

Manchester Enterprise

BY MAT D. BLOSSER. Published Thursday Evenings. Has a large circulation among Merchants, Mechanics, Manufacturers, Farmers and Families generally in the village of MANCHESTER, CHELSEA, SALINE, CLINTON, Norvell, Brooklyn, Napoleon, Grass Lake, and all adjoining country.

Desirable Medium for Advertisers. Rates Made Known on Application.

Subscription \$1.50 a Year in Advance. If not paid in advance, \$2.00. One copy, six months, 50 cents; three months, 40 cents; one month, 14 cents.

Societies.

AGRICULTURAL ORDER UNITED WORKMEN meet at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evenings after each full moon. Visiting companions are cordially invited to attend.

MANCHESTER TENT, No. 141, Knights of the Moose meet at their rooms over Geo. J. Blosser's store, the second Friday in each month. Visiting knights are invited to attend.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL, No. 24, E. & M. M. A. assemble at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evenings after each full moon. Visiting companions are invited to attend.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 48, E. & M. M. A. meet at Masonic Hall, on Wednesday evenings or before each full moon. Company is cordially welcomed.

COMSTOCK POST, No. 352, G. A. S. E. meet first and third Tuesday evenings of each month at the hall over Blosser's store. Visiting comrades are invited to attend.

MANCHESTER LODGE, No. 148, F. & A. M. meet at Masonic Hall over Macomber Bros. store, Monday evenings, on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers are invited to attend.

GERMAN WORKINGMEN'S AID SOCIETY meet in their hall in the Goodway Hall every Monday evening at 7 o'clock. Friends are cordially invited to attend.

Business Cards.

J. D. O'KEY, Confectioner and Notary Public. Collections, and all other business left with him, will receive prompt attention.

TOM S. FLINN, Auctioneer, will attend sales of all kinds, at lower figures, than any other auctioneer in this city. Orders left at the Evans Press office will receive prompt attention.

GOODYEAR'S HOUSE BARBERSHOP. J. J. BRIGEL, Proprietor. Shaving, Haircutting, Shampooing, etc., Neatly Executed.

A. J. WATERS, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law. Office over Robinson & Koebler's.

LAURA GREEN, Proprietor of the Beauty Parlor. Photograph Gallery in Manchester.

A. CONKLIN & SON, Physicians and Surgeons. All calls by day or night, promptly attended to.

B. F. REYNOLDS, Licensed Auctioneer. Sales in villages or country will be promptly attended to.

CLINTON Steam Granite and Marble Works. Recently fitted out with the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of Granite & Marble Monuments.

C. LEHN, Dealer in Groceries. Canned Goods, Hardware, Paints and Oils, Flours, Pumps, etc.

W. H. LEBBE, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Notions, Cigars, Tobaccos, Fresh Lager Beer.

Always on draught. South side Exchange Place Manchester, Mich.

TOO YOUNG FOR LOVE.

Too young for love? Ah, say not so! Tell reddening cheeks not to blow! Why not for spring to pass away? Love's summer months begin with May! Too young for love? Ah, say not so! Too young? Too young? Ah, say not so!

THE WOOLING OF RENEE.

FROM THE FRENCH OF CATTUE MENDES.

One night Renee saw the dream god in her sleep, and from that time forth she smiled on no man. They say this happens sometimes when the soul of a maiden is untouched by earthly love. Renee's brow was broad and white and her eyes blue as first violets under the late snow.

Still nobody knew this for the truth save one old woman who gathered herbs in the forest, and her word would not have been taken in the village, for she was in league with the devil. She knew cures for ill, brewed potions from the wild things growing in the forest, foreign tongues, and had far too much of wisdom in her head to allow of an honest woman.

It happened in this wise. Renee was in the forest picking up fagots, when she chanced upon the old woman hunting her strange herbs. The child was too gentle to understand evil and too pure to know fear; so she said with her pretty smile: "Good evening to you, mother!"

"Good evening, pretty one!" said the crone, stroking her bent shoulders to look in Renee's face. Then she drew nearer, and putting her dry and wrinkled lips to the girl's ear: "Thou art too fair to gather fagots in the forest at thy life! Down the path to the right the king's huntsmen ride. Run that way and perhaps thou shalt see the prince!"

Renee shook her long yellow plaits and ran down the path to the right, singing as she ran. The old mother looked after her. "A good child," she muttered, "good and straight. Now may God's blessing go with her!"

The king's huntsmen rode all on black horses, but a snow white charger bore the prince. The sun shone on his yellow curls, jewels sparkled at his throat, and his dark eyes flashed like stars. He drew rein and bade the huntsmen ride on before.

"Who art thou, little one?" "Renee," answered the child. "Well named!" cried the prince. "Yet I had rather call thee Renee. Wilt thou give me a kiss?" "Yes," said the girl. "I will kiss only whom I love and I love only whom I wed!"

The prince frowned. "I am thy prince!" "True," said the little peasant. "But I am not thy princess!" And she turned and ran away, tossing her long yellow plaits and laughing as she ran. "Didst see the prince, little Renee?" asked the crone, appearing suddenly in the path.

FOR THE FARMER.

Brain Starving in What Drives Children From the Homestead--Growing and Feeding Roots.

Group for Fodder--Peas and Alfalfa for Hogs--Variety of Food for Cows, Etc., Etc.

Value of Kind Words. I am the son of a farmer and have been a farmer all my life. There should be some influence on the farm to inspire the boys and girls with more love for it. I apprehend that the reason a boy leaves his father's farm is his desire for less drudgery and more knowledge and influence.

Each night the minstrels sang under Renee's window. Each day she met the prince in the forest. She found him fair and gentle. The lover of her dream had blue eyes, tender as the summer sky. "But," thought Renee, looking at her prince, "dark eyes can be tender, too."

