

that it will be held wherever the president says.

"Why make me the target in all this controversy?" Capt. Trevett continued. "I haven't said anything. I am always glad to give the public any information that I have, but I have none. I would like to see the whole matter cleared up, and will do anything I can to that end. The trustees are under obligation to the people of Illinois. We must abide by the law. If they want the law changed, they should go to Springfield to have it done."

Doesn't Want Any Investigation.
"Rumors that there had been some friction or trouble at the university recently reached Gov. Dunne. He told me that he would send a man here to investigate the matter, but I told him we didn't want his man prying around and for him to keep the investigator away."

"I have told President James that I am aware of the general contempt he has for the board of trustees. Perhaps the school would be better off without a board. In some states the universities are operated without boards of trustees, and it might be better if we had no board in this state. But the law provides for a board, and prescribes its duties."

ALUMNI DISCUSS ATTACKS.
Attacks upon the administration of President James of the University of Illinois were discussed at length yesterday and last evening by members of the executive committee of the University of Illinois Alumni association, but it was decided to defer definite action until the association proper meets.

During a dinner last night at the University of Illinois, it was stated that President James is in poor health, not having recovered from his illness of last year.

A committee of Chicago alumni, headed by H. M. Price, is making an investigation of the executive troubles at the university, but will not report for some time. It is said the committee of trustees appointed by Gov. Dunne to investigate the morale of the teaching staff has held one meeting, but will not resume sessions until March because of the absence from the state of several members among them Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin.

DR. JAMES' WIFE SERIOUSLY ILL.
Champaign, Ill., Feb. 13.—[Special.]—Mrs. Edmund J. James, wife of the president of the University of Illinois, is dangerously ill. Mrs. James was stricken several weeks ago. Mrs. James, the daughter of a professor in the University of Halle, Germany, met her husband when he was a student there.

WILL NOT IGNORE QUEENSTOWN
Mauretania and Lusitania Only Boats of Cunard Line Not to Stop There Hereafter.

A London cablegram in THE TRIBUNE yesterday announced that the Cunard line has practically abandoned Queenstown as a port of call. The Cunard steamship company's Chicago office last evening gave out this statement:

"We think your cable will give your readers a wrong impression. The fact is that our Saturday mail steamers, Mauretania and Lusitania, have for some time past omitted the Queenstown call for passengers, merely calling 'off the port' for the mails, weather permitting."

"It has been understood, however, that even this mail call was more or less uncertain in bad weather, and it has now been arranged with the British postoffice that mails shall be embarked at Liverpool. Therefore, commencing with the Lusitania Feb. 28, our Saturday mail steamers from Liverpool will sail at 2:30 p. m., proceeding direct to New York."

"All of our other steamers, the larger part of our fleet, will continue to call at Queenstown in both directions."

GEN. CLAY'S GIRL BRIDE DIES.
Woman Who Wed Noted American, Then 90, at Age of 16, Succumbs at Lexington, Ky.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 13.—[Special.]—Mrs. Dora Brock Clay Hunt, aged 31, died today. Fifteen years ago she was the most talked of young woman in America because Gen. Cassius M. Clay, former minister to Russia, Mexican war soldier, abolitionist editor, lawmaker, and a national American figure, married her.

Clay was then about 50 years old. Relatives tried to prevent the aged soldier from marrying the girl. Clay established a home at his home in Madison county, mounted cannon, and announced he would shoot any who attempted to interfere.

The girl, after a few months, left Gen. Clay, who divorced her. She afterwards married four times.

OBITUARY.
HENRY LUMBARD, president of Gerts, Lumbard & Co., 221 West Randolph street, brush manufacturers, died yesterday at the Oak Park hospital. He was 83 years old and his death was the result of a fall at his residence, 517 North Euclid avenue, a week ago. He came to Chicago in 1839 and had resided in Oak Park since 1872.

MISS HARRIET E. RANNEY, who died on Thursday, will be buried today. Services will be held from the Church of the Redeemer, Warren avenue and Robey street. It was erroneously stated in THE TRIBUNE that the services would be held yesterday. Miss Ranney was a teacher in the Hayes school forty-two years.

JOSEPH C. WHITNEY, treasurer of the Elia Mutual Fire Insurance company of Lake Zurich, since its foundation, thirty years ago, died on Thursday night at his residence near Barrington, Ill. He was 81 years old and a veteran of the civil war.

MISS F. C. BONNETTE, during more than twenty years a teacher in the public schools of Chicago, died yesterday at the residence of her sister, Mrs. G. T. McLaury, 317 Mississippi avenue, Joliet, Ill. The burial will be at Elmhurst.

GEORGE A. TREYSE, who died in Wesley hospital on Thursday, will be buried tomorrow. Services will be held by the Elks from Buftum's undertaking rooms, 1722 Wabash avenue, at 10:30 a. m.

WISS SHEARS AND SCISSORS
Buying unknown scissors or shears is buying a cat in a bag.

A coat of nickel covers many defects in cheap scissors. Real Scissors or Shears have the Wiss trade-mark. They outlast a dozen pairs of unknown kind. When buying scissors today, ask for the Wiss Test.

Standard Wiss Test.
A clean true cut from heel to point through 32 thicknesses of cheese cloth.

IF YOU DON'T SEE THIS IT ISN'T A WISS

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Gives and keeps the hair soft, promotes a luxuriant growth, restores to its natural color, prevents hair falling out, and \$1.00 at drug stores.

ARGUMENTS END ON SUFFRAGE ACT

Supreme Court Hears Pleas on Statute Granting Vote to Women.

DECISION IS WITHHELD.

Opponents Contend Law Does Not Give Right to Vote on Local Option.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 13.—[Special.]—The fate of the Illinois woman suffrage law tonight is in the keeping of the Illinois Supreme court. Oral arguments, supported by written briefs, were made before the court today.

The constitutionality of the act, especially as to the right of women to vote on the "wet" and "dry" proposition, which is to be submitted in 300 Illinois towns at the April elections, was assailed vigorously by Attorneys Alfred S. Austrian and Levy Mayer of Chicago, representing William J. Soeven in the case brought by him against the Chicago election board. Just as vigorous were the arguments made by Attorneys Charles S. Cutting, John J. Herrick, Charles H. Mitchell, and Willard M. McEwen in the law's defense.

When briefs in the case were filed the court was requested to render an early decision. This the court refused to do, and in the oral arguments today the request was not repeated, although the printed briefs ask that this be done.

Time for Decision in Doubt.

No intimation was forthcoming at the conclusion of the hearing regarding the time when the decision would be handed down. In the regular course of events the decision would come at the April term, too late to have any effect upon the April elections. In the event the act were found unconstitutional it is probable the court would announce the decision at this term, which will end the latter part of the present month. Attorneys on both sides of the case expressed themselves as having little hope that a decision will be had before the close of the April term of court.

There was trouble over the two sets of briefs filed on behalf of the women. The rules provide that only one brief may be presented. Former Judge McEwen, who appeared as the legal representative of County Judge Owens, had filed the first brief and argument under the rules of the court. The subsequent brief was filed on behalf of the Illinois Woman's Suffrage association. Mr. Soeven filed a motion which permitted the entrance of record of much of his own brief, in connection with the second, which had been filed, thereby covering a technical attack which had been made by Mr. Mayer.

Main Fight on Local Option.
An animated stand, according to opinion tonight, there is a possibility that the Supreme court may hold that the women have no right to vote on the "wet" and "dry" issue under the suffrage act. It may hold that the constitutionality of the suffrage act is "good," but there may be a division as to the propositions upon which women might vote.

This would mean, according to current report, that the court might hold the local option act to be a specific election act which had not been set out specifically in the repealing section of the suffrage act. This sort of opinion would mean, probably, that the suffrage act is "good" as applying to the officers enumerated in the law, but that it would not apply to the popular vote on "all propositions," as stipulated in the suffrage act.

Attorneys Mayer and Austrian contended in their oral arguments that the suffrage act should not be construed to the limit suggested and offered the suggestion that while the grant of voting power to the women for statutory offices might be constitutional there was strong ground for the point that the women could not vote on "all" questions.

Mayer Argues Vote Limited.
"In no state," said Mr. Mayer, "so far as exhaustive investigation discloses, have the courts recognized the right of women to vote generally, except where there has been a constitutional amendment or provision specifically stating that male as well as female shall have the right of suffrage."

The other argument was advanced that the suffrage act had not repealed specifically certain election laws which would not permit, under the constitution, women to vote. Such a law is the local option law, the attorneys for the appellants contended, the legislative intent having been when the township local option law was enacted to confine the voting only to male voters.

The position of the attorneys for the appellees in the interpretation of the "all propositions" is summed up in the brief of Attorney McEwen, as follows:
"All questions or propositions must be construed to mean all questions or propositions which may lawfully be submitted to the votes of women. There are many cases where 'all' means 'every,' and what the word means in a given case is always a matter of construction."

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What Every Woman Ought to Know About Politics.

In addition to the five bond issues enumerated in this column yesterday you will have an opportunity to vote on eight other important subjects on April 7.

Three questions of public policy, two annexation questions, and three miscellaneous matters will be submitted for your consideration.

Upon the votes of the men and women of Chicago depends whether these propositions may be put into effect.

The public questions are the immediate subway system, the comprehensive subway system, and home rule for Chicago.

Then you may vote whether you want Morgan Park and Cicero annexed to Chicago.

You also may vote upon the question of increasing the terms of aldermen to four years. They now are elected for two years.

Then you may say whether the double platoon system shall be installed in the fire department.

A revised act affecting the Municipal court of Chicago also will be submitted to you for approval or rejection.

All these propositions will be printed on what is known as the "little ballot." This ballot is separate from that containing the names of aldermanic candidates.

Women voters unacquainted with the merits or demerits of these questions should study them before voting. Some involve the expenditure of large sums of money. They doubtless will be fully discussed at ward meetings, as well as in the newspapers, between now and election.

WOMEN TO SHOW FORCE IN U.S. FOUR MORE CANDIDATES QUIT

Suffrage Board O. K.'s Country-Wide Demonstration Plan.

MRS. MCCORMICK RETURNS. TOTAL REACHES FOURTEEN.

Mrs. Stubbs Also Arrives to Hear Address on Lobby's Work.

Mrs. Medill McCormick, chairman of the congressional committee of the National American Woman's Suffrage association, returned to Chicago yesterday from New York City, where she attended the organization's board meeting.

Mrs. McCormick's plan for a demonstration by the women of every city, town, and village in the United States at noon on May 2 was approved by the national board. Illinois suffragists said the proposed demonstration, which will include millions of women, will be the most impressive ever held in any country of the world.

Details of Plan.
"It is the plan of the national association that every city, town, and village hold an open air mass meeting at 12 o'clock, noon, on May 2," said Mrs. McCormick. "The program will be uniform. It will be opened with a hymn, followed by a speech from some local suffragist, by a reading of a resolution to be sent to congress, and closed with special exercises to be sung to the music of America."

"This plan is practical for every state in the union. Some of the eastern states, which have been asked by the Congressional union to arrange for parades for May 2, will hold them. The mass meetings will be simultaneous with these demonstrations."

Mrs. Stubbs Returns.
Mrs. Jessie Hardy Stubbs of the Congressional union returned to Chicago during the day from St. Louis, where she has assisted the support of officers of the Missouri Suffrage association for the nation wide demonstration on May 2.

Mrs. Stubbs will attend the meeting of the Chicago Political Equality league at the Congress hotel tomorrow afternoon. She announced she would try to secure a seat in the first row of chairs so she would be able to hear all Mrs. McCormick's address on the plans and work of the congressional committee of the National American Woman's Suffrage association.

Women Prohibitionists to Meet.
Plans for a continuous two year campaign for the Prohibition party by the women of the party will be given a fresh impetus at a rally of Prohibition women in the Grand Pacific hotel today at 3 o'clock. Attention will be given to the pending aldermanic campaigns.

The Twenty-second Ward Women's Democratic Ellison club was organized and the following officers elected: Mrs. Joseph Kern, president; Mrs. M. Murphy, vice president; Mrs. John C. Werdell, treasurer; Mrs. George Fleischauer, secretary; and Mrs. Charles Hughes, sergeant at arms. The members of the organization unanimously endorsed the candidacy of William P. Ellison for Democratic alderman of the ward.

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If you never have worn a Fifield and Stevenson shirt, let us make you one of our Five Dollar Shirts as a sample.

Men who are in the habit of paying less than five dollars for their shirts find a satisfaction in our offerings at this price which makes them worth much more than the added cost.

Men who pay more than five dollars elsewhere find a material value in our five dollar shirts—to say nothing of the value of the Fifield and Stevenson label—which makes the purchase a shrewd economy.

Our spring and summer shirtings are especially interesting this season.

Everything in Fashionable Accessories to Men's Dress for Town, Country, Motoring or Sporting Wear

328 MICHIGAN AVENUE
McCORMICK BUILDING

WOMEN ATTACK 'BATHHOUSE' VOTE

Municipal Judge Caverly Among 1,200 Who Are Sent Suspect Notices in First.

BOTH WEISSES LISTED.

Coughlin's Attorney Fights Action, but Czarnecki Calls Suffragist Aids.

Over the protest of Attorney Frank Childs, representing Ald. "Bathhouse" John Coughlin, approximately 1,200 applications to erase names of First ward voters from the registry books were filed last night by women's organizations with the election board.

Suspect notices in other river wards increased the total of applications to about 4,000.

Among those "suspected" were Municipal Judge John R. Caverly and "Ed" and Louis Weiss. The Weisses are saloonkeepers whose license recently was revoked. Their right to vote is questioned because they were keepers of a disorderly resort.

The affidavits accompanying the request for suspect notices were signed by Alex W. Davison of the Law and Order league and Lillian Herring of 880 Michigan avenue. The largest number of names attacked were taken from the registers of lodging houses.

Places Affected by Notices.
Suspect notices were filed by Miss Drake in the following numbers against some of the large lodging houses and hotels in the First ward:
Vestibule hotel, 66 W. Van Buren. 138
Mayflower hotel, 443 South Clark. 78
Hudson hotel, 435 South Clark. 100
Palace hotel, 537 South Clark. 103
Pioneer hotel, 882 South State. 20
Alaska hotel, 426 South State. 17
Palanides hotel, 444 South State. 10
500 South State street. 12
418 Sherman street. 19
442 Sherman street. 3
155 South Fifth avenue. 6
161 West Van Buren street. 5
Stafford hotel, Van Buren-La Salle 16
Stratford hotel. 11
Palmer house. 11
Great Northern hotel. 3
Princess hotel. 10
Grace hotel. 5

Election Board Busy.
The election board itself has ordered an independent canvass of certain precincts in the First ward and sent out another 1,000 notices to registered voters to appear and show cause why their names should not be stricken from the rolls. The probabilities are the two lists contain duplicates.

Attorney Childs, who said he had not been active in election matters since he defended William Lorimer in a congressional contest prior to the senatorial scandal, questioned the right of the board to send out suspect notices without ascertaining the methods employed by those making the affidavits. He also asserted the law required all affidavits should be filed by 6 p. m. yesterday.

Czarnecki Calls Women.
Election Commissioner Czarnecki said the primary law was silent on the time limit, and asserted the time could be extended to midnight. He insisted upon action by the board. Commissioner Taylor voted with Czarnecki, while Chairman Kellerman dissented. Czarnecki then got in communication

with Miss Marion Drake, Progressive candidate for chairman in the First ward, and with Mrs. Charlotte Rhodus, president of the Woman's party. He advised them to hurry to the board rooms with counsel. The women appeared shortly after and filed their list of suspects.

Attorney Childs intimated some sort of court action would be taken by him in behalf of "Bathhouse John" to prevent the women from disrupting the lodging house vote.

In order to circumvent the attack on their work the women remained at the office of the election commissioners until midnight, preparing individual affidavits in every case. Miss Drake was aided by Mrs. Helen T. Mcville, Mrs. Grace McCarthy, Mrs. Adeline Sholes, Miss Emma L. Chamberlain, Mrs. Hilda N. Johnson Haskins, and Miss Lillian Herring.

Wife's Home Your Home?
Mr. Czarnecki spent his dinner hour before the election board met arguing with Mrs. Rhodus over the eligibility of Judge Caverly to vote in the First ward. She said the judge should be sent a suspect notice because he registered from the Victoria hotel in the First ward and maintains a residence at 4336 Sheridan road.

Mrs. Rhodus and others had been canvassing the lodging house precincts and had returned to the city hall with Judge Caverly's name among the "suspects," most of the others of whom were "hobos."

Wife Lives in Twenty-fifth Ward.
Judge Caverly registered from the Victoria hotel in the First ward, said Mrs. Rhodus. "His wife and his home are in the Twenty-fifth ward. He lives at 4336 Sheridan road. Now, I'd like to ask you by what right he registered from the First ward?"

"Judge Caverly has a right to register from the Victoria hotel if it is his legal residence," affirmed Mr. Czarnecki.

"Mr. Czarnecki," said Mrs. Rhodus, "is not the place where your wife lives your legal residence?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Czarnecki.

"Then isn't Judge Caverly's residence where his wife lives?"

"No. Nothing of the sort," returned the election commissioner. "I live at home with my wife. Judge Caverly is maintaining his residence at the Victoria—he is paying for his room there."

May Have Two Residences.
"A man has a right to maintain two residences and to elect to vote from either of them," asserted Mr. Czarnecki. "For two years Judge Caverly has been brought before the election commissioners on this proposition and it is not necessary to bring him here again. The conditions are the same as they were the last time he came here. He should not be sent another suspect notice."

"Judge Caverly will get a notice if I have anything to do with it," said Mrs. Rhodus to Mrs. Newton as they departed. "I still hold that he should be registered on the north side. A man should vote from the place where his family lives."

Clerks to Be Removed.
On the complaint of Mrs. Maria Louise B. Chamberlin, president of the Young Woman's Christian association, Edward Hancley and Fred E. Everiss, clerks of election in the Eighth precinct of the First ward, will be removed. William H. Stuart, chief clerk of the election commissioners, announced two of the young women living in the headquarters of the association at 830 South Michigan avenue will be given the positions as clerks on the precinct board.

Mrs. Chamberlin charged the men have not canvassed the precinct thoroughly.

EXPOSED; QUILTS CLERKSHIP.
Mrs. Margaret Ellington, 9 East Thirty-sixth street, a negro, voluntarily resigned her position as clerk of election in the Thirty-fifth precinct of the Second ward last night when taken before the election commissioners. She had been summoned when it was learned her house had been raided as a disorderly resort.

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