HERE'S WAY YOU MUST ENLIST IF LIABLE TO DUTY

Civilian Officials to Conduct Conscription; Army Keeps Its Hands Off.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—An official outline of the method by which military registration is to be carried out under the selective conscription bill was made public today with an appeal from the war department for the voluntary services of state, election, and other officials, in order that there will be no delay in enrolling and classifying millions of men for army duty.

Careful preparation has been made to place the whole task in the hands of civilian officials of the states and to remove every suggestion of military force in putting the measure into effect. The only function of the federal government will be supervision through the office of the provost marshal general.

War Department's Statement.

The department's statement follows:

"There was a time in the country's history when military enumerators, backed by bayonets, went out among the people to take a compulsory service census. Today under the principle of universal liability to service the execution of the law is put into the hands of the people.

"The approval of the new national army bill and the president's proclamation thereunder will be coincident. All persons within the age limits prescribed will be required to present themselves for registration at the customary voting places in the voting precincts in which they have their permanent homes, on a day which the president will announce. The probability is that from ten to fifteen days will elapse between approval of the bill and registration day.

"The governor of each state will be the chief of registration therein. The machinery of registration in each county is to be in charge of the sheriff, the county clerk, and the county physician, acting ex-officio, unless a different board shall be announced by the governor. In cities containing populations of more than 30,000 the registration will be under the control of the mayor and selected boards.

Apportionment of Registrars.

"In order that the designated county and city officials and the people generally can get a clear understanding of the census methods the following brief outline is given:

"The sheriff or other designated officials, immediately upon receiving notice from the governor, shall appoint registrars for each voting precinct.

"The proportion of registrars shall be one for each 170 persons to be registered. Each age to be registered will comprise about 1 per cent of the population. If, for instance, all men between 19 and 25 years of age, inclusive, are to be registered, the registrar would have to enroll about 7 per cent of the precinct population.

"It is desirable to accept the services of competent volunteer registrars to serve without compensation. All registrars must be sworn.

"The voting place in each precinct must be prepared for registration. Full printed instructions covering every detail of registration will be in the hands of sheriffs and mayors on the fifth day after the president's proclamation.

In Cities of Over 30,000.

"The mayor of a city containing more than 30,000 inhabitants, or the officials designated by the governor therein, shall, with approval of the governor, appoint for each ward or convenient minor subdivision containing about 30,000 people, one registration board, and shall designate one officer of each board to perform duties similar to those imposed on the sheriff, as heretofore outlined. If the mayor desires, he may appoint a central board to coördinate the work of minor boards.

"On the fifth day after the president has issued his proclamation, clerks of counties and cities of over 30,000 must secure a supply of blanks and copies of the registration regulations from the sheriff or from the mayor. Absentees and the sick will apply to such clerks to have their registration cards filled out. In no case shall such persons be given registration certificates. They are to be instructed by the clerk that the burden is on them to see to it that the cards reach the registers of their home precincts by registration day.

Absentees and the Sick.

"Persons absent from their home counties may be registered by mail. If so absent a man should go to the clerk of the county where he may be staying on the sixth day after the date of the president's proclamation. If he is in a city of over 30,000 population the city clerk is the official to whom to apply. The absentee will be told how to register, but he must mail his card in time to reach his precinct by registration day.

"Persons too sick to present themselves for registration must send a competent person to the county or city clerk on the sixth day after the issuing of the proclamation. The clerk will give instructions for registration.

Colleges and Other Institutions.

"Officials of educational, charitable, and other institutions should apply for instructions to the county or city clerk on the sixth day after the date of the proclamation for instructions as to a convenient method of registration.

"The wardens of jails, penitentiaries, and reformatories should apply to the county or city clerk for instructions on the sixth day.

"Five days after the date of the president's proclamation complete regulations will be in the hands of all sheriffs and of the officials of cities of over 30,000 population.

"The president is authorized to call upon all public officers to assist in the execution of the law. The plan is, however, to rely on the people for the proper execution of the law. It is expected that patriotic citizens will offer their services free as registrars. Such services will be gratefully acknowledged. Volunteers for this service should communicate immediately with the proper official."

Church Flag Raising Today.

Five hundred members of Auburn Park Methodist Episcopal church will participate in a flag raising in front of the church this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

DRAFT

Registration Blanks All Men Will Be Required to Fill Out for Use of Military Authorities in Enforcement of Conscription.

Form 1 — **REGISTRATION CARD** — No.

1 Name in full ..... (Given name) ..... (Family name) — Age, in yrs.

2 Home address ..... (No.) ..... (Street) ..... (City) ..... (State)

3 Date of birth ..... (Month) ..... (Day) ..... (Year)

4 Are you (1) a natural-born citizen, (2) a naturalized citizen, (3) an alien, (4) or have you declared your intention (specify which)? .....