Since my little boy was 3 years old, he has been my intimate associate and friend. I have taught him a love for the trees I have planted for the fields, for the grand views to be seen in all directions from my house for the animals as they grow. Both children love their pigs, cows, sheep, poultry and ponies. They are taught to love the animals, low to care for them, and their value. When sold, the income is theirs, and they are taught how to expend it for useful uses.

The boy or girl may be made a scientist when very young, and in this way an enthusiasm for learning may be acquired. Science is, after all, a plain thing. It is knowledge--exact knowledge--in one word, fact. Cannot a boy or girl be inspired to search for facts? A fact found out is knowledge--science--and it is none the less so because its ruler is young.

John L. Sullivan has discovered that the man who associates with blackguards will take on their characteristics. "They're pin heads," he said, "and it doesn't do a man any good to go around with 'em. What a man wants to do in this world is to look out for men who are on a level with him or maybe a little higher up. As he grows older he gets more sense in his head and more experience to help him through life."

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

A Liberal Preacher. Dr. Meredith, who is hardly less popular as a Brooklyn preacher than Talma, has established on Fulton street, where no restriction is placed on smoking cigars and pipes. He says he would not object to the church furnishing billiard tables and bowling alley. It is not likely that the boys would object to it, either.

FOR THE FARMER.

Brain Starving in What Drives Children From the Homestead--Growing and Feeding Roots.

Group for Fodder--Peas and Alfalfa for Hogs--Variety of Food for Cows, Etc., Etc.

Value of Kind Words. I am the son of a farmer and have been a farmer all my life. There should be some influence on the farm to inspire the boys and girls with more love for it. I apprehend that the reason a boy leaves his father's farm is his desire for less drudgery and more knowledge and influence.

Each night the minstrels sang under Renee's window. Each day she met the prince in the forest. She found him fair and gentle. The lover of her dream had blue eyes, tender as the summer sky. "But," thought Renee, looking at her prince, "dark eyes can be tender, too."

Since my little boy was 3 years old, he has been my intimate associate and friend. I have taught him a love for the trees I have planted for the fields, for the grand views to be seen in all directions from my house for the animals as they grow. Both children love their pigs, cows, sheep, poultry and ponies. They are taught to love the animals, low to care for them, and their value. When sold, the income is theirs, and they are taught how to expend it for useful uses.

The boy or girl may be made a scientist when very young, and in this way an enthusiasm for learning may be acquired. Science is, after all, a plain thing. It is knowledge--exact knowledge--in one word, fact. Cannot a boy or girl be inspired to search for facts? A fact found out is knowledge--science--and it is none the less so because its ruler is young.

John L. Sullivan has discovered that the man who associates with blackguards will take on their characteristics. "They're pin heads," he said, "and it doesn't do a man any good to go around with 'em. What a man wants to do in this world is to look out for men who are on a level with him or maybe a little higher up. As he grows older he gets more sense in his head and more experience to help him through life."

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

A Liberal Preacher. Dr. Meredith, who is hardly less popular as a Brooklyn preacher than Talma, has established on Fulton street, where no restriction is placed on smoking cigars and pipes. He says he would not object to the church furnishing billiard tables and bowling alley. It is not likely that the boys would object to it, either.

FOR THE FARMER.

Brain Starving in What Drives Children From the Homestead--Growing and Feeding Roots.

Group for Fodder--Peas and Alfalfa for Hogs--Variety of Food for Cows, Etc., Etc.

Value of Kind Words. I am the son of a farmer and have been a farmer all my life. There should be some influence on the farm to inspire the boys and girls with more love for it. I apprehend that the reason a boy leaves his father's farm is his desire for less drudgery and more knowledge and influence.

Each night the minstrels sang under Renee's window. Each day she met the prince in the forest. She found him fair and gentle. The lover of her dream had blue eyes, tender as the summer sky. "But," thought Renee, looking at her prince, "dark eyes can be tender, too."

Since my little boy was 3 years old, he has been my intimate associate and friend. I have taught him a love for the trees I have planted for the fields, for the grand views to be seen in all directions from my house for the animals as they grow. Both children love their pigs, cows, sheep, poultry and ponies. They are taught to love the animals, low to care for them, and their value. When sold, the income is theirs, and they are taught how to expend it for useful uses.

The boy or girl may be made a scientist when very young, and in this way an enthusiasm for learning may be acquired. Science is, after all, a plain thing. It is knowledge--exact knowledge--in one word, fact. Cannot a boy or girl be inspired to search for facts? A fact found out is knowledge--science--and it is none the less so because its ruler is young.

John L. Sullivan has discovered that the man who associates with blackguards will take on their characteristics. "They're pin heads," he said, "and it doesn't do a man any good to go around with 'em. What a man wants to do in this world is to look out for men who are on a level with him or maybe a little higher up. As he grows older he gets more sense in his head and more experience to help him through life."

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

Dr. Sheldon's enormous fee. What is believed to be the largest fee ever paid to a physician in a single case was paid by J. H. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings, to Dr. G. C. Sheldon. A dearly beloved daughter of Mr. Flagler, who afterward died while cruising on a yacht in Southern waters about a year ago, was lingering between life and death. There were not more than two or three chances out of a hundred that she would ever be able to leave her bed alive.

A Liberal Preacher. Dr. Meredith, who is hardly less popular as a Brooklyn preacher than Talma, has established on Fulton street, where no restriction is placed on smoking cigars and pipes. He says he would not object to the church furnishing billiard tables and bowling alley. It is not likely that the boys would object to it, either.

AUSTRALIAN NATIVES.

