Wintringham—exceedingly glad to see you, I'm sure," stammered Mr. Gellette, awkwardly—"but what can you possibly be doing in such a place as this?"

"Didn't Moses tell you?" she asked demurely. "I am doing the housework here."

"Miss—Miss Wintringham?"

"Well, why not?"

Mr. Gellette had no reply ready; he only rubbed his hands, smiled feebly and advanced toward the blaze, while Mr. Hood was exchanging in turn his greeting with the former heiress.

"It is a surprise, Miss Wintringham, to see you here," he said, frankly, "but a very agreeable one."

And Clare wondered in her heart what new mood of gallantry had taken away all Frank Hood's awkwardness.

"It is as good as a tableaux," she thought, gleefully, when Hood had explained to her that unexpected business had taken them across the country in the dead of winter, thus bringing about so entirely unanticipated a meeting, and she had gone into the outer kitchen to get some cream for the table. And as she stood there skimming off the golden accumulation which followed her spoon in thick, leathery folds, she heard Gellette's voice speaking.

"Of course the father has failed, and they've lost everything. A great pity, for with that face she might have married well."

"And what is to prevent her marrying well now?" Frank Hood's slow, deliberate tones answered.

"My dear fellow, we must all look out for the main chance. In fact, I was once a little smitten myself but of course it's quite out of the question now."

Mr. Hood did not reply; and Clare, as she stood there with burning cheeks, was glad that he did not.

But when she came back to preside at the tea table, with Moses Peckham democratically seated at the lower end she was as composed as ever.

The storm continued in unabated violence for two days, during which time Mr. Gellette yawned over the week's old newspapers, smoked his cigar beside the fire and systematically ignored Miss Wintringham's presence.

"A fellow musn't let himself get entangled," was his mental reflection.

Frank Hood, however, reasoned otherwise. He haunted Clare's footsteps with persistency; he helped her clean the windows, wiped the dishes, even essayed to sweep the floors. And Clare, though she declared he was more of a hindrance than a help, seemed to like it.

On the third day the weather cleared gloriously, and Moses Peckham brought round the strangers' horses.

"Come, Hood," said Frank Gellette, impatiently, "are you going to stand there all day, making adieus?"

"Be off as quick as you like," said Hood, calmly; 'I am not going."

"Not going? But business——"

"Hang business!" was the unaccountable reply. "What do I care for business? Miss Wintringham has promised to be my wife, and my business is here just at present."

And when Harry Gellette was gone Clare told her lover the truth. At this Frank was half inclined to be vexed.

"GOOD EVENING, GENTLEMEN."

"But you want me, Frank, don't you?" said Clare, with the prettiest coaxing way in the world.

"Of course I do," said Frank. "But darling, I had such a bright little dream of love in a cottage."

"And it shall all come true," said Clare, "in spite of the twelve hundred a year."

A WONDERFUL GUN.

Pull the Trigger and Fired Eight Shots in Succession.

What is claimed to be a most remarkable weapon, and one which is as great an improvement over the ordinary revolver for military purposes as was the revolver over the old time horse pistol, has been brought out by a Berlin firm. The construction of this latest development in fire arm manufacture is upon entirely new lines, so far as regards small arms. The cartridges, which are eight in number, are contained within a magazine in the grip. The action of the piece is so rapid that the eye cannot follow the movements and the whole eight shots can be fired before the first shell ejected has struck the ground. The cartridges are brought to the front of breech block, when the latter is moved to the rear in opening the breech, and closing the breech places the cartridge in its proper position in the firing chamber. The recoil at firing drives the barrel and breech mechanism to the rear, the three friction rolls of the rear link strikes against the curved butt, and are forced downward, the middle joint of toggle is raised, and the breech block recedes, taking with it the empty shell by means of the extractor, until the ejector strikes the shell from below and throws it out, and the surplus momentum of the recoiling parts is taken up by the recoil of the spring, against which the friction rolls impinge. As soon as the recoil, which is so eased as to be scarcely noticeable to the hand, is spent, the spring draws the toggle link forward and downward, the breech block pushes the upper cartridge into the barrel and the firing bolt is arrested and held cocked by the sear. The safety piece prevents accidents when the arm is not in action, otherwise the pistol is always cocked and ready for service. The pistol weighs 2¾ pounds, with a 6-inch barrel; and 2 4-5 with a 7½-inch barrel. The projectile weighs 85 grains and is projected by the cartridge at about 2,300 feet per second.

