THE ENTERPRISE.
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by the
Manchester PRINTING Company.
Terms, $2,00 per Annum, in Advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

M. S. & N. I. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Michigan State Fair.

The twentieth Annual Fair of the Michigan State Agricultural Society is to be held on the Hamtrack grounds, at Detroit, Sept. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Very liberal premiums are offered in all classes and as the time of the Fair is arranged with reference to the Ohio State Fair at Toledo, and the Ontario Provincial Fair at Hamilton, both of which are to be held the succeeding week, at points very accessible from Detroit, a large display is to be expected. A copy of the Premium List, with full particulars as to entries, etc., can be had by addressing the Secretary, R. F. Johnstone, 130 Jefferson avenue, Detroit, at whose office entries may be made up to the first day of the Fair. During that day they may be made at his office on the grounds.—Half fare on the Michigan Southern Railroad.

UNION SCHOOL.—The fall term of the Manchester Union School will open on Monday Sept. 7th, at 9 A. M., under the direction of Prof. Eugene C. Olney as Principal, and a competent corps of assistants. We shall endeavor to accommodate in the several Departments all Foreign Pupils, who may desire to attend, by furnishing as far as practicable instruction in such branches as they may wish to pursue. Tuition is fixed at $5 in the High School and Grammar Departments, and $4 in the other Departments, for the fall term, and at corresponding rates for the other terms. Said tuition to be paid to the Principal invariably in advance. Let all pupils who propose attending be present at the opening.
D. CORRY, Director.

A PAPER MILL.—Mr. Pusey, of Dundee, paid our village a flying visit Monday last, in search of a mill site. He is a practical paper maker and machinist, and desires to erect a $20,000 mill. He will dispose of his interest east and take $10,000 stock in the mill he proposes to build in this village. Will our citizens take the remaining $10,000? The demand for news, tea and wrapping papers exceeds the supply, and always will. The benefits arising from a mill of this kind in our growing village are not fully appreciated by citizens at large, however. Mr. Pusey received liberal encouragement while here, and requested us to say that he would meet those interested, at the Enterprise Office, Tuesday Evening next. Tecumseh, Clinton and Norvell each offer inducements for the location of this mill. We must have the mill at Manchester. Turn out Tuesday evening.

We understand a gentleman from Adrian has purchased ground and will establish a carriage factory upon it.—A German from Monroe has purchase a site and will establish a Lager Brewery.

☞ The fellow whom Doctors Ann Arbor COURIER is the most abominable judge of worms we know of in the west. He delights in prescribing by newspaper and pamphlet, and really considers himself a genuine physicist. Guess he is, at least his style of conducting a printing office is enough to physic "the devil." Friend (?) if you wish to "resort to Manchester for amusement" just consider yourself a Mayor and a Tanner, purchase a temperance badge, secure a medicine tract in your bosom, and sail over here. We will endeavor to show you how people "resort" on the Raisin, or, in other words, how worms "ausgespielt" over a beautiful bar. Brother, should you squirm, in your 5th ward, don't forget that you are generally considered one grand-steam-bound-printed-physician, liable to worm-i-fuge most any time. Should your whole editorial corps take notion to squirm at the same time, try a "Butler Cocktail," viz: Stir sweet water with a spoon, squint one eye, gulp it down, and put the spoon in your pocket.

☞ The examination of teachers in this county will be held during the month of October. Superintendent Pierce will be at the Union School house Friday Oct. 23d.

☞ The Philadelphia Bulletin, which is printed upon paper made of wood, states that in the boat races upon the Schuylkill, some of the skiffs used were built of paper. Fifty years ago the man who would have ventured to foretell the use of paper row-boats and newspapers made of wood, would have been deemed a fit subject for an insane asylum.

THE RIVULET.

GROWING OLD.

We are all growing old but the feelings different thoughts in different people. Some grudgingly number their hold upon the passing years, others view the approaching end with complacency, if not with joy. We do not feel that it is a sad thing to grow old. As we go forward and meet the years each is a messenger that tells us a pleasant story of the land to which we have taken up our pilgrimage, and though we may not lay hands upon them and detain them, yet they endear us with sweet thoughts and pleasant memories, that clothe each coming messenger in halo-like garments of smiles and beauty. The journey of life is but short, but it is long enough to teach us the littleness and frailness of things earthly, and that our earthly tabernacle is far too narrow to hold in thrall that invisible fire of mortality that pulses through our being, or even permit it to shine forth in that brilliancy that it so much longs for. Life is beautiful, but it is only beautiful as a panorama that moves on to the final climax when the curtains of eternity are drawn, and the marvelous beauty of the universe opens with its endless vistas of glory upon our enlarged sight, and the dreams of the past are paled from view in the blaze of the never ending Present. The sword and the toy make up the sum of our existence, for the old and young are nearest heaven. Frolicking childhood and silver age walk hand in hand, and laugh at the gamboling lamb and make pretty speeches to the bright birds and butterflies, for the veil of Time is but a midst to the right and to the left of them, and Love and innocence stand, like cherubs by the cradle and the grave. It is only when we are among the tropical clouds of the Middle Passage of life that we utterly forget the emblems of innocence and turn the edge of the sword against the unwarring armies of Beauty. And this we do out of very blindness, for when we pass the mountain summit and go down the gentle plain toward the gold and amethyst pillars of the sunset, we cast the sword behind us and reach forth for the flowers that we would beckon us onward.

THIS AND NOW.—Dr. Franklin described the farmer's condition in 1776 as follows:

Farmer at the plow,
Wife milking cow,
Daughter spinning yarn,
Sons threshing in the barn—
All happy to a charm.

☞ If John is "politically like Byron" we should like to know if Sir Byron is just about as radical as Ben. Butler, except the latters propensity for "bagging spoons." The comparison puts either John or Byron in a tight spot. Which is it George? and which owes you one?—ARGUS.

John or Byron like Ben! What a comparison! It is not natural—they both say so. Either have you gone into the campaign? If so, "bag a spoon" and allow these two gentlemen to shake hands with every man, woman and child in the county. A cassette says you owe us one.—When shall we three meet again?

CAMPAIGN DANCE.—Cards of invitation have been issued for a campaign dance, irrespective of party, at Goodyear's Hall, Friday Evening, Sept. 4th. Music by Grant & Kings band of Chelsea. Dr. Conklin will have charge of the floor and Messrs. Hewitt & Westfall are general managers of the party. The campaign is fairly open; both parties are attending political meetings with banners expressing their genuine sympathies—and why not dance? Hewitt & Westfall represent the interests of both parties and propose to dance it out on Henry's platform. Bill, $3.00.

PERSONAL.—G. R. Palmer, Esq., is settled "on the hill," and may now be found during the business hours of the day, and until 9 o'clock P. M., at his office to attend to the wants of his clients. We notice our old friend, E. W. Stewart with Mr. P., who will attend to the business of the office during his absence.

SOME SMOKE.—Two gentlemen sent us a beautiful pipe inclosed in a neat little box. A bag of choice tobacco accompanied the pipe. Friends if you wish to enjoy a genuine smoke, call at our sanctum. Come before Congress meets, in all probability they will slap another infernal stamp on the weed. If they do, "we are smoked out." Messrs. Coon & Morey still continue to sell anything usually found at a grocery store, and at the same time, they propose to buy everything, and keep pipes and tobacco. They are "in business" and you can't smoke 'em out. Try tea at $1.00.

☞ A large Eagle were shipped east on Wednesday, but as to ... we naturally conclude that ...

☞ It will be remembered that Dr. G. Copway, or Kah-ge-ga-gah-bowh, the celebrated Indian Doctor, of whom we ... the middle of the winter. ... He treats the following cases with great success: Neuralgia, Female Complaints in particular, and he also makes a specialty of all Chronic Diseases such as Rheumatism, Scrofula and diseases that cause eruptions of the body and skin. He will be at Tecumseh Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays, and at Manchester Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, remaining here until ... Call at the Manchester House. Dr. G. Copway.

LOST.—On Tuesday last, a memorandum book containing ... and a small amount of money. Please return ... leave the book at the Enterprise office ...

NOTICE.—Whereas my wife Jennie, has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, therefore this notice is to forbid any person trusting or harboring her on my account, as I will not pay debts contracted by her after this date.
WM. DAVIS.
Manchester, Sept. 27th, 1867.

Home Market.

Administrator's Sale.

The Campaign Dance.
YOURSELF AND LADY ARE INVITED.
At Goodyear's Hall, Manchester, Mich.
FRIDAY, SEPT. 4th, 1868.
Music by Grant & King's Band.
Bill $3,00. Hewitt & Westfall, Managers.

HOUSE, SIGN, & DECORATIVE PAINTING.
Banners, Flags, Designs, &c.

DR. O. KRAUSE,
German Physician & Surgeon
MANCHESTER, MICH.

The Law of Newspapers.

Farm for Sale.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!

Farm for Sale!
160 ACRES ...

Special Notice!

PAINTS for FARMERS and others.

HOAG & BILLS,
MANUFACTURERS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Boots and Shoes.

NEW FIRM!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

—1868—

A. H. MILLER,
(Successor to Miller & Webb.)

DEALER IN

Agricultural Implements,

House Trimmings, Tools,

HARDWARE, STOVES, IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

CUTLERY.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron,
Constantly on hand and Manufactured to Order.

MANCHESTER
Woolen Factory!
—1868—
Messrs. Porter Jaynes & Sons,
take pleasure in saying to those who patronize
Home Industry!
"WARRANTEED GOODS."
One Price!
—AND—
"MICHIGAN WOOL,"
And they intend to ...
HURRAH! FOR WOOL.
PORTER, JAYNES & SONS.

The Farmer's Mills!
Want Good Work Done.
Give Us a Call, and
But Git Back! You Old Millers.
WM. H. BROWN.

ATTENTION! FARMERS!!
Did You Know it? What?
J. S. REYNOLDS,
has just completed an Important Improvement in The Southern Washtenaw Mills, by putting in a complete set of
CUSTOM MACHINERY,
And I invite All My Old Customers to call and test it for themselves.
CUSTOM GRINDING, To Making GOOD Flour.
It is my desire to send
Joy to Every Household.
Bring Good Clean Wheat and I will
WARRANT SATISFACTION.
The Custom Grinding will be under the direction of
Mr. H. BLAISDELL,
who in the Old Mills at East Manchester that he knows how to suit all.

"RECONSTRUCTION"
Now an Easy matter by using

WHITE
Pine Lumber.
SPAFARD & ROBISON.

Spring Goods, 1868.
FRESH ARRIVALS
Every week at
G. W. DOTY'S
NEW BRICK STORE!
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS,
Caps & Notions.
Ready Made Clothing, Wall Paper
Looking Glasses, Confectionery
—AND—
Patent Medicines.
I offer the above goods at prices to suit the times.
Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for goods at the highest market price. Call and See.

MANCHESTER
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE
SHOP!
Iron and Wood.
Scroll Sawing, &c.
I keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Rollers, and other Agricultural Implements. A first class
Blacksmith Shop.
... DICKERSON.

WHO DISPUTES IT?
WHAT?
That $1.00 buys more Groceries of a superior quality at
COON AND MOREY'S
GROCERY
AND
TOBACCO STORE
than at any other place in town.
FARMERS AND TOWNSMEN!
TEAS,
Teas, T's, Teas.
WE MAKE TEAS a Great Specialty.
COME AND SEE THEM.
TO CONSUMERS OF TOBACCO!
N. B. We Guarantee our Goods to suit Purchasers, if they do not, Bring them back and get your money.
We pay the highest market price in Trade or
CASH FOR FARM PRODUCE!
SIGN OF "THE WILD INDIAN".
Manchester, March 27th. COON & MOREY.

STILL THEY COME!
HENRY YUNGHANS,
Carriage Trimmer & Upholster,
Has located in this Village ...

JOSEPH OTTMAR,
Dealer in
The Latest Styles of
HARNESS,
Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets, &c.
One Door West of the Post Office.

THE SUCCESS
of the One Dollar Sale a Revolution in Trade.
PATRONIZE THE BEST!
GUARANTEE SATISFACTION
One Dollar Each
THE LADIES
EASTMAN & KENDALL,
65 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

Mortgage Sale.
ALFRED C. TORREY.
G. R. PALMER, Attorney for Assignee.

EUREKA
BILLIARD HALL.
MANCHESTER, MICH.
THE PROPRIETORS HAVE FITTED UP the basement of Goodyear's New Block, in the
Latest Modern Style,
Three NEW Tables!
Manufactured by O. D. Benjamin, Toledo.
—and—
The Best Bar in the State!
G. R. SHERWOOD & CO.

O SING TO ME ALLIE!
Every one owning a Piano, Organ, or Melodeon should order the following music.

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

VOLUME 1. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 3, 1868. NUMBER 48.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.
PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. J. Gordon Jones.
BAPTIST.—Rev. W. Tilley.
UNIVERSALIST.

SOCIETIES.
I. O. of G. T.—The Manchester Lodge ... every Friday Evening in their hall at ... All members in good standing are invited.
DAVID INGRAHAM, W. C. T.
G. R. PALMER, W. S.
LITERARY and Lecture Association.—Meet at Underkercher's Hall, every Tuesday Evening at 7 o'clock. The public are invited to attend.
ABR. AMBREY, Sec'y. G. R. PALMER, Pres't.
MASONIC CALENDER.—Regular communications of Manchester Lodge, No. 148, of F. & A. M., will be held on Monday Evenings on or preceding each full moon.
MERIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 48.
MANCHESTER LODGE OF THE EASTERN STAR.
ADONIRAM COUNCIL No. 24.
IRA C. HAINEY, Sec't.

G. R. PALMER,
Attorney at Law
Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public.
Office—Goodyear's Block, MANCHESTER.

MUNSON GOODYEAR,
Justice of the Peace,
Goodyear's Block, Manchester, Mich.

ANDREW ROBISON,
Conveyancer and Notary Public,
SHARON, (near Manchester P. O.) MICHIGAN.

J. D. VANDUYN,
Conveyancer and Notary Public,
Manchester, Michigan.

J. D. COREY,
Conveyancer and Notary Public,
Manchester, Michigan.

SURGEON DENTIST!
Dr. E. HUNTER,
Office in Underkercher's Brick Block, Manchester.
Particular Attention
Given to Filling and Preserving Natural Teeth. Children's teeth will receive Special Care. Extracts Teeth without pain and without the use of
CHLOROFORM.
All operations in Dentistry performed upon the most Approved Methods
AND WARRANTED.

DENTISTRY!
W. S. STOWELL,
Manchester, Michigan.
One Door East of Bessac & Son's Store, up stairs, is prepared to do all branches in his profession, in the latest style.

M. E. MUNGER, M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office at his residence.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

J. E. SELFE, M. D.
Physician & Surgeon,
Office—Goodyear's Block.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

A. FAUSEL,
PRACTICAL
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
Opposite the Post Office, Manchester.
Gold, Silver and Hair Jewelry, made to Order. Repairing promptly and neatly done and warranted.

CHARLES YOUNGHANS,
TONSORIAL ARTIST,
Opposite the Post Office,
Manchester, Michigan.
Shaving, Shampooing, Hair-Cutting, &c.,
Neatly Executed on Short Notice.

MR. & MRS. WM. DAVIS,
CITY BARBERS,
Goodyear's Block, Manchester.
Fashionable Hair Dressers, Neat Shaving, Clean Towels and Cups.

MANCHESTER HOTEL,
Hewitt & Westfall, Proprietors.

Chas. W. VanCleet,
Of Rochester, N. Y.
Auctioneer!

Goodyear's Hall,
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.
Henry Goodyear, Prop'r.

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
SHARON MICH.
CANCERS!

CARRIAGE PAINTING!
A. G. AMSDEN.

Sheet Music at the News Depot.

VanDuyn, Lynch & Co.,
Are now offering their large and well selected Stock of Strictly Pure
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
At prices that defy competition, together with
School and Miscellaneous
BOOKS,
of every kind.
Stationery!
Our stock is complete and requires your particular attention.
BLANK BOOKS,
Slates, Pencils, &c.
GROCERIES!
Call and Examine QUALITY and Price.
D. B. DeLand & Co's, Chemical Saleratus, and R. W. Ball's Magical Soap—the best made—Constantly on Hand.
Lamps and Chimneys,
Kerosene—the Best, White Oil
PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,
VARNISH, TURPENTINE,
NAPTHA, JAPAN, &C.
CIGARS!
The best brands of Chewing and Smoking
TOBACCO.
Perfumery, Hair Restoratives, Cosmetics.
MANUFACTURERS
Of the best quality of FLAVORING EXTRACTS, Hair Oils, Cologne, Ink, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Liquid Bluing, &c.

J. A. LYNCH,
HOMEOPATHIC
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office in Drug Store.
February 18th, 1868.

C. H. NICHOLS' CHEAP STORE
CHEAP GOODS FOR READY-PAY.
SPECIAL NOTICE!
On and After July 4th, I will Sell Goods for Readypay Only.
Goods can be Sold Twenty per cent. Cheaper for Cash or Ready Pay.
Those having unsettled accounts are requested to settle without delay.
BRING ALONG YOUR PRODUCE!
CALL AND SEE C. H. NICHOLS.

Manchester, Michigan.
Unparalleled Bargains
IN
Sofas, Tables,
Rockers, Sofa Chairs, Looking-Glasses, Picture Frames,
BEDSTEADS,
Matresses, Tables, &c.,
G. & H. SMITH.

J. J. & I. L. CLARKSON
Have commenced to receive their
SPRING AND SUMMER
GOODS,
which will be, as before, the largest and most complete stock kept in Manchester.
Our facilities for buying is as good if not better, than any House in the City, and therefore are able and willing to give our customers Good Bargains.
We call your Special Attention to our full line of
READY MADE CLOTHING.
We extend a general invitation to the Citizens of Manchester and vicinity, to call and examine our Goods before making your purchases.
Manchester, April 1868.

Rose & Rothchild,
Dealers in
CLOTHING
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Hats and Caps, Trunks of all sizes and Prices.
Don't forget the place to buy goods Cheap.
Union Hall, Manchester, Michigan.

THE NEW BAKERY!
(OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.)
Wm. KIRCHGESSNER, Proprietor.
FRESH BREAD,
Constantly on Hand.
Fresh Candy, Nuts, Figs, &c. &c.
Meals served at all hours.

J. D. ROBBINS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
WATCHES.
Clocks, Jewelry, Yankee Notions,
STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, &c., &c.
Give me a call and I will give you satisfaction.
Tecumseh, Oct 1st, 1867.