A Bad Lot--Worshipping the Devil and Eating Human Flesh.

Upon the whole, life among the northern Australians could hardly be desirable on any terms, and on their own it secures not acceptable, says an article in Harper's Magazine. Their religion is fear; their existence, a series of escapes from starvation and homicide; their morality a mere tribal obligation to the most creaturely feelings; their polity an ultimatum of the principle that might makes right within the tribe as well as without--a despotism of the strong hand tempered by cunning.

They are all cannibals as opportunity offers, and in default of enemies to eat they will sometimes eat their friends. They will eat their children, though this is exceptional. Otherwise they live mostly upon poisonous roots, which have to be carefully prepared, upon worms and grubs, upon snakes and lizards, and upon such birds and beasts as they can kill, though they are not good hunters and are poorly equipped for the chase. They are glib and almost homeless. A shelter of boughs is their conception of a house.

After four years among them and the bestowal of inestimable benefits in tobacco Mr. Lunnholz could not flatter himself that he had ever succeeded in appealing to any sentiment but fear in them; they did not kill him, because they imagined that he was the devil, and because they are afraid of him, and because they are afraid of the baby of the gun, as they called his revolver; but they would not have eaten him, because they had found, upon the whole, white men did not agree with them. In spite of their fears they had access of treachery in which they longed so much to kill him that it was never safe to let them get behind him; and apparently no kind of kindness could win them to affection.

Such conditions life began to be for him as if he were a poor possession that it seemed to them, and he experienced a deep despondency, mixed with indifference, from which he had to pull himself together with a strong effort of the will in order to escape from the psychologicalism of their most miserable existence. They were children and bad children, with no lovable traits that he could discover, and cruel and filthy in their ignorance.

In spite of their abominable customs and their squalid conditions, the life of the open air and of the woods and hills is so wholesome that the physical vitality of the white man is maintained. They were children and bad children, with no lovable traits that he could discover, and cruel and filthy in their ignorance.

Dr. Cushing, a retired physician, gives some interesting facts about suicides. "Not once in a hundred times," said he, "do either men or women kill themselves while in the presence of another person. The tendency of the suicidal mania is always toward solitude. That is why, in all the asylums of the land, people who have a disposition to kill themselves are always kept together, and there is no danger that they will be together."

"Another remarkable fact is," added another physician, who joined in the conversation, "that people who attempt suicide and fail, are almost afraid to die. When I was a young doctor in a hospital, we used to sometimes play pranks on men brought in very ill, and in this fact there happened not long ago. A man was carried into the institution who had attempted twice in one day to commit suicide.

"Let us see," said I to another physician, "how badly this man wants to die." "I handed him a harmless mixture, of which he gave me a good dose. I turned quickly around, and the bottle out of his hand and said, 'that would be suicide could hear thee.' "My god, doctor, you have killed that man. Get the stomach pump at once."

"The man, who only a few hours before had tried to take his own life, instantly became scared to death at the thought of being killed. He begged for a good fellow to be saved. 'I have never known it to be otherwise that if a person fails to take his own life, he is afraid to lose it by accident.'--N. Y. Star.

S. S. LESSON--SEPT. 6.

THIRD QUARTER, 1890--STUDIES IN LUKE.

Lesson X.--Jesus and Zaccheus the Publican--Luke 19. 1-10.

Commit to Memory Verses 7-10.

GOLDEN TEXT. The Son of Man is come to seek and save them which were lost. Luke 19. 10.

1 And Jesus entered and passed through Jericho. And the chief tax-gatherer there was named Zaccheus, which was the chief among the publicans, and was rich.

2 And he sought to see Jesus who he was; and could not for the press, because he was so fat. And he ran before him, and climbed a sycamore tree to see him; for he was to pass that way. And when Jesus came to the place, he looked up, and said unto him, Zaccheus, come down, and come down; for today I must abide at thy house. And he made haste, and came down, and received him joyfully.

3 And when they saw it, they all murmured, saying, That he was going to be guest with a man that is a sinner. And Zaccheus stood and said unto the Lord: Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor; and if I have taken anything from any man by false accusation, I restore it fourfold. And Jesus said unto him, This day is salvation come to this house, forasmuch as he also is a son of Abraham.

4 For the Son of Man is come to seek and save that which was lost.

LESSON HELPS.

1. AND JESUS ENTERED--Still continuing his last journey toward Jerusalem. The time came fast. Passover--Sew revised version. JERUSALYM--A rich and influential city, and a center of trade. "The city was close to the fords of the Jordan, on the frontier of Perea, and on the richest plain of Palestine, abounding most in choice products, especially balsam; it was, therefore, an appropriate seat for an officer of superior rank to preside over the collection of revenues."--Vincent.

2. ZACCHAEUS--The name being Hebrew, from a root meaning pure, he was evidently of the Jewish stock. BILIS--Chief among the publicans. There must have been at Jericho one of the principal custom-houses, both on account of the exportation of the balsam which grew in that oasis, and which was sold in all countries; and on account of the considerable traffic which took place on this road, by which lay the route from Perea to Judaea and Egypt. ZACCHAEUS--As the result of his extortion. OR, according to Hall, he must have been rich to have been able to purchase his pardon. He could not have purchased his pardon, especially balsam; it was, therefore, an appropriate seat for an officer of superior rank to preside over the collection of revenues."--Vincent.