She Was Short-Sighted.

"I used to court an awfully nice girl," said Wheeler, "but she was very short-sighted. We would sit in the garden of an evening and she gave me a kiss for every star I saw. The 'milkyway' was decidedly useful, and she was very accommodating. She used to call my attention to several stars I missed, and finally got to steady work on cyclist's lamps and cigars. 'Twas the liking I had for cyclist's lamps that allured me to the bicycle."—Sport & Play.

A Regent.

"Are you the boss of this ranch?" asked the tramp.

"Yes," said Mr. Timmins, thoughtfully, "I think that at the present moment I can truthfully say that I am the boss here. The hired girl is taking an afternoon off and my wife is out riding a bicycle."

On Its Knees.

Jess—Miss Sears sat there as impassive as you please, and poor Jack was on his knees.

Bess—ou interrupted a proposal?

Jess—Nothing of the sort; he was begging her to release him.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

MISCELLANEOUS JOTTINGS.

The bang is now little used in children's hair. The preferred arrangement for little girls from 6 to 10 is in loose curls about the face, with the hair hanging to the shoulders, the ends loosely curled.

Mrs. M. B. Brown, of Washington, N. C., has lately deeded her beautiful home to the state council of King's Daughters, to be used as a home for imbecile children. There are said to be 4,000 of such unfortunates in that state, and it is expected that with this encouraging start of a place to put them the legislature will make an appropriation for its support.

The newest post office in Michigan is called Tobacco.

With the possible exception of London, there is no city in the world in which so many valuable pet dogs of all varieties are owned by women as in New York.

Sarah Bernhardt's bed is of white satin and is fifteen feet wide. When she has had a bad night of dream-tossed slumber her maid has to go upon a searching expedition for her when it is time to get up.

Mrs. Frederick Gebhard is noted as having as pretty hands as any woman in America.

Mrs. Gilder, wife of the editor of the Century Magazine, never pays calls. She entertains a great deal and says that she would be killed if she had to make formal calls.

An American editor says that the worst "copy" in respect to bad writing he ever saw he recently received from Miss Beatrice Haraden, author of "Ships that Pass in the Night."

The Hot Springs of South Dakota.

The following letter from Mr. W. M. Tyson, commander of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pa., written on his return home after a stay of some weeks at Hot Springs, S. D., indicates that the Springs are in a fair way to become one of the leading health resorts of the country:

Erie, Pa., Feb. 28, 1895.

Col. Fred Evans, prop. Evans Hotel, Hot Springs, S. D.:

Dear Sir—Among the many who have been benefited by treatment at the Hot Springs, S. D., and have experienced courteous hospitality at your hands, I claim the right to say a word in behalf of the Springs as a health resort, and cannot do better than to state the facts in my own case.

I left Erie, Pa., about Nov. 1, 1894, my friends at the time doubting whether I would ever recover my health. I arrived at Hot Springs so weak and disheartened that I required aid to leave the cars and reach the hotel. For the first two weeks I felt no improvement. Then I experienced a change, which continued until my departure, and returned to my home very much stronger and almost free from pain.

I do not hesitate to say to any one seeking relief from pain and desiring rest that I do not believe there is any place where an invalid can go and find so many advantages, such as healing waters, pure air, grand mountain scenery, and comfortable hotel accommodations, as Hot Springs, S. D. The elegant Evans hotel is all that goes to make one feel at home. I am so thoroughly convinced of the many advantages to be found at your location that it is a pleasure for me to recommend the Hot Springs to invalids and to those seeking amusement as well as health.

Wishing you every success, and that Hot Springs may become better known and appreciated, I am, truly yours,

(Signed) W. M. TYSON.

The Hot Springs of South Dakota are reached directly by the Burlington route.

The Evolution

Of medicinal agents is gradually relegating the old-time herbs, pills, draughts and vegetable extracts to the rear and bringing into general use the pleasant and effective liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs. To get the true remedy see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all leading druggists.