S. W. LOCKWOOD
(successor to Stowell & Crafts)
Undertaker.
Having purchased the business of E. P. Crafts, am prepared to furnish every style of COFFINS at the Shortest Notice.
A HEARSE WILL ATTEND FUNERALS.
Manchester Oct. 12th 1867.

CARRIAGE
And Wagon Shop.
New Millinery Goods!
Dress Making a Specialty.
SPRING
MY OLD CUSTOMERS
MRS. M. WOODRUFF
Fashionable Millinery
AND DRESS-MAKING ROOMS.

LORENZO GREENMAN,
Builder and Mason,
Manchester, Michigan.

HAIGHT BROTHERS & CO.,
Are Prepared to Furnish their Customers with
The Latest and Best STYLES of Dry Goods in Market.
Call Early before the Rush commences. Fresh Goods Received Every Week.

CLARK & WEIR,
OF HARDWARE!
BALL REAPER & MOWER,
—ALSO—
THE WORLD!
FARMERS,
Three Rivers Cultivators,
The Tecumseh Horse Rakes,

LOW PRICES!
"Quick Sales & Small Profits"
Don't pay High prices for goods when
MONEY
Can be Saved
By buying at the
CHEAP STORE.
Cash!
CASH!
WILL BUY
Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Parasols, Alpacas, Summer Dress Goods, Emb'd and Hem stitched Handkerchiefs, Table Linen, Lace Collars, Lace Edging, Hosiery,
SILKS,
White Goods, Cloths, Shoes, everything cheap at
WASTELL BRO'S
Hoop skirts for Ladies only 50 cents. Corsets, only 50 cents.

Westward Ho!
From $3,000 to $4,000
IN
GROCERIES!
To be Exchanged for
CASH OR READY PAY
During the next Sixty Days.
EVERYTHING
PRODUCE!
John H. Miller.

Special Notice.
Seasoned Flooring, Decking, Siding, Also, dressed clear finishing lumber, thoroughly seasoned, planed at the new steam mill of Lewis & Parsons. Please call and examine for yourselves, at the old lumber yard of D. DOREY.
June 1st.

FOR SALE.—Two lots, No. 16 and 17, on Ann Arbor Hill, with a New Brick House and an everlasting well of water. Terms easy. Enquire of LORENZO GREENMAN.

House and Lot For Sale.
A Good Frame House, two acres of Land, young Orchard, &c., situated in the west part of the Village, near the Depot. Terms $2000.
April 9th. S. LINK.

For Sale.
THE undivided half of the Brick Block, known as Gleason's. Also, the undivided half of the two lots north and adjoining.
May 19, 1867. J. W. GLEASON.

FOR SALE.
ONE Good Horse, a single Harness, Buggy, and a Saddle, for sale cheap. Enquire of J. H. MILLER.

1868. THE 1868.
PREMIUM MILLS AT EAST MANCHESTER in running order. Having put in
NEW BOLTS
we are prepared to do work and warrant satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.
We have in our employ Mr. Esen Pratt, one of the BEST MILLERS in the state.
J. M. McLEAN.

WANTED.—TEACHERS, STUDENTS, and other intelligent Men and Women, in a business paying $100 to $200 per month, according to ability. For particulars, address
ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
Lombard Block, Chicago, Ill.

BRIDE AND BRIDEGROOM.
Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride in the institution of Marriage,—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.

A CARD TO THE LADIES!
DR. DUPONCO'S
GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,
FOR FEMALES.
Infallable in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.
ONE PILL IS A DOSE.
MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY
S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor, New York.

News Depot!
At the Millinery Rooms of
Mrs. M. WOODRUFF,
Goodyear's Block, Manchester, Mich.

HELLOA! STOP!! WALK IN!!
GRAHAM & GOODYEAR
have just received an immense stock of
Watches, Clocks & Fancy Goods.
also, the most complete assortment of rich, elegant and newest styles of
JEWELRY, SOLID SILVER WARE,
ELEGANT PLATED WARE,
FINE TABLE CUTLERY, SPECTACLES
of the first quality. A Large assortment of
TOYS!
STATIONARY, LAW BLANKS,
&c. &c. Silver Jewelry made to order. Watches & Clocks repaired by competent workmen. Watches SILVER PLATED to order.
Engraving neatly executed.
☞ Goodyear's Block, West Store.

MANCHESTER
PLANING MILLS!
We, the undersigned hold ourselves in readiness to
Dress, Match,
Scroll-Saw, Re-Saw and Turn,
WE DO
All Kind of Custom Work in our Line
on short notice. We also manufacture
Sash, Doors and Blinds
LEWIS & PARSONS.

LOOK HERE!
Are You Looking for
Money OR Goods?
If You Are, Just Step into The
One Horse Store.
I am selling Goods for Cash at Prices that will astonish all who wish to purchase.
I buy light and often, and take advantage of the decline, therefore cannot be undersold.
I believe a small profit in ready cash is better than a large profit on account, therefore I have marked my goods down to cash prices.
Calico 12½, 15 and 16 cents. Factory 14, 15 & 16 cts.
Twelve shilling Tobacco for One Dollar.
Tea, Sugar and Coffee that Can't be excelled.
The highest market price for Butter, Eggs, etc.
Nov. 21st. W. M. BAXTER.

Norway flooring—a fine article, superior to ash, for sale by Spafard & Robison.

☞ Rose & Rothchild are receiving their New Clothing at Union Hall.

TO RENT.—A dwelling house. Enquire at Graham & Goodyear's Jewelry Store.

FOR SALE.—A desirable residence, pleasantly located. For particulars enquire of Charles Weirs.

☞ The Indelible Pencil for marking linen—for sale at the News Depot.

FOR SALE.—Two village lots and one brick dwelling, pleasantly located near the union school house. Enquire at Reynold's Mills. J. ROMMEL.

TO RENT.—The rooms over G. W. Doty's store. Enquire at the store or of Frederick Kurfess.

BOARDING.—The subscriber is prepared to furnish board by the day or week, corner of Clinton and Exchange Place. Price reasonable. C. A. BABCOCK.

ARRIVED.—A large stock of choice Boots and Shoes, also, Hoop-skirts, Paper collars and cuffs, for cash, at Wastell & Bro's.

☞ Hemlock Ceiling for Granaries, rats and mice can't "chaw" through it. Just received at the Lumber Yard of Spafard & Robison.

☞ The old Gleason Meat Market is again supplying its friends with choice beef, mutton, veal, &c. They also have a large supply of ice for sale.

☞ Mr. O. Krause, a German Physician and Surgeon from Philadelphia, has located in our village, and for the present, has his office at the Farmer's Hotel. He comes west well recommended as physician and surgeon, and we are glad to learn that he has concluded to make Manchester his home.

CASH.—The subscriber would inform his patrons that the Old Style of doing business is to be done away with, and hereafter Cash is the Basis. We find that we can buy goods at less figures for Cash, and therefore can sell them less, consequently it will be for the interest of both parties to have "cash the base." I also wish to inform those having accounts upon my books, to call and settle the same immediately. A. H. MILLER.

A CARD.—Mrs. Woodruff takes this opportunity to inform those suffering from the effects of the many chronic diseases, that she has receipts and medicines that will afford them relief. Good references from persons who have received aid from these medicines, will be furnished upon application at her millinery rooms, in Goodyear's block, Manchester. Call and obtain a receipt that will restore your health.

☞ Kah-ge-ga-gah-bowh, or G. Copway, the celebrated Indian Doctor of the Ojebway nation, will be at the Manchester Hotel, Thursday, Friday and Saturdays, during July, August and September. The Doctor will be happy to meet those afflicted, and relieve their sufferings.

CASH IS THE CRY.—We respectfully inform the community at large, that the Credit Business is DEAD. We shall make no more accounts. We shall sell for cash ONLY. We also inform all those indebted to us, that we wish an early settlement of all accounts. Don't Ask for Credit. Goods cheap for cash, at Wastell Bro's.

A FACT.—I sell Tea for $1 a pound that has been pronounced better than any house in town sells for $2. I have knocked the "bottom out of prices" and will sell groceries cheaper than any man in Michigan. J. H. MILLER.

EUREKA.—One of the finest resorts for amusement has been fitted up in Goodyear's Block, by Sherwood & Middlebrook. They have three new billiard tables, manufactured by O. D. Benjamin of Toledo. Also, one French table and the Yankee air-gun. A beautiful bar stocked with best wines, liquors and cigars to be found in the market. Geo. and Gus are determined to afford a quiet place for those who love to devote an hour to pleasant recreation.

MEN OF OUR DAY.—A peculiar feature of Republican Society is the rapid advancement of men of talent and ability to positions of trust and responsibility. There are at this time, many men prominently before the American people whose career is but partially known. We read eagerly the words of counsel and cheer they speak, and catch glimpses of their lives, only to wish for a more intimate knowledge of their character, and the steps by which they have attained their present position. DR. L. P. BROCKETT, the popular Biographical Editor of Appleton's Cyclopedia, has prepared concise and interesting biographies of some fifty or more of these men, including all the more prominent Statesmen, Generals, Financiers and Philanthropists of the country. The work has just issued from the press, and is a model of the art of book making.
The work is sold only by canvassers, and intelligent men and women are wanted in every county, to whom the most liberal inducements are offered.
ZEIGLER, McCURDY & Co., Pub's,
Chicago, Illinois.

THE LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM EUROPE.

Another Yacht Race to Come Off.

Diplomatic Correspondence Between France and Spain.

Great Fires in the Woods of Canada.

A Fenian Pic-Nic to be Suppressed.

FROM EUROPE—BY THE CABLE.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—The *Presse*, referring to the recent enthusiastic cheering on Farragut's flagship for America and Russia, on the occasion of the reception of the Turkish minister at Constantinople, says the representatives of other foreign powers have construed this partiality for Russia into a slight of their country, and the *Presse* thinks the envoys there are right, and desires an explanation.

Girgenti, special envoy from Madrid, arrived to-day, and had an interview with the Emperor. It is rumored that the object of his mission is to bring about an agreement with the Emperor, and that in the event of a European war, Spain will send a fleet and troops to Rome, in return for which the French army will be used to sustain the reigning dynasty of Spain, should she be attacked.

DUBLIN, Aug. 31.—Mason Jones, Liberal candidate for Parliament from Queens county, has been obliged to retire from the contest in consequence of reports, supported by the nation, of his administration for Garibaldi. The *Irishman* and *Irish Times* censures this intolerance.

LISBON, Aug. 31.—The Portuguese Cortes has been prorogued.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The American yacht Sappho has challenged the English yacht Aline, which has been accepted. The Cambria, which won the late race, has gone to Spain for some time, and consequently the Aline was challenged, the latter having been but a short distance behind the Cambria.

The proposed champion fight between Harry Allen and Joe Gross may be regarded as off. Allen has been arrested, and bound over to keep the peace for one year.

Accounts from Paraguayan sources deny the recent report of a conspiracy in that country.

CORK, Aug. 31.—The corporation of Cork has passed unanimously a resolve urging the release of all Fenian prisoners.

MADRID, Aug. 31.—The resignation of Alexander Decastre, Minister to Rome, has been accepted.

HAMBURG, Aug. 31.—Prince Napoleon has arrived here on board his yacht, and has made visits to Altona and Lubeck, and intends to sail this week for the Weser. The Prince preserves strict incognito on shore.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The debt statement cannot be prepared for publication until Saturday or Monday next. It will show some increase, mainly attributed to payment for the purchase of Alaska.

The receipts for customs for the month have been comparatively large.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The Turner festival, embracing delegations from this vicinity, Boston, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, Nashville, Richmond, Savannah, and a large number of other cities, is in full blast at Morrisania. Gen. Sigel is to deliver an address.

At the session of the Fenian Convention, on Sunday, President Savage delivered an address urging members to vote for Democrats or Republicans in the coming political campaign who were favorable to the Fenian cause. He then insisted upon resigning, and his resignation was accepted. Subsequently a union of the Savage wings of Fenians was effected, and they met as one body. A new constitution was adopted at last night's session, and the body remained in session till after 1 o'clock this morning.

All cattle arriving are healthy.

A bale of new gulf cotton, unusually long-staple, sold to-day at 50 cents for shipment to Havre.

A gentleman had his pocket picked of $100 at John Allen's prayer meeting to-day.

The authors of the Broadway Theatre outrage were to-day admitted to bail in the sum of $15,000 each, as the sufferers are probably out of danger.

FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 31.—On Monday last the sheriff of Twiggs county, Georgia, had occasion, with a posse, to arrest several negroes engaged in the riot the week previous. One negro, attempting to escape, was killed, and the rest gave themselves up. A great many others, not engaged in the riot, gave themselves up, being apprehensive that the whites intended to kill them. They stated that one Jeff Long, a negro, was their district commander, and they were under his orders, he being an officer of the loyal league.

FROM COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 31.—Motions were introduced in the Legislature to-day looking to an adjournment.

The Governor to-day issued a circular relative to armed organization and introducing arms into the State. He disapproves of both, and calls on all persons to keep the peace. He says he will exercise all the authority for that purpose.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 31.—The Senate to-day ousted E. T. Jewell, Senator from [illegible] district of Orleans parish, and installed in his place a mulatto named Pinchback. The ground of contest was fraud in the election. The witness upon whose testimony mainly the report of the election was, has sworn to an affidavit which is published, declaring his evidence and testimony given to the election to be false from beginning to end, and that he had been influenced by the promise of reward.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 29.—A picnic is advertised to be held on Tuesday for the benefit of Whelan and other prisoners at Ottawa, and a proclamation was posted last night calling on all loyal citizens to muster on Tuesday evening and prevent this Fenian display. B. Devlin, a leading Irishman of this city, who opposed McGee last year, and who has hitherto enjoyed the reputation of being a Fenian sympathizer, has written a long letter which denounces the picnic as uncalled for, and tending to cast an imputation on Irishmen. He says it would be telegraphed over the world, and materially strengthen the Fenians, now preparing to attack Canada. He implores Irishmen to discountenance it. The affair makes intense excitement, and a riot is feared. The authorities will put down the picnic, and if possible suppress loyalist demonstrations. Fenian sympathizers are disgusted, and denounce Devlin as a traitor. Public opinion, however, is strongly in his favor.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 31.—Terrific fires have again broken out in the woods in the neighborhood of Bellewart and Sunnidale, on the Northern Railway. On Saturday the station at Sunnidale caught fire, and in a short time the entire village, embracing from 25 to 30 houses, was in ashes. The inhabitants were taken to New Lowell and are well cared for. The railway track was destroyed for nearly a mile, but was repaired, and trains ran regularly to-day. The woods are still burning, and other villages on the road are in imminent danger.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 31.—The Senate unanimously passed the resolution authorizing the Governor to issue a proclamation disbanding armed associations throughout the State. Armed negro bands exist throughout the State, and in one county have resisted the Sheriff.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.—It is reported that Lord Monck was not to return to England this summer, but be retained as Governor General some time longer.

An important witness against Whalen disappeared to-day, and is supposed to have crossed the river at Ogdensburgh.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—The great base ball match between the Athletics, of this city, and the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, took place to-day. Twenty thousand people were present. The game resulted, Athletics 18, Atlantics 8.

The gas under the basement of the United States Mint exploded this morning, blowing out the windows of the floor above. Two men were seriously injured. The fire was put out without serious damage to the building.

BENNINGTON, Vt., August 31.—More than usual interest is manifested throughout the State in the election of to-morrow. Both parties are making great exertions, and the Democrats expect a largely increased vote. The largest vote ever polled is likely to be cast. Meetings are being held almost everywhere to-night, and are fully attended.

STATE FAIR.

When and Where it Will Be Held

The twentieth annual State Fair of Michigan will be held in Detroit, at the Association Driving Park, on the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th of September, and from present indications bids fair to surpass all previous efforts of the State Agricultural Society.

ACCOMMODATIONS.

The accommodations for exhibitors are perfect, comprising ample stabling for horses, stalls for cattle, ranges of roofed pens for sheep and swine, and ample provisions for the exhibition of poultry, etc.

The buildings for the exhibition of Fine Arts, Fruits, Machinery, Agricultural Products and Machinery are commodious, and should it become apparent that the necessity exists, will be enlarged, as there is an abundance of room.

CONVENIENCE FOR VISITORS.

The convenience of visitors has been consulted, and the means of access are varied and ample, giving every one their choice between a pleasant ride upon the river or a more speedy and at the same time a dusty one by the road.

On the river a line of steamers will run at intervals of a few minutes only, from morning until night, taking passengers from Woodward avenue and landing them at the wharf at the grounds, and the fare on this line will be but a trifle.

Street cars run within a short distance of the Fair Grounds, and at the end of the track will be found a line of omnibusses and carriages ready to carry those who prefer riding to walking.

HORSES.

The lists of horses have been largely extended, and will be tested on the splendid mile track which surrounds the grounds, and which can be seen from the grand stand. The classes of fast horses will be tested on the last day, when $1,000 in special premiums will be contested for.

PREMIUM LIST.

The premium lists open to the world are not ready for publication, but amount to $12,000.

RAILROADS.

The Michigan Railroads, as usual, will carry parties to the Fair during the week at half-fare rates, and all articles and animals for the exhibition, free, on compliance with their regulations.

Half-fare tickets on the several railroads must be stamped by the Secretary of the Society, at his office on the Fair grounds, to make them valid for return.

THE PACIFIC SNOW SHEDS.—An exchange says the sheds built by the Pacific Railroad Company to protect their track from the deep snows of the Sierra Nevada, were crushed by the weight of snow that fell upon them, and that some other method of protection would have to be devised. It seems, however, that this plan of sheeding has not been abandoned. The company are now engaged in erecting sheds over the cuttings and other exposed points. They are of heavy timber frame work, with pointed gable roofs, and look as if they could withstand almost any pressure of snow. Nearly forty miles of the track will have to be thus covered, and the quantity of timber required will be enormous. Not less than twenty-two sawmills, most of them worked by steam, are run night and day, employing nearly 2,000 men, and yet they do not work up to the needs of the company. In a few weeks twenty-eight mills will be running. It is estimated that it will require no less than [illegible] feet of lumber to construct a mile of sheds. So great is the demand that the country, on both sides of the track, is being rapidly denuded of its forest.

SINGULAR DEATH.—The Boston *Advertiser* tells of the singular death of a canary. The lad who had the bird in charge, going to the cage one morning, found a drop of blood on the cage door. He looked for cause, but finding none, cleaned out the cage and hung it high up in the window, near the centre again. The following morning, he found the little bird dead, but not mutilated, and was at loss to understand the cause. However, he tried an experiment, by setting a small wire mouse cage within the bird cage. On the morning following, sure enough, the mystery was solved, for a very small mouse was caught, who, no doubt, had been enticed to climb the curtain string and enter the cage to eat the bird seed scattered on the bottom.

