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WITH LLLUETHATIONE

BY ENCLE MADISON.

BosTON:
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## THE POLITE BOY.

The other day we were riding in the crowded cars. At one of the stations an old gentleman entered, and wan looking around him for a seat, when a lad ten or twelve years of age rose up, and said, "Take my ment, sir." The offer was aceepted and the infirm old man sat down. "Why did you give me your seat?" he inquired of the boy. "Because you are old, sir, and I am a boy," was the quick reply. The passengers were very much pleased and gratifled. For my part, I wanted to scize hold of the little fellow and press him to my bosom. It was a respect for age which is always praiseworthy.

When a boy or girl does not reverence the aged, it is a sure sign that they are exil is more respect than one. We once saw a lad run after a lame old man in the street, and hoot at him; but he sas known as one of the worst lads in the village. He would swear, disobey his parents, rob orchards, and do other things equally bad. We feel quite sure that the polite boy in the cars never uses wicked or vulgar words. His parents probably can trust him.

One thing more. Doubtless every passenger in the cars felt that the little gentleman, for such be was, who gave the man his seat, was well instructed at home. They thought of his mother perhaps, and concluded that she must be good and watchful. Some of them might have envied her the possesaion of such as son

## THE YONTR BOY.

## A LEAP IN THE DARE.

## Aצ IH:USTRATION OF FAITH.

A father had gone into a cellar which in winter was quite dark, and entered by a trap-door. A little danghter, only three years old, was trying to find him, and came to the trap-door, but, on looking duwn, all was DARK, DARK, DARK ! and she called ont, "Are you down cellar, papa?"
"Yes. Would you like to come, Mary ?"
" $1 t$ is dark. I cas'z come, paja."
"Well, my daughter, I am right below you, and I can see you, though you cannot see me; and if you will drop yourself, I will eatch you."
"Oh, I shonla fall. I can't see yout, papm."
" I know it," he answered, " but I am really here, and you shall not fall or hurt yourself. If you will jump, I will eatch you safely."

Little Mary strained her eyes to the utmost, but she could eatch no glimpse of her father. She hesitated, thea advancod a little farther, then sum-
mouing all her resolution, she threw herself formand, and was reoeived safely in her father's arms.

A few days affer she again discovered the cellar-door open, and, supposing her father to be there, she called, "Shall I come again, papa ?"
"Yes, dear, in a minate," he replied, and hand jast time to reach his arms towards her, when, in her childish glee she fell shouting into his artus, nad, clarping his nock, said, "I NNEW; dear papa, I should not fall."

Young reader, would you not like to leap thus into Jesus' armas? 'THAK wouzd BR savza Fartil The little girl could not svex her father, for he was in the dark. Had she seen him while springing into his arma, it wowk have beoa walking by sมgax, mot by FAITI. Faitir takes hold on what we camnot see. We cannot see Jesus; he is now the unseen Saviour ; hat we can hear his voice in the Bible, and heyr hime telling us that he is near us, and is able to save us from sin and hell, and will do it, if we will but trust him, and thus throw ouraelyey into his arms.

Oh that we had all the simple confidence of this little one! Then would we walk along Faith's Pathway, reading on every flagstone thereof the precious promises of the ward of God. We cannot tell what troubles and temptations and trials await us during this year; but in the path of Faith we shall certainly hear our Father's voice assurug us that he knows them all, and will overrule all for our grood, and bidding 45 let ourselves down into the dark future without a fear, for underneath are the EvEBLASTING ARMS.

## BIBLE QUESTIONS POR OHILDREN.

SCILIFTCRE SEAS.

1. What sea was west of Judea? - Mediteranean.

As for the western border, ye shall even have the great sea for a border; this shall be your west border. Num. 34: 6.
2. Through what sea did the children of Israel pank? - Red.

By faith they passed through the Red sen as by dry land ; which the Egyptians assaying to do, were drowned. Heb. 11:29.
3. What sea occupies the place of Sodom P Dead.

All these were joined together in the vale of Siddim, which is the salt sea. Gen. 14: 3 .
4. On what sea was Casiphia situated? - Corping

And I sent them with comrandment unto Idia, the chief at the place Casiphia, and I told them what they should say unto Iddo, and to his brethren the Nethinims, at the place Casiphia, that they should bring unto us ministers for the house of our God, Era 8: 17.
5. What sea was near the head of Arnon P - J eaer.

0 vine of Sibmah, I will weep for thee with the weeping of Jazer; thy plants are gone over the sea, they reach even to the sea of Jazer. - Jer. 48: 32.
6. Over what sea did Jesun pass? - Fiberian.

After these things Jesus went over the sea o Galilee, which is the sea of Tiberias. John 6: 1.
7. What sea is north of Cyprus? - Celicia.

And when we had sailed over the sea of Celicia and Pamphylia, we came to Myra, a city of Lycia. Acts 27 : 6.
8. Paul was driven about in what sea P-Adria.

But when the fourteenth night was come, as we were driven up and down in Adria, about midnight the shijmen deemed they drew near to some country. Acts 27 : 27.
9. On the shores of what sea was. Pontus? हихіня

Peter, an apostle of Jesus Christ, to the strangers scattered throughout Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocin, Asia, and Bithynia, 1 Peter 1:1.
10. In what sea is the Isle of Samotliracia? Agean.

Therefore loosing from Troas, we came with a strait course to Samothracia, and the next day to Neapolis. Aetis 16, 11.

## "A SOPM ANSWTRR."

I have a sweet, merry-hearted little friend of five sumaers, with a smile like the sunshine, and we call her by the pet name of Hirdie. Her little heart loves all things bright and pure, and many are the questions she asks about Gud and heaven.

One day Birdie got vexed about something that didn't happen to suit her, and a young aunt of hers won her back to pleasantness by telling her how much better soft words sounded; and to make her remember this, she taught her the text, " A soft unswer turneth away wrath, but grievous words stir up anger."

Iittle Birdie thought this a most beautiful text, and whenever she happens to get peevish, the words, "A soft answer," sue sure to wis back smiles. So you see, Birdie learned from the Bible, and it helped her to be good. She was governed by Bible rulen.

But my little friend wanted to help othern too. She was visiting a family who loved her very much,
and who would rather hear her prattling tones thitn the swoetest song-hird they ever listened to. Whea one with whom she is an especial favorite, spoke rather hastily, Birdie remembered her text. Clinging close to his side, in ber simple, carnest way, she whisnered, "A soft answer - a sntt answer." The sweet little pleader's words could not be disregarded. Though a little one, her influence for good was powerful.

## LEARNING TO DO WELL.

The Bible says: "Cease to do evil, learn to do well" Did the young reader ever hear a person trying to learn to play on a musical instrument? What strange noises wero made at firat by the learner! It seemed as though he could not possibly make a good player on the instrument. So it may be hard, nometimes to learn to do well-to put away wrong habits, and contract good ones. Learning to
do right in our conduct is like taking lessons in music. If the keys of the piano or organ are struck carclessly, they will produce discord; but not so if they are towehed rightly and with care. The right attention must be given, and the most careful attention. We have musical notes within us, powers which the Alnighty has placed there. If we strike these notes with carclessness and violence, we shall have harab and often terrible discord. But if we give great care and attention to duty, what rich music may we make for ourselves and for others !

## ANXIOUS TO DO SOMEETEING.

Little reader: would you know what this picture means? Well, I will tell you. The gentioman sisting there with a paper in his hand, is a merchant in his counting-room. He has other persons around him, and they do a great deal of business. That boy you see, is one who, although he is young, is

very desirous of doing something - of making himself nseful. He has been very diligent in his stadies at school, and now wants to earn something, or prepare himself to earn something for himself, his widowed mother, and a sister, younger than he. He is making application to the merchant, who is much pleased with his earnestness, and grod manners. He has promised to do what he can to find him employment. The boy vill be likely to do well. Such boys are usually favored and prosperous. Some of the most useful men in our lapd and in the world, have begun life in this way. If young people want heip, they must be realy to help themselves.

It as dificolt to conceive of any thing more beamtiful than the reply given by one in affliction, when tho war aiked how he bore it so well. "It tightens the stroke," said he, "to draw near to Him who handles the rod."