3. HE SOUGHT--Literally, was seeking. The verb expresses vividly the oft-repeated attempts of the chief tax-gatherer to get a glimpse of the Prophet as he passed. "Plumtree." TO SEE JESUS--"It is probable that already Zaccheus was affected with some morbidness of the heart, which led him, perhaps he knew not why, to desire to see Jesus."--Curry. (1) IS MORE CURIOUS IN RELIGIOUS MATTERS COMPARABLY--ABLE? That is, he was probably busy with his calling when Jesus had been at Jericho before, but now the Jews do not regard the Pharisees as a sect brought by his miracles and teachings in Perea, not far away from the Jordan, and the Passover at Jerusalem, and the air was full of rumors and stories about the great Prophet.

4. HE RAN BEFORE--The multitude. (CLIMBED UP--A lofty and shady tree, the sycamore was planted along the wayside for the benefit of the traveler, and was short and frequently 50 feet in circumference, and its boughs extend horizontally to a great distance. Nothing is easier to climb than the sycamore. The sycamore is a tree of the Levant. INTO A SYCAMORE TREE--It is a favorite and pleasant conceit with old commentators. That Zaccheus's sycamore that he bore previous to his conversion to Jesus--"Is he one of the old prophets, or is he the Messiah?"--Whedon. TO PASS THAT WAY--Over the Jordan, perhaps the only road leading into Jericho.

5. HE LOOKED UP--Both from his thus looking up and from his calling the name, Zaccheus. UNBILIS--convinced that Jesus had more than the ordinary perception. Whedon. ZACCHAEUS--Jesus either knew his name by divine power, or he had the name of the publican. (2) THE MAN WHO HAD BEEN Brought by his miracles and teachings in Perea, not far away from the Jordan, and the Passover at Jerusalem, and the air was full of rumors and stories about the great Prophet.

6. HE MADE HASTE--If Zaccheus had not been a sinner he would have failed of his opportunity. That is, he was probably busy with his calling when Jesus had been at Jericho before, but now the Jews do not regard the Pharisees as a sect brought by his miracles and teachings in Perea, not far away from the Jordan, and the Passover at Jerusalem, and the air was full of rumors and stories about the great Prophet.

7. THEY ALL MURMURED--"Scarcely the disciples, but the crowd of Jews."--Rev. Com. A SEVERE REBuke--A rebuke was given, in the mouths of many, words of one and the same meaning. 8. BROOD--"Before the crowd."--Gelkies. I WENT--In the future rather than in the past. IF I HAVE TAKEN--A milder way of saying, "whatever I have taken." It was common for the publicans to put a fifth-tenth value on property, or income, or to advance the tax to those unable to pay, and then to charge various interest on the private debt. VINCENT. BY FALSE ACCUSATION--"The Greek word for the perception of this kind of false accusation is a compound, fig-exposer; and was the epithet applied in Athens to a class of informers who exposed those who had property, or income, or salary, were, in the mouths of many, words of one and the same meaning."

9. AND JESUS SAID--Apparently both to Zaccheus and the listening Jews. SALVATION--The Messiah himself, and the pardon which he had spoken. A SON OF ABRAHAM--"First by birth (probably), and now more eminently by faith."--Curry. 10. TO SEEK, etc.--"We learn from this, that though Zaccheus seemed to seek the Lord, yet he was not seeking him. He was seeking the depths of this great world."

PLACE--The confines of Jericho. REUSE--"There is before." CONSTRUCTION--Jesus had now passed through Perea, and turning his face westward, recrossed the Jordan, and was about to pass through Jericho on his way to Jerusalem.

NEW RAILWAYS--will be built in Ireland, to provide employment for those who suffer from the potato blight. The city of Perugia in Italy was struck by a wind storm Wednesday and four churches blown down.







### HOW JENNIE WEBB PUNISHED HER PUPILS.

Frank Cook's Mother on the Witness Stand.

### Various Matters of Current Home News.

The examination of witnesses in the Jennie Webb case at Pontiac is still going on. Fred Niabett, 12-year-old boy, testified that Miss Webb struck him in the face with her fist or closed hand, with force that the ring on her finger cut his several times. For another similar offense she seized him by the waist and color and tore them to pieces.

Mrs. Ella Jane Cook testified: I am 39 years old. Frank Cook was my boy. He was 11 years old. When he came home on the 5th of May I noticed that his collar button was gone and some scratches on the right side of his neck one inch and a half long. He told me he had some trouble with Miss Webb. I examined his legs. They were black and blue. The marks were too thick to count. They were on top of each other. Those of the right leg were very deep and distinct on the right leg, and one deep one on the left leg. The calves of both legs were one mass of bruises. He had on thin cotton stockings and short knee pants. He never had any serious sickness previous to that whipping, nor had occasion to call a physician. I remember Dr. Gray being at my house on the 13th and 14th of May, between the first and second whipping. That was to see my daughter Edith. She had a sore throat; I asked him to look at Frankie's throat. He said that the throat looked red, and prescribed sulphur treatment. Frankie had only a common sore throat, lasting only one day. Sent Frank back to school on the 6th day of May.

I examined his bruises about 10 minutes after he entered the house. [Exhibit A.] The strap was shown to the witness. There must have been 20 or 25 blows with that or some such strap inflicted on Frank's limbs on his first punishment. I think that the marks on his neck were made by either a ring or finger nails. He was always to school on time. I know that the school never had any complaint from his teacher. I knew at this time he was to have a second whipping. He had been to the school several times to receive his threatened punishment. Miss Webb would not take any notice of me. On one occasion she told Miss Webb to go and wait until she was ready to punish him, but she would not admit him to her studies until she had done so. I saw Prof. Fitch and complained of the condition of the boy's limbs, and called the attention to the blood on the boy's stockings. Frank stated that there had been a scab on his leg which Miss Webb had knocked off with the strap and made it bleed. Prof. Fitch gave my boy a note to take to Miss Webb. When he came home he complained of feeling sick. Up to this time he had bathed his limbs with warm water and white liniment. On the 12th day of May I went to see Mr. McConnell, afterwards to Mr. Hitchcock, then to another member of the school board, and wanted to get Frank back to school. The school board refused to receive Miss Webb, sent a note to me by Frank. As near as I can remember the contents of the note were:

"Miss Cook—I know you have been to the superintendent and to the school board. As it is, I don't think you can get any punishment for disobedience any more than other boys, but I don't think it is my duty to punish him while he is sick; but when he gets better send him along for his punishment."

