The "Enterprise"

THE MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE is the best

Advertising Medium.

in this section. New advertisements occupy a conspicuous place, and are inserted on

VERY LOW TERMS,

Especially on long time contracts. Call at the office, or address

MAT D. BLOSSER, Editor and Proprietor.

MANCHESTER, AUGUST 15, 1872.

The Conklin House is doing a good business already.

Initial Note Paper for sale at the News Depot, at 25 cents.

Buy of Rose and Bruegel and save your money.

Elegant Chamber Setts at L. H. Weir & Son's.

A handsome variety of Bird Cages at Rose & Bruegel's.

Dolly Varden Note Heads, just printed, at this office. Call and see them.

Builders Hardware, largest variety, and at lowest prices, Rose & Bruegel's.

L. H. Weir & Son have an elegant variety of Bird Cages and Chamber Setts.

Go to Clarkson & Field's and look at their 12½ cents Lawns, the cheapest in the market.

Clarkson & Field have just received a few more of those fine Gray Shawls.—Very desirable.

Call and see our new styles of Bill Heads, Note Heads, Letter Heads, Statements, Etc.

Horace Greeley recommends all his farmer friends to buy agricultural tools of Rose and Bruegel.

Ypsilanti was visited by a terrific rain storm on Tuesday last, which done much damage to shade and fruit trees.

Be sure to get your advertisement in in the Manchester Directory, and subscribe for the neat little book.

We hope that every business man will assist us in getting advertisements and subscriptions for the Manchester Directory.

Fancy Toilet Setts, and Combination Sitz Baths, essential to the Health and comfort of any family, for sale at Rose & Bruegel's.

The Episcopal re-union will meet at the residence of A. E. Hewett, Esq., on Tuesday evening, Aug. 20th. All are invited to attend.

L. H. Weir & Son are constantly adding to their already large stock of Hardware, and selling at prices which defy competition.

Every one wishing anything in the line of ornamental or general Hardward are invited to call at the One Price store of L. H. Weir & Son.

We are about getting up a General Directory for Manchester and shall expect every citizen and especially every business man and mechanic, to assist us.

If you want a genuine Josephene seamless, the same as Harris Kid Glove, both white and colored, go to Clarkson & Field's because it is the only place in

Hi-diddle-diddle, the cat in the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon;
My wife she bought a Hoosier Trap,
And had it full by noon.

T. Case has them for sale.

If you travel East, West, North or South, take a package of Simmons' Liver Regulator. Prepared only by J. H. Zeilin & Co., Macon, Ga. For sale by Geo. W. Doty, Manchester, Mich.

Dan Rice was arrested at Lansing on the 15th inst, for inhuman conduct towards a young man by the name of Harris, and was fined $20. Dan offered $250 to any one who would ride his mule around the ring and was angry because young Harris did it.

ALMOST A WHOLESALE MURDER.

On Saturday morning an attempt was made by a young man calling himself Thomas Bequit to throw the passenger train off the track on the Southern railroad, due at Norvel about 7 o'clock. A heavy tie, a T-rail, and two or three axle boxes were found on the track about eight miles north of Norvel, near what is known as the "Huckleberry Marsh," about ten minutes before the train was due, by a party of trackmen. They were promptly removed, and a few minutes search brought to light Mr. Bequit, who was found hid in the woods. He acknowledged the deed, and was brought to town by Deputy-sheriff English.

We had an interview with Bequit today, but were unable to arrive at any very definite conclusions concerning him. His story is that he came from Albion, Friday morning, on his way to Indiana, and stopped here till about noon, when he walked to Napoleon. He stayed there all night in a barn, and then set out in the morning for Norvel, where he attempted to throw the eastern passenger train off the track, as stated above.

He is evidently very green, and without money. And as he does not seem to be crazy, the only conclusion to arrive at, is that he done it for plunder.—He has made disclosures, which if true, may lead to something else. He was examined this afternoon, before Justice Dyer, and bound over in the sum of $500.—Jackson Citizen.

We have received a copy of the Congressional Directory, with the respects of T. M. Edwards, Esq., for which he will please accept our thanks.

Since ladies have taken to wearing newspapers for bustles, publishers complain that their fair subscribers are more in the "arrears" than ever.

The Manchester Brass Band went to Ypsilanti on Friday last to attend a pic nic given by the Ypsilanti Cornet Band. The boys say that they had a good time and enjoyed themselves muchly.

The proprietor of the Conklin House received a serenade by the Manchester Brass Band a few nights since, after which he invited the boys to regale themselves with ice cream.

Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, celebrates its "silver wedding" to Rev. H. W. Beecher, Oct. 8th to 11th next and wants the old members, from the ends of the earth, to send their names and address to the "Clerk of the Church" so that all may have invitations and information.

"HOW TO GO WEST."

This is an enquiry which every one should have *truthfully* answered before he starts on his journey, and a little care taken in examination of Routes will in many cases save much trouble, time and money.

The "C. B. & Q. R. R.," running from Chicago through Galesburg to Burlington, has achieved a reputation in the last two years as the leading passenger Route to the west. At Burlington it connects with the great Burlington Route which runs direct through Southern Iowa to Nebraska and Kansas, with close connections to California and the Territories; and passengers starting from Washtenaw County, on their way westward, cannot do better than to take the C. B. & Q. and Burlington Route.

This Line has published a pamphlet called "How to go West," which contains much valuable information; a large correct map of the Great West, which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the General Passenger Agent B. M. R. R. Burlington, Iowa.

DIED.

At Ypsilanti, Tuesday morning, July 29th, 1872, Walter Ceerman, infant son of Edward P. and Clara E. Allen. Aged 11 months and 5 days.

Home Market.

Outside and Inside figures—Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat, new, per bush	"	$1 20@1 30
" old	"	1 50
Flour	"	4 00
Corn, shelled,	"	55@ 60
Corn, ear,	"	@ 25
Oats,	"	30@ 35
Potatoes,	"	60@ 70
Beans,	"	1 00@2 00
Onions,	"	75@1 00
Barley,	"	1 25@2 00
Apples, green,	"	30@ 40
dried,	per lb	8@ 9
Ham, smoked,	"	13@ 13
Shoulders,	"	12
Pork,	"	@ 8
Lard,	"	8@ 10
Tallow,	"	7@ 8
Butter,	"	12@ 14
Butter Grease,	"	5@ 10
Wool,	"	45@ 52
Eggs,	per doz	10

New Advertisements.

ADVERTISING.

Has created many a new business;
Has enlarged many an old business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has rescued many a lost business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
And insures success in any business.
Keep your name before the public.

FURNITURE!

OTTO MUNCH (successor to John Roller) has on hand a good stock of Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Stands, Bedsteads, Lounges &c.

Which he will sell at prices that defy competition. He has also a Hearse with which he is prepared to attend funerals both in the town and country.

☞ All kinds of Repairing done, in a workmanlike manner and on short notice. Give him a call. Railroad street, Manchester, Michigan.

NOW IS THE TIME TO
SUBSCRIBE
FOR THE
ENTERPRISE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO
"Advertise"
In the Enterprise.

NOW IS THE TIME TO
Pay For
The Enterprise.

☞ Be sure and get an Advertisement in the Manchester City Directory. Call at this office.

CONVENTION

IN MANCHESTER,

THE CAMPAIGN OF 1872.

THE FIRST GUN IS FIRED

and if you want to buy Goods Cheap go to

CLARKSON & FIELD,

Who have received and are opening daily direct from

New York and Boston,

The Largest and most Complete assortment in the Village.

Best Brand of Bleached and Brown Muslins Very Cheap.

Come and See the

DOLLY VARDENS!

Another case of the Best Domestic Ginghams

At 12½ Cents.

White Counterpanes and Window Drapery the Cheapest in Town.

Ladies' Hndkerchiefs at 5cts.

Japanese Silks, Japanese Stripe Dolly Vardens, And other Dress Goods.

Our 50 Cent

Black Alpaca, and

$1,00 Cassimers,

Are worth looking after if you want to Save Money.

Our Stock of Groceries

Is full and we will sell as low as any one In the Village.

As Money is What We Want,

We offer our entire stock very low for Cash or Ready Pay.

Come and examine our stock before you purchase. Give us a call and price our goods, whether you buy or not. Remember the place, No. 1.

CLARKSON & FIELD.

Manchester, May 1st, 1872.

$1,200 WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—This amount is in the hands of our subscribers and we wish them to call and pay it.

MAT D. BLOSSER.

Enterprise Office, April 8th, 1872.

MRS. THOMPSON

Would Respectfully Inform the

Ladies' of Manchester,

and surrounding country, that she has Now on Hand, the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Millinery Goods!

In Town, at Prices that Defy Competition. Dress Making executed in an Improved Style.

☞ GENTS' SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Rooms over J. J. Clarkson's Store. 242

B. C. TAYLOR'S

RAKES!

AND

BUCKEYE CULTIVATORS,

Are the Best in Use. Sold by

245 L. H. WEIR & SON.

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, 194 Penn Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y. 112 1y.

L. H. WEIR & SON,

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to their

Large and Well Selected Stock of

GENERAL HARDWARE!

Consisting of a complete line of

Builders' Material, Carpenters' Tools, Farmers' Hardware, Water Lime, Salt, Calcime Plaster &c.

In fact, all goods usually kept in a First-class Hardware Establishment. We would also announce to the Farmers that we are about receiving a large invoice of the justly celebrated

Rakes, Rakes!

TAYLOR RAKES.

which universally acknowledged to be the best Sulky Rakes in use. Will pay for themselves in a year. Also,

Reapers, Mowers, Slanting Tooth Harrows, Wheel Cultivators, Etc., Etc.,

all of the best manufacture.

All goods will be sold at prices that defy Competition. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

☞ Prompt attention given to the manufacture of

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.

All Work Warranted.

South side Exchange Place, Manchester, Jan. 25, 1872. L. H. WEIR & SON.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT

DOTY'S VARIETY STORE,

East Side of River.

New Stock! Large & Elegant!

A MACHINE

For Trimming the Wall Paper will be used FREE of Extra charge.

Hats & Caps, the Latest Style.

Boots & Shoes

Just Received

Childs Shoes in great variety of designs and colors.

CROCKERY!

Of latest Patterns and Choicest Brands—principally of T. & R. Bootes make—will endure use for a great length of time, retaining its superiority of whiteness and *brilliancy* of appearance. Buy Bootes ware and you have no dingy looking Crockery.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!

Always to be found at this store.

☞ A good Tea at 50cts per lb.—best at $1,50. Good Cheese for 15 cents per lb.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toy Goods, Confectionary, Notions, &c.

I hope by promptness and fair dealing, to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us.

Yours Truly, G. W. DOTY.

Manchester, April 4, 1872. 1y50

DOLLY VARDEN LUMBER.

To All Whom it May Concern.

The Subscribers have on hand

250,000 Pine Shingle!

200,000 LATH!

60,000 feet of Fencing!

And Bill-stuff too numerous to mention,

All of which we will sell as cheap as any man can offer the same.

Office west of Carriage Shop, Main Street.

Norvel, June 20th, 1872. DORR & HORNING. 246

NEW FURNITURE

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having completed the New Building, two doors east of the Banner Store, I am now receiving a splendid assortment of

MANUFACTURED FURNITURE

Tables, Bureaus, Chairs, Sofas, Matrasses, Looking Glasses and Trimmings,

All of which will be sold at the Lowest figures.

DO NOT GO!

To neighboring towns before calling.

☞ I STILL MANUFACTURE

any article ordered at short notice.

Undertaking!

I am fully prepared to furnish Coffins and Hearse as usual, for funerals.

Something New!

Call and see the Woven Wire Matrasses—the Best Cheapest and most Durable.

243 S. W. LOCKWOOD.

PAY TO-DAY AND TRUST TO-MORROW. We earnestly desire every person who is oweing anything for the ENTERPRISE, will call and settle immediately, as we need the money to buy new material.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Publisher.

CLOTHS & CLOTHING

HUGO MUNCH, successor to Unterkircher & Mahrle, is

Cloth, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

In the Very Latest Styles,

And at Prices that Defy Competition.

Clothing of all Kinds Made to Order. A Good Fit Warranted or No Charge.

May 2 y1

HUGO MUNCH, Prop'r

HARDWARE, ETC.

EUREKA! The Elephantine stock of

Hardware, Stoves and Agricultural Implements,

Paints, Oils, Etc.,

At the Old Mammoth,

Goodyear Block.

ROSE & BRUEGEL.

ROSE & BRUEGEL.

Grand Mass Meetings

Will be held in every Town throughout the Union, during the Presidential Campaign, and Lady will have a new suit to attend such occasions, anticipating the coming rush, and the great demand for goods, we have made ample provisions and can now boast of having the

LARGEST & BEST SELECTED

Stock of Goods in the county, comprising all the newest and most

FASHIONABLE GOODS!

French and Irish Poplins, Japanese Silk, Pongee Silk, Mohair Poplin, Valour, Gros Grain Silk, Black and colored Alpaca, Grenadine, Lawn, Linen and Marsellies, Suitings, etc.

DOLLY VARDEN!

IN

Challies, Poplin, Percales, Muslin, Organda, Lawn and Prints.

Also, a full line of Trimming Silks, Satines, Repps, Laces and Fringes to match Dress Goods.

A Splendid assortment of

SHAWLS and SCARFS

At prices that will insure a sale every time.

An endless variety of

Parasols and Sun Umberalas!

All the Newest Styles.

Our stock of

Ribbons, Embroidered Edging, Genuine Thread Lace,

Linen Hdkfs, Gloves, Hoisery, Corsetts, Skirts, Collars and Notions, is Complete.

In Domestic Goods!

We keep the very best Ticking, Sheeting, Shirting, and Denims in the market, and at prices as low as the lowest. We call especial attention to our large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

In which we seldom fail to suit in size, style, quality and price.

☞ Remember the Banner Store, and give us an early call.

May 15th. MACK & SCHMID.

Arrival. Arrival.

AT

HERRMAN & MAY'S,

No. 23 Maumee St., opposite Lawrence Hotel,

ADRIAN, MICHIGAN.

We have Received Direct from New York

The Largest, The Cheapest, the Best,

STOCK OF

Ready-Made Clothing!

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Etc.,

Ever brought into the City of Adrian, which we will sell to our Costumers Cheaper than the

Cheapest in Michigan.

☞ We Defy all Competitors in our line to compare Goods and Prices.

Those wishing to buy Clothing will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

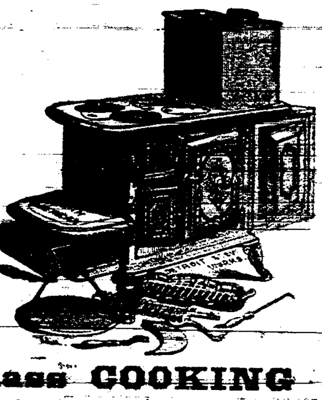
Remember the Place, No. 23 Maumee Street, ADRIAN, MICHIGAN.

WM. BLAU, Cutter. [237] NATE SCHLOSS, Salesman.

DETROIT STOVES.

ROSE & BRUEGEL, AGENTS also for

THE NORTH AMERICAN



Hot Air Draft. Gas Burner. Ash Drawer & Grate. For Wood or Coal. Shaking and Dumping Grate. Pipe back of Reservoir. Reservoir takes off at will. Used without Reservoir, has a 5-Boiler hoole top. Large and small Boiler holes.

Boils on Top and on the Hearth. Large ventilated oven. Most perfect Baker. Ground, Cemented Joints. Tin Lined Doors. Mounted in the best Manner. Heavy Castings. Neatly Ornamented. Very Stylish in Appearance.

First 'class COOKING Stoves,

Essential to the Comfort and Happiness of Every Family. With many Conveniences, New Features and Improvements. One of the most Desirable Stoves in use. Send for Discriptive and Testimonial Pamphlet. Manufactured from Lake Superior Charcoal Iron only by the

DETROIT STOVE WORKS.

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Proprietor. Devoted to State, County and Home News, Agriculture, Commerce, the Arts and Sciences etc.—A Paper for the Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant and Family Circle. TERMS: $2 a Year in Advance

VOL. 5. NO. 47. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1872. WHOLE NO. 255

Church Directory.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. W. W. Washburn. Services at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Social meetings Tuesday and thursday evenings. Sunday School at 12 M.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev T. L. Waldo. Services at 10½ A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Sunday School at 12 M. Evening services at 7. Choir meets on Thursday Evenings.

BAPTIST.—Rev. J. M. Titterington. Services at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath school at 12 M. Young People's Prayer-meeting Tuesday evenings. General Prayer-meeting Thursday evening.

UNIVERSALIST.—Rev. Asa Countryman. Services at 10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M.; Sunday School at 11½ A. M.

LUTHERIAN—Rev. I. G. Hildner. Service every alternate sabbath at 2 P. M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. F. Aiguayer. Services every alternate Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock.

M. E. CHURCH, SHARON.—Rev. Wm. C. Way. Services at 10½ A. M. at Sharon Centre, and at 2 P. M. at Gillett Church. Preaching at "Prospect Hill" School House on the evening of the first Sabbath of each month.

Village Societies.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 148 of F. & A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication Monday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. C. W. CASE, Secy.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 48 R. A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular Convocation Wednesday Evenings on or proceeding each full moon. S. FITZGERALD, Secy.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No 24 R. & S. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular Convocation Thursday Evenings after each full moon. E. P. CRAFTS, Secy.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 7 of A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication Tuesday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. E. P. CRAFTS, Secy.

MANCHESTER G. W. M. A. Association will meet at their rooms in Goodyear's Block, on the First Monday of each month. E. G. SCHAFFER, Cor. Sec'y.

Business Directory.

G. R. PALMER, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public. Office in Goodyear's Block. Will pay particular attention to the drawing of all kinds of Legal Papers such as Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, &c. Will furnish first Class Insurance, at reasonable rates.

A. E. HEWETT, Attorney at Law and Notary Public. Office over Pottle's store, Manchester, Michigan. Particular attention given to all collections and legal business entrusted to him. And will act as agent for the purchase and sale of village and farm property.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF MANCHESTER.—Organized under the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan, Capital $50,000, do a general banking business. Money to loan at reasonable rates. L. D. WATKINS, President, J. D. VAN DUYN, Vice Pres., O. F. HALL, Cashier.

GOODYEAR HOUSE, MANCHESTER. W. F. LEWIS, Proprietor. This house has lately been completed, and furnished in first-class style, and is now one of the finest Hotels in the State. A good livery in connection with the house.

MUNSON GOODYEAR, Justice of the Peace, Goodyear's Block.

J. D. VAN DUYN, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Van Duyn, Lynch & Co's Drug Store.

M. KAPPLER, Notary Public, Sharon, (Manchester P. O.,) Michigan.

M. E. MUNGER, Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence.

J. D. COREY, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Collecting and all other business left with him will receive prompt attention. Residence on Ann Arbor Street, Manchester.

DAWES, TAYLOR & CO., Manufactures of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Door & Window Frames, Planing, Sawing, Etc., done on short notice. See advertisement. Mill, corner of Jackson and Union streets, near L. S. & M. S. R'y Depot.

MISS S. T. SPEECHLY, Fine Photograph Artist. Is prepared to furnish the Public with first class Pictures. Special attention paid to Copying. A good line of Picture frames.

CHARLES YOUNGHANS, Tonsorial Artist. Shaving, Shampooning, Hair-Cutting &c., neatly executed. Goodyear's Hotel Block.

G. A. FAUSEL, Practical WATCHMAKER and JEWELER, at the Bakery, Manchester, Michigan. A good assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver-plated Ware, Specticles and Toys, always on hand. ☞ All work warranted.

A. CONKLIN, Physician & Surgeon. Particular attention given to the treatment of CANCERS, and all chronic diseases, for which purpose he will be at his Office in Manchester, on Friday of each week. No medicine given in the treatment of a disease that wars in any way with the tissues of the system. tf.mlen22.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL, TECUMSEH, A. WOOD, Proprietor. This house is elegantly furnished, and is in all respects a good hotel. Centrally located. Within 2 minutes walk of the depot. No pains will be spared to make pleasant their guests visit. 46

HURD HOUSE, JACKSON, MICH. SMITH & HURD, Proprietors. The above named house is elegantly furnished and centrally located, (opposite the Hibbard.) No pains will be spared to make guests comfortable. Omnibus runs regularly to and from all trains. Try them. Board reduced to two dollars per day. 46

THE MICHIGAN EXCHANGE, DETROIT, February 15th 1869. This hotel, so long and favorably known to the travelling Public, is being thoroughly repaired and put in perfect order for business, and will continue to be kept in all its appointments as a First Class House. But to meet the wishes of our many friends and patrons, our charges will be reduced to $3.50 per day, and the proprietors solicit the patronage of all who wish to find a quiet and pleasant home while in the city. E. & F. LYON, Proprietors.

E. HUNTER, DENTIST! Office in Union Hall Brick Block, South Side Exchange Place, MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

FRANK PULHEMUS, CITY BILL POSTER, Proprietor of The Manchester News Depot.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE! S. H. PERKINS & SON Have on hand a complete assortment of Boots, Shoes & Rubber Goods. ☞ You can save twenty cents on every dollar by buying of them. They also manufacture Boots and Shoes from the best quality of leather ever brought to this town, and with ANDREW SAFE as their Fine Boot maker, cannot be surpassed, if equalled. Their prices are as low as the times. Satisfaction guaranteed. Repairing done on short notice and in a neat and workmanlike manner. Give them a call at Gwinner's Block. 133

WATCH, CLOCK & JEWELRY Repairing and Engraving. F. CHUBBUCK, Having had experience in the manufacturing of Jewelry of all kinds, and having worked over thirty years at Watch Repairing, can assure the people of Manchester and vicinity, that all work entrusted to his care will be well done. His place of business is the Gleason Block, opposite the Southern Washtenaw Mills.

New Advertisements.

THE RIVER SIDE

Medicinal Springs

WATER CURE!

Manchester, Michigan.

The Springs are now open for the accommodation of the public.

Their Medicinal Properties rank them equal to any in the State.

A First-class Bath House has been erected and every accommodation can be obtained at reasonable rates.

Water and Air Baths of all temperature, also, Shower and Medicated baths are employed with advantage in the treatment of all chronic diseases.

All communications promptly answered.

J. D. KIEF, Proprietor.

HARRISON HAY, Superintendent. Manchester, Aug. 7th, 1872. 253

CONKLIN HOUSE, MANCHESTER, MICH. E. CONKLIN, Proprietor. This House has been lately fitted up in Conklin's Block, North side of Exchange Place. It is located in the centre of our village, and is pleasantly situated to accommodate the traveler. The fixtures and furniture are new and first-class. Carriage to and from the cars. 253

The Great Western "T" HOUSE

Green and Black, Also, Japan — Cheaper than Ever Offered.

is selling Tea and Coffee with duties off.

