

## THE

## STANDARD-BEARER:

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VOL. K1. 1-6ts.

INDEX T0 VOL XI. - 1862.
Ftat
a Burtai st Kec ..... 81
cenr in the some. ..... 242, 122
civilr lia the Mlomer, ..... 184
Bes ..... 4
-utrr 7 ms , ..... 19
Montins ..... 119
bevt Taitle, ..... I
bog tesert. ..... $4 ?$
Fetrer and CMlis, ..... \%
Betprats. ..... 41
 ..... *e
Hed tor Evi. ..... 25
cuis sple Wrecte, ..... 15
analiasemats Fumalilis, ..... 15
Wirtor soil the Jwithe, ..... 6
anat Fir Siesly Bchosits. ..... §
3 Lus and live Mater. ..... ง 3
 ..... [3]
tent Thenst ..... 111
Itri for Komethlieg. ..... 3n
Lille Bitith, ..... 58
May ant sitr Chlowns. ..... स
Sutins ..... 164
Sever Put GG, ..... II
and 4m: ..... 39
Exantimiblers, ..... 教
Perliay with a CBMM, ..... 144
Situr Maryle Mermins, ..... 118
Bule and her hax, ..... 11
The Bllese in the Fowtotiond ..... 117
The tumela Farliry, ..... \#
The hoy whed whe mut Arraly le Des. ..... R
Thin firalien Mitcher. ..... It
The Jinkes Ftant, ..... ar
The Muis-Mark, ..... 19
The liest Corlitiese ath, ..... 16!
The Chesen Tree. ..... 2\%
The chalien 3todic, ..... 4
The lianemam'Chrnat supdaySchoef, ..... 45
 ..... Vat
Thin lifhat Tectier, ..... 174
The Leniliests traget. ..... ti
This Now Yeur,
The Ratimithinivr, ..... 1
The Miver of One floul Nes. ..... 0
The livairkathe Twlus, ..... 8
 ..... 168
Thie stelen Peesr. ..... 108
The TVe Gandets, ..... 16
the Vlacyant, ..... 8
The Winderfus Lamy, . ..... ts
Viloms. ..... 181
What Puxes by ..... 4
Wingr wivter Bay. ..... 110
Wlierv Charelis a Wit thervis a Way, ..... the

## THE

## STANDARD-BEARER.

## THE NEW YEAR.



She scatters bright hopes around, Sweet promises from her fall; Her voice has a silvery sound, And her kmiles are meant for all.

No wouder that we,
When ber fince wo see,
Should welcome her coming with notes of glee.

## But don't forget that she bears

Some teork for as all to do ; If her bounty each one shares,

Each should share in the labor too.
We should soothe distrens;
We should strive to bless;
We should help to make other folks' trouble less.

For "happy new years" are sent
To be used as well as enjoyed;
Their moments are only lent,
And ought to be well employed;
Life glideth away;
Work, work while you may ;
Nor pat off till tomorrow the claims of today.

THE PATIENT THINKER.

"Aus! my fine fellow, I've found you at last. I have been looking for you this hour, to attend to your mother's business, and here you are idling
avay your time, trying to make toys that are of no we."
"Perkaps they may be of use some day, uncle; whe knows ?" said che gouth thos addressed. "Bat I will put away my pencil and tools, and do whattrer mother wishes me to do, instantly." And be reer from his seat on the grass, where his uncle had and him, and went with him into the house.
"I don't know what to make of Isaac," said his ancle to his mother afterward; "I wish that he was nore like other boys, and would study and play as His companions do."
Dat it was plain that he was not at all like other beys; and though he was perfectly respectful and prele to his mother, she could not induce him to pre op lis fivorite parsuits.
Whlle his companions were at play, he was makLeg little models of various kinds of machinery. Fir made hour-glasses whifoh were turned by water poser. And when there was a new windmill etected in the town where he lived, he examined it matil he found out how it was made, and then made a mall one like it, with a mouse inside for the niles.
He sleo constructed as sun-dial, which is still shers at the house where he Jived. For I am tell ay yoa of a boy who really lived, and became one of the greatest philosophers the world has ever Eown-Sir Isanc Newton.

His father died when he was an infant, and tias mother, affer sending him to school for a few yous wished him to remain at home, and take clarge of the farm which his father had left. He tried te counply with her wishes, but his love for staily Na so strong that she at last allowed him to retarn school, and then to enter the University at Cam brisige.

While he was at the University, a terrille Ab ease called the plague broke out, and he was olk ed to go home. While there, he was situing, ste day, under an appletree, and an apple fell near hina. Thas led him to consider why it fell, and he thought about it until he discovered a law in palionophy called the attraction of gravitation.

No doubt many of my little readers (for children are very wise in these days) have studied about it their philosophies.
Afterward he made another diseovery, that light is composed of various colors. And this was before he was twenty-four years old.

It was only by patient thinking that he made these discoveries. Indeed, I think that he was as remarkable for patience as for learning ; becsuse lie could not have learsed so much if he had not had patience.

I do not believe that he over, when he was a boy, threw down his slate and book, in a passion, becanse he could not do a sum, though no doubt he hint
ta do many a one over and over again before it was right

Many years after he made these discoveries, he srute a book, which required a great deal of study. He bal nearly finished it, when, one evening, his litie dog jumped upon the table where his papers vers, and upset a lighted candle in the midst of them Sir Isaac Newton was absent from the room sha it occurred, and when he returned, he found the book which it had taken him years to write zealy brat up. But even then be did not yield to as impatient spirit - he merely said, "O Dis. mond : Diamond ! you little know how much misdief you have done," and commenced to write his bol orer again.
It was because he was a Christian, and had the asistance of God's Spirit, that he was able thus to cuatrol his temper. For all his inquiries after truth maly made him love and praise the great Creator Af all things more and more. He added the study af ti Bible to his other studies, and he has written ereral books upon different parts of the word of Gind.
Perhajes some day you may meet men wicked tmagh to say that religion will do very well for poor and ignorant people, but wise men do not bethere the Bible. Then you can tell them of Sir lace Newton, the great philosopher, who believed and loved the Bible, and felt that he was weak and ignorat except as he was taught of God.

He said : "To myself I seem to have been as a child playing upon the sea-shore, while the immense oeeas of truth lay wnexplored before me.

Even the poet Pope, who was an unteliever, $3 c$ knowledged, in his epitaph, that Newton's wisdom came from God.
"Nature and all her works lay hid in right, God said, Let Newton be, and all was light"

Sir Isanc Newton lived to be eighty years old, and then went to his heavenly home, where he has been for years, learning more of the wisdom and might of Good than be conld ever have known hem

## M. 4 . 1 .

## TIE REMARKABLS TWIN

"Kate"" said her father, as they sat in the libra. ry, " come and sit on my knee, and I will tell you about two twins, No, you shall tell me about them ; I will say their names, and you shall describr them. One is named Cheerfulness, and the other Quietnes. Now, Kate, you must pretend that these are two persons, and you must tell me what they look like, and how they behave. Let me seeQuicinens wears creaking shoes, and her hair in itf about her ears, and -"
"No, no, dear father, pray stop; $I$ will describe her. She has very soft brown hair, broshed plaiu and smooth. Her eyes are bluc, like mother's, anil
hir voice is 'ever soft.' She goes up and down tairs so lightly that no one can hear her. I think she wears a brown dress, the exact color of her hair, and it never rustles. When the gnats come near bes, they stop whirribg. Nobody ever bears her roic, except the persons in the same room with lirt, or walking near her, if it is out of doort. She has a very winning face, and she looks lovely, even shen her eyes are shut. Fathep, I do not think I coutd be quite like Quietuess."

* You ean not be quite like her, certainly. Now Sor Chesrfiulness."
* Well, father, Cheerfulness has a sky-blue dress, and golden, curling hair, and sparkling eyes, and the likes going about in the gardens and lanes, and the gathers wild roses and honeysuckles, and twines then around her hat, She sings beautifully, and ber likes hay-fields and daisies, and a long walk on a fiety day, and she never has any chilblains. The Wirts always sing when she goes by. Father, was atheerfulness that you were reading about the ather day? There was one line about flowers layding in their beds,"
*No; but it was about a great friend and ally of Cherfininess. It was the lady you read about in the new story. Yon may read the poem, if you fies but I do not think you will understand all of it Now, I want these two, Quietness and Cheerfalsess to spend every Sunday with us. They will
not stay here unless my children are very kind te them. Do you think you can be careful, and kere them here all day ?"
"Yes, father. I am sorry we frightened poer Quietness out of the garden; bost she has boes sery happy in this room with you and me,"
"Very happy, indeed. Cheerfulness will not say in our honse on Smdays withomt Quietnens, If you send Quietness away, Cheerfulness will go tom Now, go and find your Aunt, and ask her to come aud play some hymotunes for us, and we will sine the hymns that you and Gertrude learved this mom ing."


## HELP FOR NEEDY SCHOOLS

We have a great many applications for lewle al Standaki-Brahers for schools which are not alk to supply themselves, and we are happy to ay the a good many more favored schools are glad to do what they can to help snch. There is a Sundayschool in New-Jersey, which has done more than any other one in this way. That the children msy see how such help is received, we have ventured to print the following letters. We wish many mone sebools would do as the one in Elizabeth is doing:

Elizabetb, N. J., Nov. 25th, 1 261.
The sccompanying letter, sent to the children of our Sunday-school, has interested them very much
and in accordance with their wish, I inclose twenty Whlars from their missionary fund, to be appropriati in the region referred to in Mr, D.'s communiativ. Very truly yours, Samurel A. Clahk.

Daar Cimbiers : In the name of St. Paul's Sunbyachool of Wankon, Iowa, I desire to thank you Sir the very acoeptable present of books received by the hants of the Fev. Dr. Dyer, in September last.
Tie sation you have thus kindly assisted is the Nortb-rest Mission Station in Iowa, and has under ith fotering care twenty-four different points,
Tbe rector and missionary is the Rev, James Feals, a faithful, earnest servant of our blessed Lent, who has labored on ander many severe trials ed disouragements. For alas ! infidelity, with its eteolast evils, has grasped in outstretched arms the fribe westem prsizies, and sorely grieves the gentle kervants of our Lord and Saviour.
The books, you may reat assured, dear children, will be read by many little precions ones on this far sotem mission ground, and will bring with them pase to many a weary heart; for children's books fithroagh the fanily. Did you ever think of that ? Irat little books or childlike words may win a soul biv Jons.

I reollect an affecting little incident of last year. A genteman, upright, honorable, respected and be-
loved by all, yet withont the knowledge of his Sarjour in his heart, was sitting, one Sunday evening. at the window, with his little daughter Amy (bin only child) upon his knee, watching the birds as they picked crumbs from the green lawn in front. He loved her more than tongue can tell; she was every thing to him, her life was his, and yet she was but a golden-haired child of five summers. They hisi been sitting still some time, when suddenly she raised her dark blue cyes to his and said: "Papa, do you pray ?" He was astonished and at a loss for an antswer, when she resumed: "Papa not meet me in heaven, unless he prays." Her fither, with a gerth hand, lifted her from his knee and called her satse, saying it was her bed-time. But as the twilight deepened into night and the stillness became painfol, those words seemed burning in his ears. As he retired that night, stopping as usual at Amy's bodside for a farewell kiss, he was strack with ber brih liant color and labored breathing. Calling his wiff, she immediately perceived the child in a high ferer. Physicians were called, and all that art could do was done; but the Lord had need of her, and the call had come just as the day dawned, and the stir and noise of the world disturbed the solemn stillness. The father, who had been pacing the floor in agony all night, was called by the voice he loved sa well. "Papa! papa!" it said, soft and low yet very filint, and the moaning winds filled up the panse with its
teoumfil wail, "Closer, dear papa! for it is so dark and eall; do not forget - good b-" ; the word was pabled. The angel grasp had tightened, and the od of little Amy was in paradise.
Fer weiks the agonized parent refused comfort er mesolation, and alone in his chamber at night, enlog, weary step went back and forth; but then tere came a change. The words of his Amy were ensoin good ground, and to-day he is an earnest kerrant of the most high God. Forgive me if I have varied you, and believe me, dear children, Youn Farend D.

## SUSIE AND HER BOX.

-Conts, Ausie, put away that sewing, and help toe Pat this pazle together, won't you?" said Henry Xerris to his little sister, when he came home from slowl.

Susie was very anxious to finish the doll's frit which she was making, and was not at all into put ap her work, but at the same time she kisel wish to disoblige her brother, so she said: *If yoa will wait a little while until I finish my tark, I will help you."
Tart Henry was in a bad humor, and did not want herih, so he said, "If you can't help me aow, you sebla't to do it at all," and went out of the room.

But as he went out of the door, he eunght 4 i small fancy box with a glass lid, that Suvir lad bought with her last sixpence, and thres it aith across the room. It fell with some forme; the B cance ofir, and the glass was broken. 110 rat of when he saw the mischief he had done; and Suaie burst into tears. Her mother came in while Side was crying, and she was obliged to tell ber what had happened. Mrs. Morris was very angry with Harry, and said that when he returned she should panish lum in sowne way for his bad cornduct.

Susie stitched away at her doll's frock, givity a sad took, every now and then, to her poor fitthe ta "It was stuck a shame of Harry to break it," to said to herself. "He knew how much I liked it, and what care I took of it. And I shall not get ath other sixpence for a long time. He ought to tor made to give me the money it cost. I shall not play with him all day to-morrow; he is a tiresome, disagreeable boy. I do not like him a bit,"

At that moment it seened as if some one wlif pered in Susie's car: "Suste, love your voemies: do good to them that hate you, and pray for then that despitefally use you." How often this tout etrme into lier misa! But it was sot vesy welcome thees just now. It seemed to expect more from her thin she could really manage. Some things she conld forgive and forget. Harry sutnched leer strin oin day, and she bad neither sorearued out nor pinclied

En ia morn. But to look over this affair of the ler-to wer her pretty little treasure spoilt, and to har it patiently-oh ! this she could not do. "No," aitsen $=1$ can not forgive him this time."
But aneher text forced itself into Susie's thougltes. Fux one which Aunt Mary had pointed out to her, withal begged her to learn by heart. "If ye do 2nitigive, neither will your Father which is in lawa forgive your trespasses." (Mark 2:26.) Soin tried to forget these words; she did not like se message which they brought her; but she could trem then out of her mind.
Saie Weat on with her work until it was neatly fried. It was nearly tea-time ; so she got up and Ft way her needle and thread, and carried her timang into the next room, to show it to ber artirr. The little frock was praised, and a piece (Ther ribbon promised for a sash; and then Susie ait: "Mother, don't say any thing to Marry about witrite box, please; I would so much rather you "En me"
Bit he had no right to break your box, Susie; t was wery wrong of him, and I can not allow him "ifir madh thinge."
=I ton't think he will again, mother; and perhas, atter all, he did not mean to break it; he sigds not know how easily it would break. Any wi., misher, I don't want him to be scolded for it now. Please not to tell him of it."
"Yon are kinder to him than be deserves, Sove But it shall be as you wish this time. Perisaps bn only did it in fun."

Harry came in to tea, looking a little less bold than usual. He was rather uncertain what trest ment he should meet with. But when he foumd that nothing was said about his misdeeds, and that Sasie was the same as she always was, only sather growet, he regained his courage, and talked even more than the others.

After tea, he went to spend the evening with obe of his schoolfellows ; and it was Susie's bed-time be fore be returned. She pappened to rin into the back-garden after it was dark, to fetch in a litsle pet kitten ; and as she did so, she saw a flower-pot there belonging to Harry. It contained a young myrthe which he had put oat in the afternoon, that it might be washed and refreshed by a shower of rain, Bat ne had not intended to leave it out so long, and cers. tainly not all night, on accoumt of the frost; be has forgotten it, and he would not be likely to remember it when he came home late, as the shutters were ap and fastened.

Susie could, of course, carry it in-doors, and thus aave it from harm. But why should she trouble herself about Harry's plant? If he had not broken ber glass box, she might bave cared for his myrte; but now it should take its chance. It would serve uim quite right if it were killed by the frost. So
the litle kitten was taken in to the warm fireside, and Hary's property was left out in the cold.


But it did not remnin there. Susie could not rest sntil she had been out again and fetched the flowerpot its. She put it in its place, and then went comfirtaliy to bed.

A sharp frost came on in the night. Harry's first thayds in the morning was about his plant. He Lad corae home the night before too full of his visit to recollect having left it out, and now he was afraid it would be much injured, if not quite killed, by the serere weather. He hastened into the garden, but it was not there. How glad he was to find it all
safe and sound in the sitting-room! He naked his mother whether she had brought it in lan right.
"No," she said; "Sasie fetched it in for you"
Harry did not say any thing, but he was touched by his little sister's kinduess. He wished he had not broken her pretty box. How conld he have been so unkind, and so mean? He was ashanied of himself. It was Susie's forbearance that nisalo him so.

The same afternoon Susie came home from nchoal rather later than usual; so that her brother Harry was at home before her. You may imagine Suries surprise, on going into the parlor, to see uposs the table a glass box like her own, only larger and predtier, with a piece of white paper laid upon it. On the paper was writtes: "Eor bls dear tittle sister. From Harry Morris,"

Susie was very much pleased ; not ouly because she was glax to have a whole box agsin, bout aleo because it was so kind of Harry to repair the mitchief he had done, so quickly and so generoudy. He had bought the box with a shilling which bic had saved toward a new paint-box. His selfilenial showed that he was really sorry. But if Susie hail been cross and revengeffil, he would not have cared about his unkindness to her, nor have spent a shithong upon her. How bright Susie looked as she ran and thanked him! She was glad then that she had obeyed God's word.

THE

## STANDARD-BEARER.

## THE WONDERFUL LAMP.

NE evening in June, 1812, a group round a tea-table at Penzance, in Cornwall, listened, in silent horror, to the details of an accident which had happened in Felling Colliery, in Wales, a short time before. The infiammable gas called "firedamp" had ignited from the miners' lamps, and the explosion which followed huried ninety-
two colliers into eternity. Forty-two widow and one hundred and six children were deprived of the means of support by this sad event.

A bright, intelligent boy who sat beside the nas. rator, could not restrain his tears, but presently, starting to his feet, he exclaimed: "IIll put an end to this shoeking misery, please God, some day tr The speaker was a chemist's apprentioe, numod Humphry Dayy, and from that time the patieper and energy of his life were devoted to experiments which resulted in the discovery of the SafotyLamp. This simple and wonderfal inventions is s complete safeguard against such explosions in the mines, as the fine wire-gauze which surrounds the flame allows the miner sufficient light for his work, but effectually excludes the gas, and prevents ir from taking fire.

The noble author of this great blessing to the miner refused to take out a patent for his invention. When urged to do so, he replied: "No, I biave never thought of such a thing. All I desire is a competence; more wealth might be troublesome. Riches could give me neither flame nor happiness,"

I dare say you have all read of Aladdin in the Arabian Nights. But would you not rather have the lamp of Sir Humphry Davy than the fabulocs one which the genius gave to Aladdin?

There is a more precions and wonderfal tamp than either of them. If you can not tell me what
it is, look in Psalm 119:105. The whole of that lag and beautiful poem was written in praise of fis limp. I will tell you what use a poor little Tij in a conl-mine made of it, and how precious he fond it
This boy and his pious father used to take their Mais down into the mine, and read them by the Thit of their lamps, when they stopped work at sob, or had a fetw minutes' leisure. They were at sork together in a new section of the mine, one by, ind the father had just stepped aside to get a the vien the earth above suddenly fell in between Grm. He ran to the place, calling to his son and unining his ears to catch an answer. At length wharl the boy's voice from under a mass of coal Nin farth
"Iy son "" cried the father, "are you living ?"
"Yes, father. My legs are under a rock."
There is your safety-lamp, my son ?"
"thin will buraing, father."
-What will you do, my son?"
"I am reading my Bible, finther, and the Lord sina ghtens me."
These were the last words of the little boy. He nsi moon suffocated.
The entrance of Thy word giveth light; it yiveh underatanding to the simple."

ANEA.

## JEANIE AND HER SISTER

Jkasis and Mary were two little siuters, who were always glad when Sunday morning came, for they loved to go to Sunday-school so very much, It was a great pleasure to their teacher to see their smining faces as they entered the room, and to bear their sweet voices as they joined so heartily in the hymns of praise. They were always quiet and attentive too, and remembered what they heand, at their conduct at home showed.

One Sunday morning it stormed so hand that their mother thought it best that they ahoold re main at home. It was a great disappointmeet te them, for it was the day for their Sunday-schod asniversary, and to them the happiest day in all the year. In the afternoon the school were to assemble in the churoh, and sing, and listen to their dear pas tor, whom they loved so much, and then present their missionary offerings. But now these little girls were afraid they could not go.
"Do you think it will rain all day, mother ${ }^{3}$ " said Jeanie, is she saw her mother prepare to go to church in the storm.
"I am afraid it will," was her answer; " it seetns likely to be s long storm."

After their mother had gone, these listle girls had Sunday-school together, and sang all their hymns; and then Jeanie said:
"Let us pray to God that it may be pleasant this afterem; you know He always hears tes."
And then they kneit down and prayed that it mish atop raining, so that they could go to the enainerary.
When church was out, every body was surfried to find that the rain had ceased. And when Jetmie's mother came home, she told her little girls the she thought it wonld clear, so that they could $p$ out in the afternoon.
"I knew it would, mother," ssid Jeamic, "for while you were at church Mary and I prayed that it might be pleasant, and God heard us,"
The affernoon came, and with it fine weather, and Jeanie and Mary went to the anniversary, and had a happy time, glad, most of all, that they had a heasealy Father who was ready to give them whatever tier aked for.
The next year they had another happy anniversarg, and then before the second came, Jesus took Mary, the youngest sister, to his glorious home shove. She was only sick a fow hours, and most of the time her mind was wandering, so that she probably did not know that she was going to die. But those who know her folt sure that she loved the Sariour, for she tried to be like Him, and she was e tender and thonghtful for the comfort of others.

When she was first taken sick, when her mother theed her in bed, she said, "Now let me say my
prayer;" and she kneeled in the bed, supported br her mother, until she had asked her Saviour to be with her, and then she never spoke again.

