THIS UPSET WORLD
By W. E. RII

FRANCO GETS SOURCE OF SUPPLIES

● This is the second of a series of articles revealing the true, complete story of the Spanish revolution. Last week the author told of the background and outlook.

By SAM BREWER

THIS UPSET WORLD

Franco, the nation's great escape artist . . .

T CoA THE beginning of the Spanish war the nationalistic forces had two moun-

ted areas. In the first six months of the conflict they gained control of one single block stretching the whole length of the country. It was not until the end of the conflict that the two main areas were brought together to form a united Spain.

The nationalists, led by Francisco Franco, achieved their greatest success in the summer of 1936, when they captured the capital, Madrid, and established a new government.

The nationalists began their campaign by seizing control of the northern and northeastern parts of Spain, which were inhabited by people who supported the nationalist cause. They then moved south, capturing cities and towns along the way. By the end of the summer, they controlled almost the entire country.

The nationalists' most pressing problems were to unite the various factions and to ensure continued support from the people. They achieved these goals by incorporating other groups into their movement and by providing a sense of purpose and direction.

The nationalists' success was due in part to the fact that they had superior military equipment and training. They also had the advantage of being able to draw on the resources of the country, such as food and supplies.

The nationalists' greatest victory was the capture of Madrid, the capital of Spain. This was a significant achievement because it demonstrated the nationalists' ability to take on the established government and to win.

The nationalists' success in the Spanish war was due to a combination of factors, including superior military equipment and training, effective leadership, and the support of the people.

The nationalists' victory in the Spanish war had a profound impact on the country and the world. It demonstrated the power of nationalism and the ability of a small group of people to achieve their goals.

The nationalists' victory also had a profound effect on the rest of the world. It showed that a small group of people could achieve their goals and that the world was divided into two camps: those who supported the nationalists and those who supported the established government.

The nationalists' victory in the Spanish war was a significant event in world history. It demonstrated the power of nationalism and the ability of a small group of people to achieve their goals.