—Mindful of his loss in the destruction of the Winter Garden, Mr. Edwin Booth will have a fire-proof room in his new theatre in which to keep his dramatic wardrobe.

WHITE WHEAT.

Grand Premiums Offered by Messrs. Moore, Foote & Co., of Detroit.

The following letter, addressed to the Secretary of the Michigan State Agricultural Society by Messrs. Moore, Foot & Co., was handed to him by the Hon. G. F. Bagley, of that firm.

DETROIT, August 8, 1868.

R. F. Johnstone, Esq., Secretary Michigan State Agricultural Society.

DEAR SIR—Having a large indirect interest in the cereal products of the State, and having for a long time believed that by proper attention to the preparation of the soil and selection of the seed, the staple product of State wheat, could be largely increased in quantity and improved in quality, we beg leave to place at the disposal of your Society the sum of $400, to be awarded in three premiums for the best White Winter Wheat in quality and quantity raised upon any five acres of land in the State, for the year 1869, in the following order: $250 first premium; $100 second premium; $50 third premium. Such premiums to be awarded and controlled by such regulations as may be deemed best and proper by the President of your Society and yourself. Hoping that this proposition will meet with your approval and co-operation, We are yours respectfully,

MOORE, FOOTE & CO.

This was submitted to W. G. Beckwith, Esq., President of the Michigan State Agricultural Society, who accepted for the Society the munificent donation presented to the agricultural interests of the State by Messrs. Moore, Foote & Co., and directed the Secretary to transmit to them a letter of thanks, and notify them of the acceptance of their gift. The letter is as follows:

Office of the Michigan State Agricultural Society, Detroit, August 15, 1868.—Messrs. Moore, Foote & Co., Detroit:

GENTLEMEN—Your letter of the 8th inst., informing me of your desire to promote and encourage the growth and improvement of the White Wheat crop of Michigan, by the offer of a class of premiums amounting to $400, which you propose to denote to the Michigan State Agricultural Society, has been duly received and laid before the President, W. G. Beckwith, Esq., of Cassopolis. The President has directed me to inform you that your offer is most gratefully accepted, and to thank you on the part of the Michigan State Agricultural Society, for the generous contribution which you have thus made in aid of the improvement of the most important crop grown by the farmers of this State. Personally as a farmer and wheat grower himself, he desires me to express to you his acknowledgment for this munificent donation, so well designed to increase the agricultural wealth of Michigan, and to mark how intimate are the relations between her commerce and her agriculture. There has been but little experimental investigation made by the farmers of this State, designed to test the capacity of its soil and climate to produce the maximum crop of wheat, and the general knowledge of the agricultural community as to the comparative qualities of the best varieties of the wheat plant adapted to produce that maximum, is quite vague and unsettled; hence in prescribing the conditions which competitors should comply with in entering for these premiums, the design of the Society will be to elicit as much varied but positive information as possible on these two fundamental necessities of successful wheat culture, namely, a good well prepared seed bed, and sound, clean and productive seed. The one has a bearing on the quality, preparation and treatment of the soil by adequate tillage, and the other refers to the section and improvement of the seed—a point in wheat culture of the first importance, but yet one to which little attention has been paid, and in-fact has been generally neglected by wheat growers.

Should the result of the information acquired be an increased production of wheat per acre, and also an improvement in the quality, the effect would be felt throughout the whole agriculture of the State, for it has been found that wherever the production of wheat has been increased, the productive capacity of the land has been made greater, the power of the soil to produce larger crops of the coarse grains and of the grasses has been augmented, and consequently the ability to sustain and carry larger numbers of meat-producing animals has been developed. You will therefore readily perceive, that whilst your liberality will have a direct and immediate influence upon the wheat crop, it is likely to have a very broad and lasting beneficial effect upon the whole agriculture of the State.

I will transmit you a copy of the circular prepared in connection with the arrangement of the premiums, and the regulations which have been adopted, which will be issued immediately, so that all who desire to enter and compete may have time to make the necessary preparations for the sowing of the crops.

Tendering to you, gentlemen, my sincere thanks as an officer of the State Agricultural Society, as well as personally, for the generous and useful contribution you have made for the improvement of the agriculture of the State,

I remain, very respectfully yours,
R. F. JOHNSTONE,
Secretary Michigan State Agricultural Society.

The matter has been carefully considered, and it is now decided that the prizes shall be competed for under the following

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

The premiums are as follows:

1. For the best five acres of White Wheat sown in the fall of 1868, and harvested in 1869, of the crop of which not less than five bushels shall be exhibited at the State Fair of 1869..........$250
2. For the second best five acres of White Wheat sown in the fall of 1868, and harvested in 1869, of the crop of which not less than five bushels shall be exhibited at the State Fair of 1869..........$100
3. For the third best five acres of White Wheat sown in the fall of 1868, and harvested in 1869, of the crop of which not less than five bushels shall be exhibited at the State Fair of 1869..........$50

1. Each person who makes an entry for the above premiums, shall be a member of the Agricultural Society.

2. All entries must be made with the Secretary of the State Agricultural Society, who will register them in the order in which they are received in a class entitled "Moore, Foote & Co's Wheat Premiums," on or before the first day of December, 1868.

3. Each entry must show in writing the name and the Postoffice address of the person making the entry; and also the size of the lot or field in which the five acres of premium wheat is situated, if the five acres is not a lot by itself, and the measurement in rods and feet of the land composing the five acres.

The name and quality of the soil; the length of time the field has been a cleared field, and the crops that have been grown for the past three years.

The tillage to which the field has been submitted during the preparation for the premium crop.

The kind of wheat sown, and the quantity used upon the five acres; and the method of sowing, by drill or broadcast.

The amount of plaster or other manure, or top dressing used, if any.

4. When the grain is placed on exhibition, there should accompany each sample a bunch of the heads ready tied up and labeled with the name, and also a statement, to be delivered to the Secretary, showing—

How the crop was harvested, whether by hand or machinery.

How it was threshed and cleaned, and by what machinery.

The number of bushels by weight of the whole crop on the five acres.

The number of bushels per acre.

Such remarks as the grower may consider worthy of notice by the committee.

5. Each person, when making his entry with the Secretary, will be supplied with blank forms containing the necessary headings for tabulating all the statements above set forth, with the affidavit required.

6. The Committee of Judges will be empowered to examine each party who enters and exhibits for the above premiums, under oath, if necessary, as to any matters connected with the growing of the crop.

Any person desiring further information, can obtain it by writing to, or calling upon R. F. Johnstone, Secretary of the State Agricultural Society, at his office 130 Jefferson avenue, Detroit.

Unprecedented Speed—The Performance of Dexter.

A few days ago that most remarkable horse, Dexter, of Mr. Bonner's stable, at the Fashion Course on Long Island, in the presence of credible witnesses, trotted a mile in the unprecedented time of two minutes and fourteen seconds, and on yesterday trotted one-quarter of a mile in thirty seconds, or at the rate of one mile in two minutes, equal to fast railway time.

On Monday morning of last week Dexter was taken out for his morning exercise on the track. The previous day and evening had been stormy, and the track was in anything but a good condition. Indeed, it was quite heavy, and in places was so wet along the pole as to compel driving on the off, or outside. The horse, under these disadvantages, after being jogged around once or twice, was put to his speed, and made the heat in 2:26, with his hood on. Several gentlemen being present expressed a desire to see him pressed a little, and Mr. Doble finally consented. The horse was taken off to the stable, scraped, rubbed off, and in twenty-five minutes was again hitched to his sulky and brought on the track, with Budd Doble as driver. A running horse was also provided, with a rider, and started at the three quarter pole to make the round with the trotter.

Mr. Turnbull, the well known turfman of this city, owner of the celebrated horse "Vanderbilt," and Mr. Conway, of Philadelphia, took the judge's stand to watch the performance, and keep the time. Everything being ready, Dexter was slowly trotted around the track once. The second time about, he was gradually worked up and pressed, until, on approaching the three-quarter pole, he was fairly flying. At this point, the running horse joined in as an incitement to the trotter. With this impetus added to his natural ambition and the steady, earnest driving of Budd, the wonderful animal came down to his work in a manner that surprised even those who knew him best and had reason to expect great things from him. Coming down the home stretch, his speed was like a locomotive with steam crowded. The running horse was urged to his utmost to keep up with him. As he passed the judge's stand, the time of the first quarter was noted at thirty-three and a half seconds, which had been performed without a particle of urging.

Away he flew again on the first quarter, a simple word of encouragement from his driver only urging him forward, while the rider of the other horse was shouting and plying the whip vigorously to keep up with this most astonishing pace. At this rate the quarter pole was passed in thirty-three and a half seconds. The next quarter, on the back stretch, was made in thirty-three seconds, this part of the track being in better condition than the rest. At this tremendous pace the animal showed not the slightest inclination to break; indeed, throughout he kept his feet as steadily as if he knew of no other gait than an ordinary trot. From the half-mile pole to the starting point at the three-quarter pole he accomplished in thirty-four seconds, the track being very heavy, on the curve driving him to the far side, making a difference of more than a hundred feet in the distance to be traveled. He thus made the mile in two minutes and fourteen seconds—a rate of speed altogether unapproached in the annals of trotting.

Singular Affair—A Corpse Frightens the Pall-Bearers by Calling for a Julep.

From the Norfolk, Va., Journal, 2nd inst.

Rather a ludicrous event occurred on Saturday last. It having been reported that a certain gentleman had died, and was to have been buried on Saturday evening, quite a number of his old friends and acquaintances repaired to his house to pay the last sad tribute of respect by following his remains to the grave.

As the death had been sudden, the Coroner had been summoned, and when his duties had been performed the remains were placed on an extemporised hearse, and the procession formed.

Before moving, the hospitalities of the deceased's house were extended to those present in the shape of a good, stiff brandy julep to each, so as the better to enable them to undergo the fatigue of the long march to the new burying-ground.

While the pall-bearers, who were standing by the hearse, were slowly sipping their juleps, and now and again giving the goblets a slight shake to settle the ice in them, a noise was heard in the coffin, which turned some faces whiter than they had been for years before. Finally, the undertaker for the occasion mustered courage enough to unscrew the coffin lid, when, horrible to behold, up sat the supposed corpse, and coolly asked for his julep. Having quenched his thirst, he got down, and stated to the gaping crowd that he had been in a sort of trance, and knew all that was going on around him, but was unable to rouse himself until his ears were greeted with the familiar jingle of the ice, and his nose with the delicious smell of the brandy and mint in the goblets round the hearse, the thoughts called forth by which infused new life into his system, and the desire to partake became so strong that he was able to break the trance which had come near to condemning him to a premature grave.

His friends were too much astonished at what they had witnessed, and too glad to see him around them again to investigate the philosophy of the thing, so they all [illegible]

A Victim of Villainy—An Innocent Man Nine Years in Jail.

From the Louisville Journal.

A number of years ago there resided in one of the upper counties of Indiana a respectable and wealthy family by the name of Nolding, consisting of a father, two sons and a daughter, the youngest of whom was Frederick Nolding, a mere lad about 16 years of age, and the hero of this romantic, unvarnished tale. So far as mere observation went, the family dwelt in unity and harmony together until, at least, the death of the father. Hardly, however, had this event occurred, and long before the grass had grown green upon the sod that covered his remains, the fell spirit of avarice took possession of elder relatives of the lad to whom a considerable portion of his father's wealth had fallen, and they at once began to cast about them as to the surest method of possessing themselves of his inheritance. Too cowardly to deprive him of his young life, they finally hit upon a plot to deprive him of that which was dearer to him—his honor and his liberty. A willing tool and an active abettor in their scheme was found in the person of a neighboring farmer's daughter whom the "slings and arrows of outrageous fortune" had rendered fit for any deed that would enable her to clothe herself in finer apparel and win the envious glances of her humble companions. In due time their well-laid scheme culminated and the community in which they lived were one day startled by the report that young Frederick Nolding had been guilty of an atrocious crime—a crime that none good and pure can ever hear mentioned without a shudder—and that another woman had been added to the long list of the ruined.

Many there were who openly doubted the guilt of the boy, but circumstantial evidence and the testimony of his supposed victim silenced the doubters, and Frederick Nolding, with not a friend in the world, and prosecuted by those who should have defended and protected him, was sentenced to the Jeffersonville Penitentiary for a term of thirteen years. Here, immured in gloomy prison walls, his boyish dreams of a useful and honorable manhood were turned into mocking fancies, and his boyish heart weighed down with a shame and sorrow that many a stouter one would have quailed before. For nine long and seemingly interminable years, he ate of the coarse food, slept in the narrow and carefully locked cell, and performed the menial duties of a convict, but at the expiration of the ninth year the kind-hearted Warden, having detected much to interest and admire in him, procured, through the instrumentality of the Sheriff and citizens of the county, a long hoped for pardon, and on April 3d, 1867, the prison doors were thrown open to this soul so much "more sinned against than sinning," and the thrice blessed boon of liberty again vouchsafed him.

But nine years of wrong had changed the shrinking, weeping boy into the full grown resolute man, and it will be peculiarly gratifying to every lover of justice to learn that he has since exposed the diabolical plot in all its hideousness, and has been the means of securing a just punishment to those who so cruelly wronged him.

ALL SORTS.

—There are 48,000 grape vines growing in Monroe, Ohio.

—Barley in the central States is very light, and brewers are much grieved.

—The Mormons celebrated the 21st anniversary of their swarming in Utah last week.

—There are now only ten ships owned in Portland, Me., where there were fifty-seven before the rebellion.

—It is an amusing sight to see a row of young ladies all eating corn as they would perform upon a flute.

—A new theatre, costing $300,000, is to be inaugurated in San Francisco on Christmas eve.

—The productive labor of the State of Massachusetts is over a million of dollars daily.

—"Corn bread?" said an Irish waiter; "we haven't got it; an isn't it corn beef ye mane?"

—Chicago has commenced and will complete this season seven million dollars worth of buildings.

—A Minneapolis gardener has a bed of fall strawberries in full blossom. This is a new strawberrian wrinkle.

—The Union Pacific Railroad at Sherman is 8,300 feet above the sea level. Nearer the sky than any other railroad on earth.

—Mrs. Rachel Posey, whose husband was a soldier under Gen. Washington, died at Valley Forge, Penn., a short time ago, at the age of 102 years and ten months.

—A young man wrote an article for a temperance paper, and quoted, "Give me a cot in the valley I love," which appeared, "Give me a sot in the fellow I love."

—The receipts of the new crop of barley at Toronto, to date, reach 40,000 bushels. The price on the street averages $1 05 per bushel.

—What is the difference between a young lady and a night cap? One is born to wed, and the other is worn to bed.

—Engineers estimate that the remaining work on the Hoosac Tunnel can be done for from $5,000,000 to $4,750,000.

—Fifteen hundred miners in Mahoning Valley, Ohio, have gone to work again after an unsuccessful strike of four months.

—Several chignons and sets of false teeth have been found on the Long Branch beach. The ladies at the hotels repudiate them.

—Sixteen kinds of fossil horses have been discovered in North America, and yet there were no horses here when the white man came.

—Oak washers, a substitute for iron and leather for carriage axles, cut and bent to shape by machinery, is the last invention of a New Bedford mechanic.

—The Pacific slope intends to provide itself with iron. San Francisco has built a rolling mill, and Oregon has sent down 1,000 tons of pig iron to start with.

—Springfield, Illinois, will lay the corner stone of the new State House, October 5th, with Masonic ceremonies. It is intended to make the occasion a grand one.

—A correspondent says oysters are good now, and maintains that it is because there is an "R" in this month. He spells August thus: "Orgust," to prove the assertion.

—Winchester, N. H., has a fathomless pond that reaches way to China. At least they found a drowned Chinaman there one morning—with a box of Jersey cigars under his arm.

—Scientific men think that the river Thames could be so treated by filtration as to render its water drinkable. The Londoners shudder at the very thought of swallowing the filthy stuff.

—A lad named Miller was bitten by a copperhead snake in Brady township, Pa., on Thursday. The application of the warm flesh of a chicken saved the lad from serious illness if not from death.

—On Monday, in Boston, a sailor recognized, claimed and recovered from a seaman on a Russian vessel, a watch and chain stolen from the former in Charleston, S. C., two years and a half ago.

—Curious insects, about the size of house flies, the progeny of white caterpillars, are ravaging the horse chestnut trees in Connecticut, and stripping them of their foliage.

—The ordinary rifle ball of the Springfield musket, with the regulation quantity of powder, passes over one hundred feet directly from the muzzle of the piece in about the fifteenth part of a second.

—Silver mining will be profitable, soon, in England. The weight of silver lost by abrasion in that country in the course of a year—and of course it all mainly goes to the soil—is 54,759 ounces.

—An engineering firm in San Francisco, wishing to discover the depth to which a pile could be driven in the mud, which once formed the bed of the bay, sunk one on top of another until the depth of 105 feet was reached, when they stopped for want of more pile to pay out.

—One of the largest tobacconists in New York has made an estimate of his losses through his employes. What with the number of cigars smoked, carried away and sold surreptitiously, his annual loss reached the high figure of fifteen thousand dollars.

—A paper in Columbia, Pa., announces that a talking match has been arranged between two women of that town, the time to talk being set down for forty-eight consecutive hours. It is confidently expected both will win.

—Horrid stories are told of the slave trade in South Africa. The Boers make war on the native tribes, kill the adults and carry the children off into slavery. In some cases, where the children are too young to be removed, they bury them under a heap of long grass and burn them alive.

A Lawyer's Trick.

From the St. Louis Democrat.

We have frequently observed that many of our prominent lawyers are fond of dogs—perhaps it is because they can treat a dog as some of them do a witness—bawl at him and abuse him, and then make him answer to their call and bark when they give the word. One of our lawyers had a fine dog stolen from him a few days ago, and he hit upon a plan to get him back at a trifling expense. He put an advertisement in one of the papers offering a reward of $100 for the return of the dog, which he described. Instead of putting his own name to the advertisement, he used the name of a friend. Before 10 o'clock the next morning this friend received a call from a man who led in the lawyer's dog.

"Here is your dog," said the man; "I want the $100 reward."

"That is not my dog; that dog belongs to Lawyer Brief, and if you don't want to be arrested for larceny, you had better take him home."

The man took the dog to the lawyer and claimed the reward.