Tuesday, the 19th, he was able to go to school. He got back home at noon, again examined his legs. He said he did not think it was so bad as the first one. The reason why Miss Webb had made the second punishment, he said, was that she thought he was not getting any more than other boys. He said she whipped him until he was sick; but she did not think it was so bad as the first one. The reason why Miss Webb had made the second punishment, he said, was that she thought he was not getting any more than other boys. He said she whipped him until he was sick; but she did not think it was so bad as the first one.

Both legs were black and blue. I should think 15 or 20 blows were given in the second whipping. He came home sick on Thursday. He went to school again on Friday. The previous Wednesday I noticed something wrong in his right hand. I called in Dr. Gray on Sunday, who prescribed for the trouble. He did not get any better. I called Dr. Galbraith in on Tuesday afternoon. Frank was getting worse. I saw Miss Webb three times about Frankie's condition, once on Sunday, May 26, after he became paralyzed. She staid an hour. She came again in the afternoon, and saw Frank in the bed room. She came again on Saturday morning. That after the complaint of assault and battery was made against her. She said she had heard that Frank was partially paralyzed from the whipping she gave him. She did not deny much that she had done. She proposed paying part of the expenses attending Frank's sickness if I would accept it. The third time she came I refused her admission. She said she would attend to the matter and get up with so much publicity. I told her the case was in the hands of the lawyers. She must settle with them.

When the court returned on Tuesday the examination of Mrs. Cook was resumed. The witness was requested to state the substance of a conversation she had with Miss Webb. "I told Miss Webb that it was pretty hard for me to work to get money to help pay for her teaching, and then for her to handle my boy in such a way as may make him a cripple for life. Miss Webb said she would do her best. I hope it will not be as bad as that. I told her that I thought it would not have been any worse for her to take back a word from Frankie after he had complied with all the rules of the school and had taken two whippings for the same thing. I was to be written by her before the whole school. Miss Webb said that Frankie must be very susceptible to bruises when the same kind of punishment had been inflicted on other children, and that his punishment could not be any more severe."

"It was May 25, or the Sunday after the second whipping, that I noted the development of paralysis. The effect began to appear on his right leg and tongue, and did not then, as far as I know, extend to other parts of his body. Afterwards the paralysis became more marked and more scattered and affected his leg, arm, tongue and left eye. I had to procure a feeding cup for convenience. He got weaker and unable to swallow, but was not unconscious. Four weeks after he was first taken sick he could not live. He could not talk as he was underfoot. It was not possible to take his sworn statement as to the extent of the punishment he had received from Miss Webb. He was unable to use his tongue."

Cross examination of the witness was broken on Frankie's limbs, which were the scab had been knocked off by the strap. The prosecution called the attention of the witness to a conversation she had with Prof. Fitch on the 7th of May. Prof. Fitch had testified that while Mrs. Cook was talking to him she could not live. He could not talk as he was underfoot. It was not possible to take his sworn statement as to the extent of the punishment he had received from Miss Webb. He was unable to use his tongue."

Several other witnesses were examined, the testimony being mainly corroborative of Mrs. Cook's.

Covert has a little district school with 18 pupils, eight of whom are twins.

### STATE NEWS CONDENSED.

Benton Harbor wants a city charter. A dozen ladies of Hadley have formed a brass band. The bean crop throughout the state is very much below the average. Congressman Whiting will tour New York state for the democrats.

A Dowslake farmer's cow was held a prisoner six days by the cave-in of a straw stack. Casnovia has a \$5,000 bonus to give to any new factory which will locate in that town.

Eaton county has three fairs this year, besides the state show just over the line at Lansing. Ella Ford of Highland took strychnine Saturday, and will die. There was a young man in the case.

David J. Webb of near St. Charles, lost a \$2,000 barn Monday, for which he will get \$800 insurance. Ben Farley is a saw mill victim and he lives at Greenville. The saw broke and fatally injured him.

The Genesee farmers sold 860,000 pounds of wool this season and received \$235,980 for the same. Dushville is plump 11 miles from a railroad station, but the sporting fraternity there is going to build a race track.

Charlevoix is promised a \$60,000 summer hotel, when the Chicago & West Michigan builds it line to that place. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year. The Tobacco lumber and salt company is calculating on putting 2,000,000 feet of logs into the Tobacco river the coming year.

### THE FLOODS RUSH UPON THE RUSSIANS IN DARKNESS.

The Forest Fires in Hungary Continue to Rage.

Various Matters of News and General Gossip.

The flood in the vicinity of St. Petersburg has caused the destruction of 150 workmen's huts on an island in the Neva. About 300 other dwellings are inundated and made uninhabitable. Several of the occupants of the destroyed huts were drowned. The flood came suddenly in the darkness and escape was difficult. The survivors remained in water up to their knees for many hours before assistance arrived. Among the sufferers were many women.

It is believed at Rome that the report of a coalition between the czar and Emperor William is well founded. The impression given is that Russia and France are ready to adopt a menacing attitude toward the parties of the triple alliance—Germany, Austria and Italy. The refusal of King Humbert to personally greet the French squadron when it visits Spezia is believed to be a mark of Italy's distrust of France on account of her supposed alliance with Russia. The two incidents taken together are considered as possible auguries of coming trouble.