SALT FISH!

cheaper than ever.

Green and Can Fruits!

I have a large stock of all goods in my line which I will sell cheap.

Wool Money taken in exchange.

JOHN H. MILLER.

HALL, NASH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

All kinds of Double & Single

HARNESS!

And Dealers in

Trunks, Whips, Horse-Blankets, &c.

☞ Repairing Promptly Executed.

One door North of the Post Office.

Manchester Mich., May 1st, 1872. 239

Legal Notices.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Lewis R. Gleason, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed by order of said Probate Court for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Reynolds & Hewett, in the village of Manchester, in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of October, and on Wednesday the twenty-seventh day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine, and adjust said claims.

Dated, July 22d, A. D. 1872.

GEORGE W. DOTY, GEORGE M. HEWETT, Commissioners. 251-256

SHERIFF SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. By virtue of a writ of execution, issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, and to me directed and delivered, against the goods, chattles, lands and tenements of Alexander T. Hay, William Hay and Hiram Hay, defendants therein named, I did on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1871, seize and levy upon all the right, title and interest Alexander T. Hay, William Hay and Hiram Hay has in the following described lands, situated in the township of Manchester, County and State aforesaid, to wit: The North East quarter of the South East quarter of Section four; the South East quarter of the South West quarter and the North half of the South East quarter of Section four; which above described property I shall expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at the south door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1872.

Dated, July 11th, A. D. 1872.

MYRON WEBB, Sheriff. By J. S. CASE, Dep't Sheriff. 249-256

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the Estate of Samuel B. Wolcott, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the fifteenth day of July A. D. 1872, there will be sold at public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house on the premises hereinafter described, in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Tuesday the third day of September, A. D. 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased and also subject to the right of dower of his widow therein the following described Real Estate, to wit: The North West quarter of the South East quarter of section twenty-one in township three South of range three East, containing forty acres more or less, in said State.

Dated, July 15th, 1872.

AMARIAH CONKLIN, Administrator. 250-256

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday the Second day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Present Hiram J. Beakes, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Sada J. Nestell, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Obadiah Priest, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to Probate and that he may be appointed sole executor thereof.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the sixteenth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the legatees, devisees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted:

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Manchester ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

New Advertisements.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANK.

MACK, SCHMID & CO., Manchester, Michigan.

Deposits Received and interest paid on Money Deposited for Specified Time. Exchange furnished and Collections made on all principal American and European Cities, And a General Banking Business Transacted.

The best Rates paid for Gold, Silver, Coupons, Government and other Securities.

235 SAM. KIRCHHOFER, Cashier.

TO INSURE

In Good Companies,

is insurance

FOR SAFETY

We represent

OVER $14,000,000

Security to all who insure in the

Hartford Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.	
Aetna " " "	
National " " "	
Underwriters Agency	New York.
Detroit Fire and Marine	Detroit.

These are all A 1 Companies and we will be pleased to see the citizens of Manchester and vicinity insure in

A Good Company!

We don't take any 2d class or Doubtful companies.

Call and see us.

245-3 MACK, SCHMID & Co.

THE SINGER—THE STANDARD

Sewing Machine

Of the World!

Over 700,000 in Use.

Over 200,000 Machines are now Being Sold Annually.

THE

SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.

Is the only Company in the world that manufactures machines for all kinds of work.

Every Family Should Have a

SINGER!

The Best is Always the Chepest.

These Machines will Hem, Fell, Tuck, Cord, Quilt, Trim, Bind, Gather, and sew on at the same time, Puff, Fringe, Pipe, Hemstitch, Ruffle, Embroider and Braid, and sew from the finest of gauze or gossamer tissue to the heaviest beaver with equal facility.

Sold for Cash, on good Prommissory Notes or on Monthly Payments, to suit the circumstances of the rich and poor alike.

The same qualities which render our new Machines so admirable and efficient for use in the family also commend it as indispensable for every grade of light manufacturing.

For Shoe and Gaiter Fitters, Seamstresses, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirt Collars, Shirts, Cloaks, Mantles, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Linen and Silk Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc., etc., it is without a rival.

In addition to the family machines, our machines for the use of manufacturers of all kinds are indisputably superior to all others; having machines expressly for carriage trimmers, saddlers, shoemakers, tailors, etc., etc.

For good, reliable and energetic men who can furnish satisfactory references we have permanent and profitable employment.

NOFSINGER & JOSSELYN,

72 and 74 West Washington St., Bates House Block, Indianapolis, Ind., and 70 Woodward and 177 Jefferson Avenues, Detroit, Mich., exclusive dealers in the above machines for the States of Michigan and Indiana, Ontario, Canada, North western Ohio and Southern Illinois.

Sewing Machine Sales for 1870.

The magnitude to which the manufacture of sewing machines has attained is shown by the returns of the manufacturers for the year 1870 to the owners of the leading patents, on which they pay a royalty. According to these returns the number of machines sold by each manufacturer in 1870 is as follows:

The Singer Manufacturing Company	127,833
Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing company	83,208
Howe machine company	75,156
Grover & Baker sewing machine company	57,402
Weed sewing machine company	35,002
Wilcox & Gibbs sewing machine company	28,890
American Buttonhole & Overseaming company	14,573
Florence sewing machine company	17,660
Gold Medal sewing machine company	8,912
Etna sewing machine company	4,866
Empire sewing machine company	3,560
Finkle & Lyon, manufacturing company	2,420
Parham sewing machine company	1,766
Wilson sewing machine company	500
Bartlett Reversible	495
Bartraw & Fanton manufacturing company	420
Lamb Knitting manufacturing company	421
McKay sewing machine association	129
C. F. Thompson	100

It will be seen by this table that the popularity of the Singer machines far exceeds that of all others, their sale being one half greater than even that of the famous "Wheeler & Wilson" machine. This is owing to the fact that the Singer company have lately commenced making, besides their old and well-established manufacturing machine, what is known as their "New Family Machine," which is selling at the rate of nine to one better than their old style. Their total sales for 1869 were 85,781 machines against the 127,833 of 1870, showing an increase of one-half in the latter year.—*New York Sun.*

From the sworn returns made to the owners of the valuable sewing machine patents, it appears that the sales of the Singer manufacturing company, for the year 1870, are over *forty thousand* in excess of those of 1869, wich were 86,781; and they claim the sale during 1870 of over forty-four thousand more machines than that of any other company. Their "New Family Machine" would seem to be as great a favorite for family sewing as their manufacturing machine has long been for manufacturing purposes.—*New York Evening Post.*

The Singer manufacturing company report sales of 127,833 machines in 1870 against 86,781 in 1869, showing a gain of 41,052, mainly in the sale of what is known as the "New Family Machine"—*New York Tribune.*

NEVER PUT OFF TILL TO-MORROW what you can do to-day. Call at the *Enterprise* office and pay what you owe on subscription. Immediate attention to this is requested by the Publisher.

MAT D. BLOSSER.

To-Day's Notices.

FOR SALE, OR TO RENT.

THE FARMER'S HOTEL,

In this Village,

It is Centrally Located,

Having good accommodations. For further particulars enquire of

HENRY YOUNGHANS, Prop'r.

Manchester, Aug. 7th, 1872 253

DISSOLUTION.

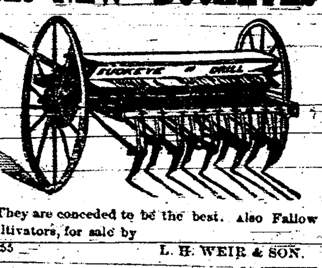
NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership of Dorey & Moore is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties. Those who are indebted to us are most respectfully requested to call and settle, as our books will be closed.

Manchester, Aug. 1st, 1872. D. DOREY, D. T. MOORE.

The firm will hereafter be known as Dorey, Moore & Co., who are now receiving the largest and best stock of lumber ever brought to this market. 253-256

BUY NONE OTHER THAN

The NEW BUCKEYES



They are conceded to be the best. Also Fallow Cultivators, for sale by

255 L. H. WEIR & SON.

A WANT SUPPLIED!

A First-class Meat Market

IN MANCHESTER,

Where you can get the best cuts of

Fresh & Salt Meats

Salt Fish, Sugar and Country-cured Hams, Dried Beef, &c.

POULTRY!

Chickens and other Fowls always on hand.

Be sure and call on us and we will give you what you want.

Market on Ann Arbor Street, next door to Dr. Conklin's Office.

S. & W. MERRITHEW.

August 1st, 1872. 253.

Rail Road Guide.

L. S. & M. S. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GOING SOUTH.

	mail.	exp.	freight
Jackson, dep.	7:10 A. M.	2:15 P. M.	1:15 A. M
Manchester	8:10 "	3:15 "	1:15 P. M
Adrian, arrive	9:30 "	4:35 "	
Toledo,	10:35 "	4:55 "	
Buffalo	10:35 P. M.	4:05 A. M.	
Detroit,	12:25 "	7:55 P. M.	

GOING NORTH.

	mail.	exp.	freight.
Detroit, dep.	9:00 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	
Toledo,	10:55 A. M.	8:00 "	
Adrian,	12:01	9:10 P. M.	
Manchester	1:15 P. M.	10:19 "	1:15
Jackson, arrive	2:15 "	11:15 "	3:35 P. M.

Trains run on Cleveland time which is 5 minutes faster than town time.

Trains connect at Adrian and Lenawee Junction with those going East, West and South. Also, at Jackson for the East, West and North.

CHARLES PAINE, Supt.

T. C. MONTGOMERY, Station Agent.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE & INDIANA, AND DETROIT, EEL RIVER & ILLINOIS RAILROADS.

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Express.	Freight
Detroit, leave	7 00 A. M.	5 50 P. M.	
Ypsilanti	8 25	7 25	12 45
Saline	9 10	7 56	1 40 P. M.
Bridgewater	9 28	8 12	2 07
Manchester	9 47	8 30	2 40
Watkins	10 00	8 45	3 05
Brooklyn	10 17	9 00	3 35
Hillsdale	11 25	10 05	5 37
Indianapolis, Ar.	10 15 P. M.	7 30 A. M.	

GOING EAST.

Indianapolis, Le.	5 00 A. M.	8 00 P. M.	
Hillsdale	3 02 P. M.	7 20	5 25 A. M.
Brooklyn	4 13	8 34	7 20
Watkins	4 28	8 50	7 45
Manchester	4 43	9 07	8 15
Bridgewater	5 01	9 23	8 40
Saline	5 20	9 45	9 45
Ypsilanti	6 00	10 10	10 30 A. M.
Detroit, Ar.	7 00 P. M.	11 30	

H. C. GOODELL, Supt.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

July 22d, 1872.

MAIL—Leaves Detroit 7 00 a. m.; Ypsilanti 8 50; Jackson 10 50; arrives at Chicago 8 45 p. m.

DAY EXPRESS—Leaves Detroit 9 20 a. m.; Ypsilanti 10 25; Jackson 11 55; arrive Chicago 7 30 p. m.

DEXTER ACCOM.—Leaves Detroit 4 05 p. m.; Ypsilanti 5 32.

EVENING EXPRESS—Leaves Detroit 5 50 p. m.; Ypsilanti 7 17; Jackson 9 25; arrive Chicago 6 30 a. m.

KAL. ACCOM.—Leaves Detroit 8 15 p. m.; Ypsilanti 9 48; Jackson 1 00; arrive Chicago 10 20 a. m.

PACIFIC EX.—Leaves Detroit 9 40 p. m.; Ypsilanti 10 48; Jackson 12 15 a. m.; arrive Chicago 7 30 a. m.

ATLANTIC EX.—Leaves Chicago 5 15 p. m.; Jackson 12 35 a. m.; Ypsilanti 2 22; arrive Detroit 3 35.

NIGHT EX.—Leaves Chicago 9 05 p. m.; Jackson 4 40 a. m.; Ypsilanti 6 20; arrive Detroit 7 25.

DEXTER ACCOM.—Leaves Ypsilanti 7 20 a. m.; arrive at Detroit 8 45.

DETROIT EX.—Leaves Jackson 8 10 a. m.; Ypsilanti 10 20; arrive Detroit 11 30.

MAIL—Leaves Chicago 5 30 a. m.; Jackson 7 55 p. m.; Ypsilanti 5 08; arrive Detroit 6 35.

DAY EX.—Leaves Chicago 8 30 a. m.; Jackson 4 40 p. m.; Ypsilanti 6 00; arrive at Detroit 7 00.

The Atlantic and Pacific Expres run between Jackson and Niles on the Air Lines.

H. E. SARGENT, Supt.

FORT WAYNE, JACKSON & SAGINAW RAILROAD.

The most direct route to Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all Points South and Southwest.

Trains are Run by Chicago Time.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Express.	Angola Acc.
Jackson	7:15 A. M.	4:40 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
Hanover	7:44	5:20	12:49
Jonesville	8:25	6:50	1:29
Reading	8:55	6:18	
Fremont	9:32	6:55	
Angola	9:53	7:35	
Pleasant Lake	10:03	7:47	
Summit	10:17	7:59	
Waterloo	10:33	8:15	
Auburn	10:47	8:29	
Fort Wayne	11:45	9:25	
Indianapolis	6:00 P. M.	10:30 A. M.	
Cincinnati	8:50		
Louisville	10:45	10:45 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	Angola Acc.	Express.	Mail.
Louisville		9 10 A. M.	10:25 P. M.
Cincinnati			7:30 A. M.
Indianapolis		4:00 P. M.	10:10
Fort Wayne		7:05 A. M.	4:25 P. M.
Auburn		8:00	5:22
Waterloo		8:13	5:37
Summit		8:27	5:52
Pleasant Lake		8:38	6:03
Angola		8:50	6:15
Fremont		9:08	6:35
Reading		9:36	7:12
Jonesville	3:05 P. M.	10:18	7:52
Hanover	3:49	10:50	8:32
Jackson	4:15	11:30	9:10

At Jackson—Close connections are made with Michigan Central, Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw, and Grand River Valley Railroads.

At Jonesville—With Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.

At Waterloo—With Lake Shore & Michigan Southern (Air Line).

At Fort Wayne—With Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago; Toledo, Wabash & Western, and Ft. Wayne, Muncie & Cincinnati Railroads.

W. A. ERNST, Supt.

ROBT RILLIE, Gen'l Ticket Agt.

Village & Country.

Thanks to B. A. Aldrich for late copies of Kansas Papers.

A full assortment of infant and childrens shoes at Mack & Schmid.

See "New Advertisements" for everything new. Be sure and advertise.

The best bargains in fine and course Boots can be had at the Banner Store.

W-a-r-m.—How hot it is. Can't we get up an excursion to the lakes?

DEATH TO POTATO BUGS.—Genuine Paris Green at Rose & Bruegel's.

TO AVOID SUN STROKE.—Pay for the ENTERPRISE in advance, and pay up that old account.

EPISCOPAL SERVICE.—The Rev. S. W. Frisbie of Brooklyn, will hold service and preach in the Baptist church, next Sunday, Aug. 25th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

ICE CREAM.—Those who wish a dish of ice cream are informed that a good article can be had at the Conklin House on Friday and Saturday evenings.

CALOMEL at a discount. Defiance to Southern Fevers. Good digestion is to be secured by using Simmons' Liver Regulator. For sale by Geo. W. Doty, Manchester, Mich.

THAT STAND.—A paper has been circulated to raise money to erect a stand for the use of the Band, on Exchange Place. The Council could not appropriate the amount as it might create complaint among penny-grabbers.

SELLING OFF.—They are actually selling goods very cheap at the Banner Store. People who have bought goods there say their figures are down to hard times prices. If you don't believe it go and see for yourself.

SOMETHING USEFUL.—Dawes Brothers have now the right to use Cooper's Patent Elastic Bucket Chain Pump in this section of country, and are prepared to put in pumps for any one wishing them, on short notice.

THE SPRINGS.—We are pleased to learn that this new and beautiful resort for health seekers is receiving a good patronage from the public even at this early day. Our citizens are taking advantage of the opportunity offered for bathing, and many are loud in the praise of their merits.

THE REASON.—We understand that the reason why the trains on the D. H. & I. Road were delayed and irregular last week, was on account of a sink in the track of the Ft. Wayne road. About 40 feet of track went down from 4 to 8 feet. They have it all right now and trains are running again on time.

ON FILE.—We keep a regular file of the following Daily papers at this office, and parties who wish can have the privilege of reading them:

The Detroit Daily Free Press.
" " " Tribune.
" " " Union.
" Adrian " Times.
" Toledo Commercial.

PAPER MILL.—This establishment is fast drawing towards completion. The engine and boiler have been set and the paper machine has arrived and will be set up in a few days. We may expect to see the whole machinery at work by the 15th of September. Can't we have a day of rejoicing? Think the matter over and let us see what can be done.

A CARD.—My creditors are calling on me daily for their pay. I therefore very earnestly request all those having notes and accounts with the undersigned to come and settle at once, because I must have my pay, or will have to make costs unless you come forward and help me out. I. L. CLARKSON.

Manchester, July 31st, '72.

Lost—an account book containing a memorandum of threshing. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to C. A. Sloat.

The subscriber lost a black leather commercial memorandum book. It is of no use to any one except the owner. One dollar reward will be given the finder by returning the same to J. D. Kief.

SCHOOL MEETING.—Notice is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting for the election of Officers, in district No. 2, in the township of Manchester, and for the transaction of such other business as the meeting may deem necessary, will be held at the Union School House in said district, on Monday the 2d day of Sept. at 7½ o'clock P. M.

L. H. WEIR, Director.

Dated, Aug. 22d, 1872.

S. S. EXCURSION AND PIC NIC.—The Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist Sabbath Schools of this village will hold a Union Pic Nic at L. D. Watkins' grove, on Friday August 30th. The schools will take the 9,47 a. m. train on the D. H. & I. Road and arrive at the grove at 10,30. A grand good time may be expected.

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.—Mack & Schmid, at the Banner Store, are offering goods for the next thirty days at greatly reduced prices. They are making preparations to go east as soon as all the most desirable styles of goods can be found in market, which will be early in September. Their fall stock is to be more comple than ever and in order to make room they will sell very cheap. Give them a call.

EXCURSION.—Give us an excursion, down the Maumee to Put-in-the-Bay, or on the Detroit River to some shady island. The children have enjoyed a long vacation and are about to commence the fall term of school, and they all look as if they would enjoy an excursion. A few weeks ago an excursion was advertised but is was badly managed and failed. We have two rail roads and should have an excusion. Who will give us a sea-breeze?

PERSONAL.—Our friend Barrett A. Aldrich, of Chetopa, Kan., called upon us a few days since. He is looking rather thin having just recovered from a severe illness. He informs us that he will return to-day. Mrs. Aldrich, his mother, has sold her residence in this village, and will move to Chetopa to reside with her son. We shall very much miss them, but we wish them many years of happiness in that delightful southern climate.

Since writing the above we learn that Barrett received a telegram that his partner was sick and he left for Chetopa on Tuesday night.

A FACT.—We are informed that parties at the Southern end of the D. H. & I. & D. E. R. & I. Roads, offer a large amount of freight for transportation over this road, much more than the road can furnish power to draw. The company have just got out four new locomotives and have ordered three more to be built as soon as possible. This shows good for the road, and we can now see that it is destined to be second to no road in the State, and perhaps one of the best in the west. There is not a road in the west that uses better rolling stock, finer coaches, and has a better corps of officers.

A RIDING PARK.—About a year ago we made an attempt to get our horsemen and capitalists interested in the organization of a Riding Park and Race Course, and to organize an Agricultural Society in connection with it, but, before we could get them awake to the enterprise the season had advanced and the matter was dropped indefinately. But the matter has been talked over again and parties interested in the organization of an association, and a meeting is called at the office of G. R. Palmer, on Saturday evening, Aug. 24th, at 8 o'clock. We hope that there will be a large attendance and that the enterprise may succeed.

COWS IN THE STREETS.—Almost every day we hear some of our citizens complaining of the cows being allowed to run at large. It is not an unusual thing to hear people using language they ought not to use, because a cow has made a raid on their garden the previous night. Why do not those of our citizens who keep a cow, take care of them? It must be a great annoyance to get up in the morning and find your garden which you have labored so hard to make profitable to you, all trampled down and distroyed by cows. We hope that the cows will be taken care of. We have a place where unruly cows can be locked up and why not use it?

OUR UNION SCHOOL.—Last week we published a list of the teachers of the Manchester Union School for the coming year. The school term will commence on Monday Sept. 2d, 1852. The School Board are confident that we shall have as good school as any of our neighboring town and cities. The School Board will meet some time next week, when we shall be able to give our readers a full account of the arrangements made. For the benefit of those who may not have seen the list in last weeks ENTERPRISE, we republish it:

Principal, Mr. E. W. Schreeb; Assistant Principal, Miss Josie A. Durry; Grammer School, Miss Wheeler; Intermediate, Miss Wheeler; First Primary, Miss Anna Miller; Second Primary, Miss Mary Morris.

PAPER.—Mr. Lowder states that paper was imported from Corea into Japan as early as A. D. 280, and about A. D. 610 the Japanese learned to make their own paper from the paper mulberry, of better quality than they imported. Varieties of paper are made that are "warranted to wash;" oil paper for rain coats, paper hats in imitation of straw, imitations of leather, coats, shoes, umbrellas, pocket handkerchiefs, paper the weight of heavy wood, or of the lightness and elegance of netting, have excellent qualities to recommend them.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—It is said that the absence of many thousands of Americans from this country the present summer has injured our home watering-places. There are hundreds who visit Europe who have never seen Niagara, the White Mountains, Lake George, and scores of other beautiful places in our own country. It is not, in general, that such persons prefer to see European scenery; but many of them "count the cost" before planning their summer recreation, and they find it less expensive to cross the ocean for a three-months trip than to spend the same time at frequented American resorts. The high rates charged at hotels, the numerous 'extras' and the extortions to which the traveler is subjected, have become a terror to many people, and they flee from them. During the present season there has been an extraordinary flight to Europe.

INDIANAPOLIS EXCURSION. The Indianapolis Board of Trade, City Council and other gentlemen passed over the D. H. & I. R. R. to Detroit on Tuesday last. As the exact time of the arrival at this place, was not made known, there were not many of our citizens at the station. The Band did not meet them and there were no speeches made. At Detroit the Board of Trade gave them a reception at their hall Wednesday morning at 8 a. m. At 9 o'clock carriages conveyed them through the principal streets of the city. At 2 p. m. they embarked on the steamer Northwest and sailed up the river as far as Lake Saint Clair, returning at 6 o'clock. Supper was served and the party left for Niagara Falls via the Great Western Rail way. They will reach the Falls at 7 o'clock Thursday morning and return to Detroit in time to take the morning train to Indianapolis. They will pass through our village Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Manchester, Aug. 6th, 1872.