On Sunday mornings, while the children in Sun-day-school were singing those sweet words,
> "Titl Ifind mag rest On the Saviour's breant, At home in the city of gold,"

a messenger came to tell her teacher that on that very morning little Mary had joined the company of angels who were singing around the throne,

Jeanie was visiting a friend away from hom when Mary died, and her mother dreaded to have her told of it, for she knew it would cause her great sorrow. But the lady with whom she was staying sadd that she could never forget her sweet expresrion of coustenance as she heard the sad tidigh and immediately said:
"The Lord's will be done."
Soon after she returned home, and for a year was her mother's precious comforter. She knew that is was a time of great trial to her mother, snd in every way she tried to lighten her sorrow. She wai always ready to wait upon her, and to cheer her with loving words. Her grandmother, who lived with them, was her especial care, and she was constantly watching for some opportunity to save her tronble. One Sunday evening their pastor presched
in a church very near them, and Jeanie, who knew dar monh her grandmother loved to hear him, and bur seldom she was able to go to church, urged ber to go.
"Ibs only a step, grandmother," she said, " and sell have ten early, and I'll bring down your hat woll makk, and go with yout, too."
An' so the dear child led her grandmother to ta hosse of God, and was herself blessed in listenbetse the word.
"It was a beautifhl sermon, mother," said she, rie she came howe; and she repeated it almont mtirely.
Thus she was Hike "the child Jesus," who, when In wat one year older than she, tarried in his Fxher's houso at Jerusalem.
In the next house to Jeanie lived a lame Jady, vie was not able to go out, and the little girl often bek her knitting and an interesting book, and weat to sit with her - sometimes reading aloud, and then louitting and talking to her. Of course it spuld have been pleasanter for Jeanie to play with ittle girls of her own age, if she had not loved to de good to others,
Sen was very particular to keep the Sabbath-day boly, and never would read a book which she thonglat was not anitable for the day, or engage in trifing eonversation. It was very evident to every one that God was preparing her for hlmself.

One morning, as she was learning her Suoday sehool lesson, she said to her mother:
"I have been thinking fow much wweoles the rest in heaven will be for you, mother, becanse yoe have bad so much trouble here, than it will be $6 n$ those who have never had any trouble. Don't you thitk so, mother?"

How precious these words of comfort were to her mother, coming shus from her little danghter's lips!

One year and two weeks from the day on which her little sister Mary was taken siek, Jeanie complained of not feeling well. Her indisposition seemed trifling, but still in the evening her mother thought it best to send for a physician. He at otice pronounced her disease to be scarlet fever, and as the eruption had not made ita appearance, he fesrest she would not recover.

As socn as Jearie eorkd be alone with her mother. she begged to be taken upon her lap, and then she said:
"Mother, I am going to die, but you must not feel badly, for I shall be happy in heaven with my sister Mary, and you will have one less to work fir here. You will have five children in heaven then. I don't remember any but Mrry, but she will intto duce me to the rest."

A friend who came in just then, and overheard the last part of the sentence, said:
"What makes you so sure that you will go to heaven, Jeanie ?"
*Why, said the child in surprise, " hasn't J esus the little children to come unto tre ? 1 han come to him; and Dr, T- (her pastor) Iatd us that if we come to Jesus and tell him abe we lare done wroag, he alayays forgives as; al 1 have always asked him every day to forgive af kas, and be has forgiven them."
Tenn uhe sent messages of love to her pastor and wher teacher, in whose class she had been for many mors. Son wanted them to know that she had tried mmenaber all that they had taught her.
She spoke of her brother who was absent from fais, witd hoped be wroald be a comfort to hiv sther, and that her only renaining sister might 6 her mother all that she could.
She was perfectly conscions all throngh the night, sat the next day to a friend who reminded her that a s fer days Cluristmas would be bere, she said:
*But I shall have a beautiful Christmas ia hes(2n."
She lived until two o'clock of that day, amd then de joined her sister in her happy home.
It was very remarkable that the Sabbath, the day slich to them was happier than any other, was the ase on which they both entered the mansions which Jowhe hapresed for them.
They were both called away very suddenly, but dey were both ready. May you, my little readers, fllow them as they followed Christ.

## GOOD FOR EVIL.

OLd Samuki, a poor fisherman, was returning from the wood, almost stiff' with cold, and carrying

a burden of fagots ou his shoulders. He was slowly walking across a bridge, which brought him near the gates of a neighbor named Thomas.
"Stop there, my old man," called Thomas, rushbs out upon him. "That wood is not yours. Where did you get it? you have robbed me of it." Sathel quietly said that it was not stolen, but lenestly picked up; but Thomas would not hear N It is false ; give it to me; you stole it from I" Being atronger than the old man, he snatehsl the bundle from him, and sent him awny without De aticks, which he had had so much trouble in Fing up, step by step, as he walked along.
In a few weeks the air was warmer, the ice meltan and the river began to flow. Thomas had a dild named Charles, who came ont one fine day and wisbed to cross the bridge. But be looked afnid, and tarned back when he saw the waters rady to overilow their banks with the snows just seltid. Samsel, who wav downs below in bis boat, sending his net, advised him not to vebture. But Thumse called to his som, told him to pass, and not to mind what sach an old mann said.
Charles run along the bridge, step by step at first. Soos lie stopped and walked more slowly. One step mone, and he would be safe over. The bridge broke and fell into the stream, and the boy with it. The child cried for help, and was able to keep hold of a lange unbroken piece of ice. His futher called slowd, and stamped on the ground. The old man puahed lis boat into the stream, and steered it as well as fie was able between the posts of the bridge, and sared the boy from sinking. He then brought him
safely to his father on the shore. Such an act word have softoned any heart. Thomas feit akhamed asil silent. "W orthy old man," he said, "forgive $\operatorname{my}$ unkind and harsh conduot," "Why ask nit fon giveness?" said Somutul; "this is all the retara I can make."
"Then you bave retaraed good for evil, thoagh I injured you. This is indeed an honomble ro venge," said Thomass. *

Let us all learn to "overoomd evil with good," (Rom. 12:21.)

## DON'T TATTLE:

Cnymmex, don't talk abow each other. Dot'l call one of your schoolmates ugly, another stingy, another cross, behind their backs, It is the mearest sort of sin. Even if they ane ugly, stingy, or crons, it does you no good to repeat it. It makes you love to tell of farlis-is maket you mobaritable -your soul grows smaller-your heart loses its generous blood when you tattle about your friends Tell all the good you know about them, and carry the sins to your own heart; or else tell them to God, and ask Him to pardou them. That wit te Christ-like. If any body says to you, "Oh! that Mary Willis did such a naughty thing!" call to mind nome virtue that Mary possesses, and hold it up to her praise. For your own sake, learn to make this a habit.


THE CHOSEN TREE.
A wio bitilt her nest in a fair green tres, In the tnidst of a beautiful wood;
The lined it with feathers and made it so sof, As only a mother could.

Xirt loug ere three tiny heads were seen, Perping ont froms their downy nest; Anl ah! what a happy mother was she That warmed them beneath her breast.
Aar fored them as onfy a mother fover, Asd she sung them her song of glee;
There were no little birds more happy than they In their nest in the chosen tree.
Hat one of that littlo farnily
Grew sired of that mother's care;
He sat all day in sullen roood,
And nsught to him looked fair.

For the heart of that little bird was chaviged, And he thought he shonld like to ronm Away in the ilelds and the bright green hille, In search of a brighter botne.

Ah, mel there is not a brighter hotue Than that which is lighted lyy love: There is no other light so divinely sweet, Nor the moon nor the stars aloore

But he fled away, and he sported swhile, Amid flowers of each perfime and hue
Bot when right camb on he was weary and cild, And it raind and the strong wind blew.

Aht then how be thought of his mother's wing Which had covered him tenderly;
Asd his lutule brochess, so happy and good, In their nest in the chosen tree.

Then he Hifed hits rolce, but none to hear The sound of his sorrow was nigh;
So he oovered his tworl with his halfelledgen wiog. And sat down on a stone to die.

Oh) never more in that happy wood, Was the song of his gladress heard; And for many a day did his brothers weep For the loas of the truant birl.

And for many a day no song of joy Came up from his mother's breast;
She mourned for him with drooping winga, But he came not agnin to his nesk.

Ant 0las, little children, from this you may learn, Biow one little child may be
Da ause of norrow that naught may remove, Ia a loving family.

Tra each have a heme in a chosen tree, And your parents have lit it with love;
Wi eause not the shadows of grief to descend, Thut besurtiful ught fo remove.

Bitseek for that wisdom which comes from on high, Anal that truth which shall never docsy;
That baven-born peace which the world can not gives Xof the world in its pride take away.

And your hesvenly Father who dwelleth above, Will guard you wherever you be;
The wiif send down the light of celestial love,
To your home in the chosen tree.

## NEVER PUTOFP,

Wumstics a duty waita for thee, With sober joilgment view it, And never idly viah it done; Begion of enes, and do its
For Sloth says falsely, "By and by 15. juit as well to do it;"

But present strength is surat iftrength;
Diegin at ones, and do it.
And find not lions in the way, Nor faint if thorns bestrew it;
Hat bravely try, and strength will come. For God will help thee do it.

## THE BIBLE IN TUBKEY.

A PoLiant boy was once wtolett from tie home by a wild sort of people called Tartans, and by them sold as a shave to some Tmrkn, who gave him the name of Ali Bey. He was a clever lad, and learnod seventeen different languages. He was then made first dragoman to the sultan, Mohammed the Forth. A dragoman is an interpreter. Every chief ofier has a dragoman to assist him in knowing what people say, for there are several languages spans in the Turkioh mpire,

A Dutch ambassador engaged Ali Bey to translate the Scriptures into Turkish, which be did ufter mary years of study, and the copy was sent to Leyden th be printed. Ali Bey died soon after; but frovi some notes he wrote on the copy of the Bible, thent is reason to thiuk his mind became enlightened by the truth of God, and that he received Jesus Chrit as his Lord and Saviour. Instead of being printed at that time, this cony was put away in a libents, where it was left for one hundred and fifty yeass The British and Foreign Bible Society then heard of it, and rent over to get it. It was given into their hands, and having had it faithfally corrected, it was published in London in 1828 - the whole Bible in the Turkish lauguage.

## STANDARD-BEARER.

## THE BROKEN PLANT.

 AGGIE KENT lived in a pleasant country village with her papa and mamma and her brother Howard, who was a little older than herself.
Hirr erondmanama lived on a farm about eight niter from Maggie's home, and it was her great deEfat to go to viबit her. There was no way of going by stage or car, or I stppose the children would lase gone offener than they did; but once every tree of four weeks, their grandmamma's large old fationel carriage would drive up to their gate sarly in the morring, and before the horses had fiirly Mtopped, Maggie and Howard would be at the carriagesteps, ready to climb in. Then, sometimes Acoompanied by their maknaa, and sometimes alane, they would drive off to spend the day at Willow-Brook, as the children had natned their granimother's farm, becanne there was a brook
very near the house, on the bank of which grew a row of willow-trees.

Grandmamma was always watching for them an they drove up to the door, and had something so nice ready for them to eaf, that though they hal usually just finished their breakfist when they lat home, they were always very hungry the momest they entered the house.

Then after they had talked a little while with their grandmamma, and told her what thoy las been doing since they had last seen her, they weat owt to phay, Their favorite amosemen wat nüg little boats on the brook, or trying to eat chaner of the fish which swam in its clear waien. Whan they were fired of that, there was the han vhere thoy might play in the bay, or in the old farm wagon, or in the sleigh. Sometimes they gatberel berries is the fields near the bouse, or tried is Mat the haymakers wben it was haying season.

A longer time than wrual had possed sinos they had been to their grandmother's, when one day they went there, and found, to Maggie's delight, a vew source of amusement. Some little kittens had made their appearance since their last vi-it. Howard did not care very much for them; so be left Maggie to play with them while be went to belp make hay. One of the kittens was perfectly wbite, and Maggie liked that the beit; she carried it about the house and garden, and held it in her lape
evangite for and petting it as if it were a baby. Eity dif not like this amtisement as well as Maggie A) when wrather be frolicking with her sisters a she hetw-floor; but Maggie held her vety tightly aber uprim, and the could not get away. At last


Maggie stopped in ber walk about the garden, to fick some currants which looked very ripe and
termpting as they hung on the branches. Forge ting her little pet, she loosened her hall of Ea apron for a moment, and ont Kitty jumped. Mer gie ran after her, but the little ereature gaveleas fine chase over tho garden. At last, just as Magriv thought she had her in a oorner where she coud not escape from her, Kitty jumped up on the sile an open window which was near the groand. Shet gie syrang to eatch her, but is her baste ste lad not observed some plants in pots which were staul ing under the window, and as she stretehed out her arms to eatch the kitten, she knocked one of then down.
"O Kitty!" she exclaimed, " what liave ywa made me do?" and she stooped to plek it up, frytitened to find that it was one of her grandmammery choice plants. But Kitty did not stay to staver any questions, you may be sure; she male the most of her chance for escape, and never ntagged until shè found herself safo by her mother's side.

Maggie, in the mean while, had pieked up the flower-pot; but, alas ! the plant was broken off noatIy to the root. She stood looking at it for a ms ment, uncertain what to do. If she had bees at home with her mamma, she wonld have gone and told ber at once, for she knew her mamma would forgive her. But she was not so eertain what her grandmanma might say. She remembered having heard her once severely reprove the boy who west
athe pardon, for having carelessly injured a rosehow, and this Was a much more valuable plant. Howne, looking at it would not mend it ; so she nkid toward a little arbor my the foot of the garden mable to make up her mind what to do. The lager whe thought about it, the harder it was to tell lit grandenamma,

I don't tell her at all," she thought, WEr will sot think when she sees it that I broke it, deze saw me do it, and it will not bo telling a 4. Bas it would be keeping back the truth, and tax vould be deception. But as she said, no one Past whe remerthered chat All-seeing Eye, that mata all our paths, and knows every thing that tite diblien do or ssy or think. She could not whe it from God.
"Al any rate," she thought, "I need not tell pudmamma until just is I am troing home ;" and sha this determination, she went into the house. Ai the door she met Howard, who had jutst cotme In from the hay-field, where he had had "a splendid thas, be said.
Whan they went in to dinner, Maggie looked nt Ier grandramma, to see if she had heard any thing akent the broken plant; but she seemed entirely unsepicions. When the little girl saw how mnch troulle her framdmammes bad taken to have a nice fiuner for them, and heard her kind and affectionse inquiries about their morning's enjoyment, she
felt very uneasy, for she knew that she had hat thoughts of deceiving her. However, she esesiad herself by thinking that she would tell her all alsed it when it was time 4 go home.

Dinner was over, and Maggie was waiting en the piaga for Howard, who had gone up-stairs for 13 fishing-pole, when she beard her grandmother exclaim, "My beantifil plant! how came it booken ?" and glancing through the blinds, she saw that Mary, her grandmother's servant, had browgha is the plant which she had broken.
"I don't know how it happeovod, ma'wus," Mary, "I found it so just now."
"The wind must have blown it over last night is that heavy shower," said Maggie's grandmatuma. "I am sorry, but it can't be helped now."

Maggie gave a sigh of relief as she heard this. "Well," she thought, " I need never tell ber now that I broke it, for the wind may as well be blamed for it." • But then she heard Mary esy something about the children. "Oh! no," was her grand. mamma's reply; "if they had either of them brok. en if, I am sure they would have told me."

Oh! how ashamed Maggie felt then, that she bad not gone and told her grandmamma at once But, witbout waiting any longer then, she ran into tho house, for fear her courage might fail, and suid, "Grandmamma, I broke that plant by accident, bat I am very sorry;" she conld not say any mors, for

Whears wanted to come so much, that her voice rew aheot chokend.
HYea broke it, Maggie !" said her grandmamma menprise; and she was going on to say, "Why did yen not tell me before ${ }^{5 n t}$ when she happened to look over her spectacles, and saw by the tears in Herele's eyes, what an effort it had been for ber to apeak at alh. So she put her arms around her, and did: "Nerer mind, dear child, I aro glad you hare ford the, for I should have fels so sadly if I had thangt you had tried to conceal it from me, and I buge yon will always be enabled to tell the truth *hesever you break or injure any thing. You anel not tell me now how the plant was broken, frl ise sare you did not mean to do it ; and here Emowand for you to go fishing."
Xaggin kissed her grandmamma over and over agis, and then ran off with her brother, her heart than it had been since she had broken the .

Her eanght quite a string of fish, and when they ease isto the house to get ready to go home, Mag. 5n tild her grandmamma how the accident had happened. As she was getting into the earriage to go bome, her grandmamma slipped fato her hanil a Itttle gilt-edged card, with these words from the Bible upon it:
"Lying lips are abotrination to the Lord, but thry that deal truly are his delight." Y, A. R.

## THE "HANGMAN'S CORNER" SUNDAY-SCHOOR AND HOW IT GOT THERE

WE take the following account from the Star day-School World: it is an extract from a letter written by a missionary of the American Sunday. Schood Enion.-Ess.

Would you like to hear of the Sunday-school at "Hangman's Corner"? I have recently heard good news from there, and must tell you about the school.

It is now about four years since a gentleman awked me to go to "Waterman's," in Waushara county, Wis., and see if a Sunday-school could not be started in the place. It was indeed a hard place; driaking, sweacing and gambling trere comunh. As for the Sabbath, I think some of them did not know when it came. Only a few weeks before, a mail bad been taken by a mobs, and bung at that same corner, and hence it got the name of "Hangman's Corner."

No proper person could be found to spperintend the Sunday-school, and none was organized, though some of the children were very anxions for one. A good Sunday-school library was left in a neighbor* hood a few miles away, and the people were tolf that when a good Sunday-school was opened and six dollars raised, they could have the library.

Eddie, the tavern-keeper's son, about twelve years old, saw the books, and liking very tuwh to read
good stories, he began to plan how ho could got there books to read.
Thinking that others wanted what he did, he rewhel tw collect the money by going around through The suiphborhood, naking each one to give someters. beginning with his father.

Iis fther replied: "You had better not make a fool of yourself. You can't tret the books." "I think I can," sadd Eddie; " and they are such pretty books, and a hundred of them-such a lot for so bithe thoney. You'll give me something, father; thergll be so nice to read." So to get rid of Eddie, the tavern-keeper said he would give two dollars teward it, not believing his son would be able to get the amount. "Here's a paper; just write your anor live, father." So be wrote his name rather ie epert, and set two dollars opposite.

Eddie started out, and was gone about half a day, and canse back, bright and chemerfal, and rumning into the barroom, he threw down his paper, exclaimleft "Look there, father; haven't I got enough ?" - Tis, bat where is the money ?" "Fight here in my preket," said Eddie, " all but yours. Count it said see ;" and he pulled ont his two hands fall of diange. "Ah ! well, but $I$ haven't got any money," said the father, "You said you would pay it," said Eddie, with a downeast look, "and here's your trame;" and Eddie held his father to his promise matil he got the two dollars.
"Now, who '3 keep your Sundsysebool" nail the tavern-keeper, with an sir of triumpl. $=A n$ you going to do it ?"

Eddje had not thought of this in his eagersens te raise the money, and he began to think all his troeble was for nothing; and as he began to mentise over the names of his father's neighbors, be a'T in himself- ${ }^{4} \mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{A}-$ toon't do it. Mr. B- get. rum of father, and he an't fit to do it. Mr, C swears and hunus out the Sabbath, and is vecy croes besides-don't want him;" and so of all the neighbors none would do for Sundayschool superintendent, and Eddie began to give op in despair. Jeat then he thought of Mr. L—, a good way of te be sure, but he had seen him once at a meeting, and thought he must be a good man. Over he went a long way, and told all his troubles to Mr. L-, and then asked: "Will you come and superintend a Sunday-school, if we can get one $\mathrm{F}^{\prime \prime}$ Now Mr. L-was a pious man, and thinking there must be some providence in the call, said he wonld organize the school on the next Sabbath. Eddie went back, bounding for joy, and shouted to all the boys and girls as he went, that the books were coming, and could be had next Sunday morning at the pohoob. house.

The ohildren came, and the Sunday-school was organized and continued for a year by thie man, with little assistance from any in the neighborhooi.

Bat one after another would come in on a Salbeh. There was less drinking and less noise in the prifbhorhood, and more interest in the Sundayshool, which the Lord finally blessed, to some of the younger ones first, and then one or two adults Wata to ask what they should do to be saved. A mhater came to preach to them ; many gave their beirss to Jescs ; the tavern-keeper gare op his bowipens a church was organized at "Hangman's Corfer," and now a moral, Sabbath-keeping, Sabbathloritg people are there ; and, becoming ashaused of the name of the place, they changed it to Plainville.

## BEABS.

Thex childret wholook at the pieture on next page vili wonder what Mr. Bruin is about. I will tell them. He is getting into trouble, by not minding his own besiness. "He is a foolish body," I hear some of my radess say. Yes, he is very foolish, and he will be very sorry for it; but he does not think so now. You see there is a tub and a rope. The tub is full of appleyarings and other miee chrongs, whioh Mrs. Svion and her little children are expecting for their irmalast. The rope is made into a noose, and fisoll over the tub, while the other end is fistened bakle of the barn, where you see some person stanifing. It is all a plan to eatch the old bear.

These persous in the barn are keeping watel. They know that Mr. Bruin is an old and sly thief; bat they are determined to be as smart as he is.


After watching for some time, the old geptlemas made his appesrance. He came in she night. Iate other thieves, he preferred darkness to light, becaise

2n was going to do an evil thing. He eame entionaly up to the tub, smelling in all directions. Ile looked carefully at every thing, to be sure that It vis safe. At first, he tried to upset the tub; bet this be could not do. He next made as though bliad given up the matter, and went away for a Fintidatance. Perhaps he had some qualms of convion, But, after a short pause, and a full examiation of the premises on all sides, he returned and zade one more desperate effort to turn over the 6ata Failing in the attempt, he threw hitnself, head finc, itto it. But this was the time he missed it. Si sooner was he in the tub, than the persons in the lan aught the rope and pulled it with all their sight, and very soon Mr. Bruin found himself anght in the slipping noose, and the move he strugpod and plunged, the tighter the rope was drawn. IIf very soon had to give up, and the men came and backed him on the head until he war killed. So, you see, Mr. Bruin made a bad speculation. Kad bestaid at home, and minded his own bnsiness, he would not have been caught in such a trip. I hope Iff my readers wiff fearn from this that *honesty is the best policy."
A. 1 am writing about bears, I may as well tell ssotaer story, showing how an oid bear once rescued a lad from a very serious difficulty.
"Thoughtless Tom," for so he was called, was one day In the woods, tramping abont to see what he
could find. He came to a large tree, which hal lea losoken eft, sotue distance from the gromit, bf es wind. This stump whs hollow, and as he cane net to ft , he heard a noise inside of it. I Tom thought he would have some fun, and so, witbout a second thought, he climbed up to the top of the stump, and got inside the hollow, and let himsself down, feet first. As he came to the bottotu, bie heard a greal growling and sparling, nind was at a loss to know what sort of companions he was amons. Very soon, he discovered that there were two littir cabs. This pleasod hifn wonderfilly, and he thought what fine sport he would have; and so lie begran to feel of the cubs, and call them by name. At leash, he gave then names, But they met all his curned by growls and suarls. While Tom was playing wits the cubs, he beard a great scratching on the outside, and wondered what was coming. Ho was not fong is doult, for os looking up, he saw a big oid bear, the mother of the cubs, looking right down at hims. Tom was dreadfally ffightened, and, for a moment, he did not know what to do. In the mean time, the old bear began to descend. You know bears cas not go down a tree, head first; and so she came down, the other end first. As she came near the bottom, a bright thought struck Tom, and hee at once took his knife out of his pocket and opened it. As soon as the bear came near enough, he grasped ther hair with one hand, as flerely as be cotld, wist with the othor he plied his knife with all his migit,
sidhur it into the bear as rapidly as possible. Mrs, Benh did not fancy such a recoption, and gave expresion to her feelings by pretty forocious growls. But ahe had but one thing to do, and that was to eramble out as fast as she could; and this she did. Turs hild tight to her, and was carried up a good del farter than he went down. When the old bear ane the top of the stamp, she felt disposed to Lare some conference with ber companion ; but Tom sas mone disposed to act than to talk, and so, as pretly as possible, he gave Mrs. Bruin an awful pab, which sent her, heels over head, to the ground. Sbe sin so confounded by this performance, that sho did t recover herself until Tom was a long distance off, ranning an hard as he could. When she got up, the gave one tremendous growl after Tom, and then vint up the stump again to see what had become af her cabe Thus, you see, a thoughtless boy got ate a dificulty, and an old bear got him out again.

## FOOTPRINTS.

Lirs lenveth many footprints On the golden sands of time;
Footprints of high and noble deeds, And, alas! of many a crime.
Footprints of kings and warrion, Of the conpuerors of earth;
Footprints of busy, little feet Gathering around the hearth.

Footprints of stern, high daring,
And of deeds as sof and mild ;
But the sweetest footprints I have seen
Were those of a litule chilh.
The litele steps went in
A dungeon walled around;
They weat, with gathered flowers, to cheer
A prisoner chained and bound.
The little voice was heard In whispers soft and low, And the little hand was gently laid On a dark and iroubled brow.

And trombling words lisped forth
The Saviour's precious natne, Till o'er that captive's sutlen mood Repentant foeling catne.

And the little stopir went out,
But the footprints long remained;
Remained, too, in the softened heart
Of that prisones, bound and chained
Footprints they are in time,
But not in time alone;
Eternity, in living light,
Those blessed steps will own.
Then, litue one, go thon,
: And do some loring thing.
Leaving footprints of the sands of time, From which blessed fruits may spring
Kingstas,
K. P

## THE

## STANDARD-BEARER.

## 301. II

APRIL, 1802.
80.4

> DRY LEAVES.

T IS very strange," whispered the oak-leaves to one another, "that we must hang all winter on the tree, to be frotted by the wind, or cased in sleet, No other leaves but those of the scrub-oak endure sugh hardships. The leaves of other trees are gently wafted to the ground by the autums breeres, to be a warm, wide blanket for the grast and Bowers in winter nights. The violets and the strawberry-vines sleep soundly under them, and when the cold grows more nevere, a pure whits
counterpane is silently let down from heaven onst all. Phew !" they whistled, "what a keen aorth wester ! There will be no rest for us to-night ;" and their complaints grew londer with the rising wind.
" What possible use can there be in our remaining on the tree? When we were young and beautifu, we gave a thick, cool shade to those who came this way, and our form and color added to the lovelisa of the landsoape. Then we were dolng some goed in the world, but now we are ugly, idle, and forlore?

It was a bitter cold evening. The western wis had that intense coloring which makes one think of "clear gold like unto fine glass." The unbroken snow stretched on every side; no dwelling was ia eight, nor even the friendly covert of a forest ; only the level prairie and littlo groups of bushes and dwarf oaks.

But here goues a flook of sparrows and suowbirds, in respective uniforms of brown and gray. They are twittering cheerfally about the kind little girl who gave thern a supper of crambs and cons. meal. "Now all we want is a good place to sleep in," they agreed. "Ah ! here it is," cried the fare most of the company, " in one of these oak-trees. How the branches are interlaced, and how they shoot downward on all sides to the very ground! Then the leaves, so closely set, make all complete. Oh! what would we poor birds do without this delightful shelter ${ }^{8 \prime \prime}$

In they ail crept between the boughs, and the kares ceased their murmurs to listen to the vesperbyma of the grateful, happy birds.
trasa almost dark. The golden west had changed 7) whillh blue, and stats were overhead. There ow a distant sound, too deep and steady for the whil to make among the bushes; and as it grew [alit, a dark, moving body marked its outline on

It was a company of soldiers pushing on 5yas their distant regiment. Now close to the Eiket, rang out the orders : "Company - hale ! Beak ranks!" In a minute more, the tired men sere seattered round, preparing for the night. First, Ey araped away the snow in a circle of a few pelk, and quickly there was a heap of dry wood, gavagh which a strong, clear blaze broke out and railid, till the frightened birds flew off to another bethen, whore they were soorr as comfortable as tetire.
Then the soldiers made other elearings in the erv, and pitehed their tents. "No straw for us to Fie mpos tonalght," said one, with a weary gawn,

- Here is something as good," said another, outting sxay at the slender oak-twigs, and stripping the laves into his blanket.
"So it is, ho it is!" cripd many voloes; and all was Ife and spirits at the happy thought.
"I never knew why the lenven of the jack-oak stald on all winter until now," said one of the sol-
diers; and the tired men tarned in and packed shers selves close together on their dry, elastie lnds. The leaves rustled softly under them, and owned the wise and loving care of Him whose tender mercia are over all his works.


## GEORGE AND HIS RABBIT.

Georos Resckis was an orphan boy, who lived in Englaud. His father had been a sea-aptaht, and was lost at sea. At the death of his mother, be wre obliged to go to live with his uncle, at some distance from his old home. He had one little companion to confort him on his journey, and that was a beantifat hltle whive rabbil, which his fither had and ho had his mother's Bible to remind hian of livt teadtiugs.

George was a sensible boy, and tried to make the best of every thing; but thotrgh he did not expect to find his unele's house like the one he had just left, he was little prepared for the scenes of mikery that awnited him. His aunt was a care-worn woman, and oold indeed was the welcome the poor boy reeived. But on the eveniug of his arrival, George was tired, and, scarcely tasting the supper placed before bim, be was glad to rative is the gismet where the wan 10 nleep. After lonceling in prayer beside the coano bed, as he used to do near the little white conch
ster y taother's noft hand stnoothed every fold, adlur lips were ready with the good-night kiss and bers the burden of sorrow semmed lighter, and


Le Gll abopp mpeating to bitnself the Saviour's own weet words: "I will not leave you orphans : I will come to youl."

The Sabbath dawned on hall and cottars, med George woke up refreshed by the night's sleep ath fearing, from the quietness of the house, that tis uncle and aunt had gone to the bonse of God with out him, hurried down-stairs.' He waited what seemed hours to him, and thongh the pealing wat told him it was time to go to divine worship, men ane appeared in the disordered kitchen. By and by, tis aunt came out of hes room and began to bastle nboat for a late breakfast, and George heard a boare voice, which he knew was his uncle's, telling him te go to a publichouse at the corner and fetch linim some ale. George was stunned by such an ordet for he had always been tangbt to regard Sabhats breaking in any form as a dreadful sin, and genti) urged that "perhaps uncle had forgotten that it win Sunday,"
"Go this moment," said his aunt, with a blow. "Do you fancy you have pome here to be an idle gentlentan?"
"I will work as hard as you please on week-days" replied George, "but I will not, I can not buy on Sundays"
"Then go up to your bed, you bad boy; you shan not taste a bit this day."

A long, quiet, hungry day George had up in his little garret; but still it was better than the company and the feasting down-stairs. He had his white rabbit, which he rejoiced to think was not hungry,
its master was, for be had brought a good if for it from home. He had his Bible, where termil the sweet promises of his Father in heaven to all those who trast in him through Christ ; and with a full heart he asked His forgiveness and help.
Day after day passed on, and George's position rax Itcle improved. However, he bore up with a frase spirit, and never murmured at the constant sick lis aunt gave him to do, though sometimes it trertaked lis streugth, and he longed for a little Kisare, or a cheering word. Many a time he was tuyted to run sway and look for work among strugers; but daty told him that would not be Egte. At last, however, he resolved to wak leave to pe: and one evening, when his uncle was more sober tan asual, he told him how he had often wished to bessailor like his father, and thought if he went to a vaport, some captain might give him a berth as chis-boy, Quite unexpectedly, his unele agreed that it would be the best thing possible; and after same objections from his aunt, who had begun to find George very useful, it was agreed that the boy 'hiould set off whenever be pleased. But what would broute of his rabbit?

At a short distance from his uncle's cottage stood an old-fishioned farm-house, in the middle of a very foegarden. It belonged to a magistrate in the next senport town, called Mr. Stanley, and every summer bis tro little daughters with their governoss used to
spend some weeks there. On the first creaing the their arrival, the children had noticed Georgeknh bih, and had come almost every day sioce to fial? with fresh leaves from their garden. Thiry era longed to have this pretty rabbis for their own, bat did not like asking George to sell his little pet At last, one day, their father came to see them, and hit was spoken to on this important aflair. There wiw a butch in the gardens, just tit for kreping it, ntid must have been used by somebody for the name purpose.

Mr. Stanley thought there could be no hartis $\frac{1}{3}$ asking if George wished to sell the little fayarite but by no means to arge him against his will ; ad before leaving, he threw his purse on the tablic, and told the children to take a halferown to pay for is Minnie and Effie chose a very bright one, and Mr. Stanley went away loaded with Kísses and thapler.

Early next snorning, the little girls went vith their governess to look for George, sed frum tis looking very sad indeed. They at otee oflind to buy the rabbit, and George decisred le woill be glad to give it to them, as he wanted to go away to ${ }^{\circ}$ sea, and was much troubled about his dear titte white pet. But no, Minnie and Effie shotuld buy it: and if George would bring it up to their garden, and put it into the house they had ready for it, they would give him a besutifal, bright halferown. A heavy load was "Hited from George's hean, in thiak-

If elat plenty and cornfort his fivorite would enIf dering his absence; and though tears ran down Colas, as he turned away after feaving it in its 208be, they were tears of gratitude as well as And when he way going, Enje slipped the lirit half-crown into his hand.
Tist very exening Georgo said good-by to his main and aunt, and at the carly dawn set off on foot theserst port, but not before he had asked a blessEnar lis journoy, and hidden his little old Biblg wate his jacket, down safe in a pooket with the linigle hulferown.
For a long time George wandered up and down The quays, anking slmost every one he met if be nated s cabin-boy. Some laughed, and nome gave Wha rough suswers; but nt last a kind-looking sailor tha him that his skipper did want such a hand, mid desired him to cotne on board the Mary Anne Nhooner at two ofelock, to see the master. But before two o'clock George was where he never had expectedt so be-~a prisomer is a prisocs.

Haviog grown weary and faint from his long walk, lie went iuso a baker's shop, bought a loaf of bread, began to eat some himself, and gave the rest to a Famished-looking girl who sold orauges at the door, willin he waited for the change of his half-crown. Suddenly the baker scized him ronghly by the collar, atd asked how he dared to pass bod money on him. George was struck duub. Bad money ! impossible!
that beautiful half-crown the little lady had gire him. The baker declared that it could not be the first time he had played the same trick, of which be should now be oured; and George's truthfil stetr ment of facts had no effect in convincing him of his innocence.
"Well, my lad, you shall see what your mover has bought for you," said the baker, putting hian into the charge of a policeman who had been called A few minutes more, and the poor boy found his alone in a cell of the prison, waiting to be beocgat before the magistrates for trial next day. He $=$ down and cried. Was not every thing against hien? An orphan without friends, money, or a charnctet, what would become of him? He had tried to da right, and punishment, instead of rewand, had met him at every step. The afternoon passed away in these bitter thoughts, and as evening closed in, dark despair settled down on his mind.

Suddenly one ray of light stole through the grated window of his cell, and woke up a little text of Gody own word which had lain asleep in the boy's beart. It was this: 4 Unto the upright there ariseth light in the darkness." All night long George comforted himself with these words, and now that hope had come to keep him company, the prison-room did not seem so lonely,

Next morning he was taken to court, and stood before the magistrates. The baker was there, showed
the halferown, and told his story, when George was permitted to selate bis ows. With rusuch earnest simplicity he stated the truth about the sale of the abhit, and getting the money from the little ladies at Nandyy frange. One of the gemtlemen on the bench started, looked angry, then sorry, passed his kand across his brow, examined his purse, and then poke: "I know alf about it; my children have been the caus of this poor hoy's trouble. Two days ago s bad halferown came into my possession, which I pat into a corner of my purse to examine at leisure, lopite to find some elue to the forgers of this base

On a late visit to the country my little daught aked me for some money to buy a rabbit, and 3 I allawed them to take two-and-tixpence from ay pors, donbtless the false brightness of this bad miney led them to choose it."

At these words George was at once set at liberty. Pat Mr. Stanley did still more, Pleased with the ceolset of the boy, he gave him a situation as apprentice on board one of his own ships; and step by Aep frearge has rinen, uatil now he oommands one of che largest vessels sailing from those quays where be once wandered a friendless orphan.

## HATTIE AND THE DOLLS.

"O marsia ! I am so glad thist my tissons ane all finished," exclaimed little Hattie Stone, " for there is Cousin Mary turning the corner, and Fm sure ahe

trowt be cotoing here. Yes, she is at the gate now; may I go and meet her ?"

And scarcely waiting to hear the expected "Yes" from her mamma, the little girl jumped down from
the hrosd window-teat where she had been sitting, wed lisstened down the path to meet her visitor.

Coain Mary wus Hattie's only grown-up cousin, ef wis in hur eyeg, as she often told her mother, "perfectly lovely." Every-thing that she did and wilh, and even wore, wero the objects of Hattie's shaintion. And her great desire was "to be grown-thp," as she said, and be just like Cousin Mary- But she was never half-satisfied with her vinma's calm reply: "I bope you will be just as god and wefal as your Cotusin Mary, my dear."
But Hattio was even more rejoiced to soe her coolt than usual this morning, for she had been males a risit in New-York for more than two Fwhe, And this was the first time that Hattie had sen her sinco her return to her country home.

Of course, as soon as she was comfortably seated at the pleasant sitting-room, Hattie wanted to know afl ahrat her visit to New-York, and the wonderful ishe had seen there.
Alier descrizitug her ride to tho Gentrn? Park, ant the sights at the Museum, Cousin Mary said: - Bat after all, Hattie, I was more interested in my vast to the Industrial School, where your Aunt Fung teaches, than in any other place I went to in all New-York. There were about one hundred of the very poorest little girls in New. York, many of them without either shoes or stockings, and most of them in ragged frocks, assembled in a large, pleas-
ant room, to be taught to sew and read. And though there is a teacher who is there every day, yet there aro several ladies, and among them your Aunt Fanny, who go there in turn, and teach soase of the classes."
"But why don't the ladies give tham new clothes ?" said Hattie.
"Oh ! they do," said Cousin Mary. "After they have come regalarly to the school for a shon time, the ladies buy eloth, and teach the children how to make elothes for themselven out of it, I saw several little girls who had on dresses which they had made themselves. They have as dinner given to them at the school, too, and it is the enly meal which many of them got all day. Every Christmas the ladies have a Christmas-tree for the children, and each little girl has a doll given to her. Aunt Fanny said it made her langh and ory both, tr see how delighted some of the ohildren were lat Christmas with their dolls, for very fow of tbem had ever owned one before. Of course it is a great deal of labor to dress so many dolls, and the ladies hare to commence long before Christmas to do it. I begged your Aunt Fanny to let me bring some hout to dress ; so she gave me ten."
"O Consin Mary !" exclaimed Hattie, "I wish that you would let the help you; I am sure I might make some of the skirts,"
"To be sure, I shall be delighted to have yon,"
mpled her cousin, " but I thought you disliked sewस्द above all things."
"So I do," said Hattic, "but shen I should Jike th do swmething for those poor children."
*W liat does tuamma say ${ }^{m}$ said Cousin Mary, wang toward Mrs. Stone, who was quietly sewing Wy the window. she'll be glad to have me help you, I know," eif Eistie, running to her mamma and giving her aee of her exciting hugs. "She always likes to have se keeful."
"And she always likes to have her little girl finSh what she comnences," said Mrs, Stone, returning te embrace as warmly as it was given.
"Oh: I know what you mean, mamma," kaid "imie smiling; "you are thinking of that apron shal 1 eommenced so long ago, and have not finshat yut; but that is for myself, and these dolls woit be for others. And it is 2luays pleasanter te surk for other people,"
-Bat how do I know that you would not get find of she sowing just as soon, as you bave before $f^{\prime \prime}$ said her mother."
"III tell you what I will do," said Hattie with s deternined air: "I will get that apron, ath finish it immediately, and then I am sare you will let me dross the dolls;" and very quickly, for fear that she might want to ohange her mind, Hattie ran for her work-box. She soon appeared with it,
and seating herself on the broad window-west, ale pewed industriously, until long after ber Coum Mary had taken bee departure, sud her mothes told her that she bad worked enough for one day

The next morning the first sight which greeted ber mother's eyeg, as she entered the dining room, was her liftle daughter, sewing as fast as her fif: gers could fly. Then as soon as her lessos vert finished she took her sewing ogain, and beforn dis wee she took the spros to her mother all oanglewh and received the desired permission to go to Couns Mary's and ask her to give har some work for the dolls.

Her delight was very great when her coushin gave her, besides the fivo skirts which she inxisted apal making, one doll to dress entirely.

Braring my of those pleasant September anter noons, Hattie might have been seen in hor favorite place by the window, with the doll beside her, giving up her own play to make the poor little childret in New-York happy. Her mamma only allowed her to sew an hour every day, beeanse she thought listle girls should have some time for play; but that hoor was a very happy one to Hattie, for she vat working for others.

In this she was like Jesus, " who pleased not him self," and " oame not to be ministered unto, but to minister."

## STANDARD-BEARER.

| Wex | max. 1892 | sa. 5 |
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## WHAT FOXES DO.



OXES, cunning foxes 1
Often slily ervep
Within the quiet henroost,
When the fowls are fast anlenp;
The chickens do not hear them,
Nor suppose their focs are near them; And wo the cunning foxes find a very easy prey, ing up a chicken, with their prize they run away.
When at other seasons They wish to have some meat, And think that lamb or mutton Would really be a treat, Ther atedf along the hodeer, not making any moiseJou could not tresd so soflly, my little girls and boys:
They wait and watch with patience, till they can take a spring
And then carry home for supper a little lamb-poor thing!

> Foxes, littie foxes, Nof only fincy lamb, But to grapes, when fully ripened, Are as partial as I am;

So in the sunny vineyards quite out of sight they hilie, And mutich the purple clusters that hang on either side; And when the gardener hastens to gather in lifs store, He tleds that there newall sobbers heske gatherod it befuret
> "Little fitults," dear roader, Sometimes seam to me Like the "Hittle foxes" That ereep in silently ;

At first we do not see them, nor think what theg'm ahout, And so they do much mischúce beforio हैe find them oat ; They apoil the fresh young virtues that ought to thirire and grow,
And erush thene loright endiavers that made ss gis a whers,
Look about, look sharply Stop these ting thieves,
Don't let them eat the fruit up, And spare you only leaver. A heavenly Friend is near you, To help, and guide, and cheer you;
And on His strength depending, you may their wilen of pose,
Aut from your thite garden shat ors those thyy foes

## THE VINEYARD.

「asse beerttifnking, my dear fittle friends, now the we ane so widely separated, that perhaps our matmal friend Sraxdaud-Beareiz would convert Einutf iato a telegraph far our capecial benelit, nad m malio sa now and then to have a littlo talk.


The time I want to tell you of a picture in which I have felt a good deal of interest. It is called a sord-picture. It is thus represented. A certain utan plants a vinegard, then he digs a wine-vat, that is, a place where they press out the juice of the
grapes, for in that country where the man lived they drink the juice. You know how cooling and delicious grapes are, when you foel thirsty. One thing mon he had to do-build a tower, so they could have some one on the look-out all the tine, for fear robbers might come to pluck the fruit. There wery too, in that country, "little foxes," that would crepp in so slyly, that if one did not watch very carefulig, thgy would hurt the tender vines.

The next look we take at the picture, we see the vines laden with Irris, and a man taking very eatnestly to the husbandmen. This is a servant of the owner of the place, sent to ask for some of the ples. sant fruits. The husbandmen are very angry, and instead of sending the fruit, beat the man. Soon was sent another servant ; this one they handled shamefully, cutting him on the head, and casting him out of the vincyard. Again another came: him they killed, From time to time one and another was sent, hoping the wicked husbandmen would listen and treat hia better.

At last the Lord of the vincyard concluded to send his son. He had only one, so you may know how much he was beloved. He said: "Surcly, they will reverence my son." You say: Oh ! now they certainly will send the fruit. No! they have grown so wicked and hard-hearted, they say: "Oh! this is the son, who will soon be owner of all this beautifal place. This is a fine opportunity : let us kill him, and
tere all will be ours." So they took him, noid killed Ine sol cest him out of the vineyard. What dill the Lerd of the vinoyard with those wicked men? Thicme snd destroyed them by borving them.
Tis, my dear children, is the picture. Would yoa not like to know the name of the great artist, shiodrew this wonderful picture? Our Lord Jesus Ctrist is the divino Artist who painted this and many ther besutifisl pietares, that He might teach His ffoculs and the people about Him some useful lesson. Xit iatisfiel with doing those about Him good, $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ Tos them bung up in Ifis pieturegallery, (the Word of (6id) so that you, too, might look at and study thern, and so gather lessons to make you better and Whiler every day.
Sh hiow, my little friends, what has this picture we ture lena talking ahout to do with your dally life? tial las phaced each of you bere in this world (which tht viacyard) to work. I think I hear some one बy:-I am so young-what can I do?" You can Tiny your parents, and try to remember what Jesus tregt, "to love one another." In this way you are priturg ready pleasant fruits for the Lord of the fingurt,
The wrratits that are sent to yon are your pastory and teachers, who come to tell that the Lord of the thingard is looking for the fruits of holiness in your liver I am sorry to say, some of my little friends do It macmber these friends as God's messengers,
and instead of listening, sometimes even talk aloul to their companions, or else they look at this oners fine dress or bonnet. It was only last Sunday I aw one eating in God's house; and some go to sleop, caring nothing for the message sent by the Lord of the vineyard.

The beloved Son is our blessed Saviour. As lobg as you refuse to love Him, you are like the wieked husbandmen, because you kill him with your sing or, as the Bible says, "crucify the Son of Giod ufresh." You would not like to share the fate of the wicked husbandmen. Then no louger reflise to lisen to the servants of the Lord of the vineyard; but so treat them, and reverence and love His Son, that when He comes into His garden, (which is His Church,) to taste His pleasant fruts, yours may low the offering of "Faith, Hope, and Charity."

I fear my long talk may have wearied you, atal this time our famons telograph has been thoroughly charged from your old friend,
M. I. V .

## FATHER AND CHILD.

O Fatien everlating !
As many stars in heaven as shine, So many holy names are Thites.
Thy names are many, but of all,
"Father," 1 love Thee best to call.
Oh! be a Father unto me, For Thine own chlld I wioh to be, Both now and everlastingly.-okmeas aves,

## III LORD HEARS THE PRAYERS EVEN OF LITTLE CHILDREN.

masslated mox "pak kisumbaters."
Oxn day last summer, three little sisters went out begther to the woods to pick strawberries They fol a great many, and wandered from spot to Pre, picking away very busily, until they had all f. I their little baskets. Then they began to think What going houne, but they could not find the road Whin which led to their bome; they lad lost their wy. It is always a sad matter to be lost, but espeially for such little children as these, the oldest of whom was hot ten years old. Oh! what would They liave given to be at home again, eating their tim, warm supper, or sitting on their father's knee, or laving their dear, kind mother put them to bed! What now they' were far sway in the deep, dark wood. Ifwn fin vin that they ealled for father and mother; thir weak voices could not reach them, though they yould have so glajly canght their somnd.
What did they do now in their trouble? Mary, thic oldest of them, told her sisters about their savenly Father, who could seo and hear them esen there; under His sheltering earo they were not lost, and He could show them the way home ichin. Then they all kneeled dowa togother, stretched up their little hands toward heaven, and
telling their heavenly Father all their trouble, they besonght Him to bring them home to their parents; and then they got up greatly comforted. Mary made her two tired little sisters a bed of bark and moss, and then kneeled down again beside them, and once more prayed to her heavenly Father, with ber whole beart, and is perfect faith is His readisest to hear. And He did hear her warm petitions; fir scarcely had she said Amen, when she heard theit mames called. Gverjoyed, she sprang to her foet, and looking around, there stood her own dis father, who had long been looking for his chillres, and whom the angels bsd led to this spot, at Giofy command. Oh! how did Mary then discover the power of prayer, and what an encouragement nitit it have been to her ever "to seek the Lord, because He may be found; and to eall upon Him, becrse He is near !"

But there are other ways of losing ourselvec, and of wandering away from the path of safety; and to these, swy dear young friends, boys mad girls, I wih to draw your atfention by this story, and to pray you with all earnestness, whenever your conseienes, which never lie, testify that all is not as it shomid le within your hearts, at once to go to your heavenly Father, to tell Him what is amiss in your hearts and to beg Mint to lead you again into the right way.

Most surely, then, will the true and faithful God

6aft We promise to you, which says: "And it shall If that betore they call I will answer: while they we fill speaking, I will hear,"

ADNT ELIZ.AnuTSH

## MARY AND THE CHICKENS.

Imne Mary Gorion had no fictleer orr earth to vimato conld go when she was in want of any these of to whose care she could trust herself when def fard any danger; for he died when she was an iffint. Bat fer mother had told her of her dear FaSer in lieaven, and ts soon as she conld speak, had taght hor to pray to Him, and to ask Him for At that she needed. And sometimes at night, when the wind blew, her mother would whisper, as little Xury elang tremblingly to her, "Don't be afraid, my chald ; our Father will take care of $\mathrm{us} ;^{\text {t }}$ and then thelate airl wonld fall anloop agais, sootbed by the wess thought.
The iftle cottage in which they lived was some Gutanee from any other house, and they would have den rery lonely there if they laad not felt sure diat their dear Father in heaven was with them to ann for them and watch over them.

En always hud taken care of them; for though Y/4, Gordon lad no money but what whe earned froa week to week, she hal always been able to sot work from the batter's in the town, which was
about two miles distant. The farmer who ownal the houso in which she lived allowed her to pay ther reat by coming once in a while and working for hit wife. And so she and fittie Mary had alf thitir waith supplied.

But one winter a painful fester came on one of her fingers, and so sho could not bind the hats, and when the day came for taking them home, thiry were not ready, and she could get no money for that week. Another week came, and still she wat unable to work. At last she had used up all the food that there was in the house, and there was no money for more.

Then for the first time since her husband's death Mrs. Gordou felt desponding. As she shook out the table-cloth after they had finished breakfast, sho said to herself: "I do not know where we shall gat our next meal."

She stood for a moment at the door, with the cloth in her hand, and littlo Mary who saw something troubled her mother, eame and stood by her, as if to comfort her with her love. As they stood thete some chickens eame and picked up the cruids which had been shaken from the eloth.
" V m glad that we could give the chickens some breakfast, aro not yon, mother ?" said little Mary; we will give them their dimner, too, if they wit come for it",

Tho teary came to her mother's eyes as shere-

Inabon that they would lave no dimer for themfhes. They went into the house, and while Mrs. inalas, Mary took her Bible to ling the two rooms of their cottage ary took her Bible to learn her Sunday-
an


Folly, and by the time her mother bad finished ber work, the had learned it.

- Wil you hear me now, dear mother ?" said she; -1 lime a beautiful lesson;" and handing the book to lere mother, she began:
-Therefore I say unto yon, Take no thought for
your life, what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink; nor yet for your body, what ye shall put on. Is not the life more than meat, and the body than raiment? Behold the fowls of the nir: for they sow not, nelther do they resp, nor gather into barns; yet your heavenly Father feedeth them. Are ye not much better than they ?"

She went on and repeated the rest of that beantiful 6th chapter of Matthew; but her mother searcely heard any more; she was thinking over those words: "Behold the fowls of the air-your heavenly Father feedeth them."

But when her little daughter had finished, she took her on her lap, and said: "Mary, do you remember a little while ago, how you saw the chickens eating their breakfast? Our heavenly Father gave it to them, for He taught them to come here where they could find food, and He will give them their dinner too, for you know what your verse says: they have no barn to go to, yet your heavenly Father feedeth them. Now do you think that yon can trust Him to feed you? for we have nothing more in the house to eat, and no moncy to buy any thing with;" and then the mother's tears began to flow.
"O mother!" said little Mary, as she put her arms around her mother's neek, "don't cry; our dear Father will not let us feel hungry long, for He says, 'Are ye not much better than they \%' and you
know yon always ask Him to take care of tus, Couldn't we ask Him now to send us something for dinner?"
Then the little girl slid from her motherss lap, and kneeled down by her chair, and her mother kneeled beside her, and together they prayed that God would send them their "daily bread."

They arose happy and comforted; and God heard and answered their prayer, as you shall hear.
The farmer who owned the house in which Mrs. Gordon lised had a fittle daughter who was in the class in Sunday-school with Mary, and it happened that she was studying the same verses that morning. As she was repeating them to her mother, her father came in with his hat and coat on, ready to carry some grain to the mill to be ground. His ear canght the words, "They sow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns; yet your heavenly Father feedeth them." Immediately his thoughts turned to his own barns, and how he had stores laid up which would last for many months ; and then came the remembrance of those who had nothing laid up, and among them Mrs. Gordon came to his mind., All these thoughts came while he was looking in the closet for his warm gloves. By the time be had found them, his little daughter had finished, and his wife eame to help him.
"I am just going to the mill," said be, "and-as I shall get some bags of meal there, I guess IIl leave
one for the widow Gordos. It must bo mather hard for her to earn enough to buy all they need."
"Yes," said his wife, "and the last time she was here, she said that she conld not sew, for her finger was badly festered, so that I suppose she has not earned much lately."
"Well, if you think' so, perhaps I had botter add a basket of potatoes, and may be some pork;" and the kind-hearted man went down to his well-filled cellar, to get the needed provisions, whille his wifo took from her pantry one of the pies which she had baked for their Sunday's dinner, and added it to his store.

It was not quite dinner-time when little Mary saw the farmer's wagon drive to the door, and she ran to let him in. The gentle old horse stood quite still while the bag of meal was lifted out, and then the basket of potatoes, and the pork, and last, the pie was intrusted to Mary's careful hands,

Mary could not wait for the firmer to go, to express her joy that their prayer had been heard, and while he was warning his hands by the fire, he heard ber whisper: "You see, mother, our heavenly Father does feed ns,"

He repeated the remark to his wifo when ho got home, and added: "I don't believe they had any thing in the house to eat until I brought it."

Mary and her mother hal a very nice dinser that
day, a little later than usual, but then they enjoyed it all the more for being a little more hungry; and Mary said, as she shook the cloth out, and the chickens came again to pick up the crumbs:
"How glad I am that our heavenly Father has given us something for the ehickens again !"
The provisions which their kind friend bronght Mary and her mother lasted until after Mrs. Gordan's finger was well and she was able to work again; and the farmer had enjoyed giving so much, that the patient old horse often found himself after that standing at Mrs. Gordon's door, while his master carried into the house a bag, or a basket filled with something to make them comfortable.
M. A. II.

Is the morning when you awake, accustom yourself to think first upon God, or something in order to His service; and at night also let Him close thine cyes, and let your sleep be necessary and healthful, not idle and expensive of time, beyond the needs and conveniences of nature ; and sometimes be carious to see the preparation which the sun makes when he is corsing forth from bis chambers of the East.-Jeremy Taylor.

Ip there is any person to whom you feel dislike, that is the person of whom you ठught never to squak.-Cecil.

## LIVE FOR SOMETHING.

Lave for something: be not idle ; Look about thee for employ; Sit not down to uscless dreaning -

Labor is the streetest joy,
Folded hands are ever weary, Selfish hearts are never gay ; Life for thee hath many duties ;

Active be, then, while you may.
Scatter blessings in thy pathway 1
Gentle words and cheering smiles
Better are than gold and silver,
With their grief-dispelling wiles,
As the pleasant sunshine falleth
Ever on the grateful earth,
So let sympathy and kindness
Gladden well the darkened hearth.

Hearts there are oppresed and weary ; Drop the tear of sympathy ;
Whisper words of hope and comfort ;
Give, and thy reward shall be
Joy unto thy soul returning,
From this perfect fountain-head;
Freely as thou freely givest,
Shall the grateful light be shod.

## THE

## STANDARD-BEARER.

Y0L. IL .
JUNE, 1863.
N0. 6

A BDRIAL, AT SEA.
be interested in reading a short account of one which took place in the month of March last, in the Athantic Gcean, about five handred miles south of NewsYork City.

A German family, composed of the father and
mother and four little children, the eldest not more than six years old, sailed from New-York in a steamer for California. On the third night out, a beavy storm came on. The dark clouds hid the lright stars and overcast the whole sky. The rain fell; the waves, which had been very quiet, rose higher and higher, wntil thoy ran, ss people often say, mountains high. They carried the vessel "up to the heaven and down again to the deop," and rolled it from side to side. All night the storm lasted. Every thing on board which was not tied fast slid from one side to the other, so that there was much noise and confusion on board. The pat sengers could hardly keep in their berths. Some were much frightened; some swore terribly; while others prayed to God to save them. In the midst of all this noise and confusion, while the waves were dashing about, and the wind howling, the Saviour ealled to Himself the soul of Louisa, the youngest of the four children, a little babe only four months old. It seemed a very dreary place for her to die in. The father and mother must have felt very sad to have their dear babe leave them at such a time; but the Lord took the little one away from the evil to come, to that bright land above, where there are no storms, no sickness, no death.

At five o'olock on the afternoon of the next day, the burial took place. The smu was shining brightly, but the waves were still running very high, and the
vessel was rolling from side to side. The elengyman stood by the wheel-honse, holding on to it with one hand, while he held the Prayer-Book in the other. In front of him stood the father and the passengers who wanted to see the burial. Between him and them was a wide board resting upon the guards of the ship. On this board, sewn up in a piece of white canvas, such as the sails of ships are made of, with a heavy weight attached to make it sink to the bottom, and covered over with the American flag, was laid the body of little I.onisa. Very salu, indeed, it was to see it. The wind was blowing quite strong, and the vessel was plunging about in the excited sea, so that it was dimoult for the clengyman to be heard, or for the piassengers to stand atill. When the service had been read down to the words, "We, therefore, commit her body to the deep," the captain gave the signal, the steamer stopped in the midst of the wide oceat, the sailors raised the Ameriean flag, then lifted one end of the board, and the body of Lonisa slid off into the sea. There in the blue waters, down, down it sank, where multitudes had gone before it. The waves closed over *; the engineer's bell rang; the steamer started ngain on its way, and we soon left it far behind, not to be seen agnin until the resurrection of the great day. No gravestone can mark, and no tongue esns tell the spot where the little one was buried.

How different, dear children, was this burial at
sea from a funeral on land! There friends gather in a quiet room or church, and the little one whom God has taken away is put in a nice coffin, dressed in a clean white shroud, with a pretty, bunch of white flowers in its hands, and often a beautiful, an-gel-like smile on its face. Then there is the proces. sion to the graveyard, and the solemn putting of earth upon the coffin, and the sad turning away of friends from the grave.

Louisa's mother did not come to the burial ; she could not bear to see her dear little one put in the deep sea; and you would have wept if you had seen the father cry-ah! so bitterly-when the body slid off the board. Yet, dear children, we ought not to think it any harder to be laid in the sea than in the earth, for in each our bodies must return to dust, and from each they are to be raised at the last day. The Bible tells us, "All that are in the graves are to hear the voice of the Son of God and come forth;" and that "the sea will give up the dead which are in it." What a wonderful sight will that be when every body which has been laid in the earth and in the sea shall be raised to stand before Christ! But then we read: "Those who have done good shall come forth to the resurrection of life, and they that have done evil unto the resurrection of damnation." We must, then, dear children, love the Saviour while we live, so that when our bodies are raised, they may be fashioned like unto His glorious
body. When, then, you say every Sunday, in the Apostles' Creed, "I believe in the resurreotion of the body," do you pray that whether your bodies be laid beneath the beautiful grass and trees of some charchyani, or in the deep bae sea, they may come forth to the resurrection of the just, so that, being made like unto our dear Jesus, you may live with Him forever.
F. S. $\boldsymbol{\pi}$.

## THE CLOTHES-MOTH.

Who would believe the mischief that this tiny creature can do? When you laid off your nice furs and your crimson shawl last spting, you did not guess that a thief was lurking in the very closet where you put them, who would not, to be sure, carry them off entire, but who would provide her whole family with house and food and clothing out of your winter wardrobe.

Yes, that little ash-colored insect flitting so lightIy round the lamp, and darting off, now here, now there, so quickly as to elude your attempts to eatch ker, slipped between the folds of your shawl, and left a dozen small eggs. Pretty soon as many brown worms emerged from them, each furnished with sixteen legs, scarce visible to the naked eye, as slippery as eels, and as netive as their one hundred and ninety-two legs could make them. They had also, each of them, a patir of nippers as keen as
steel, and the little sprites lost no time in going to work.

First, each made himself a house, woven from the fine hairs pulled out of your shawl or tippet; then they began to feed on the same material of which the house was composed, and many an ugly little hole they ent in doing so. As the creature grows, he builds an addition to his house, and at length he shuts himself in, to await the time when he is to become a complete gray butterfly like his mother. When you put on the furs next winter, you will not see any thing amiss at first, but presently you and all who come near you will be covered with loose hairs, for the wasteful little thieves destroy more than they can eat or wear.

What a contrast this little pest is to another insect of its tribe-the silk-worm! One destroys our clothing, and the other weaves a rich and beautiful fabrie for us to wear. When a child, on a visit to my grandmother, once she took me to a room in which she kept silk-worms. There were mulberry branches, covered with fresh green leaves, placel against the wall, and such ugly gray worms crawling over them and cutting away at them. At least I thought them ugly at first sight, and felt afraid to touch them till I grew better acquainted with these industrions workers. Those curions oval rolls of soft yellow silk in which they shut themselves, spinning as they go, till they are sealed up, must be put
into hot water, aud the long, delicate thread carcfilly unwound, to be woven into articles of dress of every desoription, from the gentleman's hat down

to the lady's stockings. On a mulberry-twig I noticed a frail, transparent, white butterfly; it seemed
like the beautiful soul released from a deformed, unsightly body. The butterfly never eats, and soon dies, for its only office is to be the parent of the silk-worm.

Now, which would you rather be, the olothesmoth or the silk-worm? I know some children so idle and mischievons that they are like mothe, spoiling all they touch; then, again, there are others so neat, industrious, and useful, that you could not describe them better than by calling them "silkworms." May their number increase, and may the generation of "moths" become extinet among my young acguaintances.*

## LITTLE EDITH.

I wirs tell you a short story about a little girl. Edirh was travelling with her mamma and her mamma's friends, through France, on their way to dear England. When in the middle of their journey, between Lyons and Paris, (which you know are two large cities is France,) Edith's mamman suddenly found she had left ata her money in a bag under her pillow at the hotel in Lyons.

Edith saw her mamma's distress; she looked sad, and put her arms round her to comfort her.

When they all arrived in Paris, and had sat down to dinner, Edith conld not be found. At last her
mamma went up to the bed-room, and there she found her little girl on her knees. She said: "Edith, my dear, what are you doing?" She said: "I am praying to God, mamma, that you may find your money."

I am glad to say most, if not all the money was got back again.

Oh! that there were more praying children! What a blessing and help they would be to their parents !
> "Prayer is the simplest form of speech, That infant lips can try: Prayer the sublimest strains that reach The Majesty on high." 1. A. $\alpha$,

## ORGAN-GRINDERS.

"Mamsa," said a little boy " when I grow up I mean to have an organ and a monkey, and go around to play for little children." He liad just been looking out of the window at the antics of a monkey, whom an organ-grinder held by a chain with one hand, as he played his organ with the other. The chain was long enough to allow the monkey to run up on the stoop, and to climb on the balcony to get the nuts and pennies which were given him, and his actions were so funny that the little boy thought it would be delightful to have a monkey just like him, so that he could play with him whenever he liked.

Perhaps you think that the little boy was guite right in wanting the monkey, but that it would not be so pleasant to carry a heavy organ about all day, and play the same tunes over and over again. But this litrle boy was too young to convider all this, and be only thought of the pleasure of hearing the mit sic whenever he wished, and of making other little boys happy by letting them hear it too.

Many of these men, no doubt, would be very glad to earn their living in some other way, but they are Italians, who do not understand our language, and so it wonld be diffioult for them to get employment. Some of them do not own the organs upon which they play, but hire them by the day from men who make a great deal of money by keeping organs and
monkeys to let to those who ean not afford to buy them.

But the men who play on the organs have an easy time compared with what the ehildren endure, who often accompany them, to gather up the pennies or play the tambourine. Sometimes I lave soen quite a small boy or girl earrying an organ, seeming almost bowed down by its weight. Very fow of the peoplo who employ these children are their parents, but hire or buy them from their fathers and mothers. Some of the children are orphans, and are taken care of by the men who employ them and make tnoney by them. Often they are treated very oruelly by their employers, partioularly if they fail to get tanch money.

There has been a school opened for these child. ten in New-York, taught in the evening, by some benevolent people, and it is under the care of the Children's Aid Society. Many of them bave been taught to read and write Engilish, and are now able to earn their living in other ways than by following organ-grinders. There have been similar efforts made in England to benefit these street-musicians, for there are even greater numbers of them in that Country than in America.

I read a story not long since, of a little Italian boy in England, which I will tell yon, for I do not doubt that there aro many in New-York who have had as similar experience.

An Italian genteman who lives in London, and who has devoted his time to teaching and helping his countrymen there, was returning home late one winter evening, through a heavy rain, when he heard a voice saying:
"In the name of God, sir, help a poor Italian boy!"

He turned and saw a boy about nine years old standing by his side. His ragged clothes were wet, and he seemed faint and weary. He said he was very hungry; so the gentleman took him to his house, and gave him something to eat. After he got warm, and his hunger was satisfied, he told his sorrowful story. He was from Piedmont, which is in the northern part of Italy, adjoining France. His father was a poor peasant, who worked hard to support his family, but the year before the produce had been scanty, and his father could not get the money to buy what they needed. The curate of the parish brought a gentleman to him, who offered to lend him fitty franes without interest. 'The boy's father thankfully accepted the offer, and promised to pay him in the course of the year. A cow was purchased with the money, and some provisions which were much needed by the family. But in less than a week the gentleman returned with the prient, and said that he was obliged to return immediatoly to England, and must have the money in less than two days. The poor peasant was in the deepest
distress; even if he sold the cow, she would not bring him fifty franes; and then what could his family do without her?

The priest said: "This gentleman has a very good business in England. He las a number of boys, whom he instructs in music, and they make a great deal of money. Take my advice; you have two sons; give one of them to this gentleman for the fifty france you owe him. He will take him to England, teach him the business, take good care of him, and in a few years he will return to you loaded with money."

The gentleman made so many fair promises, that the father at last consented, and the boy set off for England.

This was what the man intended to do when he lent the fifty francs, only he thought if he offered to buy one of the boys in the first place, the parents would never consent, but at the last, you see, it amounted to that. When they arrived on the borders of France, there were a number of other boys waiting to go with them, They started to walk to the sea, and it took them a month. Daring that time the boys never slept in a bed, but in the fields or on straw in some hut; and they had only bread and cheese for food. Their master, however, always went to an im to eat and sleep. When they arrived at Boulogne, where they were to take a ship, they were almost dead with fatigue. The
smallest boy had to be taken to a hospital, wherele died, far from his mother and his native land.

When they arrived in England, this boy who wir bought from his father for fifty franes, was sald again for one hundred to the master to whorn le then belonged.

He said: "In the morning, before we go oat, (there are fifty of us in all,) we receive a basin of hot water, which they call tea, and a piece of hand bread. Till late at night I wander throogh the streets of London, asking charity to the sound ef this violin. If I had been a little bigger, my master would have put a small organ on my tion at Every evening when I come home, I must bining to my master three shillings. If I fail to bring the whole sum, he beats me, and sends me to bed without my supper, which consists of some bad soup sometimes so bad that not even a dog would eat it. My bed is made of a little straw, on which we streteb ourselves without undressing. In Piedmont I etrjoyed good health, but here, what with the emote of the chimneys, the fogs, the fatigue, hungor, and beatings, I am certain I shall soon die. O my dear mother, my dear mother! perhaps I may nover more see you on earth." And as he said this, lange tears fell from his eyes "O sir!" he contimed, "these masters of Italian boys have no pity; they ill-treat us for their own interest, for if we lhave s
fale face, or are thin or lame, the ladies pity us and give us more money."
Now is not this a sad story? Yet it is true, and many more night be told like it. There are masy didiren who suffor even greater hardships,

When you come to your father's table, and find pothing on it that you particularly fincy to eat, and Thigin to fret for some delieacy, think of these poor children who have the same feelings that you have. Or when you feel terppted to be unhappy because mome new clothes which you wanted to wear have not been finished, think of the chijdren who so wten have nothing but rags to cover them. Then Fray that "baving food and raiment, you may be twerewith content."
M. A. $\mathrm{H}_{\text {. }}$

## THE POWER OF ONE GOOD BOY.

"Wurw I took the school," said a gentleman, "peaking of a certain sehool he had once taught, "I fons saw there was one good boy in it. I saw it in If faces I saw it by many umistakable marks. If I stepped out and came suddenty back, that boy was always studying, just as if I had been there, while a general buzz and the roguish looks of the the showed there was mischief in the wind. He vas always punctual in his attendance, regular with liak lessons; truthful, and steady in his conduct. I
learned that he was a boy who feared God. Come what would, he would be for the right.
"There were two other boys who wanted to louhave well, but were sometimes led autray. There two began to look up to Alfred, and I saw wene much strengthened by his example. Alfred was ax lovely in disposition as firm in principle. These three boys began now to create a sort of public opinion on the side of good order and the mater. One boy and then another zradually sided with them. The foolish pranks of idle and wioked boys began to lose their popularity. They did not win the laugh which they used to. A general obedience and attention to study prevailed. At last, the public opinion of the school was fairly resolutionized; from being a school of ill-name, it became ond of the best-behaved schools any where aboat, and it was that boy Alfred who had the largest share in making the change. Only four or five boys belat out, and these were finally expelled. "Yee," sail the teacher, "it is in the power of one right-minded, right-hearted boy to do that. He stuck to his prin:ciples like a man, and they stnck to him, and made a strong and splendid fellow of him."

# THE <br> STANDARD-BEARER. JULX, 1802. xo. 7. 

## THR BOY WHO WAS NOT AFRAID TO DIE.

 ABD-BEABER BY MBOTHER BEs.)


HERE are not many such boys," perhaps some of my young readers will say, when they see this title. Whether that is so or not, Louis Pascal was one, and I will tell you what I know of him. In consequence of the death of his father, when he was a very little boy, and the ill-health of his poor mother, he was brought up in an orphan asylum. He was naturally a bright, good-natured boy, and so of course had many friends. But I can not say that he seemed to feel his need of a Saviour any more than many of his playfellows who had not such
an amiable disposition. On the contrary, he seened very indifferent about the way of life and the safety of his soul, and his conduct in Sundaystehoot often gave his teacher much pain. Still the precious seed which was there sown was not lont. It sank into his heart, and at the eleventh hour if sprang up, and the Lord Jesus worked a wonderfal change in him. The means which He used to effect this was a fit of illness. Louis was attacked with the measles. When he was first taken sick, he did not feel at all frightened, for he thought that he should of course get well again, as he had known so many other children do. But it was not to be as he hoped. Day after day he grew worse. Another disease, to which he was naturally disposed, made its appearance, and laid him upon a bed from which he was never to rise, and at last the kind doctor who attended him told him so. As soon as he heard that his hours were numbered, he was filled with terror, and the tears streamed down his cheeks; for he now, for the first time, felt that he was a simner, and was afraid to appear beford a just and holy God. His own self-righteonsness, which had consisted in thinking that there were a great many naughtier boys than he was, and that he had never done any thing very wicked, had suddenly forsaken him. "Weary and heary-laden" with the weight of his sins, he exclaimed to the principal of the Institution, who was a pious man :
" 0 sir! do you think indeed that God will forgive a miserable sinner like me?" The good man hastened to tell him that it was just for such poor sinners as he that Jesus came into the world, that He might save them. That He had paid his ransom with His own life, upon the Cross, and that every one who believed on Him, and songht his safety in Him alone, should certainly have everlasting life,
Athough he was in great suffering, Louis was much comforted by these words, and began at once to seek forgiveness for Jesus' sake; and before long all his fears and forebodings vanished, and in their pace came that peace of God which is sweet even ha death.
The old things were now passed away, and all lad become new. He sent word to his Sundayehool teacher, that notwithstanding his sufferings, he was very happy, and begged that no one should grieve because he died so young. He said: "No one must weep for me, but rather rejoice, because I am going to heaven."
Louis's brother, who was also in the institution, vrote a short letter to his mother, telling her of his death, and from it we learn how evident was the joy of the dying boy. He says:
"Deaz Mother: Yesterday, dear brother Louis exchanget earth for heaven. For several days he hal eremed to be better, but yesterday morning he legan to fail again. At first he was very restless,
and wanted to be moved every minute, but affer. ward the thought seemed to strike him that be should soon be with Jesus, and this made him no happy, that he almost scemed to betieve that ter could alreadly see Jesus on the earth, sand he grew very quiet. I cried, but Louis smiled for the joy and peace that was in his heart, and folding his hands, he exclaimed, 'I am happy, very happy !" and so died. It was half-past twelve yestordoy when his spirit left his body, but that suile is still on his lips. Dear Mother, let us not weep for Lotis, but for our own sins, and let us pray God to forgive them."

The principal himself told me of the departure of this dear boy. In the midst of the greatest pain, be would become patient and happy when any one spoke to him of the Saviour's love. His soul was especially refieshed when the story of the snfferings and death of his Redeemer was read to binin. He often said: "Jesus, thou lovest me, I know that Thou lovest me, and I love Thee too." In bis wanderings, he once called out: "See, see! He is conuing." And when he was asked whom he sawf he answered: "The Lord Jesus; He is leading His poor child by the hand."

So much, my dear children, for the story of Lotis and now let me say a few words to your ; and, fist, let me ask you: Do you ever think that you, too. may die young? You know that it is no uncommon thing for children to die; Louis was otuly
eleven years old when the Lord took him to be with Him in heaven.
It is quite possible that the most of you who read these lines will grow up, some to manhood, and even to old age; and then the black or brown or auburn locks which now cover your heads will he changed to gray and white, and many a boy or gitl who is now hopping and skipping about, will then have to hobble along on a cane ; but if only a single one out of a hundred of you should die young, which one will it be? None knows, but God alone. Should you not, then, all be ready, so that you may go joyfully to the other world, when Jou are called, even though the kindness of God spares you for many a long year? We can not give our hearts to the Lord too early. I would give a great deal if I had learned to know Him at Louis's tge. And how delightful it must be when we are old, to be able to say; "I have served the Lord from my youth up, and even when a child I knew His loven! I think, too, that it is no more than right that we should love Him from our hearts, who left all for us, and gave Himself for our salvation. I have never seen any one who regretted that he had given the Saviour his heart in his youth, but I have heard many a one lament that he had not earlier turned to the precions Jesus, as I do myself; and that is the reason why I have told you this story of Louis Piseal, the boy who was thot afraid to die.

## THE STOLRN PENNY.

"Wuex seven years old," said the Rev. Samad Kilpin, "I was left in chargo of my father's they A man passed, crying: 'Little lambs, all white and clean, at one penny each.' In my eagerness to 5 ㅇt one, I lost all self-command, and taking a pmay from the drawer, I made the purchase, My kecr eyed mother inquired how I came by the moncy, I evaded the question with something like a Die. In God's sight it was a lie, as I kept back the trith.

"The lamb was placed on the chimney-bhelf, and much admired. To me it was as souree of ines-
pressible anguish. Continually there sounded in my ears and heart: 'Thou shalt not steal; thou thate not lie.' Guilt and darkness overcame my mind, and, in an agony of soul, I went to a hayloft, and there prayed and pleaded, with groanings that could not be uttered, for mercy and pardon. I entreated mercy for Jesus' sake. With joy and transport I left the loft, from a believing application of the text: 'Thy sins, which are many, are forgiven thee.' I went to my mother, and told her what I had done, and songht her forgiveness, and burnt the lamb, while she wept over her young penitent."

## THE RESCUED BOY-A TEUE STORY.

"Fatuer is late," said the watehing boy;
"I'll run through the wood to meet him; For I lore to see his smile of Joy

When his little son comes to greet him.
"I'll take his axe from his weary hand, And lay it over my shoulder. I'll go to the clearing, and help him, too, When I am a fow years older."

The boy set out through the forest dimThere were prowlers watching his feet;
But the wild beasts waked no fears in himHe would soon his father meet.

On, on he walked, till his little feot Ached, and were growing weary.
"I'll rest," said be, " on this mossy seat, For the way is long and dreary.
"I can not hear the woodmen's axe, So I think their work is dowe:
And fither will surely pass this way For other there is none."

He sat him down ou a tall tree's root, To watch for his futhes's coming: But yoon a mist came o'er hils eyes, And his ears heard only a humming.
And down he dropped by the tall tree's foot, Never thinking of fear or joy ;
And a kind little ehirlieind heaped the leares All over the sloeping boy.
The father turned his weary feet Toward his howe in joy,
And he thought of the welcome awaiting him thers, And he thought of his darling boy.
He cast his eyes upon the ground, And close by the side of the way
He stopped to note a strange little mound, Hesped up of lestes so gay.
He passed along, then turned, impelled By a thought both strange and wild :
He cast the varied spread aside, And saw his sleeping child.

He raised him geatly in his arms,
And in his place he laid
A $\log$ of wood, and covered it o'er
With the leaves of the forest glade.
Then he withdrew to a sheltered spot,
For he heard a fearfal howl,
And soon the wolves came ereoping out, And round the mound they prowl.

As they cast the light, gay leaves aside,
And their glaring eyes were seen,
The father strained his child to his breast,
As he thought of ehat wight hace been.
Then he strode toward his home, but the boy slept on,
As over the ground they flew.
Of the danger threatened he nothing dreamed,
Of the rescue he nothing knew.
And the father's feet never stopped nor staid
Till be passed the forest wild,
And sald, as he sank on his own door-stone:
"Thank God! Tve saved my child."
So, Christian, doast thou walk life's maze
Whate hidden foes surround thee ;
So all unconscious of art thou
Of strong arms thrown around thee.
For angel hands do bear thee up,
Lest thou shouldst fall and perish;
Ay, One that's stronger still, Ilis lambs
Doth ever fold and cherish.

And when that foe who seeks thy soul To ruin and devour,
Shall find thee helpless and alone, Oh! foar thou not his power;
For One that's mightier far than he Will to thy rescue come;
He'll take theo in His own strong arms,
And bear thee to His home.

## NETTIE

I should like you to know Nettie Hayes, Sho is one of the gentlest, most loving little creatures in the world, always ready to help every body, and to speak kind words. She has one little brother, younger than herself, and she seeras to think litin her especial care. She never quarrels with him: oh! no, very far from that. She seems to think that nothing she has is too good to lend to little Harry. There might be some danger that the would spoil him, by always giving him his own way, only he learns from her example to be gentic, and to give up his way too. So he lends her his playthings, and does as she aaks him to do, beeane she speaks so gently to him. And thus there is never any disputing heard when Nettie and Harry are together.

Nettie is kind to every thing, even to litilo itrsects. She never wants to crush a worm or a spit
der, or any thing of the kind. But she puts them gently out of the way, so that no one can hurt them. Before she had any little brother Harry to play with, a kind lady sent her a beautiful little gray kitten. Nettie had only just learned to walk then, and she could say but very few words; but she used to sit on the floor and call, "Kitty! Kitty! Kitty!" so gently, that the little kitten was never afraild to come to her. Then Nettie would pat her so softly and gently, that Kitty loved to sit by her. One day Nettie had just finished eating some bread and butter, and was sitting on the floor waiting for some one to wash her face, when Kitty came along. She smelt the bread and butter, and without waiting to ask Nettie if she might, she stood up on her hind-fect, and resting her fore-paws on Nettie's shoulder, she began to lick all the butter off from the little girl's rosy cheeks. Perhaps the remembered that that was the way her mother used to wash her face. Nettie did not like it much, but she did not drive the kitten away, for she never dit that; and when her mamma came, she langhed very hard to see the new way that her little girl's fice was getting washed. Of course Nettie's gentleness tanght the kitten to be gentle too, and though she frolicked a great deal, she seldom showed her claws, but kept them hidden in her velvet paws, so that no one was ever scratched by them.

Kitty grew much faster than Nettie did, and be fore Nettie was large enough to go to school, the kitten had become a grave old cat, whose greatest enjoyment seemed to be to doze by the fire or te the warm sunshine. But Nettie did not care tunch then, for she had Harry to play with, and puss wet just as nice to pat and love as ever she was. Nettie loved her better than ever one morning, whem she found her purring over three dear little white and gray kittens-her own children. How Nettie and Harry did love to watch lier and the fietie
kittens. Puss would let them hold the kittens in their aprons for a little while, but as soon as they began to cry she would carry them right back to their bed of hay again. Only Nettie was sure it must hurt them to be taken by their necks as puss would earry them.

As I said before, it seemed as if pussy had learned from Nettie to be kind and gentle; for one day, when the gardener's boy brought her a little squirrel which he had found, to his great surprise, instead of eating it at once, as he supposed she would, she smoothed its fur just as if it had been one of her own kittens, let it nestle close by them, and from that moment seemed to regard it as one of her own family. How pleased Nettie was to see this, She wanted every one in the house to come and see how kind puss was to the poor little squirrel. When the kittens began to run about the house, the squirrel went with them, or rather ran before them, for it used to curl its long bushy tail over its back, and rum so fast that they could never overtake it. But one day, when the sun was shining very brightly, Bunny ran up the great butternuttree by the side of the house, and he never came back again to live, though he used to visit the piazza sometimes, and eat the pieces of apple which Nettie and Harry gave him. Nettie said she thought it was too bad for him to run away from pussy when she had been so kind to him.

But when her mamma said he would be happriet among the trees than in the house, sho was satisfied, for she wanted every one to be just as happy as possible.

It was because Nettie was one of Jesus' lambe that she was so loving and gentle. When sho was a little baby, her mamma used to pray to Him every day to take her for one of His lambs, and whes sho was old enough, she used to tell her about Him; that almost as soon as she could speak, Nettie woali say, "I love Jesus, mamma;" "I Want to please Jesus ;" and then every night she prayed to Him to make her gentle and good, like Hinself. As her mamma watched her every day, she thanked Him in her heart, becanse He had heard and answered her darling's prayer. A. A. El .

## WINGS, SOME DAY.

On one of the ferry-boats in England may oocksionally be seen, on warm, bright days, a poor, crippled boy, whose body has grown to almost a man's size, but whose limbs, withered and helpless are still those of a child.

He wheels himself about on a small carriage similar to that the boys use in play; and while the little boat threads its way among the ships of all nations that are anchored in the river, he adds not
a little to the pleasure of the sail, by playing on his concertina airs that show no mean degree of inusical skill. The fow pennies that he always receives, but does not ask for, are never grudgingly bestowed, snd are given bot more in pay for the music, than fir the simple honesty that stimes is the boy's blice eyes.

One so helpless, it would seem, could only be a burden to those who loved him-could certainly do aothing toward folfflling the command, "Bear ye obe another's burdens." Was it so? Was there no service of love for the lame boy? No work for him in the vincyard? The question was answered one duy.
"Waiter," said a gentleman who had often met him, "how is it, when you can not walk, that your stoes get worn out?"
A blush came over the boy's pale face, but after Ansitating a moment, he said:
"My mother has younger children, sir, and while she is out washing, I amuse them by creeping about on the floor, and playing with them."
"Poor boy p" said a lady standing near, not lowd enough, as she thought, to be overheard, "what a life to lead! what has he in all the fature to look forward to?"

The tear started in his oye, and the bright smile that chased it away showed that he did hear her. As she passed by him to step on shore, he said in a
low voice, but with a smile that went to her heart: "I'm looking forvard to having veings some day, lady."

Happy Walter! Poor, crippled, and dependent ou charity, yet doing in his measure, the Martec's will, patiently waiting for the future, he shall, by and by, "mount up with wings as eagles, shall run and not be weary, shall walk and not faint."

## "DID HE GETIN?"

Charlie R - had listened very atentively while his father read at family worship the third chapter of Revelation. But when he repeated that beantiful verse, "Behold, I stand at the door and knock: if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me," he could not wait until his father had finished, but ran up to him with the anxious inquiry: "Father, did he get in ?"

I would ask the same question of every child: "Has the Saviour got into your heart ?" He hes knocked again and sgain-is knooking now. Opea your heart, my dear child, at once, and bid him welcome, and this will be the happiest day of your life.

## STANDARD-BEARER.

AUGUST, 1862.
N0. 8.

## SISTER MARY'S SERMON,



T was a stormy Sunday, and the little Seymours were prevented from going to church. They stood at their windowCharlie, Fred, and Kate-looking out dismally at the pouring rain and muddy streets, till at last Fred exclaimed: "What's the good of standing here staring at so many umbrellas and over-shoes? Let's play church." The others eagerly consented, and in a fow minutes every thing was arranged. Two chairs and a little footstool formed the pulpit, the bureau represented the organ, and a long row of chairs, one behind the other, the pews. Charlic proclaimed himself "the elergyman," first tying a white apron around his tieck, and hanging a black silk shawl on his shouldens. Fred was the organist, and the part given to Kate to perform was that of "the congregation."

For a little while all went on quietly, but the ofganist's imitation of the organ became so uproarious that, together with the loud chanting of the other two, the noise was enough to bring sister Mary down-stairs to see what they were about.
"O sister Mary!" cried Kate, "come ami? bidp us with our church, won't you? Be our minister, for Charlie don't know how to preach ?"
"Yes," said Charlie and Fred, " come preach m a sermon."

Sister Mary smilingly consented, and sitting down, she turned over the leaves of the Bible for a few moments.
"Here is a beautiful text," said she at last, " and one which I think you all ean understand. It is in Isniah $40: 11$ : 'He shall feed his flock like a shep herd, he shall gather the lambs with his arm, and carry them in his bosom.' Now before I go farther, can you tell me of whom Isaiah is speaking on The children were silent.
"Well, here is the answer in the teuth chapter of John. Jesus said: 'I am the Good Shepherl' In the country where our Saviour lived, the shepherds used to take great eare of their flocks, choot ing out green and pleasant pastures for them to feed in, leading them beside cool and refreahing brooks to drink from, sometimes abiding all night in the fields to keep watch over them, and when the little lambs were tired, they would earry them. Now, ny
text tells us that Jesns shall feed His flock like a shepherd. Can yon tell me who are His flock ?n
"Good people, I suppose," answered Charlie.
"Yes," said Mary, " and Jesus calls Himself a Good Shepherd, because with just the same tehder, watchful care with which those shepherds guarded their sheep does He watch over and provide for His Hock,"
"Then the lambs must be the little children," said Fred,
"Right," snswered Mary; " all children who love and follow Jesus the Good Shepherd are His lambs,"
Little Kate raised her eye to her sister with that ewnest, thonghtfal look which children wesr when thiy are striving to grasp a new idea.
"Can $I$ be one of His lambs ?" asked she.
"Yes my darling," replied Mary; "Jesas holds oet His arms to you now, to all of you, and says: 'Cotue to me- let the little ones come unto me.' O-ly love and follow Jesus, and He will be your Cool Shepherd, to lead you through all dangers and earry you through all temptations, and at last take yon to live with Mirm in that bright and happy land where every thing is so beautiful, and where the little childret have no more sorrow, nor pain, nor siekness, but where they will see their kind Shepherd fice to face.
${ }^{4}$ But, sister Mary," asked Fred, "how can we follow Jesws? The lamhs follow their shepherd be-
cause they see him and hear his volee ; but we can't see Jesus now."
"By following Jesus, Freddy, I mean, obeying His word. The shepherd calls to his sheep, and they hear his voico and obey him. Jesns cals to you in His holy word. He tells you just what He wants you to do, and He is always near you, although you cau not see Him.
"But it's so hard to be good," cried Charlis; "sometimes I try and try, and perhaps I'm petty good for a little while, and then I break down apin, and am as naughty as ever. I do get so tired wying."
"You can never do it by yourself, Charlie ; you must ery to the Good Shepherd to help yon. Whys that's what is meant in the text when it sayst '11shall gather the lambs with his arms and earry thent in his bosom.' He knows how hard the road is, and how often the weak little lambs will stray assy from the right path; and so when they are weary and feeble, and cry unto Him, He hears their cry: and goes after them, and takes them in his arms and carries them. So you must keep near to the Good Shepherd by prayer. Cry unto Him for strenglh and help to follow Him. Shall we close our church now by kneeling down and praying to our Good Shepherd?"

The ehildren knett, and said after sister Mary :
"O Lord Jesus! our Good Shepherd, help us to
follow Thee. We are weak and feeble, but Thou hast promised to gather the lambs with Thy arms and carry them in Thy bosom. Lead us safely through all trouble, and carry us through all temptations, until we reach the fold which Thou hast prepared for us in heaven. Amen."


THE BIBLE IN THE FOOTSTOOL
Thenes war a family in France, long, long ago, whiliad a footstool of which they took particular are, athd which they used in a sitgular manner.

When strangers were present, the footstool was ret aside in some out-of-the-way place, where it wonld not attract attention ; but when the family were alone, it was sure to be brought into notice agaik, Sometimes the father would take it on his knee, and, turning it upside down, bend over it with the deepest interest. Sometimes it was the mother wha held it on her lap, and gazed at it as tenderly as if it were her youngest babe. What was there about that footstool that made it so precious?

Under the footstool a book was fastened, where it was out of sight, and yet its pages could be turned, and it could be read from beginning to end.

This book was the treasure and comfort of the family. It told them of a Friend who war bar them at all times, and who was able and willing to save them in every danger. It told them of a bers tiful land where sin and sorrow can not come, anit where there shall be no more sickness and no more death. It taught them how to act at all times and in all circumstances. It gave them comfort in every trouble, and cheered them in the hours of greatest misfortune. More than all this, it told them of a Saviour for whose sake the sinner may be forgive.

I hardly need tell you the name of this book, for the Bible alone contains good news, such words of comfort and gladness. But why was this precions book kept in such a strange hiding-place? Why was it read secretly and with trembling?

Alas! in that sad day the Bible was a forbidden book in France, and those who dared to read it were threatened with punishment and even with death.
That French fimily loved their country and their home; but there was something which they loved hester-that was liberty to read God's book openly, and to worship Hitn truly. They heard of a land far over the sea, where the poorest man might pray aloul in his own words to his Father in heaven, withont fear of cruel soldiers or more cruel priests, They heard of a land where the Bible might be openly read, and the Saviour openly served; and to this land they resolved to go.
They left the pleasant vineyards and the green hills of their native France, and across the wide seas they sailed.
Very happy they must have felt when they were safe on board that ship. The waves of the sea might dash against the vessel's sides, the winds might roar around it, yet they were happy. Their precions Bible was with them, and they might read it without fear.

The ses was crossed at last, and in the land of America this French family found a home.

Very sweet it must have been to them to sing their hymns together, and together pray to God, with no spy to listen, and no danger to fear. The Bible they had so loved and guarded was treasured
in their new home, and handed dows to their chat ren in remembrance of their sufferings and trials in their native land.

That French family have long since passed away from earth, bat the Bible that was biduen in the footstool is still to be seen in the hands of thet children's children. The family that now own it live in Western Pennsylvania.

Has not that Bible a word to say to ma? We live in a country where the little child at the cot-tage-door may read the sweet story of Jesis, and lift up its eyes to Him in prayer without a thought of fear. The Bible is every where, in the parlor, in the bedroom, in the steamboat, and in the ship that sails to the far-off' seas.

We may all read the Bible ; but do wo love if ai did that French family, who bent over it at the risk of their lives, and hid it as a treasure more precions than gold?

We have the Bible, and the little child may aafly read it ; but are wo better than if we had no Bible? Do we not only know about the Lord, but love to do His will? It is not enough for us to hare the Bible, and to be at liberty to read it; this doca not make us true Christians, real children of our hesvenly Father.
Let the Bible be your chief treasure, Read it daily. Pray to be able to moderstand its holy words. Love the Saviour whom it reveals, and
who came down from heaven to die for us. Try to follow His eximple. Hope to be one of the happy anes who will rejoice forever around the throne of God.

## LITTLE THINGS.

- $O$ DKan! I ean not learn my lesson, these flies troble me so much," said a littlo girl as she laid dows her book impatiently. "Can you tell me of shat tuse flies are, sister Alice?"
If sister had been trying to help her find the mavers to her map-questions, but her patience had been very much tired by the little girl's fretfulness, now at the hest, then at the length of her lesson, tit at last at the flies. Sister Alice, however, did nit lose her patience very easily, and no one could have known from her manner that she had any thing to disturb her. She smiled as she replied:
"I will tell you the use of flies, if you will tell me the use of fretful little girls."
Jalia shook her head and looked a little pleasanter thian before, for she knew what her sister meant.

Alice went on without waiting for an answer: "Th

Thore are a great many little things which can annoy us very much, such as musquitoes, flies, and those troublesome gnats which came around us so yestarday In the woods; and there are a great many little things which can make us very happy, as the
little birds, the flowers, and the moss we find in the woods, and our dear little baby-sister whom we lore so much. In fact, our dear Aunt Sophy used to say that little chillaren need never think they were of no use in the world, for they had more to do with the happiness of the fumily than any one else. And since I have ceased to be one of 'the children,' and have had you little brothers and sisters all around me, I have found out that she told the truth in that, as in every thing else she said."
"But I don't see what chaidres cas do to make people happy," said Julia, brightening up a little.
"Why, don't you remember when little Sue fretted so at the table yesterday, and had to be sent away, how uncomfortable we all felt? Poor para did not half-finish his breakfast, and mamma seareels said a word after it. And when the children quarrel or disobey, what a gloom comes over the house hold! or if any disputing is heard, how disugrecably it sounds!"
"Yes, I know all that," said Julia; "I divilike to hear the others dispute as much as you do, and yot I sue sfraid I ottes do it myself. But, sister, you did not add how unhappy I make you by fretting over my lessons,"
"Oh! I left that for you to think of yourself. though I don't know any thing which so muck affects the happiness of my day as the conduct of my little sisters at their lessons. When they come cheerfully, and seem to take an interest in their sta-
dies, and are not idle or fretful, I feel light-hearted all day. But when they are fretful and ill-tempered, and have to be reminded constantly of theí duty, I kiddutt and sad. It is just so with my Sundayshoed class. When the efifldren are attentive and intensted, I am bappy all the week, but when they we not, f come home tired and dispirited. And I inn wee that your conduct has the same effect upon matmi. How her eye brightens, and how happy delooks, when she sees yot all loving and obedient! Ah! yoa little people have a great deal to do with the happiness of the world. I often think, when I mad how Jesas wants as to show our love to Him, that though little children ean not do much for Him by giving money, or visiting the sick, or teaching the ignorant, yet they ean do much by trying to be good and gentle, that they may make people happy, as well as obey the Saviour's will. Then when one chatd gets out of tetuper and speaks crossly, how uft the others are to give a cross word in retors, untll a general dispute is brought on ! But if, on the other hand, when the ill-natured words are fint spoken, there is a kind and gentle reply, the etesness soon disappears, and the family are happy of unhappy, according as this is done."
Sulia listened very quietly to all that hor sister sild, and when she had finished, returned to her bescon with the evident determination that that day at least should be a happy one for sister Alice.


A VISIT TO THE MINES.
Did you ever, while playing out of doors, stop a moment, wondering what could be inside this carth upon which you run about? Did you ever think of what might be hidden deep, deep under the louses in which you live?
When a child like you, I gave all sorts of quets.
thas those around me, asking them, "What it was that filld the earth, making it so hard \%" and when in our small garden, I often would try to imagine -viar was beyond the roots of the plants. Nothligy nomed to me so desirable as to "see the midIl of this great earth," if that had been possible. A 11 must tell you what happened to me once, and bor I eme up more than three hundred feet from elingrond.
All of you surely know that gold is found in the eirth, not bright and smooth as that of your mothThing, but as a rough and coarse thing, mixed with ciamon substances and grains of sand. Then iron, the mast useffal metal, is also found there, and lead, "月- in short, all metals, and even diamonds.
Narble also was laid up by the Creator in large Wheres or quarries, from which men get it with much trouble, to build fine houses, or palaces, as the Queen's palace.
And teater, pure, cool spring water, comes also from the earth. Indeed, there are some springs in which God has pat the best medicines, and which in many cases prove a great blessing, euring diseases, or ratoring health when it has become feeble.
Firs, too, is hidden in the earth, forcing itself through the tops of mountains, which are called veleanoes; and the finest quality of salt is stored away in the bosom of the earth.
Perhaps some little boys and girls are thinking
that I am forgetting one of the moet useful thingo which is found in the earth. Well, what is fit "Coal." Yes, to be sure, coal; so necensary for warming our houses in wister, for factorics where our clothes are woven, for railway earriages to travel in, for steamboats to go up and down our rivernand across the seas, and for bright and clear gacligit, which dispuels darkness whes tight eotwes os.

Coal is indeed found in the earth, and the places where they dig it are in some parts of the land so deep and so wide that hondreds of people five in them.

I was quite young yet when I was at a friend's who owned large coal-mines, and a party was one day formed to visit them. We started in carriages, and after a few miles we had reached the opening to the mines.

Before us were several boles about fifteen feet wide, in which, suspended by chains, were buckets large enough to hold two persons. Some of us stepped into them, and were let down more than three hundred feet; while I, with others, preferred to enter the mine by walking down a gentle slope inder ground.

We soon arrived at a strange region. Long galleries were formed in the coal. Large halls, some quite high; then narrow passages, so low that we had to creep along on our hands. A great many men were there at work, with small round lampa
fastened in front of their caps to light their way. In one part of the mines families were gathered to guther, mothers with their little ones, many of whom had never beheld the light of the sun as it shines on the face of the earth. A boy of twelve years old told us that he never had left the mines, and had never breathed the fresh, pure air of heaven. Oh ! how we pitied bim! but he seemed quite happy; this was his home; he was born here; his father, his mother, his brothers and sisters, and his playsillows were bere, and he loved the spot. I amt happy to tell you that miners and their families are not so shut up under ground now as they used to bes
When we had been in the zuine some time, and had sen enough of darkness, we entered the buckesp; the signal was given to the men who had elarge of the chains, and up we went again into thecheerfil light of the sun: again we could breathe the sveet air of the field. Oh! how lovely all appeared to us! How grateful we were to God for having made the world so beautiful! It seemed, infeet, as if the smn was a friend with whom we had parted a long, long time since.
As we found ourselves again all seated in the carriages on our way home, we could do nothing lut king for joy, or praise otr heavenly Father in the silence of our full bearts.
Since then I have often thought of the poor min-

# crs, and more than once I have wished their Goul and my God to cheer them in their dark bomes, and to make me grateful for the many blesxinge which they had not, and with which I was surrounded. 

## VOICES.

"Moruce, what whingere the fatting hact
It hath is voiec, 1 fnow,
For I heard it sigh as it fluttered by,"
" It said, To arth wege, And 'ufa is lrifg?"
"Mother, what naid the early flower.
That peeped fromi my garien bed.
When winter was past mith its ehilline henet
"Mgoolild, thus ries theded From the gravis piower."
" Mother, what said the ruinbow hieh,
When bright on the cloud it atood, Green, red, and blue, and violet, tan'"
"Gods pronise of che jis, Writ on the aly."
"Mothor, what nald she thunder's roer, As it shook the earth and air, When the lightning eame like a sheet of thami f
"His wruid sum uthenl thire On anc and elors."
*Mother, what sing the birds that fy
And 憵 among hio trees 1
Oh: I love to hear thale notea no elear."
"t Tis proier to firm enho avi A epurrone dia.
"Mg ehill, all nature Aath a toies,
Our Moler God to pruiar; Thes, like the bind, tet your noinc ded anl, And loring suthrmu ruins: Nined ald njoiac."

## THE

## STANDARD-BEARER.

TVL IL SEPTEMBER, 1802. N0. 9.

## GRANDMAMMA'S SUNSHINE.



O ONE could look at little Annie Price without thinking: "What a happy little girl!" She always had a smile for every one, and nothing seemed to go wrong with her. She had soveral brothers and sisters, but they never teased her, for they had found out that it was useless to try. She always seemed to think every trick they played upon her quite as funny as they did, and laughed with them. If they hid her books or playthings, just for fun, they said, she would get something else to play with or read until they chose to get them for her. When she left her seat for a few moments, and some one clse took it, she did not demand it again when she eame back, but would quietly take another. If the children expeeted any pleasure and were disappointed, instead of fretting she wonld say: "Never mind, perhaps we ean have it to-morrow."

She went one summer to visit her grandmanmes who lived in the country, and there she was so happy and cheerful that grandmamma called her "Suse shine." Her grandmamma often said to hersetr: "I wonder what it is that makes Annie so different from other children!" But at last she found ouf the cause.

They were invited to take tea one afternoon with Annie's aunt, who was also grandmamma's danghter, and lived in the village about a mile from grand. papa's farm-home. The sun was shining brightly when they started, but Annie's grandpapa said, 84 he shut the gate of the little garden which was be fore the house, that there was a clond rising which he thought might bring rain. "However," he cotstinued, "I think it will not come within an liour, and we shall get to Aunt Jane's before that time, if our little Sunshine here cau walk fast enough,"
"Oh! I can walk as fast as any body, grandpaps," said Annie, smiling, and she trudged along in front of them, thinking what a fine time she should lave playing with her cousins, and how kind Cousin Tom always was to swing them as much as they wanted him to; and then what nice strawberries and cake Aunt Jane would give them for tea.

Grandpapa made a mistake this time, howeven for the clond travelled faster than they did, and they had not gone half-way to the village, when the rain cane down fister and faster, until it poured as if it
knew its time was short, and it meant to make the mest of it.

"Oh! what shall we do ?" said grandmamma, "perhaps we can stop at the mill," which was just
before them. "No," said grandpapa, "this is not the day for grinding, and it is looked. The best thing we can do is to go home as fast as possible, for oar clothes will be wet through if we go on, and we could not wear them all the afternoon without tak. ing cold."
"Now," thought grandmamma, as they turned to go home, "my Sunshine will certainly be clouded." But she was mistaken ; Annie looked a little disappointed for a moment, but that was all ; the sest moment she smiled as shie said, "Never mith, wr can go some other time;" and then she turned her face toward home, and went on as fast and ebeerly as she had done when she was going to her expected pleasure, instead of away from it.

They were not the only people caught in the shower, for they had gone but a short distance on their way home, when the farmer who lived just beyoud Mr. Price, overtook them, leading lits horres while his wife and daughter were riding in the small wagon, covered up so that they were nicely pror tected from the rain. He offered to take in Mrs. Price and Annie, but they were already so with that grandpapa thought it was better for them to walk the rest of the way, they would be less likely to take cold.
Their clothes were very wet when they reachel home, but it did not take long to change them, and there was a nice fire in the kitchen where they
mould be dried. Instead of sitting down to fret, or amubling her grandmamma to tell ber what to do, Aunie got her portfolio, as soon as her clothes were chmgod, and commenced to write a letter to her mother. When that was fixished, grandraamma brought out a box of shells for her to look at, and then Mary, the cook, said they should not miss the nice tea which they would have had at Aunt Jane's; and she made them some of her good waffles.

Annie slept in a little room which opened into her grandmamma's, and that night, when Mrs. Price vict up for her candle, she heard the little girl's viee in prayer to God. The door was partly open, int at she pansed there for Aruie to funish, she heard tar thank her Heavenly Father that the wind did 2it thow any larder, or the rain come any faster, mol that they had reached home in safety. Then the prayed that she might always be cheerful and frpy, and be willing that God should do as He thought best.
Now her grandmamma had found out the secret of ler cheerfulness; it was because she felt that God the her Friend, and that all disappointments enne from Hiy loving haud, and she had learned to pray to Him for every thing she might need.
When Aunic had finished, her grandmamma went in Sor her lamp. She did not tell her what she had heard, but her warm embrace and forvent, "God bless you, my child!" showed how deeply Aunie's prayer had affected her.

God will make every little child who lover and trusts him as Annie did, as lappy and cheerfal as whe was.

## JESSIE; OR, WHERE THERES A WILL THERES

 A WAY."Aluos," said Herbert to his sister, " did you cwer see such a beautifal sunset?"
"No," said Alice slowly, "I den't think I ent did."

Certainly it was a lovely scene that lay lefiee them. The ocean stretched beyond them as far an the eye could reach, and to the right and left, and the background, were huge masses of rocks, that looked as if they had stood there for ages, and should stand forever and ever. The sum was just about to set, and it tipped tho waves with such a gloriois light as seemed the very reflection of heaven itself. Herbert and Alice sat on the shore in silence, gazing at it, as it sunk lower and lower, till the waves ro flected back its last smile, and it was gone.

They were silent for some moments. At last Aliod said: "Don't you remember, Herbert, when we were coming here, we both agreed to try and do some good to somebody before we went bome? and now our vacation will soon be over, and we haven't done a bit."
"Yes," said Herbert; "but, Alice, we haven't haid
s chatice, you know. But look, Alice, there's that tume girl whom we see so often. Why, she seems earolly able to be out at all, and how poorly she's drewed. Would not you like to know something aboat her ? ${ }^{\text {H }}$
"Herbert," said Alice bastily, "you know yon sid we hadn't had any chance to do good, and you remember that mother has often said, 'Where there's a will, there's a way.' Perhaps this is a chance-let us go and speak to her."
The girl had seated herself on the shore, at a little distance from them, and seemed evidently exhausted with the exertion she had made. They went up to ber,
"Are you sick?" said Alice timidly, by way of beginning a conversation. "You look very weak."
" $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ! yes, Miss, I have been sick for several years, hut I have been much worse for some weeks past."
"Do you live far from here?" asked Herbert.
*Ot! no. Do you see that little cottage where the mooke is coming out of the chimney? That's where I live-my mother and I, all alone. But I met go home now, for mother told me not to stay late, and she'll be uncasy." She rose as she spoke, and vas about to walk on, but staggered, and would fave fallen if Herbert had not rushed forward and caught her in his arms.
"Don't try to walk," said he, as she raised her. seff fintly; "Pll carry you home-I'm strong;" and
before she could object, he lifted her up and walked on, followed by Alice. "Alice," he said, "you hail better run on, and prepare her mother; she will be frightened when she sees me carrying her in."

Alice ran hastily on, and in a minute or two arrived at the door of the cottage. She knocked, and as there was no answer, she lifted the latch, pushed open the door, and went in. The room in which sle found herself was almost destitute of furniture, asal had a most desolate look, though perfectly neat ant clean. A woman was sitting on a low stool, with her face buried in her hands. At the sound of the opening of the door she raised her head, and at sigit of a stranger, rose, with a rather surprised look, and offered her a seat.
"No, thank you," said Alice hesitatingly; " 1 just came to say that your daughter is not very well, and-" She had no time to say more, for at this moment Herbert appeared at the door with the girl, and the mother ran over to her. "Why, Jissie!" she exclaimed.
"I'm better now, mother," said Jessic. "I was only a little faint, and this young gentleman was kind enough to carry me home. I'm sure he's tired, mother ; won't you give him a seat?"
"Never mind me," said Herbert; "I'm not tired at all. It's getting late, and we can't stay now, but we will come in the morning and ree how you are Come, Alice!"

The woman followed them to the door, and as they were going ont Herbert said to her, in a low voice: "Have you had the doctor for Jessie, ra'am?"
"Obl yes," she answered sadly, " but he couldn't do hur any good. He was one of your grand doctors, who don't seem to understand much about poor people, and he recommended nourishing food and wine, though even with that he didn't give me much encouragement. He said she was fir gone in a consumption, and that the disease hadn't been taken in time."
"His she any appetite ?" said Alice.
The poor woman looked confused, hesitated, and then burst into tears. At last she said: "I may as thell tell you, Miss, for I couldn't hide it much longer, that we have neither of ns tasted any thing to-day ; and I think it was hunger that overcame my poor child, instead of sickness. We have often been in Wait of many things, but I have always managed to liave bread to cat ; to-day I couldn't get oven that, and I don't know what will become of us."

Alice and Herbert looked at each other in dismay. Thoy seemed to read one another's thoughts, ant haytily saying a few comforting words to the woman, they left. "O Herbert!" said Alice, as soon as they were out of hearing, "isn't it dreadful?"
"Yes; but, Alice, we have no time to waste in lamentations. How mach of your pocket-money have york left?"
"Only seventy-five cents, Herbert; and you?"
"I have got a dollar and a quarter; that will make two dollars, which will go a good way taward ges. ting them something to eat. But we must fint ras up to the house, and tell Mrs, Martin what is kecping us."

This Mrs. Martin bad once been a nurse to Herbert and Alice, but had married many years before the story begius, and had conne to live on the smat firm where she now was, and which was slitusel at a little distance from the sea-shore. Here Atioc ant Herbeet were seat alwost every sumbuer ta apend their vaeation; their mother generally accarapanial them, but this summer circumstanees had preveated her, nsod she had sent them alone, which, as It the it was now aboat fifteen, and Alice thirteen, sho had no uneasiness in doing. As she bid them good-by, she said to them: "Now, my childsen, see if, before you return, you can't find some opportunity of town good. Remember, 'Where there's a will, there's a way;" and they had firmly resolved that they would follow her advice, although in the plearunsand excitements of the sea-shiore they hind marrly forgotten it. Now, as we have seen, it was lsoughit to their remembrance again.
As they ran up to the house, Mrs. Martin came out to meet them. "W Welt, clitlaren," she saỉ, (shat still called them "children," from old habit, "Trm glad yon have come ; I was just thinking of going to look after you. What has kept you so long?"

Herbert hastily told her the circumstances, and added that he and Alice wanted to go up to a little slane near by, and get some food.
"Nonsense," said Mrs. Martin; "you won't do moy woch thing! Come in with me, and I'll make you up a basket of things in a minute. Well, to be sars, if it isn't poor Mrs. Alford! Why, I hadn't thenchitest ilea that she was in want, or that Jessue van so much worse. She goes to the village once er twiee a week, and gets sewing to do. The neighbars all think her prond, and don't go much to see tiur ; but dear, dear! il we'd only have known."
While she was saying all this, she was going backward and forward, getting some substantial food ready. Herbert and Alioe watched her with ruach satisuction, as she put into the basket tea, sugar, bread, butter, meat, and, at Alice's suggestion, some artuw-root for Jessie. The minute it was ready, Herbert took it up, and followed by Alice, set off It the cottage. They were scarcely ten minutes gring, and, quite out of breath, arrived at the door. As chey wero about to knock, they were arrested by lisaring a sot, faint voice singing in a low tone ; as thry paused, the words came distinctly to their eatry:
> "The bird's without barn or store-house are fed; From them let us learn to trust for our bread. His saints what is fitting shall neter be denied, So long as 'tis written, 'The Lord will provide.' "

A monsent, and the voice went on 3gain:
"No strength of our ows, or goolnest we elain, But since we have trusted in Jesur' great nam: In this our strong tower for saicty we tiditeThe Lord is our power, the Lord will provide"

It ceased now, and Herbert knocked. The door was opened by Mrs, Alford, who seemed slightly sumprised at seeing them back so soon. "How is Jea sie now ?" said Alice, as they entered.
"Oh! I'm betrer, thank you," snid Jessie bervilc as Alice went over to her-she was lying on a Ind which stood in a corner of the room. "Mother lias been singing to me, and you can't think how much good it has done me; it makes me forget my pain and weakness."

While they were talking sogether, Herbert drew Mrs. Alford aside, and said: "Mrs, Alford, we have brought you a few things that we thought Jesale could est, and Mrs. Martin says that if you want any thing else you must send her word, and yous still have it immediately."

Tears rolled down the poor woman's cheoks, ty she thanked him, and she said: "A fow minutes be fore you came, I was almost in despair, and Jestie, seeing my distress, said to me: "Mother, "the Lond will provide!" Dosing me that hymn ; and so, to please her, though I hadn't faith to feel it in my heart, I sang it, and as I went on, it seemed to com-
fort tne. I took courage a little, and you see 'He is fisthol that promised.'"

After telling Jessie that they would come the next day to see how she was, Herbert and Alice hurried dome, as it was now quite late. The next morning Mrs. Martin went with Alice to see them, and found out what they were most in need of, and sent it to them. Mrs, Alford told her that her present distress wis owing to her not having been paid for some sewing that she had been doing, but that if she was piid regularly, she made enough to keep them from starving, but very seldom any thing over.
(ro on caszisemu.)

## 0 LD AGE.

Ir alwayn makes me sorry when young people stuu the cotnpany of aged persons. It is a privilego to liave a grand dither or grandmother in your toome, and you will have a part in the promise appended to the Fifth Commandment, if you are attontive, respectful, and affectionate to your aged reluives,

[^0]
"Yes, and if it is Christian experience, it is doubly valuable."
"I remember just as well as if it was yesterday," be continued, "the day I left Ireland, though it is more than thirty years ago, and I was but a little boy. I had been round among my friesds to bid goodiby before we sailed, and when 1 left them, an aunt of mine, who was ninety-eight years old, walked tin milles with me on my way. At last we stopped upon a rising ground, and taking off my hat, she bill her hands upon my head and blessed me. I shall never forget her venerable figure, and the long Black oak staff she always walked with, nor the beautifal landscape before us. There were the green fields and trees, the farms and villages, and Belfat lay beyond. It all seems like a pietare in my menary now."
"I daresay that benediction helped to slape your course through life," I said.
"I do believe it did," said be.
I onco knew an old lady who was loved and admired wherever she went, though she was a little, hamely, hump-backed woman, feeble and suffering. She was so cheerfal and loving, that she carried szathine wherever she went in her round of usefulness.

She had once been a thoughtless, selfish girl, very Sind of dress, which she put upon her deformed person to make it more attractive. She had a
pious grandmother, who often said to her: "Ah! Mary, how far you are from God!' The warming was not heeded till her grandmother died ; bat as Mary stood beside her coffin, these words eounded in her ears: "How far you are from God!"

Many solemn thonghts came to her mind, and she said to herself: "Who will take my grandmother" place in the Church of Christ?" By the grace of God, she was enabled to give herself to Kim, and walk, from that time, in her grandmother's steps.
"A hoary head is a crown of glory, if it be found in the way of righteousness."

## PARTING WHTH A CHILD.

Moknsyutry, tearfotly, cots ts the gsount, Early we laid him under a mound; Calm be his slumbers through the long hours, Under the waving grass, under the flowers.

Hands sweetly folded, cyes soaled in sleep, Gentle stars watch him, summer clouds weppSudness and sorrow reiges now in our homs Thero shall the missing one nevermoro come
Nevermore near us his voice shall be hoant, Sofly as roses gently wind-stirred; Now its low melody warbles above, While we in silence mourn for his love.

## STANDARD-BEARER.

## THE TWO GARDENS

Ir was a bright morning in spring, a morning when every one feels like being at work. The birds were as busy as they could be, building their nests, and making them soft and comfortable for the little ones wio were so soon to lie there so tender and helpless. The farmers were diligently ploughing or sowing the seeds which the industrious crows and didekens consider their work to scratch out of the ground, while the ants lost no time in preparing the storehouses which they meant to fill with food for the coming months.
No wonder then that little Fanny Howard should feel like being at work too. Not at lessons. Oh! no, she was thankfil that it was Saturday morning, the chilldren's holiday, for she felt more like being at work out of doors on that particular morning, when every thing in the garden, the fields, and the Woods was so busy. She was very glad then when her mother told her that her litule garden had been
prepared the day before, and that this morning sbe might sow the seeds which she had been preserving so carefully all winter. There they all were in a little box, each kind in a little paper bag, neatly labotled, just as she had arranged them when she had gathered them. It did not take her very long to carry them out to her garden, and determine just how she would plant them. The morning-glories must lo placed next the fence, of course, for they love to climb. The four-o'clocks in the corner, and the sweet-peas here and there, to diffuse a dellciona perfume. "And here is my darling mignonette; I mnst not forget you," said Fanny, talking to herself, as she spread them out before her; "and the larispurs and the lady-slippers, for grandmamma likes these." And so she went on with such a variety, that you would not have supposed she could find places for them in that small garden of hers; but she did, and put the sticks which her brother Jame had prepared for her wherever she had planted them, so that she might know where to look for each little green leaf. For Fanny knew that although the seeds were little, dry brown thinge, and that after she had placed them in the ground her garden-bed looked just the same as it had lookel before, excepting the sticks which were strewn rather plentifully over it, yet only a fow daye of alternate rain and sunshine would pass, and then she would see some little green leaves peeping out,
which would grow and grow until the little buds could come, which aftor a while would burst into Bowers, very unlike the little brown seed, it is true, lut still coming from it.

So Fanny worked on all the morning, just as industriously as the birds or the bees or the ants, and the had just finished when the dinacr-bell rang.


After dimner her mother proposed a walk, and Fanny was soon ready to accompany her. They rambled for some distance through the woods, pickfig the wild flowers, which grew in profusion around
their path, and then they turned to come home by the road. As they passed the churchyard, Fanuy noticed that the gate was open. "Do let as go tif for a few moments, mamma," she said. So they entered, and walked quietly along, pausing now and then to read the inscriptions on the white stones which told who were sleeping beneath them. As they were thus occupied, they were startled by the deep tolling of the bell in the church-tower near them. They looked up and saw a funeral procession coming slowly in and going towards a little grave which had been newly prepared, and which they had not noticed before.
"Ah! that must be poor Mary Jackson's haby," said Mrs. Howard. "I heard yesterday thas it wis dead; let us go near and listen to the service."

Fanny followed her mother, and as she listened, she heard the clear voice of the minister repeating the beautiful opening words of the service: "I am the resurrection and the life; whosoever believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live."

Fanny and her mother stood at a little distance from the group of mourners, thongh near cnongh to hear all the service, until it was over, and then they walked to the other side of the churchyard, to give those who had followed in the procession time to disperse.
"Waiting for the resurrection of the late day" repeated Mrs. Howard, as they walked slowly oth-

- Can you tell, Fanny, why the burial of that little baby rominds me of what you were doing this morning ?"
"Why, no, mamma; I was planting flower-seeds. I don's see what that has to do with a funcral," replied Fanny,
"Why, you buried the seeds in the ground prepared for them ; so this dear baby's body was burinl, and just as surely as the plants will spering from those seeds, will a bright and glorious borly srise from that little grave. Your flowers will be tnich more beautiful than the seeds which you planted, will they not ?',
"Oh! yes, mamma,"
"Just so will the little baby's body, which will be raised from this seed, be much more beautiful and glorions ; and then the soul which has now gone to be with God will live in this beautiful body. Thut unlike the flowers, it will never fade or decay aqnis,"
"Why, then, mamma, this whole churchyard is like th garden," said Fanny, "and all these stones thark where the seeds are planted."
"Yes," said her mother, delighted that her little girl seemed to understand so well what she had been trying to teach ber, "and that was a beautifial tame which the English nsed to give their burial flaces, 'God's Acre,' for they are gardens with thtich precions seed sown in them. There is this
difference though in the gardens: you know when to expect your plants to come up from the seeds, but of that day and of that hour when God shall raise the dead knoweth no man, no, not even the angels in heaven."
"I am glad that you have told me about this, mamma," said Fanny, "for it made me nhndder when I saw that baby's body lowered into the grave ; but I do not think I shall ever feel so again, now that I know that it is buried seed."

Fanny took a great deal of pleasure in her garien all through that summer, but she scarcely looked at it without thinking of that other garden where the seed was still buried in the dust. M. A. II.

## GOLD-APPLE WORDS

Theres are some words, the Bible says, which are "like apples of gold in pictures of silver." Many suppose this phrase would be better tranklated "baskets of silver ;" but it does not matter much. The point is, that there are some words as precions and beantiful as gold apples in silver baskets, What words can they be? for there are idle words, eare less words, cross words, wicked words, words of counsel and of cantion, parting words, flattering words. Al!? none of these, luat a "word fitly spoken."
The gold apple word, then, is a fit word. It fits
the oecasion. It fits the truth. Love and kindness鮊 is. What a precious word it must be!

You remember, Naaman, the great Syrian general, took captive a littlo. Jewish maid, and he carried her home, and gave her to his wife. The child did not forget her pions education, but she loved and feared God. Naaman was sick of a sad disease. No human skill could help him. "Would God my lond were with the prophet that is in Samaria, for be would cure him," said the little maid to her mistress. Her mistress told it to her husband, and Naaman took a journey to Samaria, and he saw the prophet of God, and he believed in his word, and was healed. Those were gold-apple words of the little maid.

A poor woman lost ber hasband, and she took on piteonsly, afraid lest her little family might be pinched with want. "Is not our heavenly Father living, mother ?" asked her little son. Indeed He is, She forgot, but he remembered; and her little boy's gold-apple words comforted her.

These words drop not from the wise and grownup only. Small lips speak them. We should try to thase none others in our families. Home should be full of them. There is no other spot so full of opportunities for words of truth, of love, and of kindness. They fit every where, up-stairs and down, in the kitchen and the parlor, it the school-room, and it the roadside walk.

Searce as gold is, we may each of us have our
"apples of gold in silver baskets." They are beantiful and precions, "sweeter than honcy or the honeycomb." Do not fail of a good supply, and give them to every body as you have opportunity.

## WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY.

 (ciscurven)ALick went every day to sit awhile with Jessie, who grew weaker and weaker sll the time, and was now confined entirely to bed.

One morning, two days before their vacation was over, Alice went in, and found Jessie lying alone, and looking very pale, and much worse than she liat ever seen her look. "Why, Jessie," she said, "are you all alone $\%$ " Yes, Miss Alfice; mother was obliged to go to the village to-day, but she said she would be back soon, and then I expected you this morning, so I thought I would get on very welt."
"But don't you feel worse this morning, Jessio?"
"Yes, Miss Alice, I feel much weaker, but I dare say I'll be better by and hy."

After talking a little while longer, Jestie mothe some allusion to her lameness, and Alice said, with a little hesitation: "Were you always lame, Jessie?" A shadow came over her face, "Oh! no, Mis Nice, I have often wanted to tell you about is, but somehow I conld not; now, however, if you will
kindly listen to me, I feel as if it would be a relief to tell you all.
*When I was about ten years old, we lived half a sile from here, just back of those high rocks that you see from that window. We weren't very poor then, for father was alive, and though not rich, still we never knew what it was to want. I had a little brother, who was about three years old. Ah! Miss Aliee, if you bad ever seen him! He was so bright and beautiful, and yet so sweet and gentle. But I was a willful child, often disobedient to my parents, and fond of having my own way in every thing. I don't know what I might have come to, if it hadu't been for what I am going to tell you.
"Just a little way from the shore there was a large rock, which, when the tide was low, was quite dry, but when the tide came up the waters would grahally surround it, till after a while it would be entinly covered with the waves. Upon this rock I toved to climb, watching the tide gradually coming up, ontil, just in time, I would jamp ofl, always waiting, however, till the very last moment that I could do it with safety. One evening, my father found me in this position; he saw the danger of it at once, and told me that I must never go there arine while the tide was coming up. I said notling, but got off, and walked slowly home, determined to diwary the first time I conld do so withont the chatice of being found out. Father nsed often to
go to the village, where he had business. He would stay there all day, and not come home till night, and it was at these times that I felt I could do as I chose, without the risk of being found out.
"One lovely summer evening, I took my lithe brother by the hand, and went down to the shore; mother called after me not to keep Harry out late, and I promised I would be back soon. When we got down to the shore, the tide was just coming in, but it had not yet reached my rock. A sudden ides seized me. 'Harry,' I said, 'would you like to get upon that rock with sister ?' The child fooked delighted. Without another word, I climbed up nyyself, and then stretched down and lifted him up, too. I set him down beside me, and put my arm around him to keep him from falling off. I had some pebbles in my pocket, and for a long time amused him and myself by throwing them into the sea, and watching the circles widening gradually more and more, till we could see them no longer. Suddents, I gave a great start; we had been sitting with our faces toward the sea, and I had entirely forgotten the rising tide. I looked back, and saw that the waters had closed in far behind us, and were rising higher and higher every instant. I save at once, that by giving a great jump, I might possibly save moyself. But Harry! I knew very well that I could do nothing with him in my arms. There was but one thing to be done. 'Harry,' I said hastily,
'stay bure a minute, like a good boy, and III be back directly, with father.' He looked a little frightened. 'Oh ? no, Jessie,' he said imploringly, 'Harry sauts to go with you.' 'But you can't, Harry,' I sail, 'you couldn't jump into the water as I can; I'm going to get father to carry you,' Always easily satisfied, and trusting fully to me, he made no more abjection, and after telling him to sit yery still, and bold on fast, I gave a violent spring, and though the waver caught me and dragged me back, still with a great effort I managed to get on dry fand.

- I stopped an instant to get my breath, and while doing so, turned and gave a look at Harry. I thall never forget how it all looked then; it's constantly before me, night and day. The sky dark and elondy, except in one place, where the moor had broken through; heavy rocks to the right and left, and the vast ocean, stretehing away out until it was lost in the blackness. And that solitary rock, with the waves closing in around it, and the little baby form, so unconscious of his danger. He was sitting just as I left him, the moon shining full upon him; one little bare leg hanging over the rook, and the other draw $n$ up under him, in a way he was fond of sitting. He was looking toward me with an expression of patient waiting on his face, yet without the shadow of a doubt or fear. Ah! Miss Alice, when I see him in heaven, I don't think he will look more beautiful than them.
"Again calling to him not to move, I tursed and rushed up the stcep rocks before me, instead of

going a little distance round, where there was a path, but which would have taken me out of my way. I had nearly reached the top, when my foot struck against something which I had not seen in the darkness, and I fell heavily to the ground, striking my knee violently against a rock as I fell. I immediately lost consciousness, and $O$ Miss Allee! how shall I tell what followed? When about three
hours after I opened my eyes, I found myself in my nwa bed, with father and mother bending over me, and both crying. 'Harry,' I exelaimed, as a sharp pain shot through me. They turned away without speaking; but that was enough, I knew it all then, and for several days they almost thought I should never fiave my reason again. It was not for nearly two weeks that I was able to hear what happened after my fall. Father had not returned until very late that evening, and finding that we had not yet corne home, he set off to look for us. On his way down the path to the shore, he caught sight of something hing at a little distance on the rocks, and climbing ap, he found me as I had fallen an hour before. He carried me home, and leaving me in mother's care, started again to look for littfe Harry. When fie got down to the shore, almost the first thing that met his eye was the body of our darling, which had been washed ashore by the waves. He was quite dead, and hal evidently been so for some time, but on his little fice there was a half-smile, as if he hadn't found it hard to die.
"It was many weeks before I was able to be up, sthid then it was found that my knee was so much tigured that I would always be lame ; and the doctor said I had also received some internal injury which would shorten my life. Well, I am ready; the Lord has forgiven all my sins, because I have trusted in His holy name, and I ami willing, yes,

Miss Alice, and glad to go, as soon as His time hat come." She paused, and such a deathly palenes came over her countenance, that Alice was quite frightened. Jessie lay quite still for a few moments, and then she said: " Miss Alice, I think I could sleep if you would be kind enough to read to me a littie. My lymo-book is there, won't yon read 'The Land will provide.'" Alice took the book and commenced reading that beautiful hymn in a soft, low voice. She came to the last verse:
"Whens Whe sinks spmee, stud dealh is ia vie=, This word of His grace shall comfort is throuph: Not fearing or doubting, with Chirist on our its, We hope to die shouting, the Lord will provide"
She pansed, and as Jessie lay quite still, with her head turned slightly aside, she quietly got up and bent over her. Ah! the Lord had provided! Never more would she need to sing the song of faith. Shie had now seen that the Lord was gracious.
"Bliessed is every one that puttecth his trot in Him."

In wisdom's right hand are length of days, and in her left hand riches and honor. Fook te which jand you will, and you will find it full.

TuE following lines, by one who has often interested and Instructed the readers of Tim Srandaid-Beazere, were ad. dresed to a little friend who has been an itvalid for the grester part of her short life. We feel very grateful for permission to publich them, for among our many readers there are no doubt some sick abd suffering ones who will bechiered and comforted by them.-Ro. Sraspand-Beamelic.

## THE BOOK.MARE.

A sposson's gite of love, I rightly guessed, as o'er its letres I forruel, And read the cherished owner's name and age; So fow in years she hath bat newly learned It. sacred lessons, as along the pago Her fingers move.

1 laid the volume down, Bat from its fids a brofdered token fill, That sent me wandering in a maze of thought; Ite pictared liegend I cotsid piainly spiell, With mingled pain and consolation fraught:
"No cross-no crown."

What canst thou have to do With these grave mysteries, 0 little one ? Ilast thou already tasted pain and loses, Whose mortal journey is but just begun? Art thou compelled to bear the rugged cross?

Tis even so ?
And thou a crown shalt wearNry, even now dost wear, for thy young lirow

Is circled with pure love and sympathy, More rich and deep than other children knew; And Jesus' love upon its front shall be A jewel fisir.

Mars other forrele shitue
Around that central stone, and draw from thenes
Their lustre-Patiencs, Kindness, Cheerfulines,
Faith, Hope, and Charity, with inflaence
Of marvellous power to guide, and heal, and bless: Such gifts be thine.

$$
\text { And, } O \text { transcending boon: }
$$

Since thon the mystic fellowship hast known Of suffering with the Son of Man to bear : The Prince of Glory shall the kindred own, And in His blissful presence thou shalt wear

> A heavensly crown.

Asxa.

A centars person, on seeing a Cliristian woman go cheerfilly to prison, said to her: " Ah ! you bave not yet tasted of the bitterness of death." She elsecrfully answered: " No, nor ever slall; for Ctrist hath promised that those who keep His sayings shall sever see death." A believer may feel the atrake of death, but he shall never feel the sting of death.

# THE <br> <br> STANDARD-BEARER. 

 <br> <br> STANDARD-BEARER.}

## A SONG IN THE SNOW.



HE wind was blowing, oh! so cold; the snow was falling, oh! so fast; the night was gathering, oh! so dark, in a little town in Germany; yet notwithstanding the cold, the snow, and the darkness, there was a singer in the streets of the town, and people who had closed their shops and warehouses, and were bent on supper, heard that singing; though I regret to say they did not open their hearts, their purses, and their casements and throw a coin to the minstrel. Those who gave any attention to the song, heard such words as these:
"Lord of heaven, lone and sad, I would lift my heart to Thee: Pilgrim in a foreign land, Gracious Father, look on me: I shall neither faint nor die While I walk beneath Thine eye!
"T will stay my faith on Thee, And*will never fear to tread Where the Saviour Manter leads-

He will give me daily bread; Christ was hangry, Christ was poor ; Ho wïl feed me from His store.
-Foxes to their holes have gone,
Every bird into its nest; But I wander here alone,

And for toe there is to rest:
Yet I neither faint nor fear, For the Saviour Christ is here
"If I live, He'll be with me;
If I die, to Him I go:
He'll not leavome, I will trust Him,
And my heart no fear shsll know :
Sis and sorrow I defy, For on Jesus I rely."
If was a plain, simple song, and though the voice that sang it trembled with the cold, there was something in it which seemed to say the singer means: what he sings. He commenced his song rgain, nod this time the sound reached the ear of a good citiven of the town who loved music.
"That is a fine, cleat voice," he said, as he sat by lis comfortable fireside. "Dear heart ! to think of sach a voice being apoiled by such weather, Liston!"
> "Yoxes to their boles have gone, Every bird into its hest; Bat I wander bere alone, Arid for the there is no rest."

So sang the voice, and the tears came up into the eyes of the sober citizen, aftd when they had blurred his sight for a moment, fell over the lash and rolled down his cheeks.
"That's a woman's voice," he said. "Poor soul! to think of a woman, with such a voice, being out in smed weather."
"I think," his wife remarked, "that is the voice of a child, and not that of a womah."
"A child! Ah! now you mention it, my dear," kid he, "I think you're right. Suppose we setule the matter by ealling it in. You have ned objecthon?"

Was it likely she would object? Aht no ; she never heard a child's voice but she thought of her own little Hans, somewhere in beaven, and took pity on the stranger-child for the dead child's sake.
So the sober citizen, first of all, opened the casement, but the suow was falling so thick and fast, that he cotld see nothing, and the wind was so piercingly cota, that to eseape it even the snow rushed into the
warm room, and melted in the comfortable heat. Then, closing the casement, he put on his big cloak, in which his wife helped him, then a slonched hat, then took a lantern, and out into the street be weot, to look for the singer.

He had not far to look. Three or four doons off he caught a glimpse of a poor ragged child, and called to him to come that way. The child ceased his song, and came toward him, saying softly:
"Charity, good sir, for Christ's sake. God be gracions to you, as you are gracions to the poor."
"Come in with me, little one," said the citizen. "Let the birds bave their nests, and the foxes thic holes - this shall be your nest to-night, poor tittle snow-bird."

The boy bowed his head, and said: "Thank God."
The heat of the room into which the poor child was supported by his preserver was too much for his strength, and he frinted. No mother could have been more solicitons than was the wife of that sober citizes in reviving her litule cliarge, and her effortes succeeded at last. The boy came to himself, opened his eyes, and asked: "Is this heaven ?"

They told him he was not in heaven, but that he was with good friends, who would take ctre of him. Then they served the supper, and made him sit down with them; and when supper was over, and he had in some degree overcome his fatigue, they asked him who he was, and what bronght him to that town.

He cold them he was the child of a poor miner; that he had been used to gather sticks in the wood, and to help his father as well as he could; that he had been tanght to Jove and serve God, and that the earnest desire of his heart was to do something in God's service. He wanted to Iearn, he said; and that if an angel from heaven came and asked him what he would like to be, he would say, a priest. Oh! if he could but be a priest-if he could but live in a monastery, shutting out every thing but God, he should be so happy. That with this idea be had wandered away, and had lived on the money people had given him for singing his songs; but that he had received nothing that day, nor any thing the day before, and thought he must certainly die, miless Giod tarned the snow-llakes into manna, or commanded the stones to be made bread.

The sober citizen and his wife would not let him talk much, because he was so weak, but they promised to do all they could to belp him; then they made hitn retire to a little bed-room which had been made ready for him. When they went in an hour afterward, to see if he was asleep, they found him kueeling before a crncifix at prayer.

Both were pleased. They thought him a religious ehtid, and that certainly he had been sent to them by heaven. Who can be be, they said to each other ; perhaps, after all, some holy visitant, such as those who came to the Patriarchs in olden times

They remembered the text of Soripture which says: "Be not forgetful to entertain strangers, for therwby some have entertained angels unawares."

They went back into his room, and he was asleep; ${ }^{a}$ pleasant smile lighted up his expressive features. He had happy thoughts in his dreams. ( 70 in Costisugh.)

## THE IDLE BEES.

There was no excuse for them, such a pleasant home they had-down by the spring-house, where the wind could not reach them in winter, and where in summer it was always cool and shady. They lived under a snug pent-house, in a neat row of patent hives, all painted white, and made so that no enemy could get inside. By opening a door at the back, you could see the glass boxes of pure, beautiful honey, placed one above another; and you conld remove them when full, without disturbing the bees, or touching their store of winter food below.

There was a pond full of gold-fish close by, and all round were large willow and maple-trees, with rose-bushes, lilacs, and other shrubbery. Not fir off was a garden with more kinds of flowers than I can tell you, and besides this, there were terraced beds of bymeinths and vulips that would cover an acre.

Better than all, there were luxuriant fields of red
and white clover, pasture-grounds, sprinkled with baterczaps and dandelions in their season, and fine

patches of buckwheat, which is one of the best things in the world to make honey of, Bat instead of
"Gathering honcy all the day From every opening flower,"
they spent their time, frour moruing till uight, half a mile from home, at neighbor Smith's cider-press. How they swarmed and buzzed round the heaps of sour punice and balfrotten apples! It was a mate ter of taste, truly, to prefer such food to beautiful, fragrant honeysuckles and roses. They not only staid all day, but night often found them so eloyed and stupefied by the fermented juice, that they could not fly home, but spent the night there in the dew and cold, and many a bee was dead before the sun rose. I never knew until lately that "tho little busy bee "could so far forget her character. Was it not strange?

Of conrse when we came to look for mice heavy boxes of honey, not a box was full - in fact, some were quite empty, and some, thongh full of comb, had not a drop of honey in them. Most probably the inside of the hive, which ought to be filled with honey for their own subsistence when they can'pot leave home, is in the same condition. I shall not be surprised if they are all dead by next spring.

Well, we all condenn the idle bees; but what do you think of children, with reasoning powers and immortal souls, acting in the very same way? Last Sunday, not half our school was present, though it was a bright and lovely day; and at church it was still worse; for many who had satisfied their cossciences by coming to Sunday-school were off acrose the fields bufore their teachers missed them, as soou
as school was out. And this has happened more than one or two Sundays this summer. Where did the children go ?

As you went to church, you might see in the distance a tall flag-staff with the stripes and stars floating from its top, and round the base clusters of white tents. Every road and path which led to this centre of attraction would be full of men, women and children, going to swell the already troublesome crowd that filled the camp. It looked very much like the swarm of bees round the cider-press. I do not blame the soldiers for it. They like socjety, it is true, but they can bave enough of that on weekdays, and it is hard that they should not have one day of rost and quiet preparstion for the danger they must face so soon. There is no time to sit and read a good book, and no place to be alone if the soldier wishes ic, and when the men are drawn up round the chaplain for service, the prayers and sermon can not be heard for the conflusion and hum of roloes its the crowd all round.
The children (still more the men and women) do harm by flocking to our eamps on Sundays. But this is not the worst of it. They get much evil, they hear idle, sinful talk, they learn profane language, their minds become distracted and unable to fix themselves on Sunday-school instruction, and they get into the sad and dangerons habit of neglecting the house of God. Sabbath-breaking is a dreadful sin, ant it brings sorrow after it sooner or later.

In Sunday-school, at charch, and in Christian homes there is sweet and precious food for theis souls, yet they prefer bad company and idle tall, which, compared with it, is as the refuse of the cides. press to the rose and the clover-blossom.

And when the winter of old age and sickness comes, they will be like the bees who laid up $\mathrm{m}_{0}$ honey in their hives. Children, beware how yos neglect the sweet flowers of the church and Sunday. school for the cider-press of the camp and the strech.

ANS.

## THE BROKEN PTTCHER.

Poon little Annie More! That is what every one said when her mother died, and she was left an orphan, without a friend in the world. They had lived together in a little cottage at some distance from the village, and her mother had been able to eari enough by sewing to support them both. But first Annie was taken sick, and ber mother's time was 50 taken up with nursing her, that she could not हता as much as she had done; so she was obliged to run in debt. Annie had hardly recovered, when Mrs. More became ill, and unable to sew at all; then they had to run deeper in debt; and when her mother died, Annie was left not only without any money, but even the furniture which was in their cottage had to be sold to pay their debts. People might
well say: "Poor liktle Annie!" But she had a Friend who was better able to take eare of her than father

learned these words long ago, and now she was to find out their truth.

A neighbor who had been very kind to her moth. er during her illness, took Annie home with her, and though she had four children of her own, and her husband had to work hard for their support, she said that Annie should share with them until a liefter home was provided for her. Mrs. Simpson was very kind to Annie in her way; but her way was very different from Mrs. More's. She never caressed her children as Annie had been accustomed to being earessed. She thought that if she took care that they had enough food and clothes, and tanght them to do right, her duty was done; she had no time for any thing else. Her children had never been used to them, so they did not miss the loving words and kiss which Annie pined for, and which she had received from her mother so many tims during the day. No wonder that she grew pater and more listless every day, and failed to eat the food which Mrs, Simpson kindly provided for her.

Mrs. Simpson thought that if she had more to de, she would be better; so she gave her a share in thie light household tasks performed by her own childretb, and Annie tried to do them well.

One day she undertook to go for water to the spring, which was at some distance from the house, but the heavy pitcher, filled with water, was too much for her strength, and before she had gone
many steps from the spring, it slipped from her hands and broke into pieces. Poor child! what could she do now ? The first thing she did was what nost little girls would have done in her place. She sat down and cried. It is certainly not the best thing to do generally; but Annie was very sad and lonely, and there was more excuse for her in crying than there would have been in most eases. She was afraid to go home, for she did not know what Mrs. Simpson would say to her. What if she should speak as sharply to her as she had spoken to her own little girl the day before, for only breaking a tea-cuphow could she bear it? Then she remembered the Friend who her mother had told her was always ready to help her; and she did what I fear few little girls would have thought of doing-she prayed to Him to keep Mrs. Simpson from being very angry with her. She had scarcely finished her whispered prayer, and her face was still hidden in her aproh, when she felt a hand laid gently on her head, and a pleasant voice said: "Poor little girl, what is the matter ? 0

The touch and voice was so much like her mother's, that she felt encouraged to look up. There was a lady standing by her, with a little girl holding her hand, and they both looked so kind, and so sorry for her, that she could not help telling them how she had broken the pitcher, and how she feared to go and tell Mrs, Simpson about it.

The little girl by the lady's side pressed the hand she held still more closely, when she heard that Arnie's mother was dead, for it was her own dear mamma who was with her, and she thought how dreadfal it would be to have to live without her.
"But you say that Mrs. Simpson is very kind to you," said the lady, when she had heard Annie's story. "I think you had better go and tell her at once. Come, shall I go with you?" she added, seeing Annie still hesitate.

Annie took the hand held out to her, and led the way to Mrs. Simpson's cottage, feeling that she could not be afraid of any thing by the side of such a kind lady.

Mrs. Simpson looked very much astonished to see Annie come home thus accompanied, and without her pitcher of water.
"I have brought home a little girl whom I found crying by the side of the road, because she had broken her pitcher," said the lady pleasantly, "I am sure you will excuse her, when you know it to be an secident."
"To be sure I will," said Mrs. Simpson; "for I could not find it in my heart to scold the poor child, snd her mother just dead too. But I am much obliged to you, ma'am, for your kindness."

Annie could hardly help crying again for joy when she heard Mro. Simpson speak so kindly. Now she was sure that God liad lieard her prayer. She
was glad when the lady asked her to take her little girl out to the garden, and show her the flowers there, for she did not want to be seen crying again. When the children had gone, the lady made many inguiries of Mrs. Simpson about Annie and her mother. She was so much plensed with what Mrs. Simpson said of Annie's gentleness, that she said sho thought she knew a lady who wonld like her to live with her and amuse her baby and learn to sew. Of course Mrs. Simpson knew it would be the best thing for Anmie, and gladyy consemted to let her go. The next day the lady came to say that her friend would certainly take Annie, if she would like to go. Annie was pieased with any thing that the kind lady might propose ; and so in a few days she went from Mrs. Simpson's to the new home thus provided for her.

She was very happy there, for she tried to do her duty, praying every day to God for His help, and she loved to think that, though she had neither father nor mother, God was her Heavetily Father and Friend.
M. A. H.

I mane not choose my lot; I would not if I might; Choose Thou for tite, my God, So shall I walk aright.

## THE INEANT-TEACHER

Ths door of the nursery was swung, I heard the voice of infant tongue, And thinking friends had called unseen, I hastened with a welcome mien ;
But softly looking in with care, I saw a kneeling child at prayer: But two years and a hall her age, And yet the Sariour's words engage.
Her bended doll, embraced beside, Was being taught of Hitu who died: "Our Father," 'twas the baby said, And thus her doll's devotion led.
And pausing off, as mothers dob, That babes may learn the Lord's Prayer through, She reverently said, "Amen,"
Then sought her childish play again.
Tre fastened many a loving gaze
On one so wirning in her ways;
But twore of loxeliness was there, When Janie knelt with doll in prayer.
0 ye, who sow in suppliant tears!
Hall donbting thas Jehovah hears,
God will reward you for the cost; No purpose right, with prayer, is tost.
All yo who thoughtlessly demean, When nothing but a babe is seen, Take warning of the awful power of your example exery hous:

## STANDARD-BEARER.

105. XL

DEOEMBER, 1862.
N0. 12.

## A SONG IN THE SNOW.

PAKT SECOSD.


S time passed on, the boy lived with the grood people, and attended school in the town until he was old enongh to enter a monastery. Then the dearest wish of his heart was gratified, and he became a monk. The library was given into his charge, and he delighted to spend all his leisure time there.
This was several hundred years ago, and no one knew how to print books; they were all written with a pen, so that they were exceedingly valuableand most all the books in the world were in monasteries.

One day, as this monk was looking over the books in the library, he came to a book that was quite strange to him. It was written in Latio, but he could read that language as well as his own native German.

He found much in it that he was in the habit of hearing read to the people on Sunday ; but much also that he had never seen before. He became so much interested in the book, that be spent all the time he could spare in reading it. It taught him of his sinfalness ; but he knew so little of that Saviour of whom he had sung when a boy, that he did not go to Him to take away his sins, but he tried to merit forgiveness, by inflieting suffering upon hituself, and by good works. This was the way he had been tanght hy the priests of his Church, and as yot he had not learnt the true way from lis dearly loved book, which no doubt my readers have imagined by this time was the Bible. After a while he was appointed a professor in one of the German universitics, and he lectured every day upon the Bible; but though he had not yet learned from it that Jesus Christ alone can forgive sins, he lectured upon it so differently from any of the other priests or monks, that crowds of people came to hear him, saying that he tanght a new religion.

Still his sins weighed upon his conscience, and he determined to go to Rome, to see if he could not there do something to merit their pardon.

There is a stair-case at Rome which is called Pilate's Stair-ease, and which the monks say was the stairs which Jesus ascended when He went into Pilate's judgment-hall, and which they say had been brought from Jerusalem.
The Pope, who was the head of the Church to which this monk belonged, had promised, that whoerer shoald ancond these stairs apon his knees, shoukl receive a full pardon for a certain number of sins. The poor sin-burdened monk determined to do it, that his sins might be forgiven. The stairs were of stone and very steep, but he did not stop for that; he went up step after step until he had gone halfway up the stair-case-then lie seemed to hear some one say: "The just shall live by faith." Those words he remembered were in the book which he studied so constantly, but he had never thought of their meaning before. Now, the Spirit of God, which had brought the words to his mind with such force, that it seemed as if he had heard a voice speaking them, taught him what they meant : that it was only by trusting in Christ that he could hope to have his sins forgiven.

He started up in horror that he had thought of any other way, and descended on his feet the stairs which he had gone up on his knees, and determined hencoforth to preach that Christ alone could forgive sins.

And he kept his word; and when he returned
home, the name of this monk, Martin Luther, was sounded througfiout Germany, as the man who

dared to teach differently from the Church to which almost every one belonged. He could not often get
a church to preach in, but he would take his stand under the shade of a linden tree, and preach to the people of the Saviour whose sufferings and death could alone take away sins.

About this time the way to print books was found ouh, and Luther wrote a great many, which were frinsed, and so those who could not hear hira preach could read his explanations of the Word of God,

The Pope and monks were very angry, and tried to take Lather and pat him in prison, and burn him to death ; but God sook care of bim, and gave bim friends who were so powerfial that the Pope did not dare to burn him. One of the princes of Germany hid Luther its one of lios castles, and fow peaple knew where he was. There he remained nearly a year, and commenced to translate the Bible from Latin into German. When he left the castle he Enainhed it, and it was printed, so that the people could read for themselves of Jesus, and thousands learned to love and trust Him as Luther did. Many of them were persceatod, but that did not make them gise up their new belief.

The monks believed that they cotsld do more for the pardon of their sing if they lived together and did not anarcy. Bat when Luther learned that bee conld do nothing himself for the pardon of his sins, but trust in Clirist, he would not live any longer as the monks did, and soon rifter he came out of the castle he was married.

So the last years of his lifis wern syent very hap pily in a little horme of his own, with his wife and children. He was poor but he was comtented, for he remembered that the Lord Jesis, "though He was rich, for our sakes becane poor."

Lather has been dead many years, but as long as the world stands, bis name will be remembered as the great Reformer, who, whes the people wess ignorant of the Bible and Jerus, whis chosen of God to teach them of His free salvation.

## THE BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Bexsy was a little lame boy. All day long he nsed to lie in his bed, playing with a fow toys, or looking at a pieture-book, while his mother had gone to her work; for his mother was poor, and had to leave him nearly every day, in order to carn money to provide him with food and fire. So Benny was when very lonely is that litule attieroora, which was his home; and when he would get tired of the little wooden horse, which never conld stand up because one of its legs was broken; or of the soldier which was broken so be could not drum ; or of the many colored pictures in his book, be would say to himself over and over again: "How I wish my mother would come?

Some days his mother staid at home with him all day, and oh! what happy days they were. She often sang for him, as she worked, some of the bymns she had learned when she was a child, and which he loved to hear, Sometimes she told him about the little boys in the family where ahe wentevery week to work, how they played horse in the yard, or built houses with blocks, and how sometimes, when thir mother called them to come in, they watied a long time before they obeyed her, and Benny wondered if little boys who could walk always did so. Still he thought they could not be very bad boys, for they had sent him his wooden horse, and his soldier, aud his pieture-book. Then when his mother was at home, he always had a hot dinner; when she was out, he used to eat the bread and butter and cold meat, and drink the milk which she placed on the table by his bed-side, when be heard the large bell in the factory near them ring for twelve otslock. Bot the happiest time of all was on Sunday, when his mother did not work at all, but only left him for about two hours, when she went to charch, and the rest of the time she held him in her arms, and rocked him in the chair which a kind lady for whom she worked had given her. while she told him of Jesus. He loved best to hear how He had made the lame man walk, just by speaking to him, and be used to wish that Jesns would come and make him well.

His mother was poor, and ignorant about most things, but she could read the Bible, and she loved the Saviour of whom it teaches. So Benny loved the Sabbath-day, and used to go to sleep at night sorry that it was over, and thinking heaven must -be a very happy place, if, as his mother told him, it was always Sunday there.

After a while Benny had a dear little companion in his solitude, which made him very happy. It was a pretty little white kitten, which his mother brought home with her one night in a basket, from one of the houser where she had been working. It was a playful, affectionate little creature, and amused Benny greatly. She would roll a spool about the floor, or chase a piece of paper, or play with a string by the hour, and Benny was never tired of watching her. When she did not want to play any more, she would climb on the bed, and curl herself up as close to him as she could, sometimes even against his cheek, and go to sleep. When dinner-time came, she was always ready to wake up, and she used to sit by Benny, and he would share his meat and bread with her, eating a piece himself, and then giving her a mouthful, and so taking turns until it was all gone. Then he had a little saucer in which he poured part of his milk for Kitty, and while she lapped hers, be drank his, and so Beany slways had company when he dined. He talked to her sometimes, and she would say "mew," exactly as if she understood all
that he said ; she certainly did understand that he loved her very much. The few weeks that followed Kitty's arrival, Benny's mother was absent from him every day, so he would have been very lonely without his little pet.

The week before Christmas his mother was working all the time at the house where the two little boys lived, and when she came home at night she had a great deal to tell hina aboat the preparations that were being made there for Chrismas ; how there had a large evergreen tree been sent hotme, and locked up in the basement, which was seldom nsed, so that the boys should not see it. And their mamma and eldest sister used to bring home beautiful things and put them in there too, all ready to hang upon the tree on Christmas Eve.

Christmas came on Friday that year, and on Wednesday afternoon Benny was quite surptised to hear his mother's step on the stairs long before the sun had done shining on the houses opposite.
"Why, mother," said he, as she cameinto theroom, " are you sick $\%$ "
"Oht no," said she cheerfully, " but I hal finished washing all the windows, and so Mrs. Blake ssid I had better not begin any thing else torday, but come home and spend the rest of the day with you."

And then she put away her bonnet and shawl, and took him on her lap, and told him how Mrs. Blake had taken her into the basement and showed her all
the beautiful things that she had bought for her children's Christmas presents, Kind Mrs. Blake! she knew that it would amuse Benny to hear aboat them, and that his mother would describe them all to him, and so she had taken the trouble to show them all.
"There was a large doll," said Benny's mother, as she went on to tell him of the varions things, " which looked just, like a live baby; when it was laid dowa its eyes closed, and when it was lifted up they opened, and when it was patted it made a noise something like a real baby erying-that was for Carrie, Frank and Harry's little sister; and there was a drum, and a trumpet, and a soldier-cap, and a horse for the boys." And so Benny's mother went on. But I can not tell you all the things she described to tim; if you will imagine aill that kind parems, who have plenty of money, generally buy for their little children, you will know pretty well what they were.

The next day, after his mother had gone to ber work, and Benry was left alone, he thought over all that his mother had told him, and he wished that he too could have a Christmas present, just one; he never dreamed of more than one. He wondered why those little boys should have so many, and he none at all. Ho began to think it was very hard that his mother was so poor, while theirs was rich. Poor little Benny, he hal been generally happy and
contented before, perfectly satistied if he could have his mother at home with him, and now be was getting discontented. Little Kitty played as merrily as ever, and then jumped on his bed, and told him as phinly as she could purr, that she loved him, but it did not make him any happier.

The tears had just begun to fall when he heard footsteps on the stairs; he listened-could it be his mother? No, the steps were lighter and quicker. The only other person who oceupied that floor was a dress-maker, who was only at home on Sundays; could it be she? But the stepss stopped at his door, and there was a gentle knook. "Come in," said Benny, and the door opened and a lady entered. She smiled very pleasantly as she came towards the bed, and said: "Are you the little boy they told me about down-stairs, who is lame?" Then, without waiting for an answer, she took a seat in his mother's rocking-chair, close beside Benny, and began to ask him about his Kitty and his mother so pleasantly, that Beuny soon forgot she was a stranger, and told her all about his mother, how she went out to work, and he had otily Kitty for a companion, and how slad he was when his mother came home, and a treat deal besides.

And then the lady told him that she had come to that house to see if there were any little children who would like to go to Sunday-school, and that she wished be cothlitgo. And the anked him if he knew
what the next day would be, and he said: "Oh! yes, it would be Christmas-day." And did he know why Christmas-day was kept? the lady asked.
"Oh! yes; his mother had told him that it was because Jesus Christ was born on that day, and she had read to him out of the Bible, only last Sunday, about how he was a little baby laid in a manger, and she sang a beautiful hymn to him sometimes, about shepherds watching their flocks by night."
"And do you know," said the lady, "that this Saviour who came down from heaven, a little baby, is your Saviour? He was the first Christmas gift, for every one, and He loves you and pities you, and will make you very happy, if you will love Him. Now I dare say you may sometimes think it is very hard that you bave to lie here alone and have none of the beautiful things your mother tells you of, no Christmas present at all, perhaps ; but I want you to remember, that no one is too poor to have a Christmas gift, for Jesus has given Himself a Saviour for every one, and He is your Christmus gift." Then the lady gave Benny a card with a painted picture on of Jesus as a little baby lying in a manger, and promising to come again very soon, she bade him good-by.

Benny felt very happy after she had gone; he lay still and looked at his pieture, and thought of all that she had told him, and though he could not quite anderstand all that she had said, he felt sure
that Jesus loved him, and was looking at him then, and he was comforted.

His mother came home early again that afternoon, and what a basketfal of things she brought, which Mrs. Blake had given ber! She placed the basket on the table by Benny's bedside, and first she drew out a pie, then a chicken, nill ready to roast to-morrow, with potatoes and other vegetables, and papens of tea and sagar; last of all she took from under her cloak a parcel, which she gave to Benny to open; it contained a now book, full of pictures, and some building-blocks.

Benny was a happy boy on that Christmas Eve; first he had the kind lady's visit to think over, and his mother was as pleased as he when he told her about it. Then Mrs. Blake's basket of good things, and his new book and blocks, gave him great delight; but he rejoied most of all when he remembered what the lady had told him of the Savionr, as the best Ciristrans gin, which all may have, the poor as well as the rich.
M. A. $\mathrm{HE}_{\text {. }}$

## OHRISTMAS TREES.

Ox the next page is a pretty picture of a Christmas tree. It is in the honse of Martin Luther, a very wonderfil man, who lived in Germany several humdred years ago. His family are all with him, and they seem to beenjoying themselves very mach. They are all looking up into the tree very earnestly, to
see the varions toys hanging on the twigs. One little boy is trying to jump up and catch some of

them. You see how happy Mr. Luther is, He ap-
pears to be playing on a guitar. We read that he was very fond of music, and that when a little boy be used to earn money by singing in the streets before gentlemen's houses. There is a pretty story about his singing one cold night, but I have not time to tell it now. No doubt he and Mrs. Luther are just as happy as they can be. Parents are always happy when their children are. I think they enjoy Christmas trees just as much as children do.
I can not tell when people first commenced having Christmas trees; but I know it was a great many hundred years ago, very soon after the blessed Saviour came into this world as a little babe. I hope the castom will always continue, for I think it is a good one. I am always sorry for those children who never have a Christmas tree, and almost sorry when children grow too large to have them. I have seen so many little people made happy for days und weeks by them, that I should very much regret to have the practice discontinued.

Last year I saw a beantiful tree with a great many nice preschts on it. In the city of New-York there is a fine large house where there are about one hundred boys and girls-it is called the Orphans' Home. The children who live there have lost their parents, and have no homes of their own. But some good people have built this honse, and farnished it, so as to make the little ones very comfortable and happy. The laries who have charge of the Home thought it wonld please the children to have a Christmas
tree arrauged for them, and so they set to work and got a large nice tree, and on all the branches and twigs they hung sugar-eandies, toys, and dolls. The tree was covered over with small wax candles, and when all things were resaly these candles wers lighted, and the great folding-doors were opened, and the children came in. They were entranced by the sight, and it was hard work for them to keep from shouting. As soon as they got their places on the raised seats they sang a beantiful chant, and then the ladies commenced giving the presents from the tree. On each toy, or doll, the name of the child was put, so that when it was taken off the little boy or girl for whom it was intended received it without any noise. They all seemed delighted with their presents. One little tot was so tickled with her doll that she took it around and exhibited it to the other children. I presume it was the first sice doll she ever had, and she thought it was the prettiest thing she ever saw. I did not see one unhappy boy or girl that evening, and I thought the ladies and gentiemen present were just abont as much pleased as the children.

I might tell about other Christmas trees I saw last year, but I have not time. I hope a great many children will be made happy this year by their Christmas trees, and their Christmas presents; and that they will remember that this great festival is kept to remind us of the coming of the child Jesus iuta the world.

UNOKE BlEENE.



[^0]:    Iast Sunday, while walking to school with a felloveteacher, the conversation turned on this subject.
    "There is something nies about an old person," he katd. "I like to listen to their talk - they have so tath experience."