"That's my dog," said the lawyer; "he was stolen from me; I offered no reward for him, but I think I shall have you arrested for having stolen property in your possession."

The man did not wait to be arrested, but left suddenly, and the lawyer recovered his dog.

O'Baldwin and Wormald.

From the following, it will be seen that Joe Wormald has accepted O'Baldwin's challenge to fight:

NEW YORK, August 22, 1868.

FRANK QUEEN—*Dear Sir:* I have read the dispatch of Mr. O'Baldwin, published in last week's *Clipper*, and stating that he would fight me at "any time, any place, and for any amount." In reply thereto, I will state that I am ready to make a match with Mr. O'B. upon those terms, and will meet him at your office for the purpose of arranging necessary details at any time he may choose to designate, hoping that he will make it as soon as possible. There has been a deal of discussion concerning him and myself, arising out of the matches between us in England, and I am as desirous of having the question of which is the better man speedily and finally settled as he possibly can be. To prove that I mean nothing but fighting, I will take advantage of his offer to meet me anywhere in the States, and name Virginia as the battle ground, for there, I understand, we can be sure of settling our differences without interference by the authorities, which is all I desire. Trusting that Mr. O'Baldwin will give this his immediate consideration and appoint a place of meeting at an early day, I am yours respectfully,

JOSEPH WORMALD.

CAPTURE OF A MONSTER.—A marine monster, which was captured off Eastport, Me., recently, is thus described by the St. Croix *Courier*, one of the reporters of that paper having seen the monster of the deep: "After being towed ashore, he was found to measure thirty-five feet in length and seven feet across. His head is shaped like a bull frog's, and his skin resembles the hide of an elephant. It possesses two legs or paddles, each about five feet from the tail. Soon after it was caught it was seen by Rev. B. A. Philbrick, L. L. Wadsworth, Esq., agent of the Pembroke Iron Works, and others. In conformity with the shrewd Yankee enterprise which distinguishes our neighbors, it is to be stuffed and exhibited, so that the curious will have an opportunity of seeing this wonderful creature. Of course, there are various conjectures as to the nature of the nondescript. Some think it a species of the shark, but the shape of its head and the size of its mouth are opposed to the theory. Others think it a whale, but it does not seem to possess the breathing apparatus of that denizen of the deep."

HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—An industrious, hard working negro woman in Murfreesboro has been, for some years, cursed with a lazy, whisky drinking husband. Tired at last of supporting him, she barred the door against him last Tuesday night, and got one of her neighbor's little girls to spend the night with her. The villain stole in through a window, about twelve o'clock, and threw a vial of vitriol over the bed, commanding his wife not to cry for help on pain of death. The latter escaped with only slight injuries, but the little girl was so horribly burned with the destructive fluid that she expired at noon on Wednesday in great agony. The murderer was arrested and committed to jail.—*Nashville Republican Banner, 23d.*

Trades' Unions and the Law.

From the London Beehive.

Yet another legal blow has been struck against trades unionism in its most vital part. On Wednesday, at the Leeds assizes, three members of the Mason's Union at Sheffield were indicted for and found guilty of intimidation and conspiracy, although there was not the slightest evidence to justify such conviction. Our main object, however, in noticing the case is to bring before trades' unionists the law as laid down by Mr. Maule, the counsel for the prosecution. If he is correct in his interpretation of the law, then is trade unionism a farce, and the attempt to maintain a union for any effective purpose in the face of such law a vain and fruitless effort. The only "offence" which could be proved against the three men were, firstly, that they were members of the union in their trade; secondly, that they sought and obtained, on behalf of the union, a peaceable interview with the prosecutor, a Mr. Powell, master builder, of Sheffield, to induce him to withdraw a working rule in his establishment which the union considered inimical to its interests; and, thirdly, that failing to induce by argument Mr. Powell to comply with the wishes of the Union, they, by peaceable means, the Union men having left Mr. Powell's employ, induced certain other men, sent down by Mr. Powell from London, to take their places, also to leave his employ, by giving them a bonus and paying their expenses back to London. This was the whole groundwork upon which the charge of intimidation and conspiracy was founded, and for which the men were found guilty. If the three men have violated the law, it is violated in the same way every day by trades unionists in all parts of the country, and in no other way can they peaceably give effect to their combination—allowed by law. In his opening charge, Mr. Maule laid down some startling doctrines, apparently acquiesced in by the learned Judge, Mr. Justice Lush, although disputed by the counsel for the prisoners. Mr. Maule said, [illegible] from London, [illegible] third parties in any contract between two others was not only an improper interference, but [illegible] to bring them within the limits of the law, but was, in this instance, an attempt to [illegible] and obstruction of such workmen [illegible] to induce men, even by peaceable means, to leave the employ was conspiracy, if done by a society; that the mere fact of picketing a job was, of itself, without any violence or threat being resorted to, an act of intimidation punishable by law, and that to put an advertisement in a newspaper, warning men not to come to work for any particular employer, however temperately worded, or the issuing of a placard to the same effect, was an act of conspiracy and intimidation, and therefore an illegal act!" It was alleged also that in the interview the deputation had with Mr. Powell, one of the men told him that cases had occurred of employers being ruined who acted contrary to the rules and customs of the trade. Mr. Maule contended that such language amounted to an act of intimidation towards Mr. Powell, and was punishable by law.

Talk of protecting the funds of Trades' Unions! That we admit to be requisite and just. But what if there be no Trades' Unions? Why then there will be no funds to protect! And that is what we are rapidly coming to, thanks to the supineness, inactivity and apparent want of public spirit on the part of the unionists themselves. We unhesitatingly and deliberately desire to impress upon the leading men amongst the trades that, as the law is now interpreted, there is only two courses open to them: either to abandon Trades' Unions altogether, and depend upon other action for their social improvement, or to come boldly and unitedly forward to prepare and promote the return of men to Parliament, who will honestly and zealously set about obtaining a just and well-defined law relating to Trades' Unions, conferring upon them full power to give all peaceable effect to the combination. Trades' Union leaders, however, must either adopt this course, or Trades' Unions will cease to exist, for any practical purpose, before many months have elapsed.

HOW ALE STRENGTHENED HIM.—A student of one of our State colleges had a barrel of ale deposited in his room, contrary, of course, to rule and usage. He received a summons to appear before the President, who said:

"Sir, I am informed that you have a barrel of ale in your room."

"Yes, sir."

"Well, what explanation can you make?"

"Why, the fact is, sir, my physician advised me to try a little each day as a tonic, and not wishing to stop at the various places where the beverage is retailed, I concluded to have a barrel taken to my room."

"Indeed. And have you derived any benefit from the use of it?"

"Yes, sir, it has strengthened me."

"How do you know that?"

"I know that when the barrel was first taken to my room, three days since, I could scarcely lift it. Now I can carry it in my arms with the greatest ease."

He was not expelled.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

—A burglar robbed Mr. Jas. Fleming, of Three Oaks, Berrien county, of $63 in money one day last week.

—An Indian eloped with a Miss Thompson, of St. Louis, Gratiot county, one night last week.

—John King, of Windsor, Eaton county, had his barn burned on the 19th. Loss about $12,000; supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

—A man named J. B. Clark, of Galien, Berrien county, while drunk, shot H. C. Smith, who interposed to defend a poor boy whom Clark was abusing.

—Dr. Revenaugh, of Shiawassee county, who was recently arrested in Pennsylvania and brought back, has been held for trial, charged with adultery and procuring an abortion.

—A Mr. Ayrault, of Mason, was picked up dead drunk in the streets on Sunday, 16th, and taken home, where he shortly afterward died. Some whisky seller had been feeding him with liquor for some days.

—One day last week, three loads of Oakland county "pickers" took 42 bushels of blackberries home with them, as a reward for a few days' work among the briers north of Lapeer.

—The ticket office of the F. & P. M. Railroad, at Grand Blanc was broken open on Tuesday night, the 25th inst., and about $28 stolen from the Merchant's Union Express Co.

—C. R. Ford and Samuel Calhoun were arrested in Washtenaw county a few days since, charged with selling forged promissory notes, and are now in jail.

—A son of Theron Cole, of Romeo, shot one day last week, a heron which measured from tip of one wing to the tip of the other, five feet, and weighed 3½ pounds.

—Burglaries still continue rife in all the principal towns of the State. A Cassopolis paper reports eight—six of them in one night: Lapeer, Saginaw, Flint, Dowagiac and other places have come in for a large share during the past week.

—Mr. Jenks Bagley, of Ypsilanti, 73 years old, during the past harvest cradled four acres and twenty rods of wheat in nine hours, "carrying" all the swaths, and going twice in the meantime 100 rods after water.

—A fire occurred in Bay City on Tuesday night, resulting in a loss of nearly $25,000. The store of J. B. Hart, butcher shop and saloon of A. Kaiser & Co., the furniture store of L. Blosdon and the warehouse of D. H. Fitshugh were consumed.

—On the 15th, two negroes entered the dwelling of an old man named Eichbaur, living near the Otter Creek railroad station, Monroe county, and, with pistols presented to the heads of the old man and his wife, obtained $7 in silver, all the money they had, and then securely bound them with cords and left the house.

—On the 16th, while a young man, a son of John Lambert, of Cambridge, Lenawee county, was engaged in drawing in hay, he accidentally placed his bare foot upon a rattlesnake, which lay concealed, and before he could withdraw it, the snake inserted four of its fangs into his flesh. Prompt medical attendance saved his life.

—The Grand Rapids *Democrat* states that on the 25th inst., the new Catholic church edifice in Grattan, with considerable lumber, was totally destroyed by fire. The building was nearly completed and ready for use when it burned. The fire was accidental, caused, probably, through the carelessness of some workmen. Loss, $8,000; insured, $3,500.

—The surviving members of the 17th Regiment Mich. Inf., will hold a reunion at Sturgis, Mich., on Sept. 11th, 1868, this being the anniversary of their muster-in. It is proposed on this occasion to perfect a permanent organization of the members of the regiment. It is requested that as many as can do so will give notice by letter of their intention to attend, to Major C. Hood, Sturgis, Mich.

—A most dastardly and villainous attempt at burglary and murder was made on Thursday night, 21st, at the house of Mr. George Martin, in Linden, St. Joseph county. Shots were fired by masked men at defenceless women, one of whom was dangerously wounded at the time. All the members of the family, consisting of Mr. Martin, a very old man, his wife, two daughters and a little son, escaped from the house unharmed, and the ruffians were unable to effect any booty, [illegible]

—We learn that [illegible] an informal meeting of citizens of that and adjacent places was held [illegible] to take into consideration the project of constructing a railroad from Detroit to Fort Wayne, Ind., the road to pass through Ypsilanti, Tecumseh, Adrian, Morenci, West Unity, etc., thereby connecting Detroit and Adrian with a large agricultural and fertile country south, and giving direct communication with Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis, and other cities of the South and West. A large committee was appointed to gather information and take steps to forward the project.

—A terrible accident occurred in the town of Windsor, Eaton county, on the 25th. Aaron Cunningham was erecting a large balloon frame for a house. The men had just finished putting up the frame, and had seated themselves about it, when it fell, one of the joists striking Cunningham on the head, killing him instantly. Another timber struck Mr. John Smith, breaking his leg below the knee and injuring his back so that he died after suffering terribly about two hours. He was a poor man, and leaves a wife and four children. Five others were somewhat injured, but none of them seriously.

Poet's Corner.

"KATY IS DEAD."

Softly! the sun went down last night,
And brightly it rose to-day;
But a blinded pale obscured my sight,
And drove my faith away;
I read, and read, but all it said,
"Katy is dead."

So fair, so pure, so young to die,
So loving and beloved,
No brighter diamond decks the sky
Than this bright gem removed;
My heart is sad, like heavy lead—
"Katy is dead."

I wander through life's busy scenes,
Like walking in a dream;
My aching head in anguish leans
Upon my hand, yet not a gleam
Of sunshine through this fearful dread:
"Katy is dead!"

Fine soothing tears! Bright angels keep
The spirit they have wafted o'er,
And guard her blessed, peaceful sleep
That wakens on the shining shore."
Whisper, and step with noiseless tread,
"Katy is dead."

DETROIT, August, 1868. D. RAPLIN.

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE.

BY THOS. RANDOLPH.

I was only in my nineteenth year when I arrived home from my first whaling voyage in the old Grand Turk. The winter passage had proved a very severe one; and in riding out heavy gales, the old ship was terribly strained; but we finally reached port with both pumps going for dear life. It was found that the ship would need more repairs than she was worth, and she was condemned and sold. I then shipped as a boat-steerer, or "harpooner," as they termed it, in the bark Glencoe, bound to the Pacific ocean, by the eastern route, round Good Hope. I shipped in haste to repent at leisure; for we had not been long at sea before I found reason to do so in sackcloth and ashes. Captain Judd proved to be a man utterly unfit for the position he held, by reason of indulgence in drink. And perhaps no greater curse can befall a ship on a long voyage than intemperance on the part of her captain.

We met with nothing unusual on the outward passage, and had passed the latitude of the Cape and of Tristan d'Acunha, when, one morning, on going to the masthead, I discovered a vessel ahead of peculiar appearance as to rig, appearing to have but one sail set, and that a staysail or jib of some sort. We stood on toward the stranger, and, on nearing her, it was evident she was a ship of five or six hundred tuns, with only the main lowermast standing. The mainstaysail was set, while a staysail was bent up and down the main mast aft, by way of trysail. The tricolor of France was made out, lashed low down in the main rigging. She was evidently in great need of assistance.

We ran down across the Frenchman, old Judd cursing them all the way for a pack of frog-eating lubbers who didn't know how to keep their sticks in the ship, nor to rig jury ones after they had lost them. Only three men and one female were to be seen on her deck. We lowered a boat and boarded the ship, which we found to be the transport Fontenoy, one hundred and thirty days from Toulon, bound to the Marquesas Islands. This was about the time when King Louis Philippe was possessed with a mania for planting colonies in the Pacific, and had placed military and naval forces at the Marquesas and Society Islands.

Their story was a sad and eventful one. They had sailed from France with a crew of thirty men, and a cargo of supplies, and military and naval stores. All had gone well until after leaving Madeira, where they had merely touched and sent a boat in; but shortly after leaving this island, the small-pox made its appearance, and assumed its most malignant form, baffling all the medical skill at command, for the surgeon himself was one of the earliest victims. One after another died, and were launched overboard as soon as possible, the nature of the disease being such that the bodies could not be preserved even for decent burial; and the ship became for a time, a floating charnel-house. The captain and mate sickened and died; discipline was almost at an end; and each expected to be struck down by the terrible malady; for previous vaccination seemed to be little, if any, protection against its attacks. They experienced heavy weather as they approached the latitude of the Cape, and, as their force was reduced to a few weakened and disheartened men, they dared not carry sail, but kept the ship under snug canvas all the time. As the disease showed signs of abatement, no new victims being now attacked, they were encouraged with the hope that it had spent its force, and that they would yet be able to work her to one of the Cape settlements; but their sufferings had only begun. They met with a gale, in which they were obliged to let run and clew down everything; and while endeavoring to furl the foretopsail, which was already double-reefed, at a heavy plunge of the ship, the foremast broke off about six feet above the deck, and went over the side, carrying with it the maintopmast. Nine men were on the foreyard and topsail at the time, endeavoring to furl the sail, and all found their graves in the ocean but one.

This one, with the second mate and the man at the helm, were now the sole survivors of a crew of thirty.

They had managed to cut the wreck clear of the ship; and the gale continuing from the westward, it was determined to put her before the wind, if possible, and run for Mauritius; but the ship being in bad trim, and much down by the head, it was found very dangerous to run her, and, as a last resort to prevent broaching to, the mizzenmast was cut away. This left nothing standing but the bare mainmast; for the topmast in its fall had destroyed the maintop, and, wringing the trussband off, had also unslung the mainyard; and for the salvation of the ship and their lives they had cut everything adrift and let all go. From this time she had gone nearly where the wind and sea might drive her. An attempt had been made to pass a spar to lash to the stump of the foremast, but, owing to heavy weather and want of physical force, it was abandoned. They had now been forty days to the eastward of the Cape, and were nearly worn out and in despair of relief when the Glencoe was seen bearing down for them.

The three men and the young lady were transferred to our own ship; and as we could not spare men to rig her up, or work her into port, it was thought [illegible] her be fired, after taking out all the valuables [illegible] She was fired in several places, and within an hour she blew up with a terrific explosion, having a considerable quantity of powder on board.

The young passenger's name was Louise Duchesne, daughter and only child of a naval officer attached to the frigate Reine Blanche of the Pacific squadron. Her mother had died about a year previous, and M. Duchesne, on learning the sad intelligence, had written for Louise to come out to him by the first ship that offered. He would probably be on that station for two years or more, and being denied leave of absence from his duties, had obtained permission to send for his daughter. She would then be near him, and could be well cared for among the small number of her countrywomen, either at Tahiti or Nukahiva, as might be found most convenient. She had accordingly broken up their little home in Rouen, disposed of their few household goods, and taken passage in the Fontenoy.

The three men agreed in their accounts of the heroism of the brave young girl, who had seemed sent as an angel of mercy among them. Throughout the dreadful days and nights of the pestilence she had moved among the sick, doing those thousand nameless little things that only women can do, to alleviate suffering where it could be done, and to cheer the dying sailor when all hope had departed.

Louise Duchesne was seventeen at that time. She had been carefully brought up by an excellent mother, and was well educated; indeed, I was compelled to admit that her English was much better than my French, upon which I had hitherto plumed myself. With all the graces and delicacy of a true woman, she combined great strength of character, and the [illegible] circumstances of her life had tended to develop it.

It was soon apparent to me that Captain Judd was fascinated by the charms of his fair young passenger, and was in no hurry to get rid of her society. I had thought that under the circumstances, he would have felt it his duty to deviate from his course so as to touch at Mauritius or Bourbon, and land his passengers, where they might find countrymen, and means either to pursue their voyage or, at least, to return to France; but I was not long in discovering that he had no such intention. I was certain that he cared little where the three men were landed, or what became of them. Indeed, I knew that he would gladly be rid of Dupin, the second mate, who was devotedly attached by ties of admiration and gratitude to Mademoiselle Duchesne. That he had sinister designs of some sort upon Louise, I felt quite certain. He had told the men that he should land them at some port in Australia or New Zealand, while he flattered her with promises, as I learned from herself, that he would deliver her directly to her father at the Marquesas. My advice to her was to stay in the ship rather than to land at any of the English Colonies, as the chances were very small of her being able to join her father by any conveyance from them, for several months to come. I fully appreciated the position in which she was placed, and the difficulty she encountered in deciding what to do. She disliked the Captain's behavior toward her, and could not always conceal her aversion, though she endeavored to do so, as far as her transparent heart would admit. She would gladly have been rid of his attentions and presence; but the alternate was to throw herself upon the protection of a consul, or of other strangers, for a long time, with but a remote prospect of reaching her destination.