Disastrous fires continue in Hungary. The forest of Ogradina has been burnt for days. Many peasants have lost their dwellings and crops and are destitute. The situation on the Armenian frontier is grave. The Russian forces in that direction are being constantly strengthened. The garrison at Erzerum, Kars and other fortified towns have lately been increased, and the army of the caucasia is in full state of preparation for an advance. It seems certain that Russia will proceed at an early date to occupy Armenia. Russia does not anticipate a general war as the result of such occupation, believing that the triple alliance and Great Britain would not go to any serious lengths to save such a distant province for the port. Meantime the sultan's government is showing a little more energy in seeking to remove the cause of dissatisfactions.

The Portuguese continue to grow over the Anglo-Portuguese agreement, with which few are satisfied. Maj. Serpa Pinto denounces the English as pirates and thieves, and says they stirred up the Makdala to attack the Portuguese. The British flag; also that they sustained in power the late Makololo king, who was so cruel that he was in the habit of throwing infants to the crocodiles, and the mothers also if they cried or complained of the fate of their offspring.

Drivers from Buenos Ayres represent that the national bank was plundered of about \$30,000,000 in so-called loans to the ring that surrounded the late president Colman. Efforts are being made to compel repayment. The coupons of the national bank are being loaned in Europe were promptly paid.

A Great Syndicate. A North Canadian and Atlantic railway and steamship syndicate has been incorporated in London with a capital of \$50,000. The chairman is the Lord Mayor of London, and the directors are Sir Robert Balfour, M. P., Sir Wm. James, M. P., Milford docks company; Mr. Mott, director of the Great Western railway, and Wm. Ralston Balch. The intention is to form a company with a capital of \$4,000,000 to work the Milford route and to construct a line from the extreme eastern part of Labrador, probably St. Charles, Bay to Quebec, the Great Western joining Milford and London. Canadian charters and concessions have already been secured and surveys are at work laying out the route.

People and Events. A permanent state farmers' league will be organized in New York. The production of pig iron in the United States is rapidly increasing.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes passed his 81st birthday anniversary Thursday. A combination of all the window glass manufacturers of the United States has been effected. The territorial legislature of Oklahoma has been organized. The farmers' alliance holds the balance of power.

The United States tobacco syndicate, which is capitalized at \$5,000,000, is composed of American capitalists. At Bethlehem, Pa., several hundred rug weavers are on a strike on account of a 25 per cent reduction of wages.

Gen. M. L. Ronham, a distinguished confederate officer and an ex-member of congress, is dead at Columbia, N. C. English manufacturers are negotiating for the purchase of the large worsted mills of Charles Fletcher, at Providence, R. I.

Michael Shiel, an aged farmer living near Wooster, O., was confronted by masked men in his home and robbed of \$4,000.

Western railroads will refuse to obey the order of the interstate commerce commissioners to lower the rate on grain September 1. The experiment of raising tobacco on the Red Gate farm in New Jersey was a great success. The yield was worth \$400 per acre.

A strange disease has appeared among the cattle at Arroyo, N. M. The tongues of the animals swell until they can not drink. Walter P. Horton, a lumber inspector on the Northern Pacific, has been held at St. Paul for drowning his wife and daughter.

A team of horses was killed by a current from a broken electric light wire which fell upon them in Saratoga, N. Y. Thursday.

A mad dog created almost a panic among 400 immigrants in the barge office of New York Thursday. He was finally chained before he was any more.

A general strike of the workers in Pittsburgh tanneries is imminent. They demand an increase of 10 per cent, and the employers offer only 5 per cent.

The leased lines of the southwest Pennsylvania system have been consolidated under one management. The new combination will effect 1,051 miles of road.

Scott Shoemaker, one of the oldest hotel men of Pennsylvania, committed suicide at Scranton Wednesday. There is thought to be a woman in the case.

A strike of all the building trades in Wheeling, W. Va., and extending over six months and affecting 1,000 men, has been declared off. Work will be resumed at once.

Emil V. Konster is under arrest in Philadelphia, charged with being an embezzler from Minneapolis, Minn. He is said to be short \$7,000 in his accounts with various banks.

The secretary of the interior has stopped work on that part of the Duluth & Winnipeg road which is to pass through the Winnebago reservation. The company was breaking faith with the Indians.

The Rev. William Edgell, a Methodist preacher of Brownstown, W. Va., has been arrested on a charge of forging \$10,000 and making illegal charges in pension cases.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley have engaged apartments at Englewood near Lawrence Switzerland, for the remainder of the summer. Judge Lilly is holding court in the mountains at Hazard, in Perry county, Ky. A big test guard by soldiers, serves as a court room and over 200 indictments have been returned.

John Henderson, who murdered Gilbert Satterwhite at Midway, Ky., was hanged by a mob. He had an accomplice who has been arrested and may be lynched, as the people are much incensed.

Mrs. Mary Wilson of Carbondale, Wash., went to the cemetery with her baby in her arms to visit the grave of another child. While sitting on the grave a tree was blown down killing her and her child.

Near Naber, Ill., lived a farmer named Fielding, who had a 14-year-old son. This son was very certain piece of ground in wheat but the father objected. The son got a gun and shot the old man dead.

Joe Solomon stepped on a live wire light wire at Wheeling, W. Va., and dropped dead. An Italian laborer stepped on the same wire and was instantly killed. Both wore thick soled shoes, and their bodies were not buried.

Farmer Johnathan Groves of Hillsboro, Ill., has a watermelon patch and a 12-year-old boy he gave the boy a gun, loaded it with buckshot and told him to sit up all night and watch the patch. Then it occurred to the old man that the boy might be a coward, so he dressed up as a tramp and went into the patch to see if it would scare the boy out of his wits. It didn't. The boy blazed away, filling the old man with buckshot and he may die.