Common Council met in regular session. Meeting called to order by Joseph Ottmar, chosen President pro tem, the President being absent.

Roll called, members present Case, Carr, Ottmar and Gilman.

The petition of Asa Countryman and others, for the opening of Jefferson street was presented, read and refered to committee on streets.

The committee on streets report the purchase of the two strips of land of Mr. Coon for one hundred dollars as instructed, and presented the deed for the same, which was accepted and the Recorder instructed to draw an order on the Treasurer in favor of Philetus Coon for one hundred dollars, that being the amount of consideration for the said land.

The following bills were then presented and allowed:

In favor of Nathan Hay,		,50
" "	William S. Carr,	10,00
" "	E. G. Carr,	48,75

The Recorder was instructed to draw orders on the Treasurer for their different amounts.

No further business the meeting adjourned.

MUNSON GOODYEAR, Recorder.

Call at L. H. Weir & Sons' and examine their splendid stock of Guns, and Pistols, they are unequalled in quality and price.

Any person wishing to buy a Singer Sewing machine can find a good one and get a good bargain by calling at this office.

If you want a Japanese Silk, Poplin, or Percale Dress, you can buy it the cheapest at the Banner Store.

Five more cases of those celebrated Mens' Kip Boots just received by S. H. Perkins & Son.

Twenty cases of Boots & Shoes, newest styles, just received at the Banner Store.

L. H. Weir & Son have a new advertisement on the 4th page.

Initial Note Paper for sale at the News Depot, at 25 cents.

For Pure Paints and Oils go to Rose & Bruegel's.

SUNDAY READING.

—There is a society of Mormons in Paris who conform to the theories and practice of Salt Lake City.

—Canadian Presbyterians make the most of what they have. Of their three hundred ministers no one is without his charge.

—The prospects of reunion in the Presbyterian Church in Kentucky and other sections of the South are not promising.

—A native local Methodist preacher, his wife and child, have come over from India. The preacher will enter Drew Seminary.

—The first Sunday School established in this country, it is said, was in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1809, by Rev. Mr. Steele, an Irish clergyman.

—A number of American churches have called ministers from the British realm, and others are on the lookout for pastors from abroad.

—Bishop Jesse T. Peck, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and his wife, Persis Wing Peck, have just given $50,000 to the Syracuse University.

—The Northern Methodist Church are to send two additional missionaries to India, where their work is said to be attended with great prosperity.

—The Pope has again expressed a desire to leave the city of Rome, and now proposes to take up his residence in Belgium. It is not probable that he will make the change.

—The *Jewish Messenger* recommends the erection of a rustic synagogue at Long Branch, as so many wealthy Jews spend one-fourth of the year at that place of fashionable resort.

—Mr. H. C. Decanvee has made a catalogue of all the books and pamphlets written against Methodism. They number 706. The catalogue is deposited in the Astor Library.

—The practice of paying the minister's salary in advance, in monthly installments, is gaining favor among the Presbyterians. It is said to be easier for the church and better for the preacher.

—The Presbyterian Board of Home Missions is in debt to its missionaries $15,000, and wants the 1,500 churches which gave nothing last year for home missions to send $10 each to clear off the debt.

—June 14, in presence of the Rev. Dr. Payet and the Rev. Daniel Washburne, Bishop Howe, of Central Pennsylvania, deposed from the ministry, at his own request, the Rev. Thomas S. Steck, presbyter.

—The Episcopal Church, at its organization in Louisiana, in 1838, numbered 150 communicants. This year the number is reported at 3,956, an increase of 510 over the year previous, and this without any gain by emigration.

—Judge Barbour, says the Hartford *Post*, has tendered to the trustees of Trinity College a gift of 30 acres of land on Windsor avenue, about two miles from the State-house, to be used as a site for the new college buildings.

—A correspondent of the *Catholic Review*, writing from Rome, says that the number of English and American converts to Catholicism in that city, this year, is twenty-three, six of them being "young men of good family and high education."

—The preaching of Miss Smiley, the Quakeress, in Geneva, N. Y., was listened to by audiences composed of all classes, both in and out of the various churches, and it is said that there is not a single person in the city who is not loud in her praise, save only those who persistently refused to hear her. Her chief power is in arousing church members to a higher life.

—The first Congregational house of worship in the State of Alabama has been built and paid for, and furnished with a bell and an organ, at Marion, within the past year. The church, which is composed mainly of those who were slaves before "the surrender," is small and poor, except in faith, and yet it has contributed about fifteen hundred dollars' worth of labor toward its new edifice in a single year.

—In 1867 the Presbytery of Eastern Texas had four ministers at work within its bounds, and now it has twelve among twenty-eight churches. These are fully employed. One of them serves four churches regularly, and occasionally visits two others, riding on horseback at least two hundred miles per month. Another preaches to seven different congregations every month.

PERSONAL.

—Nilsson's three American bridesmaids were all Boston ladies.

—Ex-Governor Coburn is the richest man in Maine, and is said to be worth $15,000,000.

—The new trial of Dr. Schoeppe will commence at Carlisle, Pa., on Wednesday, the 28th inst.

—The French Academy this year has bestowed the "Prize of Virtue" upon a ballot girl of the Havre theatre.

—The German composer, Richard Wagner, has instituted nine libel suits, pending against as many newspaper editors.

—Signor Mario's creditors at Florence will not permit him to leave that place for a visit to London.

—Miss Matilda Philips, a sister of Adelaide Phillips has made a successful debut at Milan in "Cenerentola."

—The favorite actress in Italy at present is Mme. Santoni. She is said to be superior to either Ristori or Rachel.

—Prince Stanislas Orkowski, descendant of the last king of Poland, has arrived in Paris with the intention of residing there.

—Strauss has returned to his home in the suburbs of Vienna, and is regaling his countrymen with marvelous tales about the United States.

—The last male descendant of the illustrious Andreas Hofer, the hero of one of Louisa Muhlbach's best novels, died recently at Botgen, in the Tyrol.

—Major General William F. Barry, the commander of Fortress Monroe, gave a "hop" Friday evening to Rear Admiral S. P. Lee and the officers of the flagship Worcester.

—The marquis of Lorne has never been ordained, but he is preaching to the masses in Islington, and crowds listen to his practical sermons.

—Jenny Lind, Clara Louise Kellogg, Nilsson, Lucca, Patti and Parepa, all on the same evening in London witnessed *Tietjens'* performance in Cherubini's "Deux Journees." This may well be termed an array of world renowned musical talent.

—Wm. Howe, a prominent criminal lawyer, who personally has a great resemblance to Fisk, has declined the proffered coloneley of the Ninth New York infantry, on the plea that he is too busy, being now engaged in arranging for the defense of 28 murderers.

—Edwin Booth has purchased from Mr. Chas. M. Barras the beautiful marine villa of "Cedar Cliff," at Greenwich, Conn., on the Sound, for $50,000. Mr. Booth will leave Long Branch, his present residence, this week, to take possession.

—The Rev. brother-in-law Cramer has been heard from again. He refused to present the American consul at Copenhagen, Mr. G. W. Griffin, and his accomplished wife, to the court, because they belonged to too low a grade of diplomatic rank to entitle them to that honor.

—A private telegram from Rome to the Most Rev. Archbishop McClosky, announces the appointment of the Right Rev Wm. Henry Elder, D.D., Bishop of Natchez, to be Archbishop of Baltimore, to succeed the late Archbishop Spalding. Bishop Elder was born in Baltimore in 1818, and was appointed Bishop of Natchez in 1858.

—The Burmese ambassadors are studying the cotton mills at Manchester, England. Their costume is thus described: At the back, where our country women used to wear their chignons, the Burmese diplomatic corps wore a fan-like display of muslin. Their skirts resemble nothing more than figured satin bed curtains. A white muslin bodice covers the upper part of their persons, and a narrow rope of white muslin is twisted around their heads. Under their rope and entirely concealed, they carry a short sword, something like the "happy dispatch" instrument of the Japanese. They wear an order, suspended on a variegated ribbon, round their necks. Their white kid gloves are exquisite, and come some inches up the arm.

SOCIETY AND FASHION.

—The ladies sigh for a dim religious light at Flirtation Walk, Cape May.

—The fact that ladies' hats are airy nothings is illustrated by the conduct of a Lowell belle, who walked several squares bareheaded, the other day, unconscious of the absence of her dear love of a bonnet.

—Advices from the various fashionable summer resorts bring us the astonishing intelligence that the ladies are dressing very quietly and unostentatiously this season. We are told that up to the present very few splendid or striking toilets have been exhibited.

—A French journal mentions with delight that "Baden is afflicted with frightful sadness in spite of the numerous concerts. The French no longer visit the gaming table, and since French society has fled from Baden, the place resembles a vast cemetery." Perhaps.

—The square scarf of olden times is reappearing. We do not advise our readers generally to adopt it, for there is no garment more difficult to wear in a graceful and elegant manner. The art of wearing shawls and scarfs cannot be acquired. No short person can ever wear a scarf gracefully, and few tall ones.

—"Our Society" has good authority for correcting an item that appeared last week, announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Ida Greeley, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of the Hon. Horace Greeley, to Mr. William Hempstead, purser on one of the Havana steamers.

—The Rubens hat, which made its first appearance two years ago, is gradually growing into favor. The brim is turned up at one side with a large bow, and the feather is fastened above the bow. If the strings are tied under the chin, it is a bonnet; if at the back of the chignon, it is a hat. It gets its name from being copied from a picture by Rubens.

—It has been stated that there is some probability of the polonaise losing favor. We see nothing to warrant this supposition, except it may be the fact that it has been so generally adopted. In Europe, for thin materials, such as printed muslins, gauze, grenadines and crep de chine, the blouse, with loose tunic fastened in at the waist by a sash or belt, has in a great measure taken its place; but for thick materials the polonaise remains in favor.

—A new sensation has been produced by a Baltimore young lady, who appeared at Newport in a white jacket of peculiarly distingue appearance. It was of soft white tufted wool, utterly unlike anything seen in cloth hitherto, and it was trimmed on the edge and pockets with a brilliant border of variegated strips, the cuffs being of the same. Everybody was agog with envy and admiration, when the young lady cooly informed "everybody" that it was made out of one of her mother's best blankets with end stripes for trimming.

—It is reported that overskirts are beginning to loose favor; that an apron front, with flounces finishing the back breadths of the skirt, which reach nearly to the waist, will take their place. This style was attempted last winter, with not very marked success. Handsome silk skirts made in this manner, were too apt to acquire a worn and mussed look to make the fashion a popular one. If ladies could be satisfied to stand while wearing such skirts, the style would, no doubt, have been better received. Owing to this tendency to muss, many who fancied the fashion had their overskirts trimmed in the same style.

—It is not at all necessary to spend large sums of money to wear those graceful Louis XV. costumes, generally called Dolly Vardens, which are as convenient as elegant. Chalis, alpacas, mousseline delaine, give us good and cheap imitations of foulard, the expensive material of this summer's costumes. For very warm weather, we have muslins, cambric, organdi. Trimmed all over with lace, ruches, delicately tinted ribbon bows, and chiefly with black velvet "de St. Etienne," what delightful toilets have been produced this season.

FOREIGN NOTES.

—M'me Santoni, who is said to be the superior of either Rachal or Ristori, is the favorite actress in Italy at present.

—Branches of several eminent Leipsic and Stuttgart publishing firms are to be established in New York.

—The Grand Duchess Maria, of Russia, writes, it is said, excellent poetry in her native language—but, heavens! such a language!

—The Princess Salm-Salm, whose name is familiar in this country, has become a Catholic, and has entered a convent at Innspruck, in the Tyrol.

—Among the missionaries recently sent from England to instruct the heathen is Rev. Thomas Chalk. Chalk will make his mark.

—Count D'Arnim, the German Minister to France, will, it is said, be created duke by the Emperor William for his distinguished services during the negotiations at Versailles.

—A would-be regicide is now serving as a waiter in a restaurant at Fontainebleu. His name is Berezowsky, the young Pole, who, in 1867, fired at the Emperor of Russia in Paris.

—For having alluded in their papers to the rumors of the secret marriage in this country of the Grand Duke Alexis, two editors have been sentenced to fine and imprisonment.

—A German adaptation of Joe Jefferson's "Rip Van Winkle" has been produced at the Prussian theatre, but with indifferent success. *Rip's* Dutch-English loses by translation into excellent German.

—The *Leipsic Illustrated News* states that 12,000 thalers and her travelling expenses paid were to have been the compensation received by M'me Pescha-Leutner for her participation in the Boston Jubilee.

—Robert Prutz, the best public lecturer that Germany ever had, who was to the literature of his country in his present century what Lessing was to the last—that is, its most eminent literary historian—died lately at Stettin.

—The ex-Emperor Napoleon, being debarred the Empire which his uncle founded, now lays claim to such articles as belonged to the first Napoleon, and which are deposited in the Museum of Sovereigns at the Louvre, and wants them returned to him.

—M. Thiers, after having ranked the Emperor William, Bismarck and Von Moltke as the greatest men of their time in their respective spheres, now pronounces Mr. Gladstone to be the most able finance minister in Europe.

—Prince Louis Murat has left the French service and joined that of Sweden.

—Last year one Baron Wehrlein circulated large quantities of counterfeit Austrian treasury notes in Vienna and Hamburg. He then fled to New York, and took refuge in the society of that place. But a sagacious and energetic Vienna detective, one Chas. Degen, managed to entice the rogue back to Europe, and for this service the Emperor of Austria has bestowed an order upon him.

—A Swindler, named Reitter, who sold forged M. D. diplomas, purporting to have been issued by the University of New York, has been convicted in Prussia of that offence and sentenced to confinement in a State Prison. Among his papers were found, also, four thousand blank diplomas of the University of Pennsylvania.

—The personal property of the late M. Felix, the father of Rachel, was lately sold in London. The highest price paid was for a diamond bracelet, which had been given to the celebrated actress by the Emperor Nicholas of Russia, and which had originally been presented to Catharine II.

—The tourists who visit Switzerland for the sake of sight-seeing have many risks of life and limb to run. So far the season has resulted in four fatal accidents and one tragedy. Two ladies have been killed by falling over a precipice, two gentlemen have been drowned, and one gentleman has been murdered.

—An English adventurer, named Sitgreaves, who for some time past has been going about Germany representing himself to be George Bancroft, United States Minister to that country, and swindling collectors of autographs by selling to them spurious letters of distinguished men, has been sentenced at Coblentz to four years' imprisonment at hard labor.

—The fermentation of green willow switches, stored away in a cellar, was recently the cause of four deaths in Germany. A basket maker went into the cellar to get some of these switches, and remained away so long that a companion went to seek him. The same delay occurring in the case of the latter, two other men went below to investigate matters. They were all subsequently found dead, having been suffocated by the cause mentioned.

—General Schenck, the American Minister to England, has communicated with Mr. Mousell, the British Postmaster General, upon the subject of the question of the mooted penny postage between this country and England, informing him that the inland postage of the United States still continued at three cents, and so long as it remained at that rate it would be impossible to have a penny postage between England and the United States. He said if three cents were charged on a letter from Washington to New York, clearly England could not expect to have a letter transmitted for a penny.

ROMANCE OF ARITHMETIC.—The most romantic of all numbers is figure nine, because it can't be multiplied away or got rid of anyhow. Whatever you do it is as sure to turn up again as was the body of Eugene Aram's victim. One remarkable property of this figure (said to have been first discovered by W. Green, who died in 1794) is, that all through the multiplication table the product of nine comes to nine. Multiply by what you like, and it gives the same result. Begin with twice nine, 18; add the digits together, and 1 and 8 makes 9. Three times nine are 27; and 2 and 7 make 9. So it goes on, up to eleven times nine, which gives 99. Very good; add the digits; 9 and 9 are 18, and 8 and 1 are nine. Going on to any extent it is impossible to get rid of figure nine. Take a couple of instances at random. Three hundred and thirty-nine times nine are 3,051; add up the figures and they give nine. Five thousand and seventy-one times nine are 45,639; the sum of these digits is 27; and 2 and 7 are 9.

How the Caffres Steal Diamonds.

From the South African Diamond News.

I saw the diamonds found among the gravel by sorters. I saw some found worth altogether £50; but the greatest wonder to me was the sight of black Caffres digging or picking the gravel in the bottom of the claims, and putting something into their pockets, which I supposed to be diamonds; then the gravel is drawn up and sifted by another Kafir, who again pockets all the diamonds that he sees. Then the gravel is put upon the sorting tables, and the proprietors of the claim sort it and get what is left; but in many cases the Caffres sort too, and that without the least superintendence; and in that case they get, and, to my firm belief, pocket the rest. Then, in addition to all this, these fellows' masters pay them ten shillings per week and plenty of rations. It's the old frontier story over again; the white man pays all expenses, and the Caffres reap the profits.

I could tell you lots of things about these Kafirs, and the way one lot of suspected Kafirs were followed and searched. As an instance, eight fellows, after being searched, took up their guns as each was examined, and ran off as fast as they could go. The last fellow, the ninth, was searched, but still no diamonds. Just before letting him run off, it was suggested to examine his gun, where seven diamonds were discovered. It was at this time impossible to follow the others, but doubtless they had plenty of diamonds, too. Then there was a great lot of fellows sat down before a store at Hebron, and a boy heard them discussing if it was safe to try to sell their diamonds. They settled that it was not safe, and went on. There was no authority for stopping them, and the police did not hinder them; but it was certain that they had a large amount of stolen property with them.

Another small party of three, I heard, were overtaken and searched with a warrant for diamonds, but none could be found; but one of the three had 600 sovereigns with him, which could not be touched. I heard of another party of four who were followed by their employers, and no less than £4,000 worth of diamonds taken from them. They had them hidden in their hair, in their "staart reims," and in their carosses. There was another case where a fellow had a sore leg. He had put a fine diamond under his own skin in true Spartan style. Another fellow was known to have three large diamonds, but though his master had him up, there was no English law proof. It was known he had tried to get three small diamonds from another Kafir to give up to his master, but he got off.

A man was here yesterday for a warrant to follow his Kafir, who had gone off with £300 worth of diamonds. No one knows whether the six pounds weight of diamonds that were taken from the post-office was a black or a white. I don't know why such carelessness should exist. In Australia they have the gold escort, regularly, and even they get attacked sometimes.

—The most novel strike on record is that of the clergymen in Wilmington, Del. These gentlemen have formed themselves into a Funeral Trade's Union, and adopted the following resolution: "That only the hour for the beginning of the funeral service be published, and that promptness on the part of all is very desirable; that a carriage be sent for and placed at the service of the minister; that the position of the minister during the funeral service be left to his own discretion; that the selection of the Lord's Day for funerals be discouraged."

—Mary Harris, who shot the treasury clerk Burroughs, lately made an ineffectual attempt to commit suicide by drinking laudanum.

—Free public baths are to be established in Hartford, Conn.

THE LAST HOURS OF JUAREZ.

The Deathbed of the President of the Mexican Republican—A Sudden and Remarkable Death, and an Imposing Funeral.

Translated from Le Trait d'Union, July 29.

On July 18, at 11:30 o'clock P. M., died Benito Juarez, President of the Republic of Mexico, aged 66 years, 3 months and 27 days. He succumbed to the consequences of a violent attack of neurosis.

M. Juarez felt the first symptoms of the malady at 7 o'clock on the morning of July 17. M. Balandrano, chief editor of the *Diario Official*, was reading to him at the time, as usual, the most notable portion of the contents of the morning papers, and M. Juarez was listening attentively, now and then making a remark. Suddenly he rose and took a few steps without complaining, but with his hands pressed to his brow. Balandrano ceased reading and asked whether M. Juarez was unwell. "I am quite well, was the reply, "you can proceed."

A few minutes later, however, he rose again, asked Balandrano to await him, and extended his walk as far as the Salon Iturbide. He returned, and called for breakfast, of which he partook very quietly. Spite of his calmness, he felt ill; he admitted it afterward, and added that he would diet himself. At one o'clock in the afternoon he called for a broth made in his own dwelling. He scarcely touched it.

Something in his face denoted suffering. M. Lafragua spoke to that effect. M. Juarez reassured him by a smile, and continued the conversation, in which all the persons seated at the table were concerned. He was alluding to the topics which mostly occupied his thoughts—the reform of the constitution and the completion of the Vera Cruz Railway.

In the early evening, after having transacted some business, he was driven to the Paseo, as usual, accompanied by some members of his family.

At 8 o'clock, M. Santacilia escorted to the theatre his wife and sisters-in-law. The President remained at home. He was in excellent spirits, and had a cheerful chat with MM. Dublan and Maza. At half-past ten he retired, but could not sleep. At eleven he suffered from nausea, and lighted a lamp. He passed the remainder of the night uncomfortably, but would not allow Benito, his son, who shared his room, to awaken any one.

On the morrow he felt ill at ease, and did not go to the palace; his relatives nervously inquired after his health. He answered that he was rather weary by loss of sleep; he begged them not to speak of his indisposition, and only to say that he was troubled with rheumatism in the leg.

Through the day he suffered at intervals from acute pain in the region of the heart. In the afternoon he received in his room M. Lafragua and Gen. Alatorre, with whom he conversed for a long time. Now and then he complained of an oppression in the chest, which prevented him from breathing freely.

At 7 o'clock the disease overcame his will, and he went to bed. From that hour the malady increased rapidly in intensity. After a swoon he recognized at his bedside the Minister of War, who was gazing upon him with affectionate solicitude.

"How are you? Have you any despatches?"

"No," said M. Mejia, "there is nothing new. How do you feel?"

"Better, thanks! It is nothing. You can go about your business."

The minister left in alarm, and returned toward 9 o'clock. Dr. Alvarado, the family physician, had expressed his fears. "The president is very ill," said he to Santacilia. "I cannot hope to save him, and think he has but three hours to live." By his advice Drs. Lucio and Barreda were summoned.

Thenceforward the pains became more and more unbearable, nor could they be allayed by poisons, on account of continual and violent nausea. The physicians resorted to local injections of morphine, directed upon the affected portions of the body, that is to say, upon the left side of the breast.

At half-past ten o'clock the danger was imminent, and the ministers, M. Lafragua, Mejia and Balcarcel were sent for. M. Mejia came at once; M. Balcarcel was unaware of the circumstances, as the janitor of his house, out of fear or distrust, refused to open the door. M. Lafragua arrived a few minutes later. Consternation prevailed.

Just before 11 o'clock the president called a domestic, to whom he was much attached, one Camilo, a native of la Sierra de Ixtlan, and bade him press with his hand the spot under which he experienced a severe pain. The man obeyed, weeping.

M. Juarez was in terrible agony, but he was ignorant of his approaching end. A few minutes before passing away he was quietly seated in his bed; at 12:25 he lay down on his left side, rested his head upon his hand, and remained motionless. At precisely 12:30 o'clock, without a struggle, without apparent suffering, he breathed his last.

Dr. Alvarado said, "It is all over."

M. Santacilla would not be convinced of the reality of so great a calamity, and hoped it was but a syncope. "Doctor," he inquired, "do you think he is dead?"

Dr. Barreda lighted a match and held it close to the President's eyes to see whether the brightness of the light would cause the pupils to move. In vain. All hope had fled. Juarez was no more.

After being embalmed, the body lay in state at the National Palace. Immense throngs surrounded the palace during two days, and looked once more upon him who but a few hours previous had been President of the Republic.

The funeral took place on July 23d. An immense cortege accompanied the remains to their last resting place. M. Lerdo de Tejada led the mourners; MM. Dublan and Maza represented the family. At the entrance to the cemetery of San Fernando the casket was placed upon a catafalque, and addresses made. An inscription, on a bronze plate, on which are graven the words, "Benito Juarez," designates the plot in which is interred the body of the hero of Mexican independence.

GLEANINGS.

—The foreign ministers at Newport, R. I., will soon give a grand ball there.

—A young lady lost, a few days since, two diamond rings valued at $1,200, on the bathing beach at Narragansett pier.

—The Japanese government proposes to establish a permanent embassy at Berlin, London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Washington.

—The total length of the railroads which enter Chicago is 9,708 1-2 miles, and their gross annual earnings amount to $82,776,984.

—An important feature of the new Connecticut school law is, that by its provisions minorities are represented in the town boards of school visitors.

—The Narragansett tribe of Indians have their annual meeting next Sunday in Charlestown, R. I. There are only about thirty five in the tribe.

—For having alluded in their papers to the rumors of the secret marriage in this country of the Grand Duke Alexis, two Russian editors have been sentenced to fine and imprisonment.

—The Essen (Prussia) strike is definitely at an end. The last men have yielded unconditionally. The total number of men who took part in the strike is officially stated as 17,000. The employers have conceded nothing, and the men work on the old terms.

—Judge Barbour, says the Hartford *Post*, has tendered to the trustees of Trinity College a gift of thirty acres of land on Windsor avenue, about two miles from the State house, to be used as a site for the new college buildings.

Discovery or Invention.

The credit of discoveries in science and mechanics is one of the most difficult points to establish. The Bostonians—or one of them, the others assenting—have presented one way out of the difficulty. There being different claimants for the credit of the discovery and application of anaesthetics in surgery, a statue is erected in the public garden in honor of the inventor, whoever he may be. This anonymous statue bears no particular resemblance to anybody, so far as yet ascertained. A great puzzle it may prove to future antiquaries, adding collateral disputes to the original controversy, and starting the question who was the original of the statue. The New Yorkers have proceeded in another case with similar tormenting sagacity. They have erected a statue of Professor Morse in the Central Park. But they have placed the work where nobody, except under peril of the police, can distinguish a feature of the face. Before it is a wide carriage-way, on which pedestrians are not allowed to walk, much less to stand. If the curious observer leaves the roadway to get nearer, he is instantly warned off the grass. Parley with the policeman, and he will tell you that the statue is "to be seen" from the other side of the wide roadway. How it is to be seen from such a distance does not appear to the naked eye, and there is no telescope on the spot—not even a field glass or an opera glass, unless the visitor happen to be provided. The statue might as well be on the other side of the Hudson.

There is or was an American legend, that once upon a time, not many years ago, a Yankee inventor having produced a remarkable machine, a friend rallied him and said, "I expect that the next thing you produce will be a machine to turn gun-stocks." "The very thing I am considering," was the reply; and in due time the invention came out, and it has been for a long time in successful operation. Hence, say the Yankees, came the invention of an eccentric lathe, which will turn out oval work. But the French put in their claim also. A tramping wood-turner, dusty of foot and shabby of attire, was, on his first application, refused work by a master machinist at Colmar, in Alsace. But as the poor fellow walked away he was called back, and the following colloquy took place: Master to workman: "What kind of a hat is that you wear?" "A wooden hat." "A wooden hat! Let me see it. Where did you buy it?" "I turned it on a lathe." "Turned it! The turning lathe gives us round things, and your hat is oval." "That is so. But I wanted a hat and had no money. I changed the centre and made it as you see." Of course the man was hired; was admitted to partnership, and at last became sole proprietor, and a millionaire, changing his name from Muhle to Moulin. He is just deceased, and this anecdote enlivens his obituary.

The turning lathe itself is first cousin to the potter's wheel, and is older than history, though the last fifty years have developed it into its present great variety of form and application. It would be impossible to fix dates to the improvements which have been made from time to time; recent as most of them are. The inventors are already forgotten, but their work remains. The question of absolute originality in any apparently new discovery is always an open one. "Great wits jump" to the same conclusions, and ingenious minds are always without concert, reaching the same results. Whoever can introduce a new combination of power or property of matter, and make it available, will be usually identified with it. The tedious process by which a Scotch lad constructed a wooden clock, having never seen such a thing but once, was the indication of great mental sagacity and inventive genius. His next work, while still a shepherd lad, was the construction of a celestral globe, a thing he had never seen. If he had remained in security and ignorance, depending entirely on his own resources, he might have constructed many more wonderful matters. They would have been simply remarkable on account of the circumstances of their construction. But such curiosities and curiosities only, seldom add anything to the actual knowledge of mankind. The same lad, afterwards celebrated as the astronomer, philosopher and machinist, James Ferguson, developed, by instruction, and knowledge of what other ingenious men had conceived, into one of the most celebrated men of the time. The truth seems to be that it is impossible for any man to draw the exact line between what he has discovered and what he has learned from others. What a man cannot tell concerning himself, other people cannot decide for him. The most useful men are those who apply whatever they find, and the most magnanimous are those who are not ashamed to confess their indebtedness to other minds. The practical man gives and takes, communicating what he knows, and appropriating what he learns. And this process results in what are called discoveries or inventions, but may be more truly termed applications. The honor of utilizing what is already known is fame enough for anybody.—*Philadelphia Ledger*.

The Lelands—Personal Peculiarities of these Rare Hotel Keepers.

A Long Branch letter in the New York *World* thus gossips: It is perhaps the most remarkable of all, that of the Leland family every woman is handsome, and every man is engaged in the keeping of hotels. The ladies are chiefly blondes of the most decided type, while the males are all business men. The father, and original progenitor of the present Leland family, was himself a hotel keeper, and had five sons, the original Leland Brothers, consisting, in the order of their ages, of Aaron, Simeon, William, Charles and Warren. Of these five all are living save one—Simeon. Aaron has seven children, six sons and one daughter; Simeon leaves eight children; "Major," or W. W. Leland, has seven children, six girls and one son; Charles has two children and Warren five. There are six nephews, known as the "Leland nephews." These are in the hotel business also, and comprise Louis and George, of the St. Charles and Sturtevant hotels, New York; Charles E., of the Clarendon hotel, Saratoga, and Delavan, Albany; Horace and Jerome, of the Occidental hotel, San Francisco, and the Springfield hotel, Illinois; and Warren, of the Delavan.

The personal physical peculiarities of the Lelands are noticeable. There is a wonderful family likeness among them all; all the males are fat, and all the women are tall, and their manner is off-hand and dashing. Noticing them individually, it is generally acknowledged that the most poetical hotel man among them is Warren, while by far the most active of the family in a social point of view is the "Major," W. W., who is the ladies' man par excellence. The most painstaking and careful in detail is Charles, to whom all the minutiae of the modus operandi of their various hotels are entrusted. The most active of the younger branches are Louis and George, while the most successful of the juniors has been Charles E. The family have been connected with thirteen hotels, embracing the Astor, the Clinton, the Metropolitan, the St. Charles, the Sturtevant and the Westchester House of New York city; the Grand Union, the Clarendon and the Columbian of Saratoga; the Occidental of San Francisco; the Springfield House, and the Ocean hotel, Long Branch. They have employed over 2,200 persons at one time, and the joint expenses of their hotels have at one period exceeded $9,000 per day. They have accommodated over 3,000 persons for a week together at their establishment, and it is calculated that their hotels have altogether been patronized by over 1,000,000. Not long ago the value of the hotel property rented, owned and controlled by them was estimated at exceeding over $2,225,000.

THE TRENTON BRIDGE.

The Bridge Company File Their Answer to the Injunction Bill.

Their Statement of the Case.

A few weeks since an injunction was sought in the Circuit Court of this county, on the petition of the Attorney General, to restrain the construction of a railway bridge across the American channel at Trenton, in the interest of the Canada Southern and Chicago Railways. Judge Patchin declined to grant their petition at the time of the hearing, and the Bridge Company have now filed their answer to the Attorney General's bill. It asserts the incorporation of two railway companies, and proceeds to give the plans of the company as follows:

"That it is the design of the two railways ultimately to become consolidated together, and with the said Detroit River Bridge and Railway Company, so far as the laws of the Dominion of Canada and of this State will permit, and at all events to put the same, and they now are, substantially under one management, for the purpose of forming a continuous and connected through line from the city of Chicago to the city of Buffalo, and with that design to construct a railway from Chicago to the western bank of the Detroit river, in the township of Monguagon, thence to construct a bridge across the said westerly channel of the Detroit river to Grosse Island, thence a railway across Grosse Isle to a point opposite Stoney Island, a short railway across Stoney Island, and a railway from a point on the east shore of the Detroit river opposite Stoney Island and a little above Amherstburg, in the Province of Ontario, to a point opposite the City of Buffalo.

"That it is not the design to construct a bridge across the main or easterly channel of the Detroit River, as alleged. On the contrary it avers that it is the design to ferry across the east channel, and with this view and for this purpose to construct numerous tracks for making up trains on Stoney Island, docks for ferry landing on the east side of Stoney Island, and on the Canada shore nearly opposite, and a ferry steamer with a capacity for transporting 24 loaded cars, all which works are now under contract and in process of construction at an estimated aggregate of upward of $300,000.

"That another railway company, under the name of the Toledo, Canada Southern & Detroit Railway Company, has also been organized under the provision of the act to revise the laws providing for the incorporation of railroad companies of April 18, 1871, for the purpose of constructing a railway from Toledo to Detroit, by way of Trenton, where it will connect with the Canada Southern & Chicago and Canada Southern Railways, which road is now in process of construction, and that this railway company now is and is intended to remain substantially under the same management and control as the other railway companies mentioned, and ultimately to become consolidated therewith, constituting branches of the main line of railway between Chicago and Buffalo."

The answer alleges that the westerly channel of the river, between Grosse Isle and the American shore, is unfit for purposes of navigation by any but the smallest class of vessels, those which are designed to trade to Trenton and Gibraltar, and coasting vessels, but denies that many of the latter class pass through this channel. Indeed, it asserts that during the season of navigation, there pass through the channel not more than an average of five vessels daily, and that three-fourths of these are vessels carrying wood, and scows of less than 50 tons burthen.

The answer claims the right to bridge the westerly channel, and denies that the construction of a bridge over that channel will be any serious hindrance to navigation; especially as a drawbridge is to be built with two spans of 160 feet each, which will permit of a very rapid transit of vessels.

The answer also contains the following averments:

"That there has already been expended in the construction of the above mentioned railroad, docks and bridges between Niagara River and Chicago, and between Toledo and Detroit, upward of $12,000,000, and that it is the purpose and expectation of the associated corporations referred to, on or before the 1st of December next, to complete and put in operation all of the main line between Niagara and Detroit Rivers, a ferry-boat and the docks and bridges above mentioned for effecting the transit of Detroit River, one hundred miles of the main line from Detroit River westward toward Chicago, and the entire line between Detroit and Toledo, and it is their expectation and belief that as soon as their works are thus far completed a large traffic between the East and West and south west will pass on this line of transit, producing great benefits to the public, and yielding income upon the large capital which will have been invested. It also avers that the bridging of the west channel of Detroit River is essential to the railroad scheme of which it forms a part; that the ferrying across two channels of the river is virtually impracticable, and that any considerable interruption of the said bridge would prevent its completion before the approaching cold of winter would compel a suspension of the work thereon, and that until completed the works of said railways would be nearly useless to the companies and to the public."

The questions involved in this most important litigation will come before the Wayne Circuit Court again about the middle of September, and will probably be taken to the Supreme Court in time to be heard at its term held in this city in October.

WASHINGTON.

Favorable News from Geneva.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—There is information from Washington which warrants the assertion that since the exclusion of claims for indirect damages business before the Tribunal of Arbitration has been favorable to th's Government, and that several awards for direct damages have already been agreed upon, the indications being that on the conclusion of the adjudication a gross sum will be awarded to the United States, thereby avoiding the reference of the subject to a board of commissioners. It should not be expected that the particulars can now be officially given, as the proceedings of the tribunal are conducted in secret, and as the information furnished to our Government is of the same character.

On inquiry to-day at the Department of State it was ascertained that there was no truth whatever in the widely published statement that President Grant recently requested Acting Secretary Hunter to furnish the Union Congressional Committee with a complete copy of all the scandalous reports made to that department against Cassius M. Clay while Minister to Russia, and Gen. Kilpatrick Minister to China. It is not known that there are any reports of such character in the department, and certainly the President made no such request of Mr. Hunter.

THE EAST.

Judge Barnard's Impeachment.

SARATOGA, Aug. 19.—The Court of Impeachment found Judge Barnard guilty, removed him, and pronounced him disqualified from holding office. Only two members voted against impeachment, Messrs. Lord and Johnson.

FOREIGN NOTES.

—The cholera scourge has appeared at Tusterburg, Prussia.

—Abdul Medjid has determined to reconstruct his ministry.

—Count Von Moltke has been traveling *incognito* through Bavaria.

—The infallibilist members of the Munich University have determined to hold a jubilee on their own account.

—The khedive of Egypt has presented the sultan with fifty thousand Martini-Henry rifles.

—Mr. Kaiser, the celebrated astronomer and Professor at the University of Leyden, is dead.

—The Catholics in Ireland are preparing to celebrate the anniversary of the passage of the repeal act.

—The drum of a column of the Temple of Ephesus has just been placed in the British Museum.

—A Czech demonstration of Slavonian students at Brun, the capital of Moravia, has been prohibited by the police.

—Ernest Bickersteth, of King's College, Cambridge, third son of the Bishop of Ripon, died at Baden-Baden recently.

—The first of the new bridges constructed across the Rhine, jointly by Alsace and Baden, will be opened at Huningue during this month.

—A pamphlet, entitled "Rome and Russia," has been published in Austria, which purports to throw light on the recent diplomatic coquettings between St. Petersburg and the Vatican.

—The eight hundredth anniversary of the coronation of Zvonimir, the first Croatian king, will be celebrated as a royal demonstration, the nationals and the government having compromised.

—The German government expresses its intention to carry out, this year, the projected canal connecting the Rhine-Rhone canal with the Rhine at Neu Brisach.

—Great inconvenience is caused to the visitors at Wiesbaden by the strike of the proprietors of cabs and fiacres, resulting from an attempt of the police to stop the customary exaction of exorbitant charges by sanctioning a fixed tariff.

—It is semi-officially acknowledged in regard to the finances of Hungary that there is a deficiency in the revenue collected in the first half year of five million florins. This deficiency will probably be covered by a floating debt.

—The Hungarian government is engaged in elaborating a comprehensive education bill to lay before parliament in the next session. The bill provides especially for means of secondary education and for the establishment of a competent teachers' seminary.

—"There are three dangers for France," said Thiers, recently, "and three only—radicalism, Bonapartism and my death. The first I do not think very menacing, the second requires to be watched over very carefully, and as for the third, there is no question of it."

—Certain English friends of Rev. James Martineau have presented him with a testimonial of 5,000 guineas and two pieces of plate in acknowledgment, as they say, of his services in the maintenance of spiritual freedom, the promotion of Christian truth, and the inculcation of pure morality. "Blessed is the man who feareth the Lord, wealth and riches shall be in his house."

—Mr. Stanley has brought with him from Livingstone "a likely negro boy," named Kululu, whom the American ladies at Paris have been petting and osculating *a la* Japanese Tommy. We can only sigh and wish, that our snowy cutaneous covering were but tinged with the dusky hues of the south, or the Orient, and that our fair capillary adornment were but transformed into the jet black locks of the placid islanders of the east or into the crispy wool of the sons of Ham.

—The Munich University festival is in full blast. Deputations are present from Austrian, Swiss, Dutch, Swedish and English universities. All the German universities are represented. On the morning of the 1st of August there was a grand procession of professors and students in ornate costume to the university, where Dr. Dollinger delivered an address which was a survey of the historical development of the university. In the evening, notwithstanding a drenching rain, there was a torchlight procession of two thousand students, who assembled before the king's palace and sung the national anthem, amid the enthusiasm of the people. The king came out afterward to thank them. The king on Wednesday decorated Dr. Dollinger with the order of the Bavarian crown.

—The Paris Court of Assizes has just convicted a man and his wife of the murder of their eldest son. Both of the parents were in the habit of ill treating their children, but they especially hated the eldest, because they were Communists, and he had served in the navy. Hamard was frequently heard to utter menaces against the young man, calling him a Versaillist and a blood-thirsty wretch. The son had not, however, fought against Paris, as, knowing that his father and three brothers were in the insurgent army, he had solicited and obtained his removal from the naval force before the capital to Cherbourg. Since the suppression of the revolt he had left the service, and, with his sister, lived near his parents. On April 14th there was a dispute, and afterwards the prisoners waited for the young man in the street. On his appearing, the woman seized her own son by the hair of the head, and held him back while the father plunged a knife into his heart.

—A good deal of frantic arithmetic has been put forward by Spanish officials and newspapers as the genuine statistics of the patriot struggle in Cuba. The latest data upon this subject are more remarkable than any that have preceded them. The *Imparcial*, of Madrid, says that since the commencement of the revolution in Cuba 13,600 of the patriot forces have been killed, and that 70,000 have given in their submission to the Spanish authority. Taking it for granted that the above 13,600 were killed in legitimate warfare the fighting Cuban force during the war, judging by the usual military ratio of five wounded in battle to one killed, would number, added to the 70,000 who, the *Imparcial* states, have surrendered, no fewer than 136,000 men, not to mention those who still remain to continue the conflict. It is absurd to believe that these figures are correct, especially when it is considered that the war has been confined to only a portion of the island. But perhaps the *Imparcial* means to imply that most of those Cubans as announced as killed were either simply shot to death by a firing party or garroted in the market places.

—A protection has been found against the bite of the rattlesnake, and if we are not mistaken, a means to destroy the noxious creatures at the same time. As this is too important a discovery to keep from the knowledge of an anxious public, we hasten to lay it before them. The agent is Cincinnati whiskey, and it is doubtless a powerful and an effective one. The manner in which its wonderful efficacy was discovered is as follows: A man in Kentucky purchased a quart of this liquid flame on a steamboat coming down from the Queen City and drank it all. On his way home he got lost and lay out in the woods all night. In the morning he was found with a dead rattlesnake beside him. The reptile had bitten him several times. The man was not hurt but it was fatal to the snake. This extraordinary discovery may be utilized in many ways for the extirpation of these pests, but we can think of none more effective than to get a number of men drunk on Cincinnati whiskey and get them as snake traps where the Crotalus Horridus abounds.

"DODGES."

What "Eli Perkins" Knows About Flirting—The Way the Thing is Done at Saratoga.

From the N. Y. Commercial.

There is a handsome young fellow here at Congress Hall who has flirted with 27 young ladies within a year. He has been engaged to my knowledge seven times since last April. He is a rich fellow, and has nothing to do but just attend to these flirtations—to flirt on and on and then flirt off and off. He never becomes engaged if he can help it, and then he is sure to carry out one of the flirtation dodges so as to break it up. He flirts with a young lady, takes her to the hops, shows her photographs of his handsome mother who is in Paris; tells about his palatial Madison Avenue mansion; stands ready with a nobby dog-cart for a lake drive at any, and, in fact, is such a model devotion that he is sure to get any young lady terribly interested in him.

When the dear, sweet young lady is fairly "on a string," he commences to practice his "Brown's-Boy dodges" on her.

First he comes the "awful oath" dodge—that is, he tells her that he loves her dearly, but that years ago he took an awful oath by the bedside of a dying uncle not to marry until the age of thirty-five.

On another occasion, and with another young lady, he will come the "I-don't-want-to-take-you-away-from-your-nice-home" dodge.

This "dodge" generally works first rate. Sometimes this "taking off dodge" gets a young lady more "on the string" than before, and other "dodges" have to be resorted to.

It was after a week's "talking-on" devotion, and two days of "talking-off" dodges, that I met my friend Gus, this morning. He had had a fearful case of love with a good, square, honest, big-hearted girl from Philadelphia. She was slow to fall in love, but when she did, she went the whole thing. She went head over heels in love. She went for Gus, court train, hair-pins, pannier, and six-buttoned gloves. A peck of hair-pins, 176 yards of gros grain silk, 89 flounces, and an immense amount of stuffing and newspapers settled down to a good square case of honest love. I didn't know this when I met Gus, but I've since learned it.

Well, as I said before, I met Gus this morning. He looked the picture of despair. His eyes were hollow, and his features indicated that he had either been to a Lotus Club spree, or been drinking inordinately of Congress Water.

"What, Gus! What makes you look so?" I asked, as he sat down on the office end of the front balcony.

"Oh, dear!" and then he leaned his head on his hands.

"But, thunder, Gus! tell me about it—what's up?" I continued, growing solicitous.

"O, eh! I feel miserable,—I'm sick," he replied, heaving a terrible sigh.

"Yes, you do look forlorn, but what the dickens have you been doing?"

"Well, Eli, you know—yes you saw me with Miss Gray, of Philadelphia, last night?"

"Yes, Gus, I saw you spooning on the front balcony. So you proposed, did you?"

"Yes, alas! I did propose, Eli—I did propose—"

"And was rejected? O, Gus! it's too bad—"

"No, Eli, by Jove she accepted me—and, dear, I'm in great trouble. I shall die." And then the hot tears rolled down his shirt collar.

"But, Gus, why don't you resort to some of the Brown's Boy' dodges?—all is not lost yet."

"Yes, but I exhausted them all. I came the 'awful oath' dodge on the '*I don't-want-to-take-you-from-your-nice-home*' dodge, but she said she was willing to go. She said that she would live in a garret anywhere with a noble-souled man like me. And, then, in a sentimental moment, I swore where I found you with your parents, contaminated by my wicked and destroying touch."