A dry April is not the farmer's will; rain in April is what he wills.

Profitable Farming in Wisconsin.

Settlers on the timber lands, now being offered in small tracts by the Northwestern Lumber Co., Eau Claire, Wis., are finding the soil so well adapted to growing all varieties of tame grasses, that they are able to make dairying a very profitable industry. It is also said that potatoes and all other vegetables, yield remarkably well, and are of such excellent quality that they sell readily at top prices in the big cities of the northwest. These lands are located in a thickly settled country, convenient to schools, churches and good markets.

Not even a canal horse would ever get ahead if he didn't have a pull.

Henry Schoenhals, foreman Henry Krug Packing Co., St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, etc. It is the best.

The future is of itself a great fortune, provided it is properly spent.

Bicycles will be used the coming season more generally than ever before, especially as they have been greatly reduced in price. The Chicago Scale Co. are leaders for low prices on the best Wheels, as well as many other articles, and all kinds of Scales.

If some of our heads were not so big our hearts would grow faster.

FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, CRAMP and Colic there is no remedy superior to the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

The man who does not care for the good opinions of others has very little self-respect.

The money a man tucks away in his "inside pocket" may be looked upon as vested security.

A loud wardrobe speaks for itself.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

After a wet April follows a dry June.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

April and May are the keys of the year.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

Thunder storm in April is the end of hoar frost.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine. F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Whatever March does not want, April brings along.

In thousands of cases the cure of a cough is the preventive of consumption. The surest cough medicine in the world is Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Sold by all dealers on a guarantee of satisfaction.

GRAINS OF GOLD.

Self-love is idolatry.

A self-made man likes to brag on his job.

Golden opportunities do not fly in circles.

Make life a ministry of love, and it will always be worth living.

We always find wit and merit in those who look at us with admiration.

No matter who has the floor, self-conceit will always find a way to speak.

Interesting Facts.

The manufacturer who is watching the progress of the times, is always on the lookout for changing conditions, and such a man naturally turns to the locality where he finds the raw material, and easy access to markets for his products.

The State of Wisconsin offers great opportunities.

Tributary to the railroad of the Wisconsin Central Lines, which traverse the center of the State, there are unlimited forests of Pine, Hemlock, Birch, Maple, Basswood, Oak, Elm and other hardwoods; Mines of Iron Ore of quality unsurpassed, already shipping several millions tons per annum.

Tan Bark for Tanneries.

Granite and Lime Stone Quarries.

Farm lands unequaled for raising of grain of all kinds as well as root crops.

We are developed and wish to expand and show what our line can do.

Write us if you wish to locate manufactory or farm, or intend to travel.

W. H. KILLEN, Industrial Commissioner. C. L. WELLINGTON, Traffic Manager.
H. F. WHITCOMB, General Manager. J. C. POND, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Gertrude Hall, whose stories and poems have been appearing for several years in the big magazines, is almost unique among literary women in being young, handsome and comfortably well off.

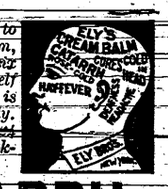
Mrs. Cleveland bends her energies to keep out of the newspapers. She entertained a newspaper woman last week all day for friendship's sake, and then solemnly forbade her to write a thing about the visit. Think of the agony of that for the "born journalist."

WE GIVE AWAY Absolutely free of cost, for a LIMITED TIME ONLY,

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, By R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, a book of over 1,000 large pages and 300 colored and other illustrations, in strong paper covers to any one sending 21 cents in one-cent stamps for packing and postage *only*. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book already sold in cloth binding at regular price of $1.50. Address: (with stamps and this Coupon) WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

COUPON No. 111

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm, and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.



CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

ZEMINDAR THE GREAT HINDU SEER 239 FOURTH AVE., NEW YORK CITY, WHO TOLD the child, lost for 18 years and which had been stolen from the cradle, where and whom her parents were. Will foretell correctly all matters pertaining to Business, Love, Marriage and Health. Send stamp and this advertisement for full particulars.

Cures ST. JACOBS OIL Cures

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Wounds, Swellings, Sore