The naval officers consider the maneuvering of the cruiser San Francisco quite remarkable. One engine was suddenly reversed and the helm thrown hard over. In six minutes and two seconds the cruiser turned a complete circle, the diameter of which was about the length of the ship. She also turned a complete circle without reversing one engine in five minutes and 23 seconds. While going ahead at full speed both engines were suddenly reversed and in 43 seconds the vessel was moving backward, having changed her direction within her own length.

Madhus. The faith cure has reached Chicago. Clerk to sea captain—When do you leave? Sea captain—When discharged. We must take what we can get if we hope hope finally to get what we want.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Washington News. The reciprocity amendment to the tariff bill reported from the finance committee last week was the subject of an interview between Senator Aldrich and Mr. Mendonca, the Brazilian envoy on a special mission to the United States. The amendment was reported after a consultation of a general nature with Major McKinley, chairman of the ways and means committee, and other republican leaders. In the interview Mr. Mendonca said that the amendment reported by Senator Aldrich was satisfactory to Brazil and that he would be one of the first countries to make concessions to the United States in return for the removal of the duty on sugar. Mr. Mendonca said that his government would not object to the duty on farm products imported from Brazil, but would admit free United States agricultural implements and machinery and railroad equipment and supplies, including railroad. Brazil would also make a reduction of 25 per cent on the duty of leather goods and furs imported from the United States.

The river and harbor conference completed the consideration of the bill today. They have been at work on it for a week. The Michigan senators and members are highly pleased with the results of the conference so far as it affects the various Michigan appropriations. For every one of them they are glad to see the bill. The Portage Lake canals will be bought for \$350,000. The appropriations for the improvement of the St. Mary's Falls canal and Hay Lake channel stand. Muskegon Harbor is restored to the house figure, and the Postmaster General Clark's bill of appropriation is restored to double what it was reported to the senate. Mr. Holman will endeavor to defeat the canal purchase amendment in the house, but there is no likelihood that he will be able to make effective opposition.

The resignation of Eliza Assistant Postmaster General Clark took effect Monday. Edwin C. Fowler, the chief clerk of the office, who is mentioned as a possible successor of Mr. Clark, is acting as first assistant postmaster general that place until an appointment is made. Mr. Clark has accepted the position of manager of a pneumatic railway company. The name of W. B. Thompson of Hudson, ex-second assistant postmaster general, is again prominently mentioned for the office.

Senator Sherman has presented the following in the senate, which he said would offer as an amendment to the tariff bill at the proper time: That whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada shall by law or regulation admit free of duty into all its ports coal mined in the United States, he shall make proclamation of that fact, and thereafter while such law or regulation is in force coal mined in the dominion of Canada shall be admitted free of duty into all the ports of the United States, and whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada has declared a desire to enter into such commercial arrangements with the United States as will result in the complete and partial removal of duty on trade between Canada and the United States, he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent the government of Canada, to consider the best method of extending the trade relations between Canada and the United States, and to ascertain and report terms great freedom of intercourse between the two countries can best be secured, and said commissioners shall report to the President, who shall lay the report before congress.

DETROIT MARKETS. Jobbing Prices. TALLOW—3 1/2 to 4 1/2 per lb. BALT—10 to 12 per lb. BEAN—10 to 12 per lb. BUTTER—10 to 12 per lb. CHEESE—10 to 12 per lb. CORN—10 to 12 per lb. HAY—10 to 12 per lb. WHEAT—10 to 12 per lb.

Grizzly—Christian science must be almost universal in Oregon. Johnson—How so? Grizzly—Why, they all refuse to believe the evidence of their census.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Give your tongue more holidays than you do your eyes and ears.

The danger of gluttony has again been demonstrated in Germany, where a man killed his father with a hatchet because he ate all the meat on the table.

E. B. Walthall & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Halls' Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 25c.

The trouble with Anglo-mantra is that they confound nobility with nobility. One of the great things in life is to get started.

The peculiarity of Dobbin's Electric Soap is that it acts right on the dirt and stains in clothes and makes them pure as snow, at the same time it preserves the clothes, and makes them keep clean longer. Have your grocer order it.

Madhus. The faith cure has reached Chicago. Clerk to sea captain—When do you leave? Sea captain—When discharged. We must take what we can get if we hope hope finally to get what we want.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Washington News. The reciprocity amendment to the tariff bill reported from the finance committee last week was the subject of an interview between Senator Aldrich and Mr. Mendonca, the Brazilian envoy on a special mission to the United States. The amendment was reported after a consultation of a general nature with Major McKinley, chairman of the ways and means committee, and other republican leaders. In the interview Mr. Mendonca said that the amendment reported by Senator Aldrich was satisfactory to Brazil and that he would be one of the first countries to make concessions to the United States in return for the removal of the duty on sugar. Mr. Mendonca said that his government would not object to the duty on farm products imported from Brazil, but would admit free United States agricultural implements and machinery and railroad equipment and supplies, including railroad. Brazil would also make a reduction of 25 per cent on the duty of leather goods and furs imported from the United States.

The river and harbor conference completed the consideration of the bill today. They have been at work on it for a week. The Michigan senators and members are highly pleased with the results of the conference so far as it affects the various Michigan appropriations. For every one of them they are glad to see the bill. The Portage Lake canals will be bought for \$350,000. The appropriations for the improvement of the St. Mary's Falls canal and Hay Lake channel stand. Muskegon Harbor is restored to the house figure, and the Postmaster General Clark's bill of appropriation is restored to double what it was reported to the senate. Mr. Holman will endeavor to defeat the canal purchase amendment in the house, but there is no likelihood that he will be able to make effective opposition.