5 Where were you born? ..... (Town) ..... (State) ..... (Nation)

6 If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject? .....

7 What is your present trade, occupation, or office? .....

8 By whom employed? .....
Where employed? .....

9 Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, solely dependent on you for support (specify which)? .....

10 Married or single (which)? ..... Race (specify which)? .....

11 What military service have you had? Rank ..... branch ..... years ..... Nation or State .....

12 Do you claim exemption from draft (specify grounds)? .....

I affirm that I have verified above answers and that they are true.

If person is of African descent tear off this corner

(Signature or mark)

One million registration blanks arrived in Chicago yesterday for Mayor Thompson, who will be chief registration officer under the national military draft law passed by congress. This is a full sized sample of the registration blank which all men in the United States probably between 19 and 27 years of age will be required to fill out. Besides the questions appearing in the reproduction above, the man on the reverse side will find the queries: "Tall, medium, or short (specify which)? Slender, medium, or stout (which)? Color of eyes? Color of hair? Bald? Has person lost arm, leg, hand, foot, or both eyes, or is he otherwise disabled (specify)? Then follows: "I certify that my answers are true, that the person registered has read his own answers, that I have witnessed his signature, and that all of his answers of which I have knowledge are true, except as follows:" There follows a blank in which the registrar may make personal comment and in which he signs his name, precinct, city, or county, state, and date of registration.

LIPTON EXPECTS AMERICAN HELP TO SAVE BRITAIN

Sir Thomas Thinks Yankee Brains Will Defeat the U-Boat War.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, May 5.—Sir Thomas Lipton, who is in close touch with the problem of feeding both the military and the civil sections of the population, in an interview today said:

"There is no bluff about the scarcity of food. We are up against it, but America has come in just at the right time, and no one can make me believe America will not rise to the emergency.

"The situation is much worse than English people realize. The storehouses throughout the country are being emptied. Everything is being run bare. There is some idea here that we are not taking strong enough action to meet the crisis. That is not so. I know that the most drastic machinery is being prepared to put the whole United Kingdom on rations, and when the necessity arises the machinery will be ready.

Authorities in Earnest.

"Lord Devonport's announcement that we can get along until the middle of July may sound reassuring, but you may be certain that the government would not go to the great expense of actually setting up, as it is at this moment, a compulsory rationing department unless they seriously thought it would be criminal if we waited till the last loaf of bread was in sight and then tried to scramble together some sort of a department that would enable everybody to get their fair share of bread.

"For two reasons I personally think that we shall escape bread tickets. First and foremost, I am convinced that America's inventive genius will devise some means of putting the submarine in its place, which is at the bottom of the sea.

"Three tries for the America's cup compel me to admit that the American shipbuilders' genius is unrivalled, and I shall be surprised if a craft does not come out from Sandy Hook, on or under the water, and solve the problem of submarines.

People Curb Bread Use.

"My other reason for hoping we shall escape the bread tickets is that the people here are undoubtedly cutting down on their consumption of bread without any policeman making them do it. Unless I am much mistaken, the campaign for voluntary bread saving will have widespread results.

"But we shall still need every ship that America can build and every ounce of food she can spare. It is a good thing for us that we have such an ally to depend on. Personally, when I am in a tight corner there is no one I should rather have by my side than any man whom I had found, in sporting contests, to be an honorable but determined opponent. After my cup contests I perhaps know better than any other living Britisher how well the American man fills that bill and it is a fine thing to know that he is with us in these times.

"The American women also will have a big hand in making those sacrifices and economies upon which victory depends, and I do not want any better allies than the women of America. When our united efforts have won the war I shall have another shot at the cup."

Bernstorff to Advise Kaiser.

LONDON, May 5.—Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, left Berlin this afternoon for German grand headquarters, where he will be received for a conference with the kaiser, according to a wireless message from Berlin tonight.

PRINCE OF WALES TO WED COUSIN?

LONDON, May 5.—Prince Edward Albert of Wales, heir apparent to the British throne, has answered for himself the question whom he will marry, according to the National News, a London weekly. The News says the prince has decided he will ask for the hand of his first cousin, Princess Maud, the youngest daughter of the princess royal and sister to Princess Arthur of Connaught.

BOHEMIA UNDER MILITARY RULE

LONDON, May 5.—Martial law has been proclaimed throughout Bohemia, according to a Prague telegram to Basle newspapers transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Geneva. All newspapers of Bohemia have suspended publication, the message adds.