

## B.J. ARNOLD URGES INITIAL SUBWAY AS A FIRST STEP

Engineer Contends This Project  
Will Meet Present Needs  
and Can Be Financed.

## PLANNED FOR THE FUTURE

Bores, Designed to Clear Loop Con-  
gestion, May Be Enlarged  
with Growth of City.

## NEW YORK AFFORDS A WARNING

WHERE 'WE WILL' THERE'S A WAY  
—Chicago's New Proverb.

Which is the best plan for the people of Chicago—the downtown subway to be used by surface cars, or the comprehensive subway system which brings in an entirely new transportation system?

This is the second of a series of authorized interviews which it is hoped may clear up some of the confusion in the public mind.

Already it is fairly clear that the leading advocates of either system agree that neither is the best possible arrangement for the city.

It is possible that out of this discussion may come a solution of the present difficulty.—THE EDITOR.

BY HENRY M. HYDE.

"It has been charged, Mr. Arnold, that the comprehensive subway project is a piece of political strategy, intended to provide future campaign material?"

"I am an engineer. I am not qualified to discuss any possible political angle of the plan."

Bion J. Arnold, whose reputation as an expert on transportation problems is world-wide, sat in the office of the board of supervising engineers, of which he is chairman, a pile of statistical reports and construction plans before him. His round face and rosy cheeks gave the lie to the story told by his white mustache.

"For more than ten years I have been always an advocate of the one-city-one-fare idea in local transportation. I believe that the people of a great city are best served by a single corporation operating all the various forms of transportation within its limits—always provided that the public retains expert and efficient control of its operation."

"I AM glad that Mayor Harrison agrees with me that the ideal system would be provided by the consolidation of all the surface and elevated lines under one management; with subways through which the elevated trains would run under the congested downtown district. That would make possible the removal of the union b-y, which has always been an obstacle to the extension of the business district. Additional subway space must be provided to take some of the surface cars off the overcrowded downtown streets."

"I was called in to represent the board when the ordinance covering the proposed consolidation of the surface and elevated roads was pending before the city council committee. I understood that the ordinance finally failed because the syndicate which controlled the elevated roads valued its properties at some \$30,000,000 more than the estimate of other valuers called in by the city and refused to come in at a lower figure."

"If my memory serves, the valuations first made by the experts of the city and by those employed by the syndicate were some \$40,000,000 apart. Later the city's valuers, after charges that their first estimate was a political valuation, revised their figures and added some \$10,000,000."

"Even then they were nearly \$30,000,000 apart, and when it was pointed out how unfair it would be, both to the public and to the proposed consolidation, to compel the payment of interest on such a large amount of disputed capital, the merger plan died—or, at least, became comatose."

"Meanwhile my original proposition, that all the transportation companies in the city should be consolidated under a single management, with efficient public control, and that the elevated trains should be run through subways under the business district remains the ideal scheme for Chicago."

"It is by no means fair to say that the surface companies are making no effort to improve their service. The establishment of through routes was one step. The unification of all the surface lines in the city un-

(Continued on page 3, column 1.)

## SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

For Chicago and vicinity—Fair and colder Wednesday; Thursday fair; moderate northwesterly winds, becoming variable Thursday. For Illinois—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Thursday; moderate west winds. Sunrise, 7:01; sunset, 5:08. Moonset, 1:54 a. m.

### TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO

(Last 24 hours.)

Maximum, 1 p. m. Tuesday... 38  
Minimum, 2 a. m. Wednesday... 14  
8 a. m. ... 30 11 a. m. ... 36 7 p. m. ... 27  
4 a. m. ... 35 Noon ... 37 8 p. m. ... 23  
6 a. m. ... 34 1 p. m. ... 38 9 p. m. ... 21  
8 a. m. ... 32 2 p. m. ... 37 10 p. m. ... 18  
7 a. m. ... 34 3 p. m. ... 38 11 p. m. ... 17  
9 a. m. ... 34 4 p. m. ... 38 Midnight ... 16  
10 a. m. ... 35 5 p. m. ... 38 1 a. m. ... 15  
11 a. m. ... 36 6 p. m. ... 38 2 a. m. ... 14  
Mean temperature, 28; normal for the day, 23.  
Excess since Jan. 1, 301.5.  
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., trace. Excess since Jan. 1, .88 inch.  
Wind, S. W.; max., 22 miles an hour at 10:30 p. m. Monday.  
Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 72%; 7 p. m., 71%.  
Barometer, sea level, 7 a. m., 30.14; 7 p. m., 30.17.  
For official government weather report see page 18.

### SHIPPERS' ADVICES.

Special Forecast for Shippers With-  
in Radius of 500 Miles. Page 11  
Prepare shipments to reach destination by Thurs-  
day night for temperatures as follows: North and  
west, 10 to 15 degrees; south and east, zero to 5  
degrees.

### SHOPS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW—PAGE 15

### POLITICAL.

More than 153,000 women register as voters  
on the first day. Page 1  
Woman election judge saves man judge  
from jail sentence. Page 3

### FOREIGN.

Wilson permits Mexican rebels to import  
arms; recognized as belligerents. Page 1

### WASHINGTON.

House Democrats against the creation of a  
house committee on woman suffrage. Page 1  
House rescinds action which would have  
handicapped Wilson in lap problem. Page 13  
Secretary of labor would put shipment of  
firearms under federal jurisdiction. Page 13  
Commerce board will refuse rate boost until  
roads cease free services. Page 13

### LOCAL.

Relations of De Woody with broker investi-  
gated by the grand jury. Page 5  
Chief makes record shakeup in ranks of the  
fire department. Page 5  
Jurors find defendant, then pay his fine to  
save him from going to jail. Page 7  
Plan for board of experts on terminals ex-  
pected to meet opposition. Page 7  
Charles R. Crane says he was not offered  
Russian embassy at White House. Page 11  
Paroled convict threatens to kill judge and  
assistant state's attorney. Page 11  
Bartzen-Burg finance committee votes out  
county money at rapid clip. Page 13  
Purtelle's record in and out of jail explodes  
"cabaret" subway plan. Page 13

### STATE.

Oscar Von Hagen, of wealthy DeWentage,  
slain in attempted flight from Joliet. Page 7  
Five Volo women fined \$100 each for riding  
storekeeper's wife on a horse. Page 11

### DOMESTIC.

Sulzer, in first address in New York as  
assembly, demands war on grafters. Page 13  
Ohio officials demand Rockefeller pay taxes  
of \$12,000,000 on entire fortune. Page 13  
Milwaukee Realty company in bankruptcy;  
involved in bank's troubles. Page 17

### TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Real estate. Page 17  
Produce. Page 18  
Financial. Page 18  
Commercial. Page 19  
Live stock. Page 19

### SPORTING—PAGE 10.

American boys' hand greets the world's  
baseball tourists in Sydney, N. S. W.  
Alonso A. Stags will present twenty-two  
suggestions to football rules committee.  
Murphy threatens suits for damages  
against Tinker, Brown, and Miller.  
Hoppe defeats George Sutton in the 18-2  
billiard championship match.

### MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port. New York  
PRINCE OF WALES. New York  
CELTIC. Gibraltar  
VICTORIA. Glasgow  
U. S. S. ANAPOLIS. San Francisco  
LEWIS LUKENBACH. San Francisco  
RANNO. Naples  
AORANGI. Wellington  
HOMELAND. Melbourne  
SHINTO MARU. Shanghai  
SONOMA. Sydney  
STRAITHELV. Port Pirie  
Sailed. San Francisco  
JACOB. San Francisco  
CHINA. San Francisco  
CITY OF VERA. San Francisco  
SEATTLE MARU. Victoria  
ALABAMA. Liverpool  
IL PIEMONTE. Naples

### WIRELESS REPORTS.

Due at New York  
GR. KURUP. 7:00 miles. Thursday a. m.  
AMERICA. Dist. not given. Wednesday a. m.  
HAMBURG. Out 700 miles. Thursday p. m.  
LA SAVOIE. Out 240 miles. Wednesday p. m.

### ANNETTE KELLERMAN HURT WHEN GLASS TANK BURSTS.

Swimmer and Teammate Drawn Across  
Jagged Edges by Rush of Water—  
Both Badly Cut.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Feb. 3.—While giving  
a performance in the Bermuda aquarium this  
afternoon, Annette Kellerman, the Aus-  
tralian swimmer, and Herbert Brennon, the  
Australian diver, were both badly injured by  
the bursting of a glass tank containing 8,000 gallons  
of water.

In one of the scenes the pressure became  
too great and the glass front gave way with  
a crash. The tremendous rush of water  
sucked the occupants across the jagged edges  
of the glass. Miss Kellerman was badly  
lacerated on the left side, while Brennon was  
gashed seriously on the arms and legs.

Brennon was removed to a hospital and  
Miss Kellerman was taken to her hotel.

### STEALS FOR HIS YOUNG WIFE.

Man's Plea, However, Fails to Save  
Him from Fine and Bridewell  
Sentence.

A desire to get money to provide for his  
young wife led to a fine of \$10 and costs and  
a sentence of thirty days in the house of cor-  
rection for Theodore Palmer, who says he  
lives part of the time at 3225 Lake Park ave.  
and the rest in South Chicago. Palmer  
was arraigned before Municipal Judge Good-  
now for the theft of a bicycle.

## WILSON PERMITS MEXICAN REBELS TO OBTAIN ARMS

Order Lifting Embargo on Muni-  
tions Recognizes Carranza  
Forces as Belligerents.

## HOPES TO OUST HUERTA

Action Taken After Dictator Was  
Given Last Chance to Elim-  
inate Himself.

## CIVIL WAR WILL BE FOUGHT OUT

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—

President Wilson today issued a proclamation  
lifting the embargo on arms which was ap-  
plied to Mexico by President Taft.

This further step in the administration's  
campaign for the overthrow of Gen. Victor-  
toriano Huerta was accompanied by an of-  
ficial declaration that:

1. Constitutional government does not ex-  
ist in Mexico.  
2. Mexico shall be left free to settle her  
own affairs.

The president and Secretary Bryan hope  
the moral effect of this action will be to bring  
success to the Constitutional cause, which  
would mean the expulsion of Huerta. This  
has been the single aim of the adminis-  
tration's policy since last August.

The president's proclamation places Huerta  
and the Constitutionalists upon the same  
footing, so far as the importation of arms  
from the United States is concerned. It gives  
the Constitutionalists practically belligerent  
rights, asserts to the world the unalterable  
opposition of this government to Huerta, and  
ranges us absolutely behind the Carranza  
cause.

### Text of the Proclamation.

The text of the proclamation follows:

Whereas, By a proclamation of the  
president, issued on March 14, 1912, under  
a joint resolution of congress approved  
by the president on the same day, it was  
declared that there existed in Mexico  
conditions of domestic violence which  
were promoted by the use of arms or  
munitions of war procured from the  
United States; and

Whereas, By the joint resolution above  
mentioned, it thereupon became unlaw-  
ful to export arms or munitions of war  
to Mexico except under such limitations  
and exceptions as the president should  
prescribe;

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson,  
president of the United States of Amer-  
ica, hereby declare and proclaim that, as  
the conditions on which the proclamation  
of March 14, 1912, was based have es-  
sentially changed, and as it is desirable  
to place the United States with reference  
to the exportation of arms or munitions  
of war to Mexico in the same position  
as other powers, the said proclamation  
is hereby revoked.

### White House Statement Explains.

Accompanying the order the White House  
issued the following statement of explana-  
tion:

The executive order under which the ex-  
portation of arms and ammunition into  
Mexico is forbidden was a departure from  
the accepted practices of neutrality—a  
deliberate departure from those practices  
under a well considered joint resolution  
of congress—determined upon in circum-  
stances which have now ceased to exist.

It was intended to discourage incipient  
revolts against the regularly constituted  
authorities of Mexico. Since that order  
was issued the circumstances of the case  
have undergone a radical change.

There is now no constitutional govern-  
ment in Mexico, and the existence of this  
order hinders and delays the thing the  
government of the United States is now  
insisting upon—namely: that Mexico shall  
be left free to settle her own affairs and  
as soon as possible put them upon a con-  
stitutional footing by her own force and  
counsel. The order is, therefore, re-  
scinded.

### Advised Huerta Before Acting.

Before issuing the proclamation Secretary  
Bryan, through Mr. O'Shaughnessy, the  
American chargé d'affaires in Mexico City,  
advised Gen. Huerta of his intention. A  
hope was entertained that this news would  
induce Huerta to comply with the president's  
demands and retire.

Gen. Huerta, beside registering a protest,  
indicated his intention to remain in power  
in the Mexican capital. It is possible he re-  
garded Mr. Bryan's communication as a  
bluff, but if he did events prove he was mis-  
taken.

It may be in retaliation for this action  
Huerta will advise Mr. O'Shaughnessy that  
his presence as the representative of the  
American government is no longer desired.

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

## THIS MORNING'S PAPER.

[Copyright: 1914: By John T. McUTCHEEN.]



## REBUFF TO WOMEN BY HOUSE CAUCUS

Democratic Majority Holds  
Suffrage Is State, Not Na-  
tional, Issue.

## FIXES STAND OF PARTY.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—

Woman suffrage is a state, not a national,  
question. This was the pronouncement of  
the caucus of the Democratic majority of  
the house of representatives tonight.

This is the first utterance of the Demo-  
cratic party on the subject. President Wil-  
son has informed two delegations of suffra-  
gists that until his party discloses its atti-  
tude he must remain noncommittal. The in-  
ference he gave was that he would follow  
his party in approving or opposing suffrage  
as a national issue.

The caucus refused to order the creation  
of a house committee on suffrage. It was  
for this purpose that the suffragists suc-  
ceeded in having the caucus assembled. But  
a vote on this direct question was evaded by  
the production of a substitute resolution  
offered by Representative Hoffman, of Ala-  
bama, a conspicuous opponent of the enfranchise-  
ment of women.

### Resolution Defines Suffrage Status.

The resolution follows:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the  
Democratic caucus in the house of repre-  
sentatives that the question of woman  
suffrage is a question for the decision of  
the states and not a federal question.

The opponents of suffrage had an over-  
whelming majority in the caucus. Repre-  
sentative Baker of California strove to  
obtain extended consideration for his resolution  
directing the creation of a suffrage commit-  
tee, but debate was shut off by the adoption  
of the previous question.

When Mr. Hoffman moved the substitution  
of his resolution there was a protest from  
the suffrage advocates that this was a sub-  
terfuge in violation of parliamentary law.  
Chairman Palmer ruled that the substitute  
was in order and it was adopted by a vote  
of 123 to 67. No vote was taken on the Baker  
resolution.

### How Some of Them Voted.

Among the Democrats who voted for the  
Hoffman resolution were Speaker Clark, Ma-  
jority Leader Underwood, and Caucus Chair-  
man Palmer of Pennsylvania.

Among the fifty-seven Democrats voting  
against the substitute were the following  
members from the middle west:  
Adair of Indiana, Buchanan of Illinois,  
Cannedy of Kansas, Crosser of Ohio, Decker  
of Missouri, Doellittle of Kansas, Foster of  
Illinois, Francis of Ohio, Fitzherry of Illi-  
nois, Gray of Indiana, Lobeck of Nebraska,  
McDermott of Illinois, O'Hair of Illinois,  
Peterson of Indiana, Sabath of Illinois,  
Sherwood of Ohio, Stone of Illinois, Stringer  
of Illinois, Thompson of Oklahoma, and Wil-  
liams of Illinois.

### Want Marriage Proviso Repealed.

Woman suffragists in many states are ap-  
pealing to congress to repeal the law de-  
priving an American born woman of her  
citizenship when she marries a foreigner.  
They also are asking legislation providing  
that an alien woman may become an Amer-  
ican citizen even though her husband retain  
his foreign citizenship.

The difficulties encountered by alien women  
in becoming naturalized citizens have be-  
come an important public question in Illi-  
nois and other states in which women have  
acquired the right to vote. Representative  
Connelly of Kansas, at the request of equal  
suffragists in that state, introduced a bill  
in the house today which proposes to remove  
the discrimination in sex in the naturaliza-  
tion laws.

### Provisions of Connelly Bill.

The principal provisions of the measure  
are:  
No distinction shall be made by any court  
in matters of naturalization of aliens,  
whether in declaration of intention or final  
application or proof or otherwise, because of  
the sex of such alien.

The failure, neglect, refusal, or inability  
of any male alien to become a citizen of the

## Registration: Women; Men; and Totals.

WARD.	Women Registered Yesterday.	Men Registered Yesterday.	Total Registered Yesterday.	Total Previously Registered.	GRAND TOTAL.
1.	1,624	2,564	4,188	12,789	16,977
2.	5,961	4,236	10,197	15,051	25,248
3.	7,180	2,801	9,981	15,577	25,558
4.	1,877	1,417	3,294	9,116	12,422
5.	2,779	1,707	4,486	8,683	13,169
6.	9,249	3,232	12,481	17,095	29,576
7.	8,529	3,617	12,146	17,105	29,251
8.	3,752	1,613	5,365	10,088	15,453
9.	3,391	1,556	4,947	10,545	15,492
10.	2,284	1,154	3,438	6,702	10,140
11.	2,095	1,858	3,953	8,128	12,081
12.	3,279	1,919	5,198	9,910	15,108
13.	5,489	3,197	8,686	16,031	24,717
14.	4,063	2,948	7,011	12,583	19,594
15.	3,388	2,766	6,154	12,853	19,007
16.	1,922	1,493	3,415	7,533	10,948
17.	1,243	1,233	2,476	5,993	8,469
18.	3,381	3,397	6,778	15,113	21,891
19.	1,434	1,184	2,618	7,238	9,856
20.	1,297	917	2,214	5,452	7,666
21.	4,292	2,960	7,252	14,076	21,328
22.	1,784	1,601	3,385	8,607	11,992
23.	5,850	2,662	8,512	14,956	23,468
24.	3,222	1,825	5,047	11,414	16,461
25.	10,246	3,770	14,016	18,709	32,725
26.	6,228	2,846	9,074	15,820	24,894
27.	6,674	3,579	10,253	15,832	26,085
28.	3,927	2,407	6,334	12,338	18,672
29.	3,030	1,949	4,979	10,964	15,943
30.	3,437	1,131	4,568	10,974	15,542
31.	5,614	2,521	8,135	14,337	22,472
32.	7,883	3,411	11,294	17,804	29,098
33.	6,508	3,113	9,621	16,744	26,365
34.	4,675	2,983	7,658	14,388	22,046
35.	6,308	4,194	10,502	15,798	26,300
TOTAL.	153,897	85,161	239,058	437,346	676,404

\* Among the 437,346 previously registered there are the names of about 2,750 women who registered under the old law permitting them to vote for university trustees.

† This total will be increased later by the registration of March 17. It will be decreased by next Saturday's revision when duplicate names and those who have moved away or died will be stricken off.

## COXEY TO REORGANIZE 'ARMY' FOR NEW MARCH TO CAPITAL?

That's Inference Drawn from His Re-  
marks Before "Hobos" Association  
Meeting.

"General" Jacob Sechler Coxey may lead  
another "army" of unemployed men into  
Washington, just as he did twenty years ago.  
That was the inference drawn from some  
of his remarks last night before the Inter-  
national Brotherhood Welfare association.

"There are 3,000,000 more idle men in the  
United States today than there were a year  
ago," said the "general." "This condition  
is due to the grasping capitalists."

"The present administration is nothing  
but a pretense and a sham to deceive the peo-  
ple, just as all the four big parties are. They  
all skin the people. The Democrats start  
at the head and skin downwards. The Repu-  
blicans start at the feet and skin upwards.  
The Progressives start at the middle and  
skin both ways. But the Prohibitionists are  
the worst of all—they stand by while they're  
skinning a man and won't even give him a  
kick."

It has been proposed that equal suffrage  
states enfranchise the native born wives of  
aliens regardless of the federal laws regulat-  
ing citizenship. The naturalization bureau  
of the department of labor, however, con-  
tends that such state legislation would be  
unconstitutional because, conflicting with  
the federal statute.

### Advances Suffrage Bill.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 3.—The house today  
passed, 49 to 4, the resolution for a state con-  
stitutional amendment extending the right  
of suffrage to women. The resolution now  
goes to the senate. If that body adopts it  
the resolution will have to be passed again  
by the next legislature before it can be sub-  
mitted to a vote of the people.

### BOY WISE ENOUGH AT 13 YEARS

Falsely Informs Parents School Is  
Closed Because Pupil Has Scarlet  
Fever, and Vanishes.

Thirteen year old Charles Bushman, a pupil  
of the McCosh school, who often has said he  
already had acquired enough education, re-  
turned home to 6337 Eberhart avenue yester-  
day, announced school had been dismissed  
because a pupil had scarlet fever, and van-