In the center of that building. The man at the top of the German government, the dictator Hitler. He lives in a mansion called the Chancellery. While he is not at work, he goes to his country house in Braunau.

Dr. Abraham, the dictator, has installed in the city of Munich a large mansion called the Chancellery. It is a beautiful building, with large windows, and it is surrounded by beautiful gardens. The chancellery was built in the early 19th century.

The rooms in the chancellery are all large and spacious. The dictator's private office is on the second floor. The office is decorated with fine furniture and paintings. The dictator himself spends most of his time in this office, where he receives visitors and makes important decisions.

The chancellery is also the site of many important events, such as the signing of treaties and the delivery of speeches. The dictator's residence is a symbol of his power and authority.

Every day, hundreds of people visit the chancellery, including politicians, diplomats, and members of the public. They come to see the buildings, to learn about the history of the chancellery, and to pay their respects to the dictator.