We pursued our voyage, going "south about" round Van Diemen's Land, and touching at Hobart Town, where we landed Dupin and the two French seamen. The former offered to ship with us, and do seaman's duty; but the captain was only too glad to get rid of him. I promised Dupin when he left us, that no harm or insult should ever come to Mademoiselle Duchesne while I was near to protect her; and he agreed with me that it was best, under the circumstances, that she should stay in the ship. He had learned from the French Consul that Captain Judd had given assurances that he should visit one of the French colonies as soon as the nature of his whaling voyage would admit. So, much to my delight, of course, she remained on board the Glencoe.

The Captain, now that her countrymen were absent, was more bold in making his advances; but Louise always met them with such steady firmness and half-concealed aversion, that he found himself foiled at all points, and could make no progress in his suit. Once, when much elated with liquor, he had made a serious attempt to kiss her; but even then she succeeded in baffling his purpose without making a tragedy scene. This I learned not from Louise herself, but from the steward, who had been guilty of seeing and hearing more than was required of him. I ought still to have kept quiet, trusting to the girl's tact to keep her troublesome suitor at bay; but, foolish young lover that I was, I could not control my indignant feelings, and my zeal precipitated matters. I took occasion to tell Captain Judd, in as calm a tone as I could command myself to use, that he was doing wrong in taking advantage of a defenceless girl, thus accidently thrown upon his protection.

"What do you know about it, boy?" said he, livid with passion. "Who appointed you her champion?"

"The feeling that should never desert a true man, I replied. "Every man should be the champion of a woman in her present position."

He raved and swore, threatening to put me in irons for mutiny; but I did not much fear that, for he had no proof of mutinous intentions on my part.

A day or two after this explosion we lowered in pursuit of whales, I being in the second mate's boat. We struck a whale and got a hole knocked in the boat's bottom, so that she filled and went down under us; but we had time to run the oars athwart the gunwales and lash them down, the lanyards being always ready for that purpose, so that while she floated level with the surface she could not roll over. The captain came down and took off the crew, all but myself, leaving me to remain on the wreck and secure everything I could, keeping my waif set, while he went on board and worked the ship up, she being then not more than a mile and a half under my lee. I was not at all uneasy, although the whale had run to leeward with the other two boats, supposing, of course, the ship would keep her weather gauge until the sunken boat was secured. I saw him go alongside and veer his boat astern; soon afterwards the helm was put up and the ship kept off for the fast boats!

My heart sank within me as I thought of the chances of her not being able to find me; for it was late in the afternoon, and I doubted as to the means of showing my whereabouts until after nightfall. The lantern-keg was lashed under the stern sheets, and was, of course, under water. Even now I had no thought of treachery on the captain's part; for drunken and unprincipled as I knew him to be, I had never supposed it possible that he could abandon a man to a lingering death, merely to get him out of his way. I supposed another boat might have been stove, or some mishap [illegible] for emergency occurred to leeward. [illegible]

[illegible] that the leakage was very small. I suppose I worked two hours after dark before I stopped to rest. The sky to windward was then more black and threatening than ever. Far away to leeward was a light appearance along the horizon, but no ship's light could yet be seen, and the barometer of all my hopes fell accordingly.

I turned again anxiously to windward, thinking how I should weather the squall when it should burst upon me. I thought there was a spot in the gloom blacker than the rest—a pillar of darkness intensified as it were. It loomed larger and nearer—a rushing sound of waters was borne down to my ears on the night wind, and then a sailor's cry, as of men hauling on some running gear. It flashed upon me—a ship!

Yes, it was now assuming form and shape, as, with a fast beating heart, I seized the fog horn, raised it to my lips, and sounded a blast with all the concentrated power of lungs that I could summon. I was heard—there was a stir and a rally of eager men as the hull rushed by me within a few yards. I hailed in English, and was answered in French. I repeated my hail in that language; there was a rattling and fluttering of canvas, as the ship was thrown short up, into the wind; a light boat was soon nearing me, guided by the sound of my fog horn, and a few minutes found me safe and well cared for on the deck of the French whaling bark Salamandre. My boat was abandoned, as the approaching bad weather would not admit of delay. Before leaving her, I pulled the plug out of her bottom, so as to allow her to fill again.

The next day being thick and squally, nothing more was seen of the Glencoe.

I found the Salamandre was to visit the Society Islands in a short time to recruit. My situation was very pleasant on board, and I could have rejoiced at the change of quarters, had it not been for her I loved, and my anxiety about her. I had told Captain Gautier the simple story of my being left to take care of the boat till the ship worked up to me, but did not mention my quarrel with Captain Judd, nor even the fact of a lady passenger being on board the Glencoe.

We made Huaheine a few weeks after this, and looking in at the harbor found a bark at anchor which showed English colors. A single look with the telescope assured me that this was the Glencoe. I at once sought an interview with Captain Gautier, and told him the whole story, not concealing from him the deep interest I felt in the girl. I told him of the threats exchanged between the Captain and myself, and hinted a suspicion that my situation when he picked me up was not altogether accidental. He heard me through, and then said, as he was bound to Tahiti, where most likely the girl's father could be found, he would be glad to offer her a passage in the ship. He did not think it probable that my captain meant to abandon me at sea; but the circumstances were suspicious, to say the least, and it was agreed that my rescue should be kept a secret from him.

"It is probable," said Captain Gautier, "that the young lady is now on shore among the French residents, if, indeed, she has not already gone to Tahiti in one of the small craft. By the way, what did you say her name was? Oh, you have not told me," said he, carelessly.

"Louise Duchesne."

The captain rose to his feet.

"Duchesne!" he cried. "Is her father an officer on board the French flagship?"

"Yes, sir," I answered.

"My own little niece, that I have not seen since she was a little fairy sprite of a child! I had heard, by letters, of my sister's death, but knew nothing about Louise having left home to come out here. And I so near her! I must go ashore at once, and, if my darling is still here, I must have her on board, and take her up to her father."

I went with the captain to his boat, being prepared with a disguise, so as not to be recognized by any one of my old shipmates. We found a detachment of French troops here; and, on visiting the quarters of the commanding officer, we learned that Louise was then awaiting conveyance to Tahiti, having arrived only the day before. Not wishing to be known to her before her meeting with her uncle, I took a stroll in the cocoanut groves, and in my walk encountered Jack Magnus, one of my brother boat-steerers of the Glencoe, on a cruise alone. I knew Jack could be trusted, so I made myself known to him. He was delighted to see me; whom he had, of course, given up for dead; and we sat down under a tree, while Jack gave me a detailed account of matters on board after I had been left on the sunken boat.

The vague suspicion that I had entertained of Capt. Judd was correct, that he had meant to leave me to my fate, at least, such was his original intention. He had gone on board, and fortified himself well with liquor; had renewed his insulting attentions to his fair passenger; but she, being prepared, met him in a manner quite unlooked for. With a pistol at his ear, she convinced him that he could not kiss a pretty girl when he liked, unless she liked it too; and the baffled ruffian retreated on deck, deferring his purpose for the present. He had then put the helm up, and run down to the fast boats; and while making his preparations for taking the whale alongside, his officers came on board and remonstrated against the risk which he would run in leaving me so far to windward, when night was coming on. The intoxicated captain tried blustering at first, swearing he would use his own judgment, and be hanged to them all, and that he would beat the ship up to me with the whale flaked alongside. But finding that from remonstrances they would proceed to open mutiny, as the indignation of all hands was roused to fever heat at his villainy, he was fain to yield to circumstances, and was compelled to leave the whale, and make all sail on the ship. Sail had been carried all night, and lights set at the gaff and in the rigging, but nothing was seen. Cruising over the same ground the next day, the boat was fallen in with, full of water, just as she was left, which satisfied everyone that I had perished. From that hour a great change had come over the captain, who was justly looked upon as my murderer. He had drank deeply to drown the gnawings of remorse; and, as his potations increased, his reason seemed to be leaving him; indeed, as Jack expressed it, he was all unstrung, and would soon be fit for nothing but Bedlam.

[illegible] with Mademoiselle Duchesne was at an end; while she, poor girl, had drooped every hour since the boat was found. Not even the arrival at Huaheine (for the mates had compelled Capt. Judd to take the ship directly there), nor the prospect of a speedy reunion with her beloved father could rouse her from the apathy of despair into which she had fallen.

"And it's my belief, Tom," said Magnus, [illegible]

[illegible] vessel it was. As he drew near, I recognized from behind the rail; and even after all that Magnus had told me, I was unprepared for the ravages that drunkenness and remorse had made, for he appeared but the wreck of his former self.

I now determined on a severe trial of his nerves, which was neither more nor less than to attend the side myself as he came on board. Permission was readily granted by the mate of the Salamandre, and I swung the man-ropes to him without fairly exposing myself to his view. He seized them with unsteady hands, and came staggering up the side ladder; he had nearly reached the rail, when, looking upward, he met my eyes fixed upon his, our faces close together. I can never forget while I live the change that passed over his features. His stony gaze was riveted for a moment upon me.

"Great God!" said he, "the sea has given up its dead!"

His grasp relaxed, and he fell with a heavy crash backward into his boat. His crew shoved off and pulled leisurely into the harbor, seeming to care very little whether he recovered or died; and that was the last I ever saw of Captain Judd, lying there in a fit. I heard that he died within a few weeks afterward of delirium tremens, during the attacks of which he was constantly haunted by my spectre, sitting in the water on the sunken boat.

Two days afterward the Salamandre entered the beautiful Bay of Papeete in Tahiti, and came to anchor directly under the guns of La Reine Blanche. A tight cutter pulled alongside of us; the officer, a noble-looking, elderly gentleman steps on deck; the musical cry, "*Mon pere!*" rings on my ears, and Louise Duchesne is pressed to the heart of her father. She had been mourned as lost; for no tidings had reached them from the Fontenoy since she had touched at Madeira. The Bucephale transport, which sailed from France long afterward had, experienced very heavy weather, but arrived out in safety.

I was my own master during my stay at Tahiti, and to say that I was happy in the society of Louise and her father, is but a slight expression of my feelings. M. Duchesne was duly informed of our attachment, and raised no objection to our union at the proper time, if we still continued both true to our first impulses, but advised me to follow up my profession for the present.

I soon found an opening again under my own flag. The Hercules came in, bound to the north-west, and wanting a second officer. I secured this situation, and promised Louise, in the words of the old sea song, that I would "bring back her parting kiss as pure as I received it." One season filled the ship, and on our arrival home I found my earnings to amount to a snug sum. One more voyage would place me well on my feet, and enable me to provide a home for my little French bride. I at once reshipped as first mate of the same ship with the understanding that she would stop at Tahiti before going North. I found Louise true to her promises, and more lovely than ever, but expecting to return to France soon, as the Reine Blanche was to be relieved by another frigate, which was shortly expected. Again we exchanged our vows of eternal truth, and parted, and once more good fortune attended me. We finished the voyage in twenty months, and I found letters awaiting me from Havre on my arrival at Liverpool. I broke the seal with a trembling hand. Louise was an orphan; she had found a home with her uncle Gautier, the whaling captain, and was in receipt of a small pension; for M. Duchesne had fallen in a mountain skirmish with one of the unsubdued tribes at Tahiti, while gallantly heading a party of seamen and marines from the frigate.

The next day found me in London, where I secured a passage in the Havre packet ship. I need not dwell upon the meeting with the dear girl who had been the guiding star of my career, or my next voyage in the same ship with her as Louise Randolph, my own, my wife for all time.

Cause of Lamp Explosions.

As has been stated, kerosene is not explosive. A lighted paper may be thrust into it, or flame applied in any way, and it does not explode. On the contrary, it extinguishes flame, if experimented with at the usual temperatures of our rooms. Kerosene accidents occur from two causes: First, imperfect manufacture of the article; second, adulterations. An imperfectly manufactured oil is that which results when the distillation has been carried on at too low temperature, and a portion of the naptha remains in it. Adulterations are largely made by unprincipled dealers, who add 20 to 50 per cent. of naptha after it leaves the manufacturers' hands. The light napthas which have been spoken of as known in commerce under the names of benzine, benzolines, gasoline, etc., are very volatile, inflammable and dangerous. They, however, in themselves are not explosive; neither are they capable of furnishing any gas when placed in lamps which is explosive. Accidents of this nature are due entirely to the facility with which vapor is produced from them at low temperatures. But the vapor by itself is not explosive; to render it so it must be mixed with air. A lamp may be filled with bad kerosene, or with the vapor even, and in no possible way can it detonate or explode, unless atmospheric air has somehow got mixed with vapor. A lamp, therefore, full or nearly full of the liquid is safe, and also one full of pure warm vapor is safe. Explosions generally occur when the lamp is first lighted, without being filled, and late in the evening, when the oil is nearly exhausted. The reason of this will readily be seen. In using imperfect or adulterated kerosene, the space above the line of oil is always filled with vapor; and so long as it is warm and rising freely, and no air can reach it, it is safe. At bed-time, when the family retires, the light is extinguished; the lamp cools, a portion of the vapor is condensed; this creates a partial vacuum in the space, which is instantly filled with air. The mixture is now more or less explosive; and when, upon the next evening, the lamp is lighted without replenishing with oil, as is often done, an explosion is liable to take place. Late in the evening, when the oil is nearly consumed, and the space above is filled with vapor, the lamp cannot explode so long as it remains at rest upon the table. But take in hand, agitate it, carry it into a cool room, the vapor becomes cooled, air passes in, and the vapor becomes explosive. A case of lamp explosion came to the writer's knowledge a few years since, which was occasioned by taking a lamp from the table to answer a ring at the door bell. The cool outside air, which impinged upon the lamp in the hands of the lady, rapidly condensed the vapor, air passed in, explosion occurred, which resulted fatally. If the lamp had been full of fluid, this accident could not have occurred. Before carrying it to the door, flame might have been thrust into the lamp with safety; the vapor would have been ignited, but no explosion would have taken place.—*Journal of Chemistry, Boston.*

Romantic Experiences of a Man With Five Sweethearts.

From the Nashville Banner.

In this city a certain drug house employs among its clerks a "nice young man." Among his circle of intimate friends he enjoys a distinction which, though not as enviable as less festive youths might covet, serves nevertheless as a wholesome warning to other rash adventurers in the lists of love, whose ambitious aspirations cannot be confined to a single victory over the affections of susceptible femininity, but are ever strained toward other conquests. He recently [illegible] five damsels of our city. Five several times did he plight his faith, five several times promise his precious hand and heart in marriage to five but too eager and too [illegible]

The lovely quintette were mutual confidants. One unlucky day, when taking notes of each others' feelings, and divulging the name of the happy gallant who had extorted the promise of marriage from each, they made the startling discovery that each claimed the man of rhubarb and squills. How to punish the male coquette? The ingenuity of the mother of No. 5 was not long at fault. Young Blue Beard was politely invited to tea. He fell into a snare. While enjoying a *tete a tete* with No. 4, ten minutes later appeared No. 3, and at similar intervals the remaining victims. There was no escape for the terror stricken youth, and he quailed before the anger that flashed from five pairs of the brightest eyes that ever pierced a susceptible heart. He did what braver men would have done—acknowledged the corn. In extenuation he pleaded that his feelings changed in spite of himself; that he didn't mean to be fickle, but that he always loved most the pretty girl he might happen to see last. Of course such logic had anything but a soothing effect on that Council of Injured Loveliness. Humbly repentant, crest-fallen, and bearing himself like a man with several fleas in his ear, he left that cosy parlor a sadder, and we hope a wiser man. There are hints that a suggestion was made by one of the fair tribunal, looking to the application of a twisted piece of untanned bovine epidermis to his shoulders, but the prudent judgment of the dignified matron forbade the infliction of additional mortification.

DETROIT ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

List of Appointments.

The following is a list of appointments made on Monday, at Ann Arbor, at the Annual Session of the Detroit Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church:

DETROIT DISTRICT—F. A. BLADES, P. E.
Detroit—Central Church—L. R. Fisk.
—Lafayette St.—E. E. Caster.
—Jefferson Ave.—A. F. Bourns.
—Seventh St.—W. J. Campbell.
Trenton—C. N. Austin.
Wyandotte—L. J. Whitcomb.
Flat Rock—S. Kitzmiller.
Wayne—J. A. McIlwaine.
Dearborn—R. C. Lanning.
Lee Chapel—T. Wakelin.
Bellville and Sheldon's—J. Kilpatrick.
Plymouth—R. Bird.
Birmingham—J. F. Davidson.
Warren and Royal Oak—To be supplied.
Farmington—R. S. Pardington.
Northville—J. W. Crippen.
Commerce—S. Bird.
Southfield—J. H. Curnalia.
Pontiac—W. H. Shier.
New Boston—S. W. Noyes.
Arthur Edwards, Assistant Editor N. W. Christian Advocate.
John Russell, Temperance Agent.

ANN ARBOR DISTRICT—S. CLEMENTS, JR. P. E.
Ann Arbor—B. F. Cocker.
Dixboro'—R. H. Crane.
Ypsilanti—T. C. Gardner.
Augusta—W. M. Triggs.
Oakville—E. Bibbins.
Saline—G. W. Lowe.
Dexter—W. C. Way.
Chelsea—John Levington.
Francisville and Leoni—H. Hodskiss.
Grass Lake—A. J. Bigelow.
Henrietta—T. Nichols.
Unadilla—E. H. Brockway.
Pinckney O. J. Perrin.
Lima and North Lake—N. Newton.
Hamburgh—Joseph Frazer.
Brighton—T. Nichols.
South Lyon—M. B. Wilsey, W. C. Clemo.
Milford—E. Van Norman, E. O. Haven, President of the University of Michigan.

ADRIAN DISTRICT—D. C. JACOKES, P. E.
Adrian—J. S. Smart.
Tecumseh—L. H. Dean.
Clinton—S. Borsey.
Manchester—J. C. Wortley.
Napoleon—Wm. Benson.
Franklin—P. L. Terner.
Addison—Chas. Allen.
Hudson—T. Stalker.
Medina—J. B. Russell.
Morenci—T. J. Hankinson.
Fairfield—E. A. Hazen.
Blissfield—J. S. Joslin.
Petersburgh—H. N. Brown.
Lambertville—D. A. Curtis.
Monroe—J. W. Scott.
Dundee—J. H. McClure.
Ridgeway—E. R. Hascall.
Brooklyn—Eli Wigle.
Macon—J. H. Camburn.
West Milan—To be supplied.
Clayton—To be supplied.
Norville and Sharon—J. S. Sutton.
Palmyra—M. J. Scott.
G. B. Jocelyn, President Albion College.
John McEldowney, Prof in Albion College.

