	Juneo T. Dunke 7 3
In the Matter of a Dispute Between Norway-Vulcan Area Schools And Norway-Vulcan Education Association	Michigan State University LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS LIBRARY

Proliminary Statement of Fact Finder

By notice dated August 26, 1969 the undersigned was appointed

Fact Finder in the above titled matter by Robert G. Howlett, Chairman

of the Employment Relations Commission, State of Michigan.

A fact finding hearing pursuant to Section 25 of the Labor Mediation Act [Mich. Stat. Ann. 17.454 (27)]; Mich. Comp. Law 423.25 and Part 3 of the Board's General Rules and Regulations was held August 29, 1969 in the Industrial Education building at the school.

Both parties were represented and participated fully in the hearing.

Appearances for the parties were as follows:

For the Association

School District

Joe Sacchetti, P. N. Chairman Eleanor Wills, MEA President Bruno E. Manle, F F Comm. Gerald S. McKie, Member, NVEA Walter Peters, F F Comm. Chair. Ronald G. Patrick, MEA P. N. Con. D. S. Brumbaugh, Superintendent W. J. LaFreniere

The Issue

The sole issue presented to the Fact Finder was the question as to the appropriate base calary for the BA degree. Both parties had agreed upon the index to be applied to whatever base was agreed upon as well as the insurance package and stipends for coaching and other extra services.

The Association requested a base of \$7,000; the Board offered \$6,500 and the Association revised its request to \$6,800. When the Board rejected this revision at modilation the Association withdrew all offers of
settlement and proceeded to Fact Finding.

Fact Finders Report and Recommendations

It appears to the fact finder that the following is a reasonable context.

- 1. There has been an increase in state aid and there seems to be no argument that if the number of pupils on the fourth Friday count ic 1,014 then the state aid receivable is \$342,260, which reflects an increase of \$31,382 over the 1963-69 state aid received as claimed by the Accordation. If the administration's estimate, however, that the fourth Friday count will reveal that the school population is only 975 students, then there is apparetnly no dispute that the state aid allowable for this number would be only \$320,329, or an increase over 1960-69 of only \$10,451.

 If that should occur, then the general fund equity belance at the end of the 1969-70 school year is bound to reflect it.
- 2. With respect to the property tax, there has been an increase in operating millage of 5 mills. The state equalized valuation of the district has increased from the 1963-69 figure of \$10,571,311 to \$10,746,672. There is no dispute, and cannot be, that the total operating millage is now at 26.895 mills. The difference then between the amount received

from this source in 1968-69 as opposed to the projected 1969-70 amount reflects an increase to the district of \$57,578.74.

- 3. Depending then upon whether the state aid payments are made on the basis of a fourth Friday count of 1,014 as opposed to 975 students as estimated by the district, the total additional revenue on the higher pupil number would be \$89,460.74. Thus, even if the audited total general fund equity deficit of \$13,941.69, unadjusted to reflect cash balances from the school lunch fund, the activities fund, and the bookstore inventory is subtracted from the anticipated revenue based upon 1,014 students, the general fund equity should no longer show a deficit, but should show a plus of \$75,519.05. If only 975 students should be the fourth Friday count, thus reducing state aid to \$10,451, the general fund equity balance position would be reduced to \$54,088.05.
- 4. It appears by costing out a \$6,700 base salary, which is practically the average base in the U.P., that this would reflect a total salary increase alone over 1968-69 of \$424,200, less last year's cost based on the present agreed factor (63.315) of \$379,890, or a total of \$44,310.

 This is \$12,652 more than has thus far been offered by the board on a \$6,500 base. It also appears that the cost of extra curricular activities has been computed by the parties based upon a factor of 1.651. If this factor is applied to a \$6,700 base as opposed to the board's \$6,500 offer, the increase would amount to \$329.70 over the Board's current proposal, or a total cost increase over 1968-69 (based upon the \$6,000 base of last

year multiplied by the agreed factor of 1.651 for the current year) of \$1.155 (\$11.061 - \$9,906 = \$1.155).

The agreed incurance package cost increase over 1968-69 cost is \$2.602.

Hence the total increase in cost over last year using agreed increase for the coming year is as follows:

036, 320 Salary item
1, 155 Extra curricular salary item
2, 632 Estimated insurance package item
546, 367 Grand total extra cost over 1968-69

- 5. Relating the above grand total extra cost ever 1968-69 to the two possible estimates of increased revenue for 1969-70 over the past year referred to in #3 above we are confronted with the following situation:
 - a) If the estimated caroliment at fourth Friday is 1,014, the both anticipated not revenue increase over 1968-69 should be

\$75,519 (See #3 above)

Subtract 48,667 (See #4 above)

\$27,452 Net improvement of Increased revenue even added cost, base \$6,700

b) If the estimated enrollment at fourth Friday is 975 as administration projects it, the total anticipated not revenue increase ever 1968-69 should be

\$54,088 (See #3 above)

Subtract 48,067 (See #4 above)

\$ 6,321 Net improvement of increased revenue over added cost, base \$6,700

c) The perconsage of added cost to increased revenue in (a) above is

\$42,067 - \$75,519 = 63.6%

The percentage of added cost to increased revenue in (b) above is

\$46,047 -- \$54,068 = 88.37%

5. The fact finder believes that since the obser computation to be added solely on added cast related to adjusted auticipated increase in revenue a \$6,700 base is justified if the ctate aid is althoughly revealed to be based on the projected 1. The enrollment or if the percentage of added cost to increased revenue does not exceed 70%. If and to the enders that such percentage does not exceed 70%. If and to the enders that such percentage does encoded 70%, the fact finder believes a correspondant inguitations of some lind chooled be made.

The fact finder is fully aware that both parties can argue with nonzerous aspects of the above rationals and computation adjustments and his conclusion. He is confronted with a practical matter of maining a reasonable recommendation. He recalls that the primary basis for required the district to approve an added 5 mill increase for operating was that teachers' compensation and benefits must be such as to retain and recruit competent personnel. He believes that the administration in making such request of the voters intended not to be below the average base in the U.P. for 1969-70. The \$6,700 base figure is at or very near that average.

If the parties can now agree upon the estimated state aid as moding the above recommended guidelines, the \$6,700 base should now be put into effect. If, however, it is decided to await the fourth Friday sount to ascertain the arrowat of state aid in accordance with the above guide-lines, then such adjustment as may be agreed upon beyond the \$6,500 base offer already made by the Board shall be retroactive to the beginning of the first pay period of the 1969-70 school year.

September 4, 1969

James T. Dunne, Fact Platfor