The resignation of Eliza Assistant Postmaster General Clark took effect Monday. Edwin C. Fowler, the chief clerk of the office, who is mentioned as a possible successor of Mr. Clark, is acting as first assistant postmaster general that place until an appointment is made. Mr. Clark has accepted the position of manager of a pneumatic railway company. The name of W. B. Thompson of Hudson, ex-second assistant postmaster general, is again prominently mentioned for the office.

Senator Sherman has presented the following in the senate, which he said would offer as an amendment to the tariff bill at the proper time: That whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada shall by law or regulation admit free of duty into all its ports coal mined in the United States, he shall make proclamation of that fact, and thereafter while such law or regulation is in force coal mined in the dominion of Canada shall be admitted free of duty into all the ports of the United States, and whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada has declared a desire to enter into such commercial arrangements with the United States as will result in the complete and partial removal of duty on trade between Canada and the United States, he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent the government of Canada, to consider the best method of extending the trade relations between Canada and the United States, and to ascertain and report terms great freedom of intercourse between the two countries can best be secured, and said commissioners shall report to the President, who shall lay the report before congress.

DETROIT MARKETS. Jobbing Prices. TALLOW—3 1/2 to 4 1/2 per lb. BALT—10 to 12 per lb. BEAN—10 to 12 per lb. BUTTER—10 to 12 per lb. CHEESE—10 to 12 per lb. CORN—10 to 12 per lb. HAY—10 to 12 per lb. WHEAT—10 to 12 per lb.

Grizzly—Christian science must be almost universal in Oregon. Johnson—How so? Grizzly—Why, they all refuse to believe the evidence of their census.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Give your tongue more holidays than you do your eyes and ears.

The danger of gluttony has again been demonstrated in Germany, where a man killed his father with a hatchet because he ate all the meat on the table.

E. B. Walthall & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Halls' Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 25c.

The trouble with Anglo-mantra is that they confound nobility with nobility. One of the great things in life is to get started.

The peculiarity of Dobbin's Electric Soap is that it acts right on the dirt and stains in clothes and makes them pure as snow, at the same time it preserves the clothes, and makes them keep clean longer. Have your grocer order it.

Madhus. The faith cure has reached Chicago. Clerk to sea captain—When do you leave? Sea captain—When discharged. We must take what we can get if we hope hope finally to get what we want.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Washington News. The reciprocity amendment to the tariff bill reported from the finance committee last week was the subject of an interview between Senator Aldrich and Mr. Mendonca, the Brazilian envoy on a special mission to the United States. The amendment was reported after a consultation of a general nature with Major McKinley, chairman of the ways and means committee, and other republican leaders. In the interview Mr. Mendonca said that the amendment reported by Senator Aldrich was satisfactory to Brazil and that he would be one of the first countries to make concessions to the United States in return for the removal of the duty on sugar. Mr. Mendonca said that his government would not object to the duty on farm products imported from Brazil, but would admit free United States agricultural implements and machinery and railroad equipment and supplies, including railroad. Brazil would also make a reduction of 25 per cent on the duty of leather goods and furs imported from the United States.

The river and harbor conference completed the consideration of the bill today. They have been at work on it for a week. The Michigan senators and members are highly pleased with the results of the conference so far as it affects the various Michigan appropriations. For every one of them they are glad to see the bill. The Portage Lake canals will be bought for \$350,000. The appropriations for the improvement of the St. Mary's Falls canal and Hay Lake channel stand. Muskegon Harbor is restored to the house figure, and the Postmaster General Clark's bill of appropriation is restored to double what it was reported to the senate. Mr. Holman will endeavor to defeat the canal purchase amendment in the house, but there is no likelihood that he will be able to make effective opposition.

The resignation of Eliza Assistant Postmaster General Clark took effect Monday. Edwin C. Fowler, the chief clerk of the office, who is mentioned as a possible successor of Mr. Clark, is acting as first assistant postmaster general that place until an appointment is made. Mr. Clark has accepted the position of manager of a pneumatic railway company. The name of W. B. Thompson of Hudson, ex-second assistant postmaster general, is again prominently mentioned for the office.

Senator Sherman has presented the following in the senate, which he said would offer as an amendment to the tariff bill at the proper time: That whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada shall by law or regulation admit free of duty into all its ports coal mined in the United States, he shall make proclamation of that fact, and thereafter while such law or regulation is in force coal mined in the dominion of Canada shall be admitted free of duty into all the ports of the United States, and whenever it shall be certified to the President of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada has declared a desire to enter into such commercial arrangements with the United States as will result in the complete and partial removal of duty on trade between Canada and the United States, he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent the government of Canada, to consider the best method of extending the trade relations between Canada and the United States, and to ascertain and report terms great freedom of intercourse between the two countries can best be secured, and said commissioners shall report to the President, who shall lay the report before congress.

DETROIT MARKETS. Jobbing Prices. TALLOW—3 1/2 to 4 1/2 per lb. BALT—10 to 12 per lb. BEAN—10 to 12 per lb. BUTTER—10 to 12 per lb. CHEESE—10 to 12 per lb. CORN—10 to 12 per lb. HAY—10 to 12 per lb. WHEAT—10 to 12 per lb.

Grizzly—Christian science must be almost universal in Oregon. Johnson—How so? Grizzly—Why, they all refuse to believe the evidence of their census.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Give your tongue more holidays than you do your eyes and ears.

The danger of gluttony has again been demonstrated in Germany, where a man killed his father with a hatchet because he ate all the meat on the table.

E. B. Walthall & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Halls' Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold