Tannenberg—Drama of the World War
Big German Victory of 1914

By JOHN A. MERRAH

Tannenberg, a place 18 miles east of Warsaw, was the scene of a battle that shaped the course of World War I. The battle took place on August 26, 1914, and it was fought between the German 1st Army and the Russian 2nd Army. The battle was a decisive victory for Germany, and it marked the beginning of the end of the Russian Empire.

The battle began when the German 1st Army, under the command of General Paul von Hindenburg, advanced against the Russian 2nd Army, under the command of General Alexander Samsonov. The battle was fought on the Masurian Lakes, which are located between East Prussia and Russia.

The battle was a brutal and bloody affair, and it lasted for three days. The German army was victorious, and it forced the Russian army to retreat. The German army lost 22,000 men, while the Russian army lost 140,000 men. The battle was a turning point in the war, and it marked the beginning of the end of the Russian Empire.

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