FLINT DISTRICT—M. HICKEY, P. E.
Flint—Court st.—L. Lee.
Flint—Garland st.—W. Q. Burnett.
Swartz Creek—A. E. Ketchum.
Flushing—J. W. Gordon.
Hazleton—G. Lyon.
Mount Morris—J. Wesley.
Clio—W. Birdsall.
Grand Blanc—O. Whitmore.
Saginaw City—J. H. Burnham.
East Saginaw—J. H. McCarty.
South Saginaw—C. Mosher.
Midland City—N. Green.
Bay City—G. I. Betts.
Vassar—J. O. Bancroft.
Watrousville—J. H. Caster.
Sebewaing—E. Klumph, A. Whitcomb.
Dayton and Kingston—L. L. Houghton.
Millington—G. Deacon.
Forest—A. Gee.
Wenona—J. B. Goss.
Portsmouth—L. Barnes.

ROMEO DISTRICT—WM. TAYLOR, P. E.
Romeo—W. E. Bigelow.
Mount Clemens—J. I. Crawford.
Utica—W. Mason.
Washington—R. Gage.
Orion—B. H. Hedges.
Rochester—J. B. Varnum.
Oxford—J. F. Dorey.
Lapeer—A. R. Bartlett.
North Branch—A. S. Fair.
Almont—John Armstrong.
Dryden—S. C. Brown.
Armada—G. W. Owen.
Chesterfield—R. McConnell.
Hadley—L. S. Tedman.
Goodrich—H. W. Hicks.
Clarkston—B. F. Pritchard.
Mill Creek—Lewis Mitchell.
Troy—W. H. Benton.

PORT HURON DISTRICT—J. G. POTTER, P. E.
Port Huron—H. O. Parker.
Marysville—T. J. H. McIntosh.
St. Clair—John Kelley.
Marine City—W. Hagadorne.
Algonac—A. R. Loring.
Memphis—W. P. Maywood.
Brockway—A. N. Harding.
Richmond—T. C. Higgins.
Rubely—F. E. York.
Lakeport—J. E. Withey.
Lexington—J. Horton.
Davisville—A. Sheppard.
Port Sanilac and Forrester—W. Donnelly.
Sand Beach and White Rock—
Huron City—C. L. Church.
Austin—James Riley.
Tawas—E. Berry.
Au Sauble—G. R. Davis.
Harrisville—J. W. Johnston.
Alpena—N. Pierce.

OWOSSO DISTRICT—WM. FOX, P. E.
Owosso—J. Venning.
Corunna—E. W. May.
Laingsburg—To be supplied.
Perry—J. Morgan.
Byron—O. Sanborn.
Oak Grove—J. N. Holt.
Fentonville—T. J. Joslin.
Hartland—A. J. Richards.
Highland—H. Hook.
Howell—F. N. Warren.
Fowlerville—R. C. Crane.
Dansville—J. R. Cordon.
Williamston—J. Balls.
Vernon and Newbury—L. J. Whitcomb.
Chesaning—A. B. Clough, J. Maywood.
St. Charles—C. Simson.
Long Lake—D. W. Hammond.
Holly—J. G. Whitcomb.
Groveland—J. Johnson.

LAKE SUPERIOR DISTRICT—C. M. ANDERSON, P. E.
Iroquois Point Indian Mission—Peter Marksman.
Marquette—J. N. Elwood.
Negaunee and Clarksburgh—C. C. Hemans; one to be supplied.
Houghton—B. S. Kyler.
Hancock and Calumet—S. W. Ladu; one to be supplied.
Keweenaw—Geo. Blaker.
Eagle Harbor—J. R. Noble.
Clifton—George Stowe.
Ontonagon—To be supplied.
Rockland and Maple Grove—E. W. Frazer; H. S. White transferred to the Wisconsin Conference.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—We learn from the Cleveland *Leader* that a body has been found on the lake shore, with only a shirt and pair of pants upon it, and some papers in the pocket, bearing the name of John L. Harsh, of Minerva. We fear that this must be Mr. John L. Harsh, who was a large horse contractor during the war, being the senior partner of the well known and universally respected firm of Harsh & Moore. We hope that our fears may prove unfounded.

DON'T KILL HIM.—Many farmers have noticed in their fields a large black beetle, with most brilliant golden dots placed in rows on his back. Dr. Fitch says:

Its eggs produce the corn grub killer. It is a most inveterate foe of the cut-worm, grasping the worm in its strong jaws, and, in spite of its violent writhing and struggling, securely holding it. When it finds these worms in plenty, it gorges and surfeits itself upon them until it is so glutted and distended as to be scarcely able to stir, for it never knows how to let a cut-worm alone when it meets him. It is continually hunting these worms, feeding on nothing else if it can obtain them. Both it and the golden dotted beetle which produce it, therefore, should never be harmed.

A REBEL ANECDOTE.—In 1863, the enemy caught an old countryman near Madison Court House, and informed him that he must do one of two things—either take the oath of allegiance to the United States Government, or prepare to be buried alive. He declined taking the oath, when his captors deliberately proceeded in his presence to dig a grave, and when it was finished they led him to it and said:

"Will you take the oath?"

"No!" responded the prisoner.

"You had better?"

"I won't!"

"If you don't take the oath you will be buried alive inside of the next five minutes!"

The old fellow approached nearer, looked with attention at the pit yawning before him, and then turning round, with his hands in his pockets, calmly replied:

"Well, go on with your funeral!"

MILCH COWS.—An exchange pertinently remarks: "We saw a bill sticking up on the fence yesterday, informing the people that a fine milch cow was lost. We enter an inflamatory protest against the use of that word 'milch.' Why use it? Would you talk of the 'milch of human kindness?' Not very frequently. How would it sound to hear one speak of the 'milch of the cocoa nut?' It would cause the hearer to snicker lodder than thunder. Then why do you talk about milch cows? Quit it."

LITTLE GIRLS.—There is something inexpressively sweet in little girls. Lively, pure, innocent, ingenious, unsuspecting, full of kindness to brothers, babes and everything. They are sweet little flowers, diamond drewdrops in the breath of morn. What a pity they should become women, flirts, and heartless coquettes.

—Last Wednesday night the barn of Mr. Paul King, an old resident of the town of Windsor, Eaton county, was burned to the ground, with nearly all of its contents. The barn, at the time of the fire, contained several hundred bushels of grain, wheat, oats, &c., of which but a few bushels were saved. Besides the heavy loss of grain, articles of value, such as farming implements, were consumed.

—Halfpenny postage is talked of in England.

Hides and Leather.

Hides—Prices firm and unchanged. Green butchers' [illegible] 8@8½c; cured 11@12c; dry flint 16@18c; dry salted 14@15c; green calf skins trimmed 17c; do untrimmed 14c; do dry 25@30c; deacon skins 25@50c each; kip skins green 10@12c; do dry 20@25c; sheep skins 75@1 50 each, horse hides 75c@1 50, grubby hides 6@7c.

Leather—Active and in good demand, with prices firm. Harness 42@44c ℔ lb; line and bridle 44@46c; collar 25@27c ℔ foot; kip, light and medium, 85c@$1 25 ℔ lb; do heavy, 65@70c ℔ lb; do French, $1 40@1 60; hemlock calf $1 25@1 35 ℔ lb; French calf $1 80@2 25; upper 27@28c ℔ foot; sole leather, green slaughter, 35@38c; Buenos Ayres 30@32c; Oronoco 5@30c.

Detroit Dry Goods Market.

CANTON FLANNELS.			
Hamilton	21	Chicopee	16
Pemberton, A	25	Banner	15
DENIMS.			
Amoskeag	32½	Uncasville	
York	27 @28	Union	16
Manchester		New York	[illegible]
Chester D		Falls Standard	16@18
Otis	20 @30	Crompton	13½
BROWN SHEETINGS.			
Atlantic A	4-4 17½	Superior	4-4 16
Massachusetts B B	16	Dwight, A	13½
Empire State	4-4	Bedford	3-4 10½
Boot Mills, B	16	Indian Head	16
Indian Orchard, BB	14	Tremont	14½
Stark A	17	Waterville	14
Medford	17	Portsmouth P	14
DELAINES.			
Manchester	17	Hamilton	17
Pacific	17	Armures	
PRINTS.			
Merrimac, W	15	Duchess, B	11½
Merrimac D	14	Mourning	13½
Cocheco	14	Lowell	11½
Sprague's	14	Freemen	11½
Richmond	14	Wamsutta	10
American	14	Empire	9½
Dunnell's	14	London	
Allen's	13	Wauregan	12½
Amoskeag	12½	Arnolds	11½
TICKS.			
Amoskeag	22 @37½	West Branch No. 1	26
York	32 @30	Albany	10
Pemberton	15 @28		
CORSET JEANS.			
Amoskeag	14½	Bates	12
Naumkag S	15½	Androscoggin	12
THREAD.			
Coats'	$1 10	Staffords	[illegible]
Clark's Soft Fin.	1 10	Skein, white	75
Clark's	65	Skirt braid	75
Williamantic	70		
CHECKS.			
Hartford	12½	Glasgow	16
Berkshire	12½	Manchester	41
Lancaster	18	French	

Hardware and Metals.

Iron and Steel:

Flat bar com.	3½@ 3½	Round steel	16 @20
Horse shoe	5½@ 6	Cast steel	22 @25
Sheet iron 10x17	5½	Spring steel	11½@12½
" 15x24	6	Horse shoes ℔ lb	7½@ 8
Nail rods	9 @10		
Plow steel	12 @13		

Pig Iron—Massillon, $43 00; Union, ——; Scotch, 47; Lake Superior, $41 00—rates net.

Lead and Shot:

Lead, bar	12 [illegible]	Shot, drop	$3 25
Lead, sheet	[illegible]	Shot, buck	3 50
Lead, pipe	14 00		

Tin—The market is as follows:

I C 10x14	$13 75	I C 12x12	$15 00
I X 10x14	16 75	I X 12x12	18 00
Bar tin	45	Pig tin	40

Nails:

3d	$5 25	8d	$5 10
4d	5 50	10d	4 75
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Clinch nails	6 50		

Glass—Market steady.

	1st Quality	2d Quality
8x8 to 8x10	$6 00	$5 50
8x11 to 10x15	6 00	7 00
[illegible]		8 00
18x18 to 15x24		8 00
[illegible]		10 00
20x30 to 24x30		12 00

Detroit Cattle Market.

Week ending Friday, Aug. 28—Kuhl's Cattle Yards.

Arrivals of cattle for the week foot up 460 head, and of sheep, 2,386. There was a full supply of stock which was mostly fine and sold at prices somewhat lower than last week. The demand for shipping is very light indeed, as the railroads still refuse to transport cattle. The market closed dull, with about 30 head left over unsold.

The following drovers were in this week: [illegible] Cook, 77; Freeman & Co, 42; J Beal, 17; A Plumer, 20; Hall & Roe, 17; J M Fulton, 25; [illegible] 20; J Major, 20; C Ulrich, 14; J Martin, 12; M Dewey, 9; L Strickland, 19; H O Morgan, 20; J Joseph, 21; W Oberhoff, 12; Curran & Foley, 16; R Ford, 10; L Green, 11; Stead & Lonsmore, 20; L O Fruits, 12; R Duff, 10; sundry persons, 97. Total, 460.

BEEVES.—Sales were made at the following rates:

Extra	None
First quality	$5 00@5 50
Second quality	4 00@ 4 50
Third quality	3 75@ 3 00

SHEEP—Are very plenty, and sell low. We quote them at $2 25@3 25 per 100 lbs.

Detroit Wholesale Market.

Detroit, Aug 28—2 P. M.

APPLES—Choice fruit is in good demand at $4 00 per barrel, and fair at $4 00@4 50. To [illegible] 50@75; less in peck, and $1 25@1 50 per bushel.

BARLEY—$3 25@3 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

BEANS—The market is quiet, and prices are rather higher. Prime are held at $3 50@4 50 ℔ bu.

BUTTER—Choice roll at 33@35c. For firkin 32c is paid.

CORN—Quiet, with a slight decline. Selling at $1 00.

CORN MEAL—Dull at former rates. We quote kiln-dried at $46 00 per ton; fine $46 00 and coarse $44 00; country manufactured is nominal at about $42 00@43 00.

CHEESE—New York Factory, 18c; Ohio and State Cheese, 16½@17c; dairy 14@15c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples quiet at 17@18½c. Stock price 1c less. Peaches nominal at 25@28c.

EGGS—The market is weaker; sales made at 16@17c.

FLOUR—The stocks are rapidly augmenting, and the market is dull and depressed. We do not change our quotations, but the rates for superior are mostly nominal, and it would require an actual offer from a buyer to determine at what rate a round lot might be obtained. Letters from the most reputable Boston houses state that choice flour can be bought in that market below $12. There are occasional sales to meet the actual wants of trade, in part for the Eastern market, and to-day the following are reported: 100 bbls choice superior $11 00; 100 bbls do at $11 50; 100 bbls do at $11 25; and 100 bbls do on private terms. Spring wheat flour is in light supply, with a fair demand, and the market is steadier than that for the upper grades. We quote:

Choice white wheat, superiors	$11 00	@ 11 50
High extra amber	10 25	@ 11 00
Extras	9 75	@ 10 25
Spring brands	8 25	@ 9 75
Superfines	7 00	@ 8 00
Rye	9 00	@

FREIGHTS—The rates by lake and rail are 75c for flour to New York, and 85c to Boston. Fourth class 42½c. Flour to Buffalo, 25c. The following are the all-rail rates by the G. W. R. R. from April 25th:

	1st class.	2d class.	3d class.	4th class.	Flour.	Wool.
*Albany	$1 20	90	65	40	80	1 40
New York	1 30	1 00	75	45	90	1 50
†Boston	1 40	1 10	80	50	1 00	1 60
‡Philadelphia	1 30	1 00	75	45	90	1 50

*Includes Troy and Schenectady.
†Includes Worcester, Providence, Lowell via Troy, Fitchburg, [illegible], New Haven, [illegible], Hartford, New London.
‡Includes Baltimore.

Western rates from New York are as follows to places named:

	1st class.	2d class.	3d class.	4th class.
Detroit	$1 44	$1 21	$ 90	$ 64
Jackson	1 84	1 52	1 22	85
Lansing	1 94	1 61	1 32	92
Kalamazoo	2 02	1 65	1 30	96

The rates by the New York & Erie and New York Central lines, steam on lake to Detroit from New York and Boston, will be as follows: First class, $1 08; 2d class, 90c; 3d class, 70c; 4th class, 45c. Special rates on sugar, molasses, coffee and fish, 37c.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—We quote grapes at 20@25c per lb; blueberries, $5 00 per bu; pears $5 00@6 50 for choice; peaches scarce at $4 00@6 00 per bu; watermelons $12 00@15 00 per 100.

HAY—New hay on the market ranges from $12@16 per ton for timothy, and sells at $15@19 for pressed on dock.

FEED—The market for the past few days has been firmer, owing to scarcity, bran being quotable at $16@17 00; coarse middlings $20 00@21 00; fine do $25 00@26 00. To-day the supply seems to be improving, sales of three cars bran being reported at $15 00.

FISH.

Codfish 100 lb	$6 00@8 50	Mackerel No. 1 $12 00@12 50	
Whitefish	[illegible]	do No. 2 10 00@10 50	
Trout	5 75@6 00	Herring box, 1 [illegible]	60
Scale herring, box	60	do salt water, bbl	8 00@10 00

OATS—New oats sold at 56c for 300 bags, and some small lots at 58c.

ONIONS—In fair request at $3 00 per bbl. To first hands 75@85c per bu is paid.

OYSTERS—Held at 50c for XXX, and 55c for extra.

MALT—Steady at $2 00 ℔ bu.

POTATOES—Selling from wagons at 60@65c for good.

PROVISIONS—The demand is very active for the home supply, and sales are very readily made at our quotations. We quote heavy mess at $30 00; thin do at $27 50; necks at $23 00; rump at $27 00; heads at $11 00; lard at 19c in barrels and tierces; 20c in kegs; hams at 19@21c; shoulders at 14c; breakfast bacon at 16c; beef at 18 00@22 00; dried beef at 22c.

SALERATUS—DeLand's pure, 9½c; D. Land's chemical, 11½c; DeLand's healthy, 11c. Babbitt's pure, 12c.

SPICES—Pepper, 37c; pimento, 33@34c; cassia, 80c; cloves, 45c; nutmegs, No. 1 $1 40 [illegible]

SOAP—Austrian, 11c; common bar, 5@5½c; German, 7½@9; Mottled, 9@10c; American castile, 10c; foreign castile, 22@25c; Mack & Co.'s compound, 13c; stearine soap, 12½c.

TALLOW—The market is dull, with 11@11½c the best offered.

WATER LIME—Quiet at $1 65.

SALT—Saginaw, $2 40; Onondaga, $2 45 for fine and $2 50 for coarse. These are dock rates, delivered, 5c extra.

RYE—Quiet. Sales in small lots at $1 45@1 46 per bush.

WHEAT—The market was somewhat excited, but the transactions, though fair, were rather light in consideration of the large amount of talk. The New York report represents an advance in that market, under the influence of an export demand. The present Detroit prices being above export rates, it is somewhat doubtful what affect this advance will have upon our market, but it is safe to presume that it will create a vastly improved feeling, and inspire renewed confidence in the general result. The transactions were two cars of No. 1 white at $2 20; eight do at $2 22; three do at $2 23; two do at $2 26; 10 cars No. 2 white at $2 10; one do rejected at $2 10; three cars of No. 1 amber at $2 04; one do at $2 05; five cars No 2 white, seller, September and October, at $2 00. For all the No 1 amber on the market $2 05 was bid before close. Street rates unsettled.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Cognac brandy	$5 00@15 00	Ale, qts	
Holland gin	2 00@ 6 00	Ale, pts	
Rum	3 00@ 6 00	Claret	[illegible]
Sherry wine	2 00@12 00	Catawba wine	2 [illegible]
Port wine	3 00@10 00	Catawb ℔ doz	10 [illegible]
Porter qts	3 00	Champagne	25 00@35 00
Porter, pts	2 75		

Fuel.

CORDWOOD—At yards — beech and maple, $5 50; hickory, $6 25; soft wood, $5 25. At the eastern and western markets the rates are, for beech and maple, ℔ cord, $5 00; hickory, $6 00; soft wood, $3 00. Cargoes at $2 60 for soft; $4 00 for beech and maple, and $4 75@5 00 for hickory.

Coal—			
Lehigh	$13 00	B. [illegible] Hill	[illegible]
Scranton, nut	13 00	Brookfield	[illegible]
do stove size	12 00	Chippewa	7 75
do egg	12 00	Woodville	[illegible]
do grate	12 00	Corunna	7 50
Blossburgh	10 75	Walker	$6 50@7 00
Willow Bank	7 00	Massillon	[illegible]

Lumber Market.

Steady.

First clear, ℔ m	42 00@45 00
Second clear	35 00@
Third clear	17 00@
Stock boards	@ 16 00
Common boards	@ 10 00
Fencing boards	8 00@ 10 00
Cull boards	35 00@ 40 00
Clear flooring, dressed	24 00@
Common do do	22 00@
Second common	24 00@
First clear siding	26 00@
Second do	17 00@
Common do	20 00@
Long joists	16 00@
Short joists and scantling	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Deck plank	4 00@ 6 00
Shingles, shaved	3 [illegible]
Shingles, sawed	2 75@ 3 00
Laths, ℔ 1000 pieces	15 [illegible]
Cedar posts	

BRICK—Common, $6 00 ℔ M.; stock, $15 ℔ M.; pressed, $15 ℔ M.

FRIENDS Don't be Humbugged. Henry Bissell will Open his Photograph Rooms. Pictures 50 Cents per Dozen. Largest Sizes 75 Cents each, frames Included.

THE ENTERPRISE.

Published Thursday [illegible]

At Manchester, Washtenaw Co., Mich.

By the Manchester PRINTING Company.
Geo. S. [illegible], Editor.

Terms, $2,00 per Annum, in Advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
(12 lines, or less, [illegible])
[illegible]
Each subsequent [illegible]
Local Notices, per line [illegible]
A liberal discount [illegible] by the Column.

M. S. & N. I. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Morning Express [illegible]
Express [illegible]
Freight [illegible]

Express [illegible]
Evening Express [illegible]
Freight [illegible]

Trains connect at Adrian and Tecumseh [illegible] with those going East, West and South [illegible] Jackson for the East, West and North [illegible]

CHAS. F. HATCH, Supt.

ASA DEWITSON, Station Agent.

Henry Bissell will open a NEW Photograph Gallery in this village during the present month. Pictures [illegible] or less. Don't be humbugged by artists.

Rev. J. B. Gilman will hold service at the Universalist Church 10½ o'clock, A. M., next Sabbath.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE.—We have received the local agency of the Providence Life Insurance and Investment Company of Chicago Illinois. This company has in the last eighteen months, paid over $50,000 losses, by which persons of almost every occupation of profession have received benefits, and the hearts of widows and orphans made glad. No other class of insurance is of equal value to the assured, providing, as it does, compensation for disabling injuries, and, at the same time, guaranteeing the wife and children provision in the future in case of death of the beloved husband and father. For particulars call at the Enterprise Office.

ACCIDENT.—A son of Fink Freeman received a severe wound [illegible] a spirited horse [illegible] water.

SOLD.—A young widow named Kelsey residing about twenty miles from Detroit, concluded to visit her sister at Jackson. While at Jackson she attended a party and formed the acquaintance of a beautiful young man, who proposed that she return home with him, via. Toledo and Detroit. They arrived at the American House, and Mrs. K., gave her "pretty fellow" the check of her trunk containing her money and clothes. The police authorities failed to locate "pretty" trunk money and clothes but [illegible] the lady a pass, and she returned home a sadder, but a wiser widow [illegible] Question.—If a widow don't know much who the duce does?

A letter from Mr. Pusey requests us to say he will meet [illegible] on Tuesday evening next.

PRIZE WHEAT.

The importance of the white wheat crop of Michigan is becoming more apparent each year, commanding, as it does, the highest rates paid for this grain not only in New York, but in the foreign markets. Our merchants are also advised by long experience that when the wheat crop is grown up to a high standard it is good for them as the grower. Impressed with this idea, and realizing fully how beneficial would be the results of any experience which would tend to increase not only the quantity grown per acre, but which would also have the effect of keeping up and raising its quality to the highest standard, Messrs. Moore, Foote & Co., of Detroit, have placed at the disposal of the Michigan State Agricultural Society the sum of $[illegible], to be divided into three grand prizes, for the best five acres of white wheat sown in 1868 and harvested in 1869. The prizes are: 1st. For the best five acres of wheat harvested in 1869, of the crop of which not less than five bushels shall be shown at the State Fair of that year, $250.00. For the second best five acres of white wheat, of which not less than five bushels shall be shown at the State Fair of that year, $100.00. For the third best five acres of white wheat, of which not less than five bushels shall be shown at the State Fair of that year, $50.

These premiums are offered at this early date that all competitors may have time and opportunity to prepare the soil thoroughly, and to select the varieties of seed which they may deem best adapted to it. Messrs. Moore, Foote & Co., in making this liberal donation to the agricultural interests, have thrown no restrictions around these premiums impossible to be complied with. They desired that the President and Secretary of the State Agricultural Society should make such conditions as would call out as much general information as possible in relation to the various soils, methods of tillage and varieties of seed in producing white wheat of the highest standard.—The rules laid down by the State Society, to guide all who may enter to compete for the premiums, have been made as simple as possible, but at the same time are intended to bring out all the practice and experience of the best wheat growers, so that this class of citizens in Michigan and other States may reap some general benefit from the awards of these large and liberal premiums.

Shady Side of Metropolitan Life.

The September number of Packard's Magazine contains a touching plea for the Magdalens of N. Y. City from the pen of Oliver Dyer. We regret that our limited space forbids the article, word for word, however, we refer our readers to the Magazine, and make the following extracts:

"They have come from high life, and middle, and low life; a few from the highest, and many from the very lowest, but most from the middle ranks. Some have been driven to the city and to the streets by want. Some have been betrayed to destruction through their affections, but worst of all, many a one has been reared for the shambles by her parents and sold to her destroyer by her mother, and delivered over to her doom by a mother's hands. We have had girls in our own Mission Bible Class, within the last three years, whose parents have held on to them as with a grip of death, simply that they might make merchandise of them [illegible] Nor do they wait long. One-fifth of the girls who walk our streets at night are under sixteen years of age and many of them are mere children, not yet fourteen and some of them not yet thirteen years old. And matters are growing worse all the time. The tendency in every department of the bad crime is youthwards. Thieves, burglars, pickpockets, as well as daughters of shame, average much younger now than they did a quarter of a century ago—and so do drunkards. We have repeatedly seen children under four years of age drunk in the streets of the Fourth Ward, and have also seen them [illegible] drunk to the Howard Mission day school, and sleep off their debauch on the floor or the benches of that institution.

Our horrid country friends are doubtless ready to cry, "But why is not a stop put to this? Why are not these children rescued from their inhuman parents?" It is not done, simply because it can't be done. [illegible] New York city is largely ruled by the [illegible] The influence of the municipal government is wholly on their side; and were it not for the Board of Health, the Excise Commission, and the Metropolitan Police, the city would in time become [illegible]

But sadder than any of these last mentioned facts is the fact that a good deal of the property occupied for the purposes of vice in this city is owned by persons of respectability, and some of it by those who are regarded as pillars of the church. A man whose wife and daughters carry Bibles [illegible] that which is [illegible] to the Lord [illegible] any mill [illegible] [illegible] he pointed at them as they traverse the aisles of the churches which they [illegible] take them dealt by a less merciful hand than ours.

The Southern girls have, for the most part, made their appearance here since the outbreak of the war. Their descent [illegible] We of the North, however, have no cause to boast in this matter, but have cause rather to prostrate ourselves in the dust with shame; for the wives and daughters of many of our brethren, who sacrificed their lives on our battle-fields, have also been left a similar heritage of want and disgrace, and now roam our streets at night side by side with their outcast sisters from the South.

One fact which has given us much pain and against which we long struggled, and which we are certain will be a dire disappointment to almost any reader of these pages, is this, to wit: That education—so-called classic education—does not seem to be of the least use to a girl in the hour of temptation, or in her struggles for [illegible] We lay out to be understood on this point, and we hope no one will deceive himself in regard to it. We mean that the cultivation of the intellect does not give that moral power and that strength of character which enable one to resist temptation and to overmaster selfish impulses. The grace of God excepted, nothing gives these but moral industry and the habitual practice of self denial. The girl who has been in the habit of sacrificing her own desires to save her mother unnecessary steps is one who will be best prepared to resist temptation. [illegible] are by any means to be undervalued; they are only to be rightly valued, and not to be leant upon as moral or spiritual supports.

All things considered, we see grounds for hope in this business. John Allen is not the only one who has resolved to quit the dance-house business. Some of his neighbors have announced their determination to quit it also. One of them has already done so. The influx of decent people into the Water street dens has given the girls courage to assert their liberty, and they are becoming less manageable than heretofore by their keepers. Many of the up-town wanderers are also looking for release from their thraldom to sin as they never have looked for it before.

It is beginning to be understood that "no human anybody's daughter is neglected nobody's daughter is safe." Let the people keep on praying. God rules this world, and He will bring these things all out straight. John Allen closed his house Saturday with a prayer meeting.

BISSELL is Coming.

THE GREAT SHOW.—Yankee Robinson, the "Prince of Showmen" will exhibit his great Combination Show at Clinton, Tuesday, Sept. 15th. People who have seen this exhibition, pronounce it the best on the continent. The collection of animals have no superior: the performance in the ring varied, beautiful and new—second to no body or any thing in the show line. Don't fail to see the fine display of magnificence and the show. You won't begrudge your 50cts. See posters, programmes, etc.

UNION SCHOOL.—The fall term of the Manchester Union School will open on Monday Sept. 7th, at 9 A. M. under the direction of Prof. Eugene C. Olney as Principal, and a competent corps of assistants. We shall endeavor to accommodate in the several Departments, all Foreign Pupils, who may desire to attend, by furnishing as far as practicable [illegible] wish to pursue. Tuition is fixed at $5, in the High School and Grammar Departments, and $4 in the other Departments, for the fall term, and at corresponding rates for the other terms. Said tuition to be paid to the Principal, invariably in advance. Let all pupils who propose attending be present at the opening.

J. D. CORBY, Director.

LOST.—On Tuesday last, a memorandum book containing my accounts of thrashing and a small amount of money. Please retain money, leave the book at the Enterprise office and oblige Jacob Johns.

NOTICE.—Whereas my wife Jennie, has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, therefore this notice is to forbid any person trusting or harboring her on my account, as I will not pay debts contracted by her after this date.

WM. DAVIS.

Manchester, Sept. 2th, 1867.

Home Market.

[illegible]

NEW PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS

By Henry Bissell.

[illegible]

Commissioner's Notice.

[illegible]

Administrator's Sale.

[illegible]

G. R. PALMER, Administrator.
CHAS. KIRCHGESSNER [illegible]

HOUSE, SIGN, & DECORATIVE PAINTING.

Banners, Flags, Designs, &c.,

[illegible]

Dr. C. KRAUSE,
German Physician & Surgeon
MANCHESTER, MICH.

Farm for Sale.

[illegible]

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!

[illegible]

Farm for Sale!

160 ACRES [illegible]

Special Notice!

T[illegible]

PAINTS for FARMERS and others.

[illegible]

HONG & BILLS, MANUFACTURERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Boots and Shoes.

TECUMSEH, MICHIGAN.

Dealers Supplied at Boston Quotations

NEW FIRM!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

—1868—

A. H. MILLER,

(Successor to Miller & Webb.)

DEALER IN

Agricultural Implements,

House Trimmings, Tools,

HARDWARE, STOVES, IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

CUTLERY.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron.

Constantly on hand and Manufactured to Order.

MANCHESTER

Woolen Factory!

—1868—

Messrs. Porter Jaynes & Sons,

Take pleasure in saying to those who patronize

Home Industry!

[illegible]

"WARRANTEED GOODS."

One Price!

—AND—

"MICHIGAN WOOL,"

[illegible]

PORTER JAYNES & SONS.

The Farmer's Mills!

The subscriber having bought the Farmer's Mill, proposes to do Custom Grinding for all who may

Want Good Work Done.

[illegible]

Give Us a Call, and

[illegible]

Never fear, I have a Small Mill, and a Little Miller

But Git Back! You Old Millers.

[illegible] WM. M. BROWN.

[illegible] Agent of the Detroit Fire and Marine Insurance Company [illegible]

WM. M. BROWN.

ATTENTION! FARMERS!!

Did You Know it?—What?

J. S. REYNOLDS,

has just completed an Important Improvement in

The Southern Washtenaw Mills.

by putting in a complete sett of

CUSTOM MACHINERY,

And I invite All My Old Customers to call and test it for themselves. I shall give special attention to

CUSTOM GRINDING, To

Making GOOD Flour.

It is my desire to send

Joy to Every Household.

Bring Good Clean Wheat and I will

WARRANT SATISFACTION.

The Custom Grinding will be under the direction of

Mr. H. BLAISDELL,

[illegible]

"RECONSTRUCTION"

Now an Easy matter by using

WHITE

Pine Lumber.

From the yard of the undersigned

WHERE it may be found in all shapes, sizes and qualities. [illegible] as was ever offered in this market. Call and see.

Manchester, Feb. 20. SPAFARD & ROBISON.

Spring Goods, 1868.

FRESH ARRIVALS

every week at

G. W. DOTY'S

NEW BRICK STORE!

GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS,

Caps & Notions.

Ready Made Clothing, Wall Paper

Looking Glasses, Confectionery

—AND—

Patent Medicines.

I offer the above goods at prices to suit the times.

Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for goods at the highest market price. Call and See.

MANCHESTER

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

The undersigned respectfully announces to the Citizens of Manchester and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in connection with the [illegible] Lathes for finishing

Iron and Wood,

Scroll Sawing, &c.

I keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Rollers,

and other Agricultural Implements. A first class

Blacksmith Shop,

[illegible] to do all jobs of Custom work.

WHO DISPUTES IT?

WHAT?

That $1.00 buys more Groceries of a superior quality at

COON AND MOREY'S

GROCERY

AND

TOBACCO STORE

than at any other place in town.

FARMERS AND TOWNSMEN!

[illegible] FIRST CLASS GOODS at the lowest [illegible]

We publish no Price List of second or third class goods and call them first class.

Teas.

Teas, T's, Teas.

We Make Teas a Great Speciality.

COME AND SEE THEM.

TO CONSUMERS OF TOBACCO!

[illegible]

N. B. We Guarantee our Goods to suit Purchasers, if they do not, Bring them back, and get your money.

We pay the highest market price in Trade or

CASH FOR FARM PRODUCE!

[illegible]

SIGN OF "THE WILD INDIAN".

Manchester, March [illegible] COON & MOREY.

STILL THEY COME!

HENRY YUNGHANS,

(Of Erie, Pennsylvania)

Carriage Trimmer & Upholster,

Has located in this Village

And now offers for sale a specimen of his manufacture, viz: Spring, Spiral, and [illegible] Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows.

Those having Carriages to trim and upholster are requested to call and see my work. [illegible]

Call at Unterkircher's Leather Store, where a supply of my articles will be offered at prices lower than they can be had at any other town—house and as Paper Hanging neatly executed.

I have a machine for putting down carpets and will attend orders promptly, at moderate prices.

JOSEPH OTTMAR,

Dealer in

The Latest Styles of

HARNESS,

Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets, &c.

One Door West of the Post Office.

Those wishing articles in my line will do well to call and see the New Stock. Prices as low as any in Southern Michigan. Work Warranted.

Manchester, [illegible]

THE SUCCESS

Of the One Dollar Sale a Revolution in Trade.

WE furnish at a uniform price of ONE DOLLAR [illegible] less price than they are sold by any wholesale dealer in New York or Boston.

Agents wanted to co-operate with us in carrying out a plan which meets the wants of the millions in the disposal of a large and varied stock of [illegible] and Fancy Goods, Silver plated ware, Watches, Carpetings, &c.

[illegible]

A check describing an article to be sold for a Dollar: 20 for $2; 40 for $4; 60 for $6; 100 for $10. Sent by mail. Money should be sent by Post Money Order, Registered Letter or Draft on New York, or Boston, payable to our order. Circulars mailed free to any address. HARRIS & PLUMMER, 34 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

2,500,000 Customers in Four Years.

PATRONIZE THE BEST!

Having the largest capital, most experienced buyers, and extensive trade of any concern in the Dollar Sale business, we

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

in every instance, also the best selection of Goods ever offered at

One Dollar Each

[illegible]

THE LADIES

Are particularly requested to try our popular system of selling all kinds of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, DRESS PATTERNS, COTTON GOODS, Silver Plated Goods, Watches, &c. [illegible]

[illegible]

EASTMAN & KENDALL,
[illegible] Boston, Mass.

Mortgage Sale.

[illegible]

Dated July 13th, 1868.

ALFRED C. TORREY, Assignee of said Mortgage.
G. R. PALMER, Attorney for Assignee.

EUREKA

BILLIARD HALL,

MANCHESTER, MICH.

THE PROPRIETORS HAVE FITTED UP [illegible]

Latest Modern Style.

Three NEW Tables!

Manufactured by O. D. Benjamin, Toledo.

[illegible]

The Best Bar in the State!

G. B. SHERWOOD & CO.

O SING TO ME ALLIE!

[illegible]

Every one owning a Piano, Organ, or Melodeon should order the following music:

[illegible]

Sent to any address post paid [illegible]

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

VOLUME 1. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 10, 1868. NUMBER 40.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. J. W. Scott. Services at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Social meetings Sunday and Thursday evenings. Sunday School at 12 M.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. J. Gordon Jones. Services at 11 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Sunday School at 12 M. Evening services at 7. Choir meets on Thursday evenings.

BAPTIST.—Rev. W. Tilley. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings. Sabbath school at 12 M.

UNIVERSALIST.—Services every alternate sabbath at 10 A. M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. Mr. Hildner. Service every alternate sabbath at 2 P. M.

SOCIETIES.

I. O. of G. T.—The Manchester Lodge, No. 251, Meet every Friday Evening in their hall at 7 [illegible]

DAVID INGRAHAM, W. C. T.
G. R. PALMER, W. S.

LIBRARY and Lecture Association.—Meet at Underkircher's Hall, every Tuesday evening at [illegible]. The public are invited to attend.

[illegible] ANDREWS, Sec'y. G. R. PALMER, Pres't.

MASONIC CALENDAR.—Regular communications of Manchester Lodge, No. 148, of F. & A. M., will be held on Wednesday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. A. D. MAIORS, Sec'y.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 48.—The regular Convocations of Meridian Chapter No. 48 meets Wednesday Evenings on or preceding each full moon.

E. FITZGERALD, Sec'y.

MANCHESTER LODGE OF THE EASTERN STAR.—The regular communications of the Eastern Star Lodge meets Tuesday Evenings on or preceding each full moon. MRS. HENRY CALHOUN, Sec'y.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No. 24.—The regular communications of Adoniram Council No. 24, meets the first Thursday Evening after each full moon.

IRA C. HAIGHT, Sect.

G. R. PALMER,

Attorney at Law

Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public.

OFFICE—Goodyear's Block, MANCHESTER.

Will pay particular attention to the drawing of all kinds of Legal Papers such as Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, &c.

Will Furnish first Class Insurance, at reasonable rates.

Revenue Stamps on hand to accommodate patrons.

MUNSON GOODYEAR,

Justice of the Peace.

Goodyear's Block, Manchester, Mich.

ANDREW ROBISON,

Conveyancer and Notary Public,

SHARON, (near Manchester P. O.) MICHIGAN

D. VANDUYN,

Conveyancer and Notary Public,

Manchester, Michigan.

D. COREY,

Conveyancer and Notary Public,

Manchester, Michigan.

SURGEON DENTIST!

Dr. E. HUNTER,

Office in Underkercher's Brick Block, Manchester.

Particular Attention

Given to Filling and Preserving Natural Teeth. Children's teeth will receive Special Care. Extracts Teeth without pain and without the use of

CHLOROFORM.

All operations in Dentistry performed upon the most Approved Methods

AND WARRANTED.

DENTISTRY!

W. S. STOWELL,

Manchester, Michigan.

One Door East of Boane & Son's Store, up stairs. Is prepared to do all branches in his profession, in the latest style.

M. E. MUNGER, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office at his residence.

MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

J. E. SELFE, M. D.

Physician & Surgeon,

Office—Goodyear's Block,

MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

A. FAUSEL,

PRACTICAL

Watch Maker and Jeweler.

Opposite the Post Office, Manchester.

Gold, Silver and Hair Jewelry made to Order. Repairing promptly and neatly done, and warranted.

HAVING served my time in the best establishments of the Old and This country, I feel myself justified in claiming a liberal share of patronage.

MANCHESTER HOTEL,

Hewitt & Westfall, Proprietors.

This Hotel has recently been re-fitted and newly furnished througout, and the proprietors respectfully solicits the patronage of the traveling.

In connection with the Hotel is a First Class Livery Stable.

Chas. W. VanCleef,

Of Rochester, N. Y.

Auctioneer!

All orders left at the Enterprise Office, will receive prompt attention.

Goodyear's Hall,

MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN

Henry Goodyear, Pro'r.

This Hall is in Goodyear's New Brick Block, is fifty [illegible] and twenty feet between joists, it has a [illegible] Stage, Beautiful Scenery, and is fitted up with the modern improvements.

A. CONKLIN

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, SHARON MICH.

Particular attention given to the treatment of

CANCERS.

All chronic diseases, for which purpose he will [illegible] his Office in Manchester on [illegible] No medicine given in the treatment of any [illegible] that were in any way, with the tissues of the [illegible]

CARRIAGE PAINTING!

A. G. AMSDEN,

is carrying on the business of Carriage Painting, in the BRICK SHOP, in the rear of [illegible] Blacksmith Shop, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to that branch of the trade on short notice, and in a durable manner.

Particular attention given to repainting old Wagons and Carriages. Work warranted.

PAINTS for FARMERS and others.

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof), Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per barrel of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark, Grafton Mineral Paint. [illegible] Address DANIEL BIDWELL, 254 Pearl Street, New York.

Sheet Music at the News Depot.

VanDuyn, Lynch & Co.,

Are now offering their large and well selected Stock of Strickly Pure

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

At prices that defy competition, together with

School and Miscellaneous

BOOKS,

of every kind.

Stationery!

Our stock is complete and requires your particular attention.

BLANK BOOKS,

Slates, Pencils, &c.

GROCERIES!

Call and Examine QUALITY and Price.

D. B. DeLand & Co's., Chemical Saleratus, and B. W. Ball's Magical Soap—the best made—Constantly on Hand.

Lamps and Chimneys,

Kerosene—the Best White Oil

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,

VARNISH, TURPENTINE,

NAPTHA, JAPAN &C.

CIGARS!

The best brands of Chewing and Smoking

TOBACCO.

Perfumery, Hair Restoratives, Cosmetics

MANUFACTURERS

Of the best quality of FLAVORING EXTRACTS, Hair Oils, Cologne, Ink, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Liquid Bluing, &c.

J. A. LYNCH,

HOMEOPATHIC

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office in Drug Store.

Residence on Jefferson Street, opposite G. Doty's.

GUARANTEE.

That I will cure those intrusted to my care, in the quickest possible time, by means that are safe and reliable, but will not use any medicines that will endanger the patients future health.

February 18th, 1868.

C. H. NICHOLS' CHEAP STORE

CALL AND SEE C. H. NICHOLS.

BRING ALONG YOUR PRODUCE.

On and After July 4th, I will Sell Goods for Ready-pay Only.

Goods can be Sold Twenty per cent. Cheaper for Cash or Ready Pay. Those having unsettled accounts are requested to settle without delay.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

CHEAP GOODS FOR READY-PAY.

Manchester, Michigan.

Unparalleled Bargains

IN

Sofas, Tables,

Rockers, SofaChairs, Looking-

Glasses, Picture Frames,

BEDSTEADS,

Matresses, Tables, &c.,

At the Furniture Rooms of

G. & H. SMITH.

Tecumseh, Michigan.

W[illegible]

J. J. & I. L. CLARKSON

Have commenced to receive their

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS,

Which will be, as before, the largest and most complete stock kept in Manchester.

Our facilities for buying are as good if not better, than any House in the City, and therefore are able and willing to give our customers Good Bargains

We call your Special Attention to our full line of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

We extend a general invitation to the Citizens of Manchester and vicinity, to call and examine our Goods before making your purchases.

Manchester, Apl. 2d, 1868.

Rose & Rothchild,

Dealers in

CLOTHING

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps, Trunks of all sizes and Prices.

Don't forget the place to buy goods Cheap.

Union Hall, Manchester, Michigan.

THE NEW BAKERY!

(OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.)

Wm. KIRCHGESSNER, Proprietor.

FRESH BREAD,

Buns, Rolls, Rusks, Crackers, Pies and Cakes, Constantly on Hand.

Fresh Candy, Nuts, Figs, &c. &

Meals served at all hours.

Those wishing baker's yeast will find a fresh supply at the bakery.

J. D. ROBBINS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

WATCHES,

Clocks, Jewelry, Yankee Notions,

STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, &c., &c.

I take this opportunity to inform the citizens of Michigan, that I have the most complete stock of goods to be found in the State, and offer first class inducements to the trade.

Give me a call and I will give you satisfaction.

Tecumseh, Oct 1st, 1867.

S. W. LOCKWOOD

(Successor to Stowell & Crafts)

Undertaker.

Having purchased the business of E. P. Crafts, I am prepared to furnish every style of COFFINS at the Shortest Notice.

A HEARSE WILL ATTEND FUNERALS.

Leave orders at the building formerly occupied by Mr. Stowell.

Prices the same as at any establishment.

Manchester Oct. 12th 1867.

CARRIAGE

And Wagon Shop.

THE Subscriber having rented the shop formerly occupied by James Hendershott, is prepared to execute all work entrusted to him, in a workmanlike manner.

All work done to order at lower prices than any other shop in the county.

Nov. 28th. L. LABAR.

New Millinery Goods!

Dress Making a Speciality.

The subscriber takes this opportunity to thank [illegible] for their past patronage, and would solicit a continuance of the same, as I shall spare no [illegible] to give customers entire satisfaction. I am now receiving my

SPRING

Stock of Goods and would be happy to receive a call from all.

MY OLD CUSTOMERS

[illegible]

Mrs. A. M. Crafts.

MRS. M. WOODRUFF

Fashionable Millinery

AND DRESS-MAKING ROOMS.

[illegible]

NEW Goods! Spring Styles!

[illegible] HATS, BONNETS, RIBBONS & C.

[illegible]

LORENZO GREENMAN.

Builder and Mason.

Work solicited and satisfaction Guaranteed.

Manchester, Michigan.

The Latest and Best STYLES of Dry Goods in Market.

HAIGHT BROTHERS & CO.,

Are Prepared to Furnish their Customers with

Call Early before the Rush commences. Fresh Goods Received Every Week.

CLARK & WEIR,

WOULD announce to their friends and customers that they have recently replenished their stock

OF HARDWARE!

And are now prepared to show as varied an assortment of Hardware and Agricultural Implements, and at as reasonable rates as can be found in the County.

We are Agents for the Well Know

BALL REAPER & MOWER,

—ALSO—

THE WORLD!

A New and Superior Machine.

FARMERS,

Please call and See it.

We shall also keep Extras for the Ball reaper and mower, Sections and Rivets for the Buckeye and Ball, Horse Forks, Extra Pulleys, Rope, &c. Also, the

Three Rivers Cultivators,

The Tecumseh Horse Rakes,

Buckeye Drills, Well and Cistern Pumps.

LOW PRICES!

"Quick Sales & Small Profits"

Don't pay High prices for goods when

MONEY

Can be Saved

By buying at the

CHEAP STORE.

Cash!

CASH!

WILL BUY

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Parasols, Alpacas, Summer Dress Goods, Emb'd and Hem stitched Handkerchiefs, Table Linen, Lace Collars, Lace Edging, Hoisery, SILKS, White Goods, Cloths, Shoes, everything cheap at

WASTELL BRO'S

Hoop skirts for Ladies only 50 cents, Corsets, only 50 cents.

Westward Ho!

From $3,000 to $4,000

IN

GROCERIES!

To be Exchanged for

CASH OR READY PAY

During the next Sixty Days.

I Have concluded to go West, and am anxious to sell my stock of Groceries, Crockery, Yankee Notions, in fact

EVERYTHING

usually kept in a Family Grocery Store. This is no humbug. Bring along your Butter, Eggs, and other

PRODUCE!

and get the highest market price in cash or cheap Groceries.

N. B.—Those having accounts on my books are requested to call, settle the same and save costs.

John H. Miller.

Special Notice.

Seasoned Flooring, Decking, Siding. Also, dressed clear finishing lumber, thoroughly seasoned, planed at the new steam mill of Lewis & Parsons. Please call and examine for yourselves, at the old lumber yard of

June 1st. D. DORRY.

FOR SALE.—Two lots, No. 16 and 17, on Ann Arbor Hill, with a New Brick House and an everlasting well of water. Terms easy. Enquire of [illegible] LORENZO GREENMAN.

House and Lot For Sale.

A Good Frame House, two acres of Land, young Orchard, &c., situated in the west part of the Village, near the Depot. Terms $2,000.

April 9th. [illegible]

For Sale.

THE undivided half of the brick Store, known as Gleason's. Also, the undivided half of the two Ice houses and contents.

May 29, 1867. J. W. GLEASON.

FOR SALE.

ONE Good Horse, a single Harness, Buggy, and a Saddle, for sale cheap. Enquire of

May 15th. J. H. MILLER.

1868. THE 1868.

PREMIUM MILLS AT EAST MANCHESTER in running order. Having put in

NEW BOLTS

we are prepared to do work and warrant satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

We have in our employ Mr. Ezra Pratt, one of the best MILLERS in the state. J. H. McLEAN.

apr 11f

WANTED.—TEACHERS, STUDENTS, and other intelligent Men and Women, to a business paying $100 to $200 per month, according to ability. For particulars, address

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
Lombard Block, Chicago, Ill.

BRIDE AND BRIDEGROOM.

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride in the institution of Marriage,—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.

A CARD TO THE LADIES!

DR. DUPONCO'S

GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,

FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, lest they invite miscarriage, after which admonition the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise the Pills are recommended as a

MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY

for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family when health will not permit it; quieting the nerves and bringing back the "rosy color of health to the cheek of the most delicate.

Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, $5.

Sold in Manchester, Mich., by VanDuyn, Lynch & Co., Druggists, "sole agents" for Manchester.

LADIES! By sending them $1 to the Manchester Post Office, can have the Pills sent (confidentially) by mail to any part of the country, free of Postage. Sold also by Gerald & Walsh, [illegible] Kessner, Jackson, Bennett & Co., Adrian, and by "one druggist" in every town.

S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor, New York.

News Depot!

At the Millinery Rooms of

Mrs. M. WOODRUFF,

Goodyear's Block, Manchester, Mich.

HELLOA! STOP!! WALK IN!!

GRAHAM & GOODYEAR

have just received an immense stock of

Watches, Clocks & Fancy Goods.

also, the most complete assortment of rich, elegant and newest styles of

JEWELRY, SOLID SILVER WARE, ELEGANT PLATED WARE, FINE TABLE CUTLERY, SPECTACLES

of the first quality. A Large assortment of

TOYS!

STATIONARY, LAW BLANKS,

&c., &c. Silver Jewelry made to order. Watches & Clocks repaired by competent workmen. Watches SILVER PLATED to order.

Engraving neatly executed.

Goodyear's Block, West Store.

MANCHESTER

PLANING MILLS!

We, the undersigned hold ourselves in readiness to

Dress, Match,

Scrool-Saw, Re-Saw, and Turn,

WE DO

All Kind of Custom Work in our Line

On short notice. We also manufacture

Sash, Doors and Blinds

To order, of the best seasoned lumber and workmanship. Send along your orders.

Mouldings of all kinds on hand, as cheap as any other in the State.

June 1st. LEWIS & PARSONS.

LOOK HERE!

Are You Looking for

Money OR Goods?

If You Are, Just Step into The

One Horse Store.

I am selling Goods for Cash at Prices that will astonish all who wish to purchase.

I buy light and often, and take advantage of the decline, therefore cannot be undersold.

I believe a small profit in ready cash is better than a large profit on account, therefore I have marked my goods down to cash prices.

Calico [illegible]

Twelve shilling Tobacco for One Dollar.

Tea, Sugar and Coffee that Can't be excelled.

The highest market price for Butter, Eggs, etc.

Nov. 21st. W. M. BAXTER.

Norway flooring—a fine article, superior to ash, for sale by Spafard & Robison.

Rose & Rothchild are receiving their New Clothing at Union Hall.

TO RENT.—A dwelling house. Enquire at Graham & Goodyear's Jewelry Store.

FOR SALE.—A desirable residence, pleasantly located. For particulars enquire of Charles Weirs.

The Indelible Pencil for marking linen—for sale at the News Depot.

FOR SALE.—Two village lots and one brick dwelling, pleasantly located near the union school house. Enquire at Reynolds' Mills. J. KOSTNER.

TO RENT.—The rooms over G. W. Doty's store. Enquire at the store or of Frederick Kurfess.

BOARDING.—[illegible] is prepared to furnish board by the day or week, corner of Clinton and Exchange Place. Price reasonable. C. A. BABCOCK.

ARRIVED.—A large stock of shaker Boots and Shoes, also, Hoop-skirts, Paper collars and cuffs, for cash, at Wastell & Bro's.

Hemlock Ceiling for Granaries, rats and mice can't "chaw" through it. Just received at the Lumber Yard of Spafard & Robison.

The old Gleason Meat Market is again supplying its friends with choice beef, mutton, veal, &c. They also have a large supply of ice for sale.

Mr. O. Krause, a German Physician and Surgeon from Philadelphia, has located in our village, and for the present, has his office at the Farmer's Hotel. He comes well recommended to us as physician and surgeon, and we are glad to learn that he has concluded to make Manchester his home.

CASH.—The subscriber would inform his patrons that the Old Style of doing business is to be done away with, and hereafter Cash is the Basis. We find that we can buy goods at less figures for Cash, and therefore can sell them, consequently it will be for the interest of both parties to have "cash the base." I also wish to inform those having accounts upon my books, to call and settle the same immediately. A. H. MILLER.

A CARD.—Mrs. Woodruff takes this opportunity to inform those suffering from the effects of the many chronic diseases, that she has receipts and medicines that will afford them relief. Good references from persons who have received aid from these medicines, will be furnished upon application at her millinery rooms, in Goodyear's block, Manchester. Call and obtain a receipt that will restore your health.

Kah-ge-ga-gah-bowh, or G. Copway, the celebrated Indian Doctor of the Ojebway nation, will be at the Manchester Hotel, Thursday, Friday and Saturdays, during July, August and September. The Doctor will be happy to meet those afflicted, and relieve their sufferings.

CASH IS THE CRY.—We respectfully inform the community at large, that the Credit Business is DEAD. We shall make no more accounts. We shall sell for cash ONLY. We also inform all those indebted to us, that we wish an early settlement of all accounts. Don't Ask for Credit. Goods cheap for cash, at Wastell Bro's.

A FACT.—I sell Tea for $1 a pound that has been pronounced better than any house in town sells for $2. I have knocked the "bottom out of prices" and will sell groceries cheaper than any man in Michigan. J. H. MILLER.

EUREKA.—One of the finest resorts for amusement has been fitted up in Goodyear's Block, by Sherwood & Middlebrook. They have three new billiard tables, manufactured by O. D. Benjamin of Toledo. Also, one French table and the Yankee air-gun. A beautiful bar stocked with best wines, liquors and cigars to be found in the market. Geo. and Gus are determined to afford a quiet place for those who love to devote an hour to pleasant recreation.

MEN OF OUR DAY.—A peculiar feature of Republican Society is the rapid advancement of men of talent and ability to positions of trust and responsibility. There are, at this time, many men prominently before the American people whose career is but partially known. We read eagerly the words of counsel and cheer they speak, and catch glimses of their lives, only to wish for a more intimate knowledge of their character, and the steps by which they have attained their present position. Dr. L. P. BROCKETT, the popular Biographical Editor of Appleton's Cyclopedia, has prepared concise and interesting biographies of some fifty or more of these men, including all the more prominent Statesmen, Generals, Financiers and Philanthropists of the country. The work has just issued from the press, and is a model of the art of book making.

The work is sold only by canvassers, and intelligent men and women are wanted in every county, to whom the most liberal inducements are offered.

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & Co., Pub's.
Chicago, Illinois.