"But, dear Augustus," sobbed Miss Gray, "I am willing to go. I am willing to share even your wicked lot. I—"

"Never, dearest! You shall not. I alone will make the sacrifice. I will sacrifice my great love on the altar of principle that you may be saved, but your pure spirit shall not be drawn to mine."

"Well, dearest, as you say. I believe I shall ever" mourned Miss Gray, "and now I shall ever cherish you as a man of honor. I ask back your ring, but none other shall claim me, for I will be ever true to one who makes such a sacrifice for me."

"So I go alone—sorrowfully alone," murmured Gus, placing the diamond back upon his own finger.

* * * * * *

In ten minutes Gus was happy. The awful "wicked dodge" worked beautiful.

Ten minutes ago I was walking with Miss Gray over to the Grand Union, and I met Gus. His face was all smiles. He was talking very earnestly with Miss Thompson. It was the old tale of love again. In a minute we saw him whispering something in her ear, and slip that diamond ring on her front finger.

"Who is Miss Thompson?" asked Miss Gray, in great agitation.

"Oh, she is—she is—why, she is my friend Gus's sister," I replied, thinking that even the good Moses once told an awful lie.

"Alas! I see it all now," said Miss Gray mournfully. "He does love me, and now he places the ring which once rested upon my finger upon the pure hand of a cherished sister. It is a token which he would always see before him to remind him of his noble self-sacrificing love for me."

MICHIGAN NEWS.

—John Deshelter, of Dundee, was killed a few days ago near Saginaw, while coupling cars. His remains were brought to that place for interment.

—A canary bird belonging to Mr. Ed. Knight, of Eaton Rapids, died the other day at the advanced age of 17 years. So much for the salubrity of the neighborhood.

—Frank Cummings, of Kalamazoo, died very suddenly on the 8th. While sitting on the porch of his residence, reading a newspaper, he fell over and died almost immediately.

—The Bay City *Journal* gives the particulars of the drowning of Mr. Francis Daggerty, of Quanicassee. He was out on a bay fishing, on Sunday, in company with two other men, in a sail boat. The … fell overboard, and he jumped out to …, but went down before he could reach the boat.

—Up to Friday last 87,500 pounds of wool had been bought at Coldwater at an average price of 57 cents per pound. It is estimated that enough still remained in the hands of the producers to bring the amount up to 150,000 pounds. The largest lot reported was that of Mr. J. B. Tompkins, 1,400 pounds.

—Lexington, Sanilac county, was visited by a hail storm last Monday, which did great damage to the crops in that vicinity. Standing wheat was beaten to the ground and the grain thrashed out as with a flail. Corn in the straw is not worth saving. Fruit was stripped from the trees and windows badly broken, but no lives were lost.

—Torrent & Arm's steam saw-mill, on the north side of Muskegon Lake, formerly known as the Farr mill, was burned Tuesday morning. This was one of the largest mills on this lake, and has averaged 125,000 feet per day, sawing during the day time. Loss, $80,000; insured for … The origin of the fire is not known.

—Ex-Senator Bayard is in Vienna, where he is to consult a celebrated oculist …

FOREIGN.

EUROPE.

THE RIOTING AT BELFAST.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Dispatches from Belfast up to noon to-day state that the disturbances there continued through Saturday night and into Sunday, and were not yet ended. The populace is divided into hostile Catholic and Protestant mobs, and whenever they come in contact there is a fight. The police were using every effort to stop the rioting. They had been obliged to fire on both sides, and many of the latter were wounded. Troops with fixed bayonets now occupy the principal streets, and keep the mobs apart. Dragoons of the Fortieth Regiment have arrived at Belfast from Dublin and the constabulary. No persons are reported killed, but the excitement is so great that it is impossible to get definite particulars.

INDIGNATION OF STANLEY.

At a banquet given in Brighton, yesterday, Mr. Stanley, while responding to a toast, thought he heard expressions of incredulity from some of the guests as to his meeting Mr. Livingstone. He vehemently retorted, withdrew in indignation from the table, and subsequently left Brighton. It is understood that he will probably return before the close of the meeting of the British Association.

THE RIOTS IN BELFAST.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The riots in Belfast are not yet thoroughly suppressed. The Mayor and magistrates of the city have issued a proclamation warning the rioters to disperse, under the severest penalties for the continuance of disorder. The arrests thus far have been in proportion to the number engaged, and the casualties have been remarkably few. In the hospitals are many victims of the riot, quite a large number of whom bear sword cuts and bullet wounds. A correspondent telegraphs from Belfast this morning that the fighting continued last night, and that stones fell in the streets like hail.

Dispatches just received from Dublin, dated to-day, convey late news from Belfast. The rioting still goes on, and four persons were killed in the streets this morning. The peaceably disposed citizens of Belfast are greatly dissatisfied at the want of vigor evinced by the authorities in suppressing the riots. The ruffians, with pistols in their hands, stalk through the city, and whole sections are given up to the rioters.

LONDON, Aug. 19, 4 P. M.—Advices from Belfast to this hour state that shots continue to be exchanged in the streets, though it is not known that the rioters have concentrated in large numbers at any point.

A telegram from Lurgan, Antrim county, on the Belfast & Ulster Railway, says serious disturbances are in progress there, and the authorities have called the military to their aid in restoring order.

LONDON, Aug. 19, 5 P. M.—A later telegram from Belfast says reports are current there that the city is about to be placed under martial law. The same telegram states that the military are now charging the rioters in the center of the town.

MORE TROUBLE FEARED AT MADRID.

MADRID, Aug. 19.—Reports are current here that the Minister and other high officials have received warning of a fresh out-break to be attempted shortly by the partisans of ex-Queen Isabella, and that the occasion will be seized upon by the Carlists to renew their attacks. It is certain that fears of a new movement of some kind are entertained, and that active preparations to meet it are in progress.

A CARLIST DISTURBANCE.

A telegram from Pampeluna gives an account of a local disturbance there on Saturday, between the Carlists and Liberals, during which the mayor of the city, while interfering to prevent a breach of the peace, was himself struck by one of the Carlists, who was promptly arrested. Subsequently, other Carlists engaged in the affray and attempted to assassinate the Mayor. Several shots were fired at him, but without effect. The police coming to the rescue of the Mayor captured three of the would-be assassins, who are now in custody awaiting examination.

THE NEWS FROM GENEVA.

GENEVA, Aug. 19.—The The Board of Arbitration met at noon to-day and adjourned at 4:30 P. M. Sir Roundell Palmer was not present. The speeches of the counsel have been printed. It is expected that information of the proceedings of the board will soon be communicated to the press.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE REVOLUTION IN PERU.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Peruvian dates to the 28th of July give the details of the late revolution. On the 22d the revolution broke out in Lima, headed by Thos. Guerriz, Minister of War. President Balta was seized and thrown into prison, and Guerriz declared himself Dictator. He was supported only by his army, and a reign of terror followed the imprisonment of Balta. Pardo, President elect, made his escape to the fleet, when suddenly the troops deserted Guerriz company after company, with "Vivas!" for Pardo. Callao, on the morning of the 27th, was a scene of anarchy. The firing went on indiscriminately in the streets, and it was impossible to estimate the number of killed. Some of the bodies still lie in the streets.

Sylvester Guerriz, a brother of the Dictator, was shot at the Lima station, and in the evening, in order to avenge his death, Marcelliano Guerriz deliberately shot and killed President Balta in his bed in prison. The exPresident received ten wounds. Soon after this Thomas Guerriz himself and another brother were killed, and the dead bodies of the three Guerriz brothers were hung in the plaza at Lima. Immediately on receipt of the news of the murder of Balta the steamer Simena left for the fleet, which had sailed for Callao on the declaration of the dictatorship. The Simena returned on the 27th, followed by the Peruvian iron-clad Independencia, with Pardo on board. He was received with rapturous cheers by the people.

The bloody dictatorship lasted about four days. For some days the rails on the track to Lima were torn up, and the telegraph wires cut. Guerriz made a forced draw on Dreyfoos and each of the four banks for $300,000. Mr. Dawson, manager of the London Bank, was imprisoned until he made the loan. It is stated that Dreyfoos guarantees the money back.

On July 28th Pardo proceeded to Lima and made an eloquent address to thousands of spectators. The fury of the people against the Guerriz party can be judged by their taking the naked bodies of the three brothers from the lamp posts to which they had been hung, and hoisted them by means of pullies to the tower of the cathedral, at a height of 160 feet. They were then saturated with kerosene and burned on the plaza in front of the cathedral, and the furniture of Guerriz was entirely demolished. This was also the day for declaring formally the election of Pardo as President.

Francisco Balta, brother of the murdered President, took refuge on the English war steamer Reindeer. The ex-Dictator Guerriz was trying to escape in disguise. He rushed into a drug … Lima after the murder of Balta, followed by the people, and was at once killed. A young man addressed the crowd: "Look at this ghastly form; the body of one who has received the fate which awaits all who put themselves above the law and defy public opinion." The corpse of one of the brothers was carted through the streets of Callao before being sent to Lima to be hung and burned. Newspapers which had been suppressed by the Dictator have reappeared. The proprietor of the South Pacific *Times* took refuge on the American frigate Pensacola during the fighting. A cannon ball fell in his office, and his foreman was killed. The principal fighting was in Callao and between Callao and Lima. Over 200 must have been killed. Forts Santa Rosa and Casletta at Callao, were firing at each other during the night of the 26th. Guerriz's party held on, but were ultimately displaced.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.

Letter from the African Explorer to His Brother in Canada.

TORONTO, Aug. 19.—The following is Dr. Livingstone's letter to his brother in Canada:

UJIJI, November 16, 1871.

MY DEAR BROTHER—I received your welcome letter in February last, written when cable news made you put off your suits of mourning. This was the first intimation I had that a cable had been successfully laid in the deep Atlantic. Very few letters have reached me for years, in consequence of my friends speculating where I should come, out on the West coast, down the Nile or elsewhere. … water shed is a broad upland, between 4,000 and 5,000 feet above the sea, and some 70 miles long. The springs of the Nile that rise thereon are almost innumerable. It would take the best part of a man's lifetime to count them. One part, 55 miles of latitude, gave 32 springs from the calf to waist deep, or one spring every two miles. A birds-eye view of them would be like the vegetation of frost on window panes. To ascertain if all these united with four rivers in the upper part of the Nile Valley, was the work of time and much travel. Many a weary foot I trod, ere light dawned on the ancient problem. If I had left at the end of two years, for which my bare expenses were paid, I could have thrown very little more light on the country than the Portuguese, who, in their three slaving visits to Cazembe, asked for ivory and slaves, and heard of nothing else. I asked about the waters, questioned and cross-questioned, till I was ashamed and almost afraid of being set down as afflicted with hydrocephalus. I went forward, backward and sideways, feeling my way, and every step of the way was generally groping in the dark, for who cared where the rivers ran? Of these four rivers, into which the springs of the Nile converge, the central one, called Lualaba, is the largest. It begins at the River Chambeze, which flows into great Lake Banjwalo. On leaving it, its name changed from Chambeze to Lualpula and that enters Lake Morro. Coming out of it, the name Lualaba is resumed, and it flows into a third lake, Kamalondo, which receives one of the four large drains mentioned above. It then flows on and makes two enormous bends to the west, which made me often feel that I was following the Congo instead of the Nile. It is from one to three miles broad, and never can be waded at any part, or any time of the year. Far down the valley it receives another of the four large rivers above mentioned, the Lookm or Lomame, which flows through what I have named Lake Lincoln, and then joins the central Lualaba. We have then only two lines of drainage in the lower part of the great valley; that is, Tanganyika and Albert Lake, which are but one lake, river, or say, if you want to be pedantic, Lacustrine River. These two form the central line. The Lualaba, which I call Webb Lualaba, I then the western line nearly as described by Ptolemy in the second century of our era. After the Lamane enters the Lualaba, the fourth great lake in the central line of drainage is found, but this I have not seen, nor yet the link between the eastern and western mains. At the top of Ptolemy's loop the great central line goes down into large lakes, possibly those reported by Nero, the centurion, and these form the western or Petherick's arm which Speke and Grant and Baker believed to be the river of Egypt. Neither can be called the Nile until they united. The lakes mentioned in the second central line of drainage are by no means small lakes. Bangweolo, at the lowest estimate, is 150 miles long, and I tried to measure its breadth exactly. The … was … inhabited island … 24 miles. The second stage could be seen from a highest point, or rather the tops of trees on it, evidently lifted up by mirage. … the mainland … said to be as far beyond, but my canoe men had stolen a canoe, and they got a hint that the real owners were in pursuit, and got into a flurry to return home. Oh, that they would; but I had only my coverlet left to hire another craft, and the lake being 400 feet above the sea, it was very cold, so I gave in and went back; but I believe the breadth to be between 60 and 70 miles. Bangwalo Moero and Kamalondo are looked on as one of the great rivers in the lake, and is one of Ptolemy's. The other is Banganyika, which I found steadily flowing to the North. This geographer's predecessors must have gained their geography from men who visited this very region. The reason why his geography was rejected was the extreme modesty of modern map makers. One idle person in London published a pamphlet which, with killing modesty, he entitled "Inner Africa Laid Open," and in the newspapers even … the time I was at one who travels and desires to find a country different from that shown in his twaddle. I am a great sinner in the poor fellow's opinion, and the *Times* published his ravings, even when I was most unwisely thought to be dead. Nobody but Lord Brougham and … people will say after we are gone. The work of trying to follow the central lines of drainage has taken me away from the mails and posts … age. The Manyema are undoubtedly cannibals, but it was long before I could get conclusive evidence there, as I was baffled and hindered by having half-caste Moslem attendants. These are unmitigated cowards, and false as their prophet, of whose religion they have imbibed the fulsome … pride. They forced me back, when almost in sight of the end of my explorations, a distance of between 400 and 500 miles, under a blazing sun. I came here a mere ruckle of bones, terribly faded in body and mind. The head man of my worthless Moslems remained here, and as he had gone from the coast ran riot with the goods sent to me, drunk for a month at a time. He then divined on the Koran, and found that I was dead, sold off all the goods remaining for slaves and ivory for himself, and I arrived to find myself destitute of everything except some goods I had left. Goods are currency here, and I have to wait now till other goods and other men come from Zanzibar, when placed in charge of my supply of soap, brandy, opium and gunpowder from certain British subjects. He was 14 months returning, all expenses being paid out of my stocks. These months are ample; and then he remained here, and sold off all. You call this smart, do you? Some do, and you don't. I think it moral idiocy.

Yours, affectionately,
DAVID LIVINGSTONE.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

The English Cricket Club have arrived at Quebec.

New York thermometers on Monday registered 100 degrees in the shade.

The steamers Adriatic, Holland, Idaho and Thuringia have arrived out.

The boll worm is reported as doing great damage to cotton in North Mississippi.

At Cleveland, on Monday, the Boston Base Ball Club defeated the Forest City Club by a score of 12 to 7.

Prince … of Saxe Coburg, arrived at New York on Monday in the steamer … from Rio.

… Anthony …, Henry Ott, Joseph … bathing at Rockaway …

The first … from South Carolina was received at New York on Monday, being the earliest consignment ever received.

THE SOUTH.

Terrible Tragedy on a Mississippi Steamboat.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 17.—Early this morning a fisherman discovered the little steamer Helen Brooks floating down near the head of Creek's Chute, some 10 miles above here, apparently abandoned. Rowing out to her he made fast a line to the staff and started to land her. Before landing, however, he discovered a negro sitting asleep on the lower deck with a shot gun in his lap. When the boat struck the bank the negro started up, jumped ashore, and ran into the woods. The fisherman, on boarding the boat, found traces of a desperate struggle, and the decks covered with blood. He came to the city and reported what he had done and seen. Subsequently the Grand Tower, from St. Louis, arrived, her officers bringing a message from a magistrate at Bradley's Landing, 18 miles above here, that the crew of the Helen Brooks and the proprietors of a trading boat, which the Brooks had towed up there, had been murdered and the boat plundered. Assistance was at once dispatched on the steamer John Overton. The report is that Capt. Wm. Patt and his brother, the two proprietors of the trading boat, and their wives and two daughters were all murdered and thrown into the river.

LATER.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 18.—Later advices from Bradley's Landing are that soon after the Helen Brooks arrived there with the trading boat, a man named James Trumbull went on board, and, being drunk, commenced trifling with the machinery. Capt. Patt ordered him to desist, to which Trumbull replied with approbious epithets, and threatened to throw Patt overboard. Patt took up a shot-gun and ordered him off the boat. Trumbull went before Esquire Watt and swore out a warrant, accusing Patt of retailing liquor without a license, and the latter was arrested by a colored constable and taken before the magistrate. His wife, leaving her infant with two women in the boat, accompanied him, and, after waiting until nearly dark, Patt's brother, fearing trouble, took the boat over to Island No. 41 and made it fast to the shore that night. Downing, the colored constable, Trumbull and a man called Hand took a skiff, pressing two negroes into their service, and ordered them to row across and land above the steamer, which being done, Ches Pote, one of the negroes, says that on landing, Downing and his party ordered them to remain quiet under penalty of death. Downing and party then crept cautiously toward the boat, which they boarded, and soon after a loud cry was heard, and then several shots in quick succession. Ches then saw them pursuing Capt. Patt's brother, who had leaped ashore, and firing on him, but whether he was killed or not he does not know. Patt was the only one seen by Ches, but he thinks that two other men named Robinson, two women and three children were killed and thrown overboard. When Ches and his partner were called to the boat they saw no one but Downing, Trumbull and Hand, who broke into the bar and the entire party got drunk. Ches remembers nothing more until the boat was landed by the fisherman as stated last night, when he jumped ashore and made his way back to Bradley's, where the wildest excitement prevailed, as nothing had been seen of Patt or his party, while Downing and his party had also disappeared, and from the fact of the boat being plundered, it is feared the whole party have been murdered.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 18.—On the night of the 10th of August, Henry Wade, colored, went into the bedroom of John Shelby, living near Rose Hill, Stewart county, Tenn., and cut his throat whilst in bed asleep. Mrs. Shelby awoke, screamed and swooned. Her screams aroused a brother of Shelby, who was sleeping on the porch, and seeing Wade emerging from the room, grappled with him, and a struggle ensued. Wade finally got away, obtained a fence-rail, and felled his antagonist with a blow on the head. Wade then attempted to escape, but was pursued, captured and brought back the night following. He was taken by a party of men from his guard, carried into the woods, hung up to a tree, and his body riddled with bullets. Wade had been discharged by John Shelby from his employment, and threatened revenge. John Shelby may recover, but there is no chance for his brother, whose skull is crushed.

The Third National Bank of Baltimore Robbed of Several Hundred Thousand Dollars—Memphis Criminal Items—Killed in a Row with Negroes—A Negro Killed by a Mob.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 19.—The Third National Bank was entered by burglars on Sunday night and robbed of $100,000 belonging to the bank, and an unknown amount belonging to private parties having boxes there. The robbery was committed by parties who cut through the walls from an adjoining store which had been occupied since June by a man named Stabler, and others, professing to be commission merchants. Two large safes in the vault were cut into and robbed, and a third was not entered. It is now stated that 20 or 25 depositors' boxes were robbed, and the wildest statements are current on the street to the effect that the losses to depositors in money, bonds and other securities will reach $500,000. Among the bonds certainly stolen are $5,000 in City of Louisville Water Loan coupon Bonds. The officers of the Third National Bank set forth their losses by the burglary as follows: $57,000 in greenbacks and National Bank notes, of which 8 notes are of $100 each, 24 notes of $150 each of the Third National Bank, and the following bonds held as collateral securities: Northern Central Railroad, $2,500; North Carolina State bonds, $11,500; Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad bonds, $1,000; United States 5-20 bonds, $1,500; Western Maryland Railroad bonds, $2,000. The bank offers $10,000 reward for the recovery of the above, or a proportionate sum for their partial recovery.

The individual losses of depositors who have boxes in the vault cannot be ascertained, so many of them are out of town. The total of the losses will probably amount to several hundred thousand dollars, as it is known that several boxes contained bonds and other securities amounting to $76,000. The first floor of Getting's bank building, from which the entrance was made into the bank vault, was rented on the first of June to a man giving his name as E. Washburne, who paid a quarter's rent in advance.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 19.—Richard C. Walker, a harness maker, attempted to kill Charles Tozier, a drug clerk, last week by shooting. The ball passed through Tozier's wrist, but was turned by the sleeve button, else he would have been killed. Walker was arrested. Alleged intimacy with his wife was the reason assigned.

Capt. Pott and wife, of the steamer Helen Brooke, arrived here last night. They report that no trace can be found of the children, and one man and woman on board the Brooke at the time she was boarded can't be found. Neither has Downing's party been heard from.

The remainder of the crew of the steamer Helen Brooke, and the trading boat have arrived here. They state that after the escape of Jo. Pott the party returned to the boat, cast her loose, and as she floated down they robbed the party of everything they had, including $700 in money, and then put them ashore in the woods. One of the ladies, Mrs. Robinson, had three small children, and with the fright, fatigue and exposure they suffer severely before they could find food or shelter, but were only too glad to escape with their lives, as Downing's party, after breaking into the liquor-room, became very drunk and threatened to kill the entire party. The two negroes who rowed them over the river have been arrested, but Downing, Trumbull and Hons, who they say forced them to do it, have not been heard from.

An *Avalanche* letter says a negro robber named John Brown was taken from jail at Collierville, Tenn., 30 miles from Memphis, last night, and was found this morning beaten to death. The authors of the outrage are unknown.

THE WEST.

Death of an Editor—The Diamond Bubble—A Telegraph Operator Tomahawked by Indians—Aggressive Movements Against the Indians.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—S. V. R. Hickcox, for many years connected with the *Tribune* of this city in an editorial capacity, died here last night of Bright's disease of the kidneys. Mr. Hickcox was well known and highly esteemed in his profession. His remains will be taken for interment to Warren, R. I., where his wife and son are buried.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 17.—The men sent out by the first diamond company having returned without reaching the alleged diamond-fields, they declined to give the press any information. Diamond stock is not in demand, nevertheless an expedition of 10 men, fitted out by a new company, left here to-day. Several new companies are forming.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 17.—Three companies of United States troops left this morning for the field of Indian dangers in San Pete. Cavalry are arriving from the line of the Union Pacific, and will be hurried on. A fourth company of cavalry has been ordered by Gen. Ord to this city to keep the roads open. Gen. Morrow leaves to-night and Gen. Ord on Monday for the scene of operations. J. D. Page, telegraph operator at Mt. Pleasant, was attacked last night by Indians when leaving his office, and terribly wounded by a tomahawk wound in his head. He is supposed to be fatally injured.

Brigham Young and a party of church officers are making a notable tour through the northern counties of the Territory, and are received by the Mormon people with processions, music, flags, banners and flowers.

The Chicago Wicked Flee When no Man Pursueth—Train Wrecked and Two Men Killed—Dan Rice's Circus off the Track—Entries for the Milwaukee Races—The Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—On Saturday night Andrew Anderson went into Richard Walsh's saloon on North Clinton street, and after drinking several times attempted to take undue liberties with Mrs. Walsh, who was attending the bar. Her husband coming in an altercation ensued between him and Anderson, resulting in the former pushing or knocking Anderson out the door. He fell off the edge of the sidewalk among a lot of beer barrels, striking his head upon something and killing him instantly. A coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict exonerating Walsh from any criminal intent. Walsh, however, fled immediately after the occurrence, and up to this morning had not been found.

This afternoon has been one of the wildest excitement in the wheat market, caused by the apparent or real collapse of the "corner" in the cereal named, which has been so successfully run thus far through the present month. Wheat opened on 'Change this morning at $1 56 1-2 cash, or seller August, but under the largely increased receipts reported for the last 48 hours, weakened and declined to $1 48, but rallied again and closed weak at $1 50. At the call of the board at 3:20 P. M. sales were made as low as $1 49 1-2, and a feeling of weakness was quite apparent, which became, in the open board, very like a panic, and amid the most intense excitement prices rapidly declined 2, 5, 10, 15 and 20 cents until $1 28 cash or seller August was touched, and the shades of evening drove the excited bulls and bears from the pave. The decline in September options was less marked, the price opening on change at $1 21 3-4, and the latest sales on the street being $1 14. There appears to be some difference of opinion as to whether the corner is really broken or not, some still holding to the opinion that the drop was made to stop the influx of wheat to the city, and that the clique will again advance the prices. Others, however, assert that the corner is effectually smashed, and that prices will go still lower; that the clique found it impossible to hold up against the heavy receipts which are beginning to pour in from every quarter. Five hundred and fifty cars of wheat were inspected to-day, and about 30,000 bushels that arrived by land and canal, and it is claimed that the receipts will steadily increase day by day. There are all sorts of rumors in circulation to the effect that the sudden break in prices will ruin some of the larger operators, and among others that one large firm has failed, but there is nothing of the kind publicly known. The developments of the market to-morrow are looked forward to with intense interest.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 19.—About five o'clock this morning a train employed in transporting Dan Rice's Circus over the Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati Railroad, ran over a horse near Tiffin, Ohio, throwing the train from the track and greatly damaging the circus property. Four circus employes were seriously injured and one brakeman fatally.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 19.—The Cold Spring races commence to-morrow. The entries for the four days are as follows:

FIRST DAY.

2:30 Race—General Howard, St. Elmo and Greenwich Maid.

Running Race—Jim Connors, Protection and Fairfield.

SECOND DAY.

2:50 Race—Lady Dodge, Lizzie D., Lucy B., Lady Franklin, Chance and Booth.

2:24 Race—Badger Girl, Kate Hazard, Lady Kate, Capitola and German Maid.

THIRD DAY.

2:40 Race—Destona, Lizzie D., Revine, P. Fox, Gold Dust, Mary Barden, Billy Wilks and Booth.

2:27 Race—Western Boy, Ribon Boy, Hazard, St. Elmo and Delavan.

FOURTH DAY.

Goldsmith Maid and Lucy for the $5,000 purse.

NEW YORK.

Action of the International Council—Raid on Gamblers—Falling of a Causeway.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The Federal Council of Internationals met yesterday, but did nothing beyond appointing a committee to request the city authorities to sell coal to the poor at cost price. The attendance was thin.

Under the instructions of Gen. Jourdan, President of the Brooklyn Police Commissioners, the police of that city raided on the gamblers at Coney Island yesterday, throwing several three-card monte tables into the surf, and scattering the thieves.

No new cases of yellow fever in the harbor since Saturday.

Two hundred feet of the Montgomery street causeway at Jersey City sunk this morning. Loss $200,000.

—The officers of our army have, from now until the 1st of December to wear out their old clothes. The special order prescribing the new uniform goes into effect at that date positively, though those who choose are at liberty to anticipate the change.

—A great camp is to be formed in the Punjaub of India in January next. It will consist of thirty regiments of cavalry and infantry and ten batteries. All the Sepoy regiments save six, are now armed with Enfield rifles.

—A brother of Dr. Livingstone, residing at Listowell, Ontario, has received letters from the doctor dated November, at Ujiji, Africa.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, August 21.—1 P. M.—Gold 114.

COMMERCIAL.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Flour 15@25c lower. Wheat demoralized; no sales. The break at Chicago creates great excitement. No business in wheat. Corn lower at 61c. Oats quiet at 43½c.

CHICAGO, August 20.—Wheat unsettled; Aug. $1 22, Sept. $1 18. Corn firm at 38½c. Oats steady at 26½c. Highwines 90c. Freights 8½c to Buffalo. Hogs steady.

KING'S CATTLE MARKET.

DETROIT, August 19, 1872.

The arrivals this week amount to 413 head of cattle and 573 sheep.

The short supply caused an advance of 25c per hundred on all grades, and the offerings were all sold out early in the day at those figures, although the number sold at 5c per lb. was only 7 head, and 40 head were sold at 4¾c, as they seemed to be all the good cattle in. The rest were hardly what might be called good second-class cattle. It seems to be a great loss to slaughter cattle in such thin flesh, as many are being killed at this time.

The following drovers were in this week with cattle:

J. Weitzel	20	P. Platt	26
J. W. Lee	16	Culver & Tagert	26
Baxter & Desho	23	McHugh & Clark	21
Le Green	18	Wm. Judson	20
Stead & Phillips	23	J. H. Patton	11
C. Cheeseman	12	J. H. Lawrence	19
C. Lovelock	11	Bowen & Astley	14
A. B. Hadsel	12	Sundry persons	113
Total			413

BEEVES.

First quality	$4 25@5 00
Second quality	3 75@4 25
Third quality	3 00@3 50

SHEEP

Some very good sold at $4 75 per 100 lbs., but most of the offerings went at $3 75@4 00.

DETROIT MARKET.

DETROIT, Aug. 21, 1872.

APPLES—The market is not well supplied, and for fine apples in shipping order $2 50@2 75 per bbl. is realized.

BARLEY—None is moving and prices are still nominal at about $1 80 per 100 lbs. for No. 1, and $1 25 for No. 2. Fine bagged lots would sell at $1 45@1 60 per 100 lbs.

BEANS—Sales are very light, and prices exhibit no quotable change. They are nominal at $2 50@2 65 per bu. for hand-picked. Others at $2@2 25.

BUTTER—The market has ruled very steady during the past week. Fine table butter is wanted at 16½@17c. Inferior is dull at 10@15c per lb.

BEESWAX—There are offerings at 30@32c per lb., but the demand is light.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Dealers report a steady market at prices last named, viz:

Cement—Akron and Oswego, $1 50@1 60 per bbl; Louisville, $1 70 do; Portland, $6 75 do; Rosendale, $3.00. Fire Brick—West Virginia, $45 00 per 1,000; New Jersey, $75 00 do; Stourbridge, $63 00 do. Fire Clay—West Virginia, $3.60 per bbl; New Jersey, $4 50 per bbl.

CHEESE—Trade has not improved and is still rather light, yet the feeling is a little stronger at prices last named for fine State brands, viz., 10½@11c per lb. A positive advance has taken place in some of the Eastern markets.

COAL—Yard rates are steady and prices remain as last named:

Lehigh	$11 00
Scranton, stove	9 00
Scranton, grate	9 00
Scranton, egg	9 00
Scranton, nut	9 00
Blossburg	8@ 8 50
Massillon	8 00
Brookfield	8 50
Briar Hill	8 50
Erie	8 50
Chippewa	8 50
Willow Bank	8 00

CORN—During the past six days the market for this staple has been very quiet, and values are not well tested. Prices are a little weaker, however. Late sales of No. 1 mixed have been at 52c per bu.

DRIED FRUIT—Little or none is being sold, and prices are weak. We quote apples at 9c as an outside rate, and only realized for very choice fruit.

EGGS—The market is over-supplied, and there are free sellers at 13@15c per doz., and for round lots even less would be accepted.

FISH—Dealers report a steady demand at $5 25 for whitefish and $4 for trout.

FLOUR—Thus far this week the flour market has ruled rather quiet. Last week sales were pretty free, but within a few days trade seems somewhat to have diminished. Receipts continue light, showing a little but no material increase. This, however, is satisfactory explained by the fact that prices for flour are so much below those for wheat, relatively, that millers, except in rare cases, cannot operate, and hence they are not pushing work with a seasonable vigor. Buyers, too, are backward about taking hold, notwithstanding low prices, and hence the market is in quite unsatisfactory in these particulars. Stocks, however, are not large, and no heavy burdens are being carried. In fact a free demand for a few days would absorb about all the desirable stock in market. Prices are strong, and in some cases 25c better rates are being realized than once since. We quote:

Choice to very choice brands	$8 00 @ 8 25
Medium brands	7 00 @ 7 50
Minnesota spring	8 00 @ 8 25
Wisconsin and Illinois spring	7 75 @ 8 00
Low grades to superfine	4 50 @ 6 00
Rye flour	5 50 @ 6 25

FOREIGN FRUIT—Lemons are selling at about $9 50@10 per box for new fruit. Cocoanuts, $6@7 per 100.

FEED—Scarcely any is being offered and the demand is not well met. Prices are somewhat unsettled, but are well maintained at figures named. Last sales were at outside rates:

Bran	$15 00@…
Coarse middlings	16 00@18 50
Fine middlings	18 00@20 00
Corn meal	20 00@24 00
Oats and corn	22 00@25 00

GARDEN PRODUCTS—Receipts of berries and tomatoes have been rather light for some days past, and prices have been a little higher. We quote values as follows: Peaches, $3@3 25 per box for choice fruit. Pears, $2@2 50 per bu. Bartletts, $3@4 per do. Watermelons, $25@28 per 100. Tomatoes, $1 75@2 per bu. Cabbages, $6@8 per 100. Lawton blackberries, $3@3 50 per bu. Blueberries, $4 50@5 per bu. Green corn, 5 … per doz. ears. Concord grapes, 10@12½c per lb.

HAY—In baled hay there is little or no movement, and prices are somewhat unsettled. Dock rates are about $18 per ton. Upon wagons loose hay is selling at $14@18.

HONEY—There are moderate offerings at 22@25c per lb for fine cap honey, but the demand is light.

HIDES—Receipts are fair for the season and prices steady. We quote:

Green butch	7½@ 8
Green country	8
Cured	10½@ 11
Flint	16 @ 18
Dry salted	15 @ 16
Green calfskins	15 @ 16
Dry calfskins	25 @ 30
Green kip	10 @ 12
Dry kip	18 @ 25
Sheepskins	1 00 @3 00
Horsehides	1 00 @2 00

HOPS—By the regular trade choice 1871's are held at about 60c per lb, but with very few wanted.

LEATHER—At the following there is a fair seasonable demand for stock:

Slaughter sole	$ 35@ 36
Harness leather, per lb	38@ 40
Oak harness	40@ 43
Oak sole	43@ 45
Bridle Leather	41@ 43
Upper leather per ft	25@ 28
Hemlock calfskins, per lb	1 15@ 1 25
Philadelphia calfskins, per lb	1 40@ 1 65
Buenos Ayres sole, middle weights	32@ 33
do do do over do	32@ 33
do do 2d quality	28@ 30
Hemlock kips, heavy, per lb	60@ 70
do do medium and light, per lb	80@ 1 00
French calfskins, per lb	1 75@ 2 40
French kip skins per lb	1 25@ 1 60
Russett linings, per doz	6 00@ 8 00
Pink linings, per doz	7 50@10 00

MALT—Prices continue steady at figures last named: $1 20@1 25 per bu.

OATS—The market for the past week has been quite inactive and prices are not well tested. There is little or no change, however. We quote No. 1 mixed State at 35½@36c, and white do. at … per bu.

ONIONS—In fair demand and steady at $3 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Of pork and smoked meats there is a fair seasonable movement, but lard continues quiet. We quote:

Pork, $14. Hams, 15c; shoulders, 8¼@9c. Lard 9@9½c, do in kettles 12½c. Beef, $13 for extra mess. Dried beef, 18c per lb.

PLASTER—Steady at $3 00 per ton for Grand Rapids land plaster and $3 … for calcined.

POTATOES—Prices … are being supplied at $2@2 25 per bbl., and about 70c per bu.

POULTRY—Live chickens are selling at 60@70c per pair for old, with a fair demand.

SALT—Market is strong. We quote Saginaw at $1 80@1 85 per bbl and Onondaga at $1 90 do.

TALLOW—Fine shipping lots are in demand at 7½c per lb.

WOOD—Receipts are being readily placed at the following rates: Car loads $5 00 per cord for beech and maple, and $6 00 for hickory, $3 75@4 00 for soft wood. Dock rates per cord, $5 50@5 75 for beech and maple, $6@6 25 for hickory and $3 25 for soft wood.

WOOL—There is considerable movement of the staple throughout the State, but probably one-half of the clip is still unmarketed, at least such is the fact in many localities. Prices are steady, averaging about 55c per lb.

WHEAT—The market for this staple has exhibited an increasing interest during the past week. Receipts have been pretty liberal, but buyers have likewise taken hold freely, and offerings have been readily placed at prevailing rates. The quality and condition of the wheat as now arriving is fine, fully meeting the views of manufacturers and shippers, and both classes of operators have purchased freely. Old wheat is scarce, but is not now in demand, at any better figures than are prevalent for other offerings. Extra is scarce, both of old and new wheat, and prices are wholly nominal. It would about $1 90, and possibly $1 92 for a limited quantity. No. 1 white is in good demand and prices are steady, but without any gain worthy of notice since the close of last week. Sales of late have been chiefly at $1 81. Amber is quite a favorite with buyers. On Monday it sold at $1 81, but Tuesday witnessed the same in demand at $1 75@1 84. No. 2 white is moving freely at $1 66@1 65. On Tuesday the new rates to govern in the inspection of wheat were reported. In general they are the same as last year, the standard being fully up to those of the last season, so that buyers may rely upon receiving choice wheat.

RAILROADS.

DETROIT, LANSING & LAKE MICHIGAN RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

NOW OPEN TO HOWARD CITY, THE INTERSECTION OF THE GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA RAILROAD.

Detroit to Plymouth, Howell, Lansing, Lyons Ionia, Greenville and Howard City.

On and after Wednesday, May 8th, 1872, and until further notice, trains will depart and arrive as follows:

LEAVE.

Mail and Express	7:30 a. m.
Lansing and Ionia Accom.	2:50 p. m.
Howell Accom.	5:00 p. m.

ARRIVE.

Howell Accom.	9:50 a. m.
Mail and Express	7:25 p. m.
Day Express	11:50 …

Trains run by Detroit time, which is 20 minutes faster than the Michigan Central Railroad time.

au24-tf A. H. REESE, Sup't.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

DURING JULY, 1872.

Trains will leave Detroit daily (except Sundays) by Chicago time, which is 18 minutes slower than Detroit time, as follows:

FOR BUFFALO, NEW YORK:	FOR PORTLAND, Via Toronto and Montreal.
6:30 a. m., Day Express.	6:30 a. m.
6:30 p. m., Night Express.	6:30 p. m.

4:20 p. m. Accommodation to Port Huron.

Trains leave Detroit Junction 20 minutes after above time.

Palace Sleeping and Drawing Room Cars on all day and night trains to and from Buffalo and Toronto, without change in Canada.

Trains arrive at Detroit at 8:15 a. m., 11:20 a. m., 6:05 p. m. and 10:00 p. m.

Company's Ticket Offices, corner Jefferson and Woodward avenues, and at Depot, foot of Third street.

EDWARD REIDY, Passenger Agent, Detroit.
H. SHACKELL, Gen'l Pas'r Agent, Montreal.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director, Montreal.

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD AND STEAMSHIP LINE. 1872.

Trains leave Brush Street Depot (Detroit time, as follows:

Express, at 8:40 a. m., for Saginaw and Bay City.

Mail, at 10:15 a. m., for Grand Rapids and Grand Haven.

Accommodation, at 5:15 p. m., for Saginaw, Bay City and Fenton.

Night Express, at 10:40 p. m., to Grand Haven, Pullman sleeping car attached, arriving at Grand Rapids at 6:30 a. m.

11:30 p. m.—Holly Mixed. Sleeping Car to Saginaw, Bay City, &c.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

Night Express, at 7:25 a. m., from Grand Haven, Grand Rapids, &c.

Accommodation, at 12:50 p. m., from Pontiac, Fenton, Saginaw and Bay City.

Mail, at 5:55 p. m., from Gr'd Haven, Grand Rapids, &c.

Express, at 6:40 p. m., from Bay City, Saginaw, &c.

Connections at Detroit with Great Western and Grand Trunk Railways for all points East; Michigan Central and Michigan Southern Railroads.

ANDREW WATSON, Gen'l Sup't.

Tickets to be obtained at Company's office, foot of Brush street, and at G. W. R. Ticket office, corner Jefferson avenue and Griswold street.

D. and M. Office, 1872. jy27-tf

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

JUNE, 1872.

Depot foot of Third street. Trains run by Chicago time, which is 20 minutes slower than Detroit time.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail	7:00 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
Day Express	9:20 a. m.	7:00 p. m.
Evening Express	5:50 p. m.	7:25 a. m.
Pacific	9:30 p. m.	3:35 a. m.
Dexter Accommodation	4:00 p. m.	8:45 a. m.

Runs daily.

For details as to intermediate stations, &c., etc., see posters and time cards in public places.

H. E. SARGENT, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.
C. H. HURD, Ass't Gen'l Sup't, Detroit.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

JUNE, 1872.

Trains of the Great Western Railway leave Detroit as follows (Detroit time):

Atlantic Express, daily, foot Third st. 4:45 a. m.
Day Express, foot Brush st. 7:20 a. m.
" " Third st. 7:25 a. m.
(Daily, Sundays excepted.)
Detroit Express, foot Brush st. 10:30 a. m.
" " foot Third st. 11:00 a. m.
(Daily, except Sundays.)
New York Express, foot Brush st. 6:40 p. m.
" " foot Third st. 7:20 p. m.
(Daily, except Saturdays and Sundays.)
N. Y. & Buffalo Express, foot Third st. 8:50 p. m.
(Daily except Sunday.)

Trains arrive in Detroit foot of Third street at 6:45 and 9:20 a. m., and 5:15 and 9:30 p. m.

Parlor cars with unequaled accommodations on day trains.

Pullman's magnificent sleeping cars to Buffalo and Rochester every night without change.

Passengers purchasing tickets at the General Office of the Company, No. 151 Jefferson avenue, corner of Griswold street, Detroit, can have their baggage checked at their residences and delivered on train free of charge. Sleeping car berths, time-tables, etc., can be procured at the above office.

FRANK E. SNOW, West'n Pas'gr Agent, Detroit.
W. K. MUIR, Gen'l Sup't, Hamilton, Ont.

JACKSON, LANSING & SAGINAW RAILROAD.

DECEMBER 5th, 1871.

New Route to the Salt and Lumber Regions of the Saginaw Valley.

Trains North.

	Mixed.	Exp.	Acc.	Mail.
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Jackson, dep		6:20	1:05	3:30
Lansing		8:05	2:55	5:15
Owosso	A. M.	9:30	P. M.	6:50
Saginaw City	7:25	11:15	4:00	8:30
East Saginaw	7:35	11:25	4:10	8:40
Wenona, arr	8:20	12:00 m.	4:45	9:15

Trains South.

	Acc.	Mail.	Exp.	Mix'd.
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wenona, dep	10:30	7:00	3:15	6:30
East Saginaw	11:05	7:35	3:50	7:15
Saginaw City	11:15	7:45	4:00	7:25
Owosso	A. M.	9:20	6:00	
Lansing	7:15	10:45	7:25	
Jackson, arr	9:45	12:30 p.m.	9:10	

Close connections made at Jackson with Express Trains of M. C. R. R. for all points West and East, and with Fort Wayne, Jackson and Saginaw R. R., for Jonesville, Reading, &c., with L. S. & M. S. R. R. for Toledo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, &c.

At Rives Junction with G. R. V. R. R. for Charlotte, Hasting and Grand Rapids.

At Lansing, with Ionia and Lansing R. R. for Portland, &c.

At Owosso connect with D. & M. R. R. for Ionia, Grand Rapids, Muskegon, &c.

At East Saginaw with F. & P. M. R. R. for Flint, Midland, &c.

Trains run by Jackson time. For details see posters in all public places.

A. WATSON, Superintendent.
Jackson, December, 1871.

The "Enterprise"

THE MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE is the best

Advertising Medium.

In this section. New advertisements occupy a conspicuous place, and we inserted on

VERY LOW TERMS,

Especially on long time contracts. Call at the office, or address

MAT D. BLOSSER, Editor and Proprietor.

MANCHESTER, AUGUST 22, 1872.

The Manchester Brass Band will give a Pic Nic on Tuesday Sept. 3d, 1872, for the purpose of raising money to purchase uniforms for the Band. Other bands have been invited and are expected to be present. All are earnestly requested to co-operate with the Band in this enterprise. Particulars next week.

Buy of Rose and Bruegel and save your money.

Boys Calf Boots just received by S. H. Perkins & Son.

A handsome variety of Bird Cages at Rose & Bruegel's.

Look at our stock before buying your Boots and Shoes. S. H. Perkins & Son.

Dolly Varden Note Heads, just printed, at this office. Call and see them.

Builders Hardware, largest variety, and at lowest prices, Rose & Bruegel's.

L. H. Weir & Son have an elegant variety of Bird Cages and Chamber Setts.

Go to Clarkson & Field's and look at their 12½ cents Lawns, the cheapest in the market.

Clarkson & Field have just received a few more of those fine Gray Shawls.—Very desirable.

Call and see our new styles of Bill Heads, Note Heads, Letter Heads, Statements, Etc.

Horace Greeley recommends all his farmer friends to buy agricultural tools of Rose and Bruegel.

Be sure to get your advertisement in in the Manchester Directory, and subscribe for the neat little book.

One ton of honey was taken from eleven hives belonging to Henry Palmer of Hart, Oceana County, a few days ago.

Tecumseh blacksmiths do work and agree to take their pay when Grant is re-elected. Ninety days credit—or more.

We hope that every business man will assist us in getting advertisements and subscriptions for the Manchester Directory.

The Dexter LEADER says "there is much sickness at present prevailing among young children in this village and vicinity."

Fancy Toilet Setts, and Combination Sits Baths, essential to the Health and comfort of any family, for sale at Rose & Bruegel's.

The Goodyear House—under the administration of Mr. Lewis—is being thoroughly refitted, painted and furnished. Success to him.

L. H. Weir & Son are constantly adding to their already large stock of Hardware, and selling at prices which defy competition.

Every one wishing anything in the line of ornamental or general Hardward are invited to call at the One Price store of L. H. Weir & Son.

Farmers should scan our advertising columns very closely now and patronize those who invite them to trade with them through the colums of their village paper.

We are about getting up a General Directory for Manchester and shall expect every citizen and especially every business man and mechanic, to assist us.

A political friend of ours, a few days since was heard to say:

The die is cast—by subtile powers dragged on—
The friends of my youth have left me alone;
I'll fight out the battle, and if I get jammed,
I'll at once take my wallet, "go West and be d——d."

The city authorities of Indianapolis passed through our village, Tuesday last at 4 o'clock P. M. They are on an excursion visit to Detroit. The train consisted of six coaches and contained about two hundred Hoosiers.

We understand that C. W. Sandford has purchased the residence of Mrs. Aldrich and will occupy it in a few weeks. He intends to convert the old house into a rag-picking establishment. A new enterprise for Manchester.

If you want a genuine Josephene seamless, the same as Harris Kid Glove, both white and colored, go to Clarkson & Field's because it is the only place in

Hi-diddle-diddle, the cat in the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon;
My wife she bought a Hoosier Trap,
And had it full by noon.

T. Case has them for sale.

A man named Orin, of Grand Traverse, went to Detroit last Monday, fell in love with the girl who dished up his hash, married her and started for home the next day. What's the use of fooling away two or three weeks in courting.

A sample committee from Grass Lake went to Jackson a few days since to test the quality of liquor sold at the saloons in that city, after which they intended to prosecute the proprietors. A telegram preceded the committee and they failed to get as drunk as their friends wished them to.

Tea Drunkards.

Dr. Arlidge, one of the Pottery Inspectors in Staffordshire, has put forth a sensible protest against a very pernicious custom which rarely receives sufficient attention either from the medical profession or from the public. He says that the women of the working classes make tea a principal article of diet instead of an occasional beverage; they drink it several times a day, and the result is a lamentable amount of sickness. This is no doubt the case, and, as Dr. Arlidge remarks, a portion of the reforming zeal which keeps up such a lively warfare against intoxicating drinks might advantageously be diverted to the repression of this very serious evil of tea-tippling among the poorer classes. Tea in anything beyond moderate quantities is as distinctly a narcotic poison as is opium or alcohol. It is capable of ruining the digestion, and of enfeebling and disordering the heart's action, and of generally shattering the nerves.

We hear of parties going to Wampler's Lake on a pic nic and fishing excursions.

The boys about town are beginning to tremble in their shoes because school days are so near at hand.

"HOW TO GO WEST."

This is an enquiry which every one should have *truthfully* answered before he starts on his journey, and a little care taken in examination of Routes will in many cases save much trouble, time and money.

The "C. B. & Q. R. R.," running from Chicago through Galesburg to Burlington, has achieved a reputation in the last two years as the leading passenger Route to the west. At Burlington it connects with the great Burlington Route which runs direct through Southern Iowa to Nebraska and Kansas, with close connections to California and the Territories; and passengers starting from Washtenaw County, on their way westward, cannot do better than to take the C. B. & Q. and Burlington Route.

This Line has published a pamphlet called "How to go West," which contains much valuable information; a large correct map of the Great West, which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the General Passenger Agent B. M. R. R. Burlington, Iowa.

DIED.

In Bridgewater, Aug. 13th, WILLARD, son of Edith and Slade Lazell. Aged four years.

Our little one has gone to rest
And left us lone in tears,
To ponder o'er life's passing ills
Through all the coming years.

Home Market.

Outside and Inside figures—Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat, new, per bush	"	$1 20@1 30
" old	"	1 50
Flour	"	1 30@1 40
Corn, shelled,	"	50
Corn, ear,	"	@ 25
Oats,	"	30@ 35
Potatoes,	"	50@ 60
Beans,	"	1 00@2 00
Onions,	"	75@1 00
Barley,	"	1 25@0 00
Apples, green,	"	30@ 40
" dried, per lb	"	7@ 8
Ham, smoked,	"	16@ 18
Shoulders,	"	12
Pork,	"	@ 12
Lard,	"	10@ 12
Tallow,	"	6@
Butter,	"	12@ 15
Butter Grease,	"	5@ 10
Wool,	"	45@ 50
Eggs,	per doz	12

New Advertisements.

ADVERTISING.

Has created many a new business:
Has enlarged many an old business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has rescued many a lost business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
And insures success in any business.
Keep your name before the public.

FURNITURE!

OTTO MUNCH (successor to John Roller) has on hand a good stock of Furniture, such as

Tables, Chairs, Stands, Bedsteads, Lounges &c.,

Which he will sell at prices that defy competition. He has also a Hearse with which he is prepared to attend funerals both in the town and country.

☞ All kinds of Repairing done in a workmanlike manner and on short notice. Give him a call. Railroad street, Manchester, Michigan.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

ENTERPRISE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

"Advertise"

In the Enterprise.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

Pay For

The Enterprise.

☞ Be sure and get an Advertisement in the Manchester City Directory. Call at this office.

CONVENTION

IN MANCHESTER,

THE CAMPAIGN OF 1872.

THE FIRST GUN IS FIRED

And if you want to buy Goods Cheap go to

CLARKSON & FIELD,

Who have received and are opening daily direct from

New York and Boston,

The Largest and most Complete assortment in the Village.

Best Brand of Bleached and Brown Muslins Very Cheap.

Come and See the

DOLLY VARDENS!

Another case of the Best Domestic Ginghams

At 12½ Cents.

White Counterpanes and Window Drapery the Cheapest in Town.

Ladies' Hndkerchiefs at 5cts.

Japanese Silks, Japanese Stripe Dolly Vardens, And other Dress Goods.

Our 50 Cent

Black Alpaca, and

$1,00 Cassimers.

Are worth looking after if you want to Save Money.

Our Stock of Groceries

Is full and we will sell as low as any one In the Village.

As Money is What We Want,

We offer our entire stock very low for Cash or Ready Pay.

Come and examine our stock before you purchase, Give us a call and price our goods, whether you buy or not. Remember the place, No. 7.

CLARKSON & FIELD.

Manchester, May 21st, 1872.

$1,200 WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—This amount is in the hands of our subscribers and we wish them to call and pay it.

MAT D. BLOSSER.

Enterprise Office, April 8th, 1872.

MRS. THOMPSON,

Would Respectfully Inform the

Ladies' of Manchester,

and surrounding country, that she has Now on Hand, the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Millinery Goods!

In Town, at Prices that Defy Competition. Dress-Making executed in an Improved Style.

☞ GENTS' SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Rooms over J. J. Clarkson's Store. 242

TALL OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW. But they must have something to give them a start. Call at the *Enterprise* office and give us a start by paying that little account.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Publisher.

WANTED!—All that is due us, and right away. Don't keep us waiting, but come along. It is but a small amount to you but of importance to us.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Publisher.

MONEY MAKES THE MARE GO.—This old saying is also very true in regard to printing offices. We want all that is due us, and that *now*.

MAT D. BLOSSER.

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, 194 Penn Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y. 113-1y

L. H. WEIR & SON,

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to their Large and well selected stock of

General Hardware!

Where will be found Everything pertaining to the trade. Also, just received the finest lot of

Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, Etc.,

ever brought to this market. Those who intend purchasing anything in this line should not fail to call and see them and obtain prices.

We also have on hand the celebrated

BUCKEYE DRILLS,

which are acknowledged to be the best Drill in use. Also, the

Buckeye Cultivator, Salt, Water Lime,

Calcined Plaster, &c. In fact, everything and anything pertaining to the Trade, all of which will be sold at prices which

DEFY COMPETITION!

Call and see our stock of STOVES. Everything in

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufactured and WARRANTEED.

Southside Exchange Place, Manchester, August 28, 1872. L. H. WEIR & SON.

WALL PAPER —AND— WINDOW SHADES —AT—

DOTY'S VARIETY STORE,

East Side of River.

New Stock! Large & Elegant!

A MACHINE

For Trimming the Wall Paper will be used FREE of Extra charge.

Hats & Caps, the Latest Style.

Boots & Shoes

Just Received — Childs Shoes in great variety of designs and colors

CROCKERY!

Of latest Patterns and Choicest Brands—principally of T. & R. Bootes make—will endure use for a great length of time, retaining its superority of whiteness and *brilliancy* of appearance. Buy Bootes ware and you have no dingy looking Crockery.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!

Always to be found at this store.

☞ A good Tea at 50cts per lb.—best at $1,50. Good Cheese for 15 cents per lb.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toy Goods, Confectionary, Notions, &c.

I hope by promptness and fair dealing, to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us.

Yours Truly, G. W. DOTY.

Manchester, April 4, 1872. 1y50

DOLLY VARDEN LUMBER.

To All Whom it May Concern.

The Subscribers have on hand

250,000 Pine Shingle!

200,000 LATH!

60,000 feet of Fencing!

And Bill-stuff too numerous to mention,

All of which we will sell as cheap as any man can offer the same.

Office west of Carriage Shop, Main Street.

DORE & HORNING.

Norvel, June 20th, 1872. 246

NEW FURNITURE

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having completed the New Building, two doors East of the Banner Store, I am now receiving a general assortment of

MANUFACTURED ☞ FURNITURE ☜

Tables, Bureaus, Chairs, Sofas, Matrasses, Looking-Glasses and Trimmings,

All of which will be sold at the Lowest figures.

DO NOT GO!

To neighboring towns before calling.

☞ I STILL MANUFACTURE any article ordered at short notice.

Undertaking!

I am fully prepared to furnish Coffins and Hearse as usual, for funerals.

Something New!

Call and see the Woven Wire Matrasses—the Best Cheapest and most Durable.

243 S. W. LOCKWOOD.

PAY TO-DAY AND TRUST TO-MORROW. We earnestly desire every person who is owing anything for the ENTERPRISE, will call and settle immediately, as we need the money to buy new material.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Publisher.

CLOTHS & CLOTHING

HUGO MUNCH, successor to Unterkircher & Mahrle, is

Cloth, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

In the Very Latest Styles,

And at Prices that Defy Competition.

Clothing of all Kinds Made to Order. A Good Fit Warranted or No Charge.

May 2 y1

HUGO MUNCH, Prop'r

HARDWARE, ETC.

EUREKA! The Elephantine stock of

Hardware, Stoves and Agricultural Implements,

Paints, Oils, Etc.,

At the Old Mammoth,

ROSE & BRUEGEL,

Goodyear Block.

ROSE & BRUEGEL.

Grand Mass Meetings

Will be held in every Town throughout the Union, during the Presidential Campaign, and Lady will have a new suit to attend such occasions, anticipating the coming rush, and the great demand for goods, we have made ample provisions and can now boast of having the

LARGEST & BEST SELECTED

Stock of Goods in the county, comprising all the newest and most

FASHIONABLE GOODS!

French and Irish Poplins, Japanese Silk, Pongee Silk, Mohair Poplin, Valour, Gros Grain Silk, Black and colored Alpaca, Grenadine, Lawn, Linen and Marsellies, Suitings, etc.

DOLLY VARDEN!

—IN—

Challies, Poplin, Percales, Muslin, Organds, Lawn and Prints.

Also, a full line of Trimming Silks, Satines, Repps, Laces and Fringes to match Dress Goods.

A Splendid assortment of

SHAWLS and SCARFS

At prices that will insure a sale every time.

An endless variety of

Parasols and Sun Umberalas!

All the Newest Styles

Our stock of

Ribbons, Embroidered Edging, Genuine Thread Lace,

Linen Hdkfs, Gloves, Hoisery, Corsetts, Skirts, Collars and Notions, is Complete.

In Domestic Goods!

We keep the very best Ticking, Sheeting, Shirting, and Denims in the market, and at prices as low as the lowest. We call especial attention to our large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

In which we seldom fail to suit in size, style, quality and price.

☞ Remember the Banner Store, and give us an early call.

May 15th. MACK & SCHMID.

Arrival. Arrival.

—AT—

HERRMAN & MAY'S,

No. 23 Maumee St., opposite Lawrence Hotel,

ADRIAN, MICHIGAN.

We have Received Direct from New York

The Largest, The Cheapest, the Best

—STOCK OF—

Ready-Made Clothing

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Etc.,

Ever brought into the City of Adrian, which we will sell to our Costumers Cheaper than the

Cheapest in Michigan.

☞ We Defy all Competitors in our line to compare Goods and Prices.

Those wishing to buy Clothing will do call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

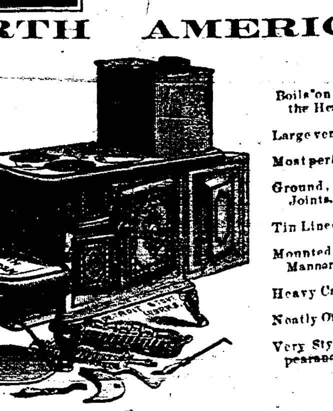
Remember the Place, No. 23 Maumee Street,

ADRIAN, MICHIGAN.

WM. BLAU, Cutter. [237] NATE SCHLOSS, Salesman.

DETROIT STOVES — ROSE & BRUEGEL AGENTS also for

THE NORTH AMERICAN



Hot Air Draft.
Gas Burner.
Ash Drawer & Grate.
For Wood or Coal.
Shaking and Dumping Grate.
Pipe back of Reservoir
Reservoir takes off at will.
Used without Reservoir, has a 5 Boiler hoole top.
Large and small Boiler holes.

Boils on Top and in the Hearth.
Large ventilated Oven.
Most perfect Baker.
Ground, Cemented Joints.
Tin Lined Doors.
Mounted in the Best Manner.
Heavy Castings.
Neatly Ornamented.
Very Stylish in Appearance.

First class COOKING Stoves,

Essential to the Comfort and Happiness of Every Family.

With many Conveniences, New Features and Improvements. One of the most Desirable Stoves in use. Send for Discriptive and Testimonial Pamphlet. Manufactured from Lake Superior Iron only by the

DETROIT STOVE WORKS.

Manchester, [illegible] 1876

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

MAT D. BLOSSER, Proprietor. Devoted to State, County and Home News, Agriculture, Commerce, the Arts and Sciences etc.—A Paper for the Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant and Family Circle. TERMS: $2 a Year in Advance

VOL. 5. NO. 48. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1872. WHOLE NO. 256

Church Directory.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. W. W. Washburn. Services at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Social meetings Tuesday and thursday evenings. Sunday School at 12 M.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev T. L. Waldo. Services at 10½ A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Sunday School at 12 M. Evening services at 7. Choir meets on Thursday Evenings.

BAPTIST.—Rev. J. M. Titterington. Services at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath school at 12 M. Young People's Prayer-meeting Tuesday evenings. General Prayer-meeting Thursday evening.

UNIVERSALIST.—Rev. Asa Countryman. Services at 10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M.; Sunday School at 11½ A. M.

LUTHERIAN.—Rev. I. G. Hildner. Service every alternate sabbath at 2 P. M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. F. Aignayer. Services every alternate Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock.

M. E. CHURCH, SHARON.—Rev. Wm. C. Way. Services at 10½ A. M. at Sharon Centre, and at 2 P. M. at Gillett Church. Preaching at "Prospect Hill" School House on the evening of the first Sabbath of each month.

Village Societies.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 148 OF F. & A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication Monday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. C. W. CASE, Secy.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 48 R. A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular Convocation Wednesday Evenings on or proceeding each full moon. S. FITZGERALD, Secy.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No 24 R. & S. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular Convocation Thursday Evenings after each full moon. E. P. CRAFTS, Secy.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 7 OF A. M. will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication Tuesday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. E. P. CRAFTS, Secy.

MANCHESTER G. W. M. A. Association.—will meet at their rooms in Goodyear's Block, on the First Monday of each month. E. G. SCHAFFER, Cor. Sec'y.

Business Directory.

G. R. PALMER, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public. Office in Goodyear's Block. Will pay particular attention to the drawing of all kinds of Legal Papers such as Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, &c. Will Furnish first Class Insurance, at reasonable rates.

A. E. HEWETT, Attorney at Law and Notary Public. Office over Pottle's store, Manchester, Michigan. Particular attention given to all collections and legal business entrusted to him. And will act as agent for the purchase and sale of village and farm property.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF MANCHESTER.—Organized under the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan, Capital $50,000, do a general banking business. Money to loan at reasonable rates. L. D. WATKINS, President, J. D. VAN DUYN, Vice Pres., O. F. HALL, Cashier.

GOODYEAR HOUSE, MANCHESTER W. F. LEWIS, Proprietor. This house has lately been completed, and furnished in first-class style, and is now one of the finest Hotels in the State. A good livery in connection with the house.

CONKLIN HOUSE, MANCHESTER, MICH. E. CONKLIN, Proprietor. This House has been lately fitted up in Conklin's Block, North side of Exchange Place. It is located in the center of our village, and is pleasantly situated to accommodate the traveler. The fixtures and furniture are new and first-class. Carriage to and from the cars. 253

MUNSON GOODYEAR, Justice of the Peace. Goodyear's Block.

J. D. VAN DUYN, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Van Duyn, Lynch & Co's Drug Store.

M. KAPPLER, Notary Public, Sharon, (Manchester P. O.,) Michigan. 202

M. E. MUNGER, Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence.

J. D. COREY, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Collecting and all other business left with him will receive prompt attention. Residence on Ann Arbor Street, Manchester.

DAWES, TAYLOR & CO., Manufactures of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Door & Window Frames, Planing, Sawing, Etc., done on short notice. See advertisement. Mill, corner of Jackson and Union streets, near L. S. & M. S. R'y Depot.

MISS S. T. SPEECHLY, FINE PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST. Is prepared to furnish the Public with first class Pictures. Special attention paid to Copying. A good line of Picture frames.

CHARLES YOUNGHANS, Tonsorial Artist. Shaving, Shampooning, Hair-Cutting &c., neatly executed. Goodyear's Hotel Block.

G. A. FAUSEL, Practical WATCHMAKER and JEWELER, at the Bakery, Manchester, Michigan. A good assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver-plated Ware, Spectacles and Toys, always on hand. ☞ All work warranted.

A. CONKLIN, Physician & Surgeon. Particular attention given to the treatment of CANCERS, and all chronic diseases, for which purpose he will be at his Office in Manchester, on Friday of each week. No medicine given in the treatment of a disease that wars in any way with the tissues of the system. tf.mlen22.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL, TECUMSEH, A. WOOD, Proprietor. This house is elegantly furnished, and is in all respects a good hotel. Centrally located. Within 3 minutes walk of the depot. No pains will be spared to make pleasant their guests visit. 46

HURD HOUSE, JACKSON, MICH. SMITH & HURD, Proprietors. The above named house is elegantly furnished and centrally located, (opposite the Hibbard.) No pains will be spared to make guests comfortable. Omnibus runs regularly to and from all trains. Try them. Board reduced to two dollars per day. 46

THE MICHIGAN EXCHANGE, DETROIT, February 14th 1869. This hotel, so long and favorably known to the Travelling Public, is being thoroughly repaired and put in perfect order for business, and will continue to be kept in all its appointments as a First Class House. But to meet the wishes of our many friends and patrons, our charges will be reduced to $3.50 per day, and the proprietors solicit the patronage of all who wish to find a quiet and pleasant home while in the city. E. & F. LYON, Proprietors.

E. HUNTER, DENTIST! Office in Union Hall Brick Block, South Side Exchange Place, MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

S. H. PERKINS & SON Have on hand a complete assortment of

Boots, Shoes & Rubber Goods

☞ You can save twenty cents on every dollar by buying of them. ☜

They also manufacture Boots and Shoes from the best quality of leather ever brought to this town, and with ANDREW SAYE as their Fine Boot maker, cannot be surpassed, if equalled. Their prices are as low as the times. Satisfaction guaranteed. Repairing done on short notice and in a neat and workmanlike manner. Give them a call at Gwinner's Block. 172

WATCH, CLOCK & JEWELRY Repairing and Engraving. E. CHUBBUCK. Having had experience in the manufacturing of Jewelry of all kinds, and having worked over Thirty years at Watch Repairing, can assure the people of Manchester and vicinity, that all work entrusted to his care, will be well done. His place of business is in the Gleason Block, opposite the Southern Washington Mills, Manchester. 216

New Advertisements.

THE RIVER SIDE

Medicinal Springs WATER CURE!

Manchester, Michigan.

The Springs are now open for the accommodation of the public.

Their Medicinal Properties

rank them equal to any in the State.

A First-class Bath House has been erected and every accommodation can be obtained at reasonable rates.

Water and Air Baths

of all temperature, also, Shower and Medicated baths are employed with advantage in the treatment of all chronic diseases.

All communications promptly answered.

J. D. KIEF, Proprietor.

HARRISON HAY, Superintendent. Manchester, Aug. 7th, 1872. 253

HALL, NASH & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

All kinds of Double & Single HARNESS!

And Dealers in

Trunks, Whips, Horse-Blankets, &c.

☞ Repairing Promptly Executed.

One door North of the Post Office. Manchester Mich., May 1st. 1872. 239

TALL OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW. But they must have something to give them a start. Call at the *Enterprise* office and give us a start by paying that little account.

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MAT D. BLOSSER.

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Legal Notices.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Lewis R. Gleason, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed by order of said Probate Court for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Reynolds & Hewett, in the village of Manchester, in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of October, and on Wednesday the twenty-seventh day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine, and adjust said claims.

Dated, July 22d, A. D. 1872.

GEORGE W. DOTY, GEORGE M. HEWETT, Commissioners. 251-256

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Azariar DuBois, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Munson Goodyear, in the village of Manchester, in said county, on Saturday the sixteenth day of November, and Wednesday the twenty-sixth day of February next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, August 28th, A. D. 1872.

MUNSON GOODYEAR, GEORGE CALHOUN, Commissioners. 256

SHERIFF SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. By virtue of a writ of execution, issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, and to me directed and delivered, against the goods, chattles, lands and tenements of Alexander T. Hay, William Hay and Hiram Hay, defendants therein named, I did on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1871, seize and levy upon all the right, title and interest Alexander T. Hay, William Hay and Hiram Hay has in the following described lands, situated in the township of Manchester, County and State aforesaid, to wit: The North East quarter of the South East quarter of section four; the South East quarter of the South West quarter and the North half of the South East quarter of Section four; which above described property I shall expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at the south door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, on the Eleventh day of October, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day.

Dated, August 29th, 1872.

MYRON WEBB, Sheriff, By J. S. CASE, Dep't Sheriff. 256-262

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the Estate of Samuel B. Wolcott, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 1st day of July A. D. 1872, there will be sold at public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house on the premises hereinafter described, in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Tuesday the third day of September, A. D. 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased and also subject to the right of dower of his widow therein the following described Real Estate, to wit: The North West quarter of the South East quarter of section twenty-one in township three south of range three East, containing forty acres more or less, in said State.

Dated, July 15th, 1872.

AMARIAH CONKLIN, Administrator. 250-256

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday the Second day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Present Hiram J. Beakes, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Sada J. Nestell, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Obadiah Priest, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to Probate and that he may be appointed sole executor thereof.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the sixteenth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the legatees, devisees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Manchester ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

HIRAM J. BEAKES, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)

New Advertisements.

GERMAN AMERICAN BANK.

MACK, SCHMID & CO., Manchester, Michigan.

Deposits Received and interest paid on Money Deposited for Specified Time. Exchange furnished and Collections made on all principal American and European Cities, And a General Banking Business Transacted. The best Rates paid for Gold, Silver, Coupons, Government and other Securities.

235 SAM. KIRCHHOFER, Cashier.

TO INSURE

In Good Companies,

Is insurance

FOR SAFETY

We represent

OVER $14,000,000

Security to all who insure in the

Hartford Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.	
Aetna " " "	
National " " "	
Underwriters Agency	New York.
Detroit Fire and Marine	Detroit.

These are all A 1 Companies and we will be pleased to see the citizens of Manchester and vicinity insure in

A Good Company!

We don't take any 2d class or Doubtful companies.

Call and see us.

243-3 MACK, SCHMID & Co.

THE SINGER—THE STANDARD

Sewing Machine

Of the World!

Over 700,000 in Use.

Over 200,000 Machines are now Being Sold Annually,

THE

SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.

Is the only Company in the world that manufactures machines for all kinds of work.

Every Family Should Have a

SINGER!

The Best is Always the Chepest.

These Machines will Hem, Fell, Tuck, Cord, Quilt, Trim, Bind, Gather, and sew on at the same time, Puff, Fringe, Pipe, Hemstitch, Ruffle, Embroider and Braid, and sew from the finest of gauze or gossamer tissue to the heaviest beaver with equal facility.

Sold for Cash, on good Prommissory Notes or on Monthly Payments, to suit the circumstances of the rich and poor alike.

The same qualities which render our new machines so admirable and efficient for use in the family also commend it as indispensable for every grade of light manufacturing.

For Shoe and Gaiter Fitters, Seamstresses, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirt Collars, Shirts, Cloaks, Mantles, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Linen and Silk Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc., it is without a rival.

In addition to the family machines, our machines for the use of manufacturers of all kinds are indisputably superior to all others; having machines expressly for carriage trimmers, saddlers, shoemakers, tailors, etc., etc.

For good, reliable and energetic men who can furnish satisfactory references we have permanent and profitable employment.

NOFSINGER & JOSSELYN,

72 and 74 West Washington St., Bates House Block, Indianapolis, Ind., and 70 Woodard and 177 Jefferson Avenues, Detroit, Mich., exclusive dealers in the above machines for the States of Michigan and Indiana, Ontario, Canada, North western Ohio and Southern Illinois.

Sewing Machine Sales for 1870.

The magnitude to which the manufacture of sewing machines has attained is shown by the returns of the manufacturers for the year 1870 to the owners of the leading patents, on which they pay a royalty. According to these returns the number of machines sold by each manufacturer in 1870 is as follows:

The Singer Manufacturing Company	127,833
Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing company	83,208
Howe machine company	75,156
Grover & Baker sewing machine company	57,402
Weed sewing machine company	35,002
Wilcox & Gibbs sewing machine company	28,690
American Buttonhole & Overseaming company	14,573
Florence sewing machine company	17,660
Gold Medal sewing machine company	8,912
Aetna sewing machine company	6,856
Empire sewing machine company	3,560
Finkle & Lyon, manufacturing company	2,420
Parham sewing machine company	1,766
Wilson sewing machine company	500
Bartlett Reversible	485
Bartram & Fanton manufacturing company	421
Lamb Knitting manufacturing company	421
McKay sewing machine association	139
C. F. Thompson	140

It will be seen by this table that the popularity of the Singer machines far exceeds that of all others, their sale being one-half greater than even that of the famous "Wheeler & Wilson" machine. This is owing to the fact that the Singer company have lately commenced making, besides their old and well-established manufacturing machine, what is known as their "New Family Machine," which is selling at the rate of nine to one better than their old style. Their total sales for 1869 were 86,781 machines against the 127,833 of 1870, showing an increase of one-half in the latter year.—*New York Sun.*

From the sworn returns made to the owners of the valuable sewing machine patents, it appears that the sales of the Singer manufacturing company, for the year 1870, are over *forty thousand* in excess of those of 1869, which were 86,781; and they claim the sale during 1870 of over forty-four thousand more machines than that of any other company. Their "NEW FAMILY MACHINE" would seem to be as great a favorite for family sewing as their manufacturing machine has long been for manufacturing purposes.—*New York Evening Post.*

The Singer manufacturing company report sales of 127,833 machines in 1870 against 86,281 in 1869, showing a gain of 41,052, mainly in the sale of what is Known as the "New Family Machine"—*New York Tribune.*

NEVER PUT OFF TILL TO-MORROW what you can do to-day. Call at the *Enterprise* office and pay what you owe on subscription. Immediate attention to this is requested by the Publisher. MAT D. BLOSSER.

To-Day's Notices.

FOR SALE, OR TO RENT.

THE FARMER'S HOTEL,

In this Village,

It is Centrally Located,

Having good accommodations. For further particulars enquire of HENRY YOUNGHANS, Prop'r.

Manchester, Aug. 7th, 1872. 253

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership of Dorey & Moore is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties. Those who are indebted to us are most respectfully requested to call and settle, as our books will be closed.

D. DOREY, D. T. MOORE.

Manchester, Aug. 1st. 1872

The firm will hereafter be known as Dorey, Moore & Co., who are now receiving the largest and best stock of lumber ever brought to this market. 253-256

BUY NONE OTHER THAN

The NEW BUCKEYES

They are conceded to be the best. also Fallow Cultivators, for sale by

255 L. H. WEIR & SON.

A WANT SUPPLIED!

A First-class Meat Market

IN MANCHESTER,

Where you can get the best cuts of

Fresh & Salt Meats

Salt Fish, Sugar and Country-cured Hams, Dried Beef, &c.

POULTRY!

Chickens and other Fowls always on hand.

Be sure and call on us and we will give you what you want.

Market on Ann Arbor Street, next door to Dr. Dr. Conklin's Office.

S. & W. MERRITHEW.

August 1st. 1872. 253

Rail Road Guide.

L. S. & M. S. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GOING SOUTH.

	mail.	exp.	freight
Jackson, dep	7:10 A. M.	2:15 P. M.	1:16 A. M.
Manchester	8:10	3:15	11:15 P. M.
Adrian, arrive	9:30	4:35	
Toledo, "	10:35	5:35	
Buffalo	10:05	5:05	
Detroit,	12:20	1:30	

GOING NORTH.

	mail.	exp.	freight
Detroit, dep	6:00 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	
Toledo, "	10:55 A. M.	8:00	
Adrian, "	12:01	9:10 P. M.	
Manchester	1:15 P. M.	10:10	1:15
Jackson, arrive	2:15	11:15	3:35 P. M.

Trains run on Cleveland time which is 3 minutes faster than town time.

Trains connect at Adrian and Lenawee Junction with those going East, West and South. Also, at Jackson for the East, West and North.

CHARLES PAINE, Sup't.

T. C. MONTGOMERY, Station Agent.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE & INDIANA, AND DETROIT, EEL RIVER & ILLINOIS RAILROADS.

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Express.	Freight.
Detroit, leave	7 00 A. M.	5 50 P. M.	
Ypsilanti	8 25	7 25	12 45
Saline	9 10	7 56	1 40 P. M.
Bridgewater	9 28	8 12	2 07
Manchester	9 47	8 30	2 40
Watkins	10 00	8 45	3 05
Brooklyn	10 17	9 00	3 35
Hillsdale	11 25	10 05	5 37
Indianapolis, Ar.	10 15 P. M.	7 30 A. M.	

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Express.	Freight.
Indianapolis, Le.	5 00 A. M.	8 00 P. M.	
Hillsdale	3 02 P. M.	7 20 A. M.	5 25 A. M.
Brooklyn	4 13	8 34	7 20
Watkins	4 28	8 50	7 45
Manchester	4 43	9 07	8 15
Bridgewater	5 01	9 28	8 40
Saline	5 20	9 45	9 25
Ypsilanti	6 00	10 20	10 35
Detroit, Ar	7 00 P. M.	11 30	

H. C. GOODELL, Sup't.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD, July 22d, 1872.

MAIL—Leaves Detroit 7 00 a. m.; Ypsilanti 8 50; Jackson 10 50; arrives at Chicago 8 45 p. m.

DAY EXPRESS—Leaves Detroit 9.20 a. m.; Ypsilanti 10 25; Jackson 11 55; arrive Chicago 7 30 p. m.

DEXTER ACCOM.—Leaves Detroit 4 05 p. m.; Ypsilanti 5 32.

EVENING EXPRESS—Leaves Detroit 5 50 p. m.; Ypsilanti 7 17; Jackson 9 35; arrive Chicago 6 30 a. m.

KAL. ACCOM.—Leaves Detroit 8 15 p. m.; Ypsilanti 9 48; Jackson 1 00; arrive Chicago 10 20 a. m.

PACIFIC EX.—Leaves Detroit 9 45 p. m.; Ypsilanti 10 48; Jackson 12 15 a. m.; arrive Chicago 7 30 a. m.

ATLANTIC EX.—Leaves Chicago 5 15 p. m.; Jackson 12 35 a. m.; Ypsilanti 2 22; arrive Detroit 3 35

NIGHT EX.—Leaves Chicago 9 06 p. m.; Jackson 4 40 a. m.; Ypsilanti 6 20; arrive Detroit 7 25.

JACKSON ACCOM.—Leaves Ypsilanti 7 30 a. m.; arrive at Detroit 8 45.

DETROIT EX.—Leaves Jackson 8 10 a. m.; Ypsilanti 10 20; arrive Detroit 11 30.

MAIL—Leaves Chicago 5 00 a. m.; Jackson 3 55 p. m.; Ypsilanti 5 08; arrive Detroit 6 25.

DAY EX.—Leaves Chicago 8 30 a. m.; Jackson 4 50 p. m.; Ypsilanti 6 00; arrive at Detroit 7 00.

The Atlantic and Pacific Express run between Jackson and Niles on the Air Lines.

H. E. SARGENT, Supt.

FORT WAYNE, JACKSON & SAGINAW RAILROAD.

The most direct route to Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all Points in South and Southwest.

Trains are Run by Chicago Time.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Express.	Angola Acc.
Jackson	7:15 A. M.	4:40 P. M.	12:10 P. M.
Hanover	7:54	5:20	12:49
Jonesville	8:25	5:50	1:20
Reading	9:03	6:18	
Fremont	9:32	6:55	
Angola	9:53	7:25	
Pleasant Lake	10:06	7:47	
Summit	10:17	7:59	
Waterloo	10:33	8:13	
Auburn	10:47	8:29	
Fort Wayne	11:45	9:25	
Indianapolis	6:00 P. M.	10:30 A. M.	
Cincinnati	8:50	6:50	
Louisville	10:55	10:45 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	Angola Acc.	Express.	Mail.
Louisville		9:10 A. M.	10:25 P. M.
Cincinnati			8:00
Indianapolis		4:00 P. M.	10:10
Fort Wayne		7:05 A. M.	4:22
Auburn		8:00	5:22
Waterloo		8:13	5:37
Summit		8:27	5:52
Pleasant Lake		8:38	6:03
Angola		8:50	6:15
Fremont		9:05	6:35
Reading		9:46	6:55
Jonesville	3:15 P. M.	10:18	7:32
Hanover	3:36	10:50	8:02
Jackson	4:15	11:30	9:10

At Jackson—Close connections are made with Michigan Central, Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw, and Grand River Valley Railroads.

At Jonesville—With Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.

At Waterloo—With Lake Shore & Michigan Southern (Air Line).

At Fort Wayne—With Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago; Toledo, Wabash & Western, and Ft. Wayne, Muncie & Cincinnati Railroads.

W. A. ERNST, Supt.

ROB'T RILLIE, Gen'l Ticket Agt.

Village & Country.

HARVEST DANCE.—Chas. Vogel will give a dance at the Silver Lake House, Freedom, on Thursday Sept. 5th, 1872. Music by the Detroit String Band.—Everybody are invited. Bill, $1,50.

THE BAND STAND.—We notice that the stand so much talked of is built—but whether it is completed or not we don't know. The band occupied it on Saturday evening, and their music was indeed "high toned."

SOMETHING USEFUL.—Dawes Brothers have now the right to use Cooper's Patent Elastic Bucket Chain Pump in this section of country, and are prepared to put in pumps for any one wishing them, on short notice.

SELLING OFF.—They are actually selling goods very cheap at the Banner Store. People who have bought goods there say their figures are down to hard times prices. If you don't believe it go and see for yourself.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The next meeting of the course of Union Meetings will be held Monday evening, Sept. 2d., at the Universalist church. Rev W. W. Washburn and Byron Porter, Esq., will address the meeting. Mr. Gragg will lead the singing.

NEW SAFE.—Mack, Schmid & Co., have just put a large, new, Burglar and Fire Proof Safe into their German American Bank. It is one of Diebold & Kinzie, (Canton, Ohio,) make, and weighs 7000 pounds. It is as beautiful as it is strong. Step in and see it.

GOOD ADVICE.—Parties having residences to insure will save from 10 to 25 per cent in cost by calling on W. S. Stowell, the local agent of the Watertown Fire. It insures nothing more hazzardous than private dwellings and their contents, and barns attached. The best of city references given.

GREELEY MEETING.—The numerous friends of Philosopher, Doctor, or Farmer Greeley, will meet at Goodyear's Hall on Saturday evening, Aug. 31st., and listen to speeches by R. E. Frazer and L. D. Burch. They will also organize a Greeley & Brown Club, and all who wish to wear a white hat should be present.

A CARD. My creditors are calling on me daily for their pay. I therefore very earnestly request all these having notes and accounts with the undersigned to come and settle at once, because I must have my pay, or will have to make costs unless you come forward and help me out. I. L. CLARKSON.

Manchester, July 31st. '72.

HOOK AND LADDER.—We have been requested by a number of our citizens to request the Common Council to remove the Hook and Ladder trucks from the place where it has stood for the past year, to some other locality, as it is showing partiality to that part of the village.—Other sections need protection. Please give this a hearing at your next meeting.

RAIN.—It did rain on Monday, and it came down as if angry at us for grumbling because it did not come before. It raised the water in the cisterns and also in some of our cellars, but it failed to have an effect upon the appearance of the river more than to streak it up with muddy stripes. The farmers want a good long soaking rain and we hope they will get it.

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.—Mack & Schmid, at the Banner Store, are offering goods for the next thirty days at greatly reduced prices. They are making preparations to go east as soon as all the most desirable styles of goods can be found in market, which will be early in September. Their fall stock is to be more comple than ever and in order to make room they will sell very cheap. Give them a call.

BALANCE WHEEL BURST.—About six o'clock on Saturday afternoon the large balance wheel belonging to the engine of the Paper Mill at East Manchester, burst, throwing the pieces about in a very careless manner. The wheel was put together in sections and the cause of the accident is probably attributable to some one of them which were not properly tightened. Some of the pieces passed through the upper story of the Flouring Mill and demolished about fifty barrels. Luckily, no one was near enough to get hurt. Everything is put together again and the engine is running.

Kirchgessner will build a three story brick building where his Bakery now stands, next year.

GRAND PIC NIC.

GRAND DAY FOR PLEASURE.

DANCE IN THE EVENING.

Tuesday, Sept. 3d., 1872.

The Manchester Brass Band will give a Pic Nic at the beautiful grove of J. D. Kief's Medicinal Springs Water Cure, in this village on Tuesday, Sept 3d. The Band have invited the following bands to participate in the festivities of the day:

Ypsilanti Brass Band.
Adrian Opera House Band.
Tecumseh Cornet Band.
Saline Brass Band.
Chelsea Brass Band.
Jackson City Band.

The proprietor of the Springs has put the Grove in excellent condition, and a foot-bridge has been built across the river.

Refreshments will be served on the grounds in the afternoon.

The Manchester Band will receive each visiting band at the depot and escort them to the grove.

A grand Street parade will take place about 7 o'clock P. M., when the Bands will march to Goodyear's Hall, where a grand dance will be given.

The object of this pic nic and dance is to procure money to buy uniforms for the members of the band. This should be liberally patronized. The band have supplied a want long felt in this village, and although but recently organized they will compare favorably with any in the State.

Let us make this a day of pleasure and enjoyment. We have not had a celebration or even a pic nic in town for a long time, now let us all repair to the grove and make this a day long to be remembered. The farmers and their families residing in the surrounding country are cordially invited to lay aside their work and come and enjoy themselves.—We know that we shall all feel better for it. Fifty cents, or a dollar, spent in this way will not be felt by you, while it will help the boys in securing their uniforms.

The Band have rendered valuable aid to the various churches of this village while holding their festivals and the boys feel that the members of these societies should do their utmost to make this attempt a success. We need not mention the many favors conferred by the band upon our village in general, as they are well known to most of our readers, and we trust that they will receive generous support from ALL.

Every business man in town should turn out and assist them—take your whole family and go.

We understand that the boys have not received money enough from their services, thus far, to pay their leader and for music, but have been obliged to pay it out of their own pockets.

We for one most earnestly desire ALL our people, both in and out of town, to attend this pic nic. Make up your minds to go and assist.

Dinner tickets 50 cents. Admission to the grove, free.

A SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—As a freight train was coming north on the L. S. & M. S. Railroad on Monday, while near River Raisin a car door fell off and striking upon the ground it revolved with great rapidity. Seated on a platform car some ways behind, were Sumner VanDegrift, a young lad of this village, and his cousin Chalie, who was a brakeman on the train. As the car came up the door swung around and struck Charlie on the leg crushing it in a fearful manner. It also hit the boy on the foot but did not hurt him much. The boy signaled the engineer and the train was stopped, but as the Express was expected along every minute it was necessary to leave him in charge of the conductor, Curtis, and proceed to this station. The express picked him up and brought them to this village. The limb was examined and found to be crushed very badly, but it is thought that it will not have to be amputated. He is attended by Dr's. Kenrble of Adrian, and Tuttle, of Clinton.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—Now that school days are near at hand people are anxious to know what books are to be used, and where they can be found. VanDuyn, Lynch & Co., have a full line of books needed in our Union and districts schools, together with a more complete assortment of Stationery, than have ever been offered to our people. Their stock of Legal, Cap, Letter, Note, French and Tinted papers, Pens, Pencils, Inks, etc., is unusually large. They have a patent rubber cushion noiseless slate that demands your attention. Give them a call.

RIDING PARK.—We regret exceedingly that our space forbids us giving an extended report of the meeting of parties interested in this enterprise, this week. Suffice to say, the meeting adjourned to Monday evening Sept. 2d., at Palmer's office. We shall give full particulars next week. All interested go and hear.

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—As Wm. Davis, a brakeman on the D. H. & I. Railroad, was coupling cars at North Adams on Monday last, he was caught between a projecting saw-log and the platform of the caboose. No bones were broken, but the left lung was so crushed that the air was pressed out between the ribs into the muscular tissue of his back. There are some prospects of his recovery. Dr. E. N. Palmer of Brooklyn, (formerly of this village) is attending him.

RUN AWAY.—On Tuesday afternoon as Mr. Van Horn stepped into the Red Bird meat market to get some meat, his horses which he left unhitched, started off on a run. As they crossed Exchange Place they turned west and ran up the street, upsetting the wagon in which was a bran new $40 cook-stove, etc., and leaving the contents broken in a thousand pieces laying on the stone pavement. The wagon wheels turned back into place and away they went. The horses attempted to turn into the Baptist church yard but a tree came between them and they stopped.

THE ALDINE.

The ALDINE for September is a remarkably meritorious number, both as regards its artistic and literary attractions. "Moonlight on the Hudson," drawn by Paul Dixon, and engraved by Bogert, is a specimen of which lovers of American Art may well be proud. The scene appears to have been chosen just above the Highlands, probably between there and Poughkeepsie; and the artists have performed their respective parts with a harmony of feeling resulting in one of the most splendid and truthful effects that it ever has been our good fortune to see. The other full-page cut, "Wood Ducks" by Gilbert Burling, is a most charming glimpse of nature; and the loving care displayed in the minutest details of gorgeous plumage and profuse vegetation, stamps the draughtsman as an enthusiast peculiarly fitted for the subject. Those who were delighted with the Newfoundland Dog, in the March number, will be equally pleased with Mr. Thayer's tarrior "Playing Sick," and the companion, in which the poor invalid is galvanized into life, asking "Who said Rats?" "Wattering Cattle," by Peter Moran; "Little Emily," by John S. Davis; "Lais Corinthaica," after Holbein, with several smaller designs, go to make up what we feel justified in pronouncing one of the most remarkable issues of the most remarkable of all periodicals. The poetry and literature is as fresh and crisp as ever. For interest and ornament it will have no rival, when, at the close of the year, it is bound and laid upon the parlor or library table—it will indeed be a royal volume. Subscription (including Oil Chromo), $5,00. James Sutton & Co., Publishers, 58 Maiden Lane, New York.

We notice that they have a large whistle on the new paper mill.

Conrad Lehn intends building a three story brick on Exchange Place, next spring.

A full assortment of infant and childrens shoes at Mack & Schmid.

Call at L. H. Weir & Sons' and examine their splendid stock of Guns, and Pistols, they are unequalled in quality and price.

Farmers and others, will be pleased to learn that they can buy the best fine Salt for $2,25 per barrel at the Banner Store.

Just received at L. H. Weir & Son's one price Hardware, an assortment of Remington & Son's Self Cocking Revolvers.

Any person wishing to buy a Singer Sewing machine can find a good one and get a good bargain by calling at this office.

If you want a Japanese Silk, Poplin, or Percale Dress, you can buy it the cheapest at the Banner Store.

Five more cases of those celebrated Mens' Kip Boots just received by S. H. Perkins & Son.

Twenty cases of Boots & Shoes, newest styles, just received at the Banner Store.

L. H. Weir & Son have a new advertisement on the 4th page.

Initial Note Paper for sale at the News Depot, at 25 cents.

For Pure Paints and Oils go to Rose & Bruegel's.