## WHAT CHRISTMAS BROUGHT TO ADDIE AND FLORENCE.

"I wish we could have some of those nice things, don't you, Addie?" said little Florence Davis to her sister Addie, the day before Christmas, as they. stood before the window of a large toy-shop, in which was displayed toys of every description.
" Yes, I'm sure I wish I had. Shall you hang up your stocking to-night, Flora?" asked Addie.
"I don't know ; it might make mother feel baid if we should hang up our stoekings and she had nothing to put into them."
"Well, let us hang them up, at any rate, we can drean there's something in them. Isn't that a beantiful doll, Flora?" exclaimed Addie, pointing to a large doll in one corner of the window.
"Yes, aml what a splendid silk dress it has on."
"And its cape and hat! Oh, how 1 wish I had it," sighed Addie.
"Let's we pray to God to send us presents ; you
know he says, 'ask and ye shall receive,' " raid Flora.
"What are your names, little girls?" anked a richly dressed lady coming out of the toy-shop.
"My name is Florence, and her's Addie Davis, if you please," answered Flotunee.
"Where do you live, Klorence?" inquired the lady.
"No. 7 Cuok's Court, Orange Street," replied the child.
"Is your father very poor? "
"We haven't got any father, but mother is poor. Father used to be rich, bat he falled and then he died. Now mother has to sew to get us food to eat and clothes to wear."
" I'm very sorry for you, dear, but good-bye," naid the lady, as she turned and walked away.
" Wasn't she pleasant? but let us go home now, it is getting cold." And Addie and Florence wrapped their shawls around them and started for their home. And whero was their home? In a small, dark roow,

Hgtited by one window and warmed by a fow smouldering sticks, and containing a bed, four chair, a foot stool and table, sat a pale woman busily sewing. Tears are in her eyes as ahe looks on the carpetiets floor und paperless wills. "My poor little girts, to. morrow is Christmas, and what a change for yon. Last year you had plenty and to spare; now I've nothing for you. I will see if I cannot spare you something," she sighs as she takes out her half worn purse from her pocket, and, taking out a small coin, puts it back. And such was the home and mother of Addie and Florence Davis.

After the little girls reached home, Mrs. Davis put on her bounet and shawl and went out. When she returned, Addie and Florence were in bed.
"We were so cold, and we knew you had only wood enough for to-morrow, that we went to bed," said Addie, ns her mother entered.
"And wo hung up our stockings, mother, so we could dream there was something in them, you know," whispered Florence.

The next morning the two girls were awake bright and early, and Addie peeping out of bed exclaimed, "Oh! Flora, I do believe God heard ux avd put something in our stockings. Come, you're on the ftaut side, you jump out and get our stockings." No sooner said than done: Flora was out of bed and in again with the stockings in her hand, in less time than it takes me to write it. And what, my little seaders, do you thiak they found? Wky siunply a smail apple, and, wny down in the toe, a bright three cent piece. But they were satisfed with this, because it was more than they expected or hoped for. Better satisfied, perhaps, than the childiren of opulent parents, who often spend the whole day in fretting and fussing if they have not exaetly what they wished.

Abont eleven. a'clock is the forewoon, a knoek wus heard at the door, and Florence, opening it, saw the lady who had spoken to them the day before.
"Good morning, Florenee; is your mother here?" mived the lady.

THE POLITE BOY.
"Yes, ma'am, here she is; take a seat," replied Florence, handing her a chair.
"Thank you, my dear," replied Mrs. Vaughn, for that was the name of the lady, sitting down beside Mrs. Davis.

After talking wwhile with Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Vaughn called Addie and Florence to her, and, opening a bundie she had with her, gave them a pair of shoes, a shawl and hood, and lastly, candy, nuts and oranges.
" I do believe God heard us, don't you P", anked Addie, after Mrs. Vaughn had gone.
"Yes!" replied Florence.
Mrx. Davis was a very well educated woman, and Mrs. Vaughn was trying to find a governess for her little daughter Clara, so on New Year's day Mrn. Davis became the teacher of little Clara Vuughn, and Addie and Florence her companions. Mrs. Vaughn had heard the words of Florence, and wondering at the faith of the child, made inquiries which resulted in a good home for Addie, Florence and their mother.

## BIDLICAI OANTO.

Cling to the Mighty One, Cling in thy prief;
Cling to the Holy One, He gives relief?
Cling to the Gracions One, Cling in thy pain:
Clinz to the Faithfal One, He will sustain.

Ching to the Llving Ove, Cling in thy woe;
Cling to the huving One, Through all below;
Cling to the panloning One, He speaketh Pence;
Cling to the Healling One, Anguiah whall ceece

Cling to the Bleeding One, Cling to hiv side;
Cling tir the Hiwen One, In him ahiile,
Gling to the Coming One, Hope shall arim:
Clins to the Reizuing One, Joy lights thine eyes.

Ph. Ixxix. 19.
Heb, xii. 11.
Heb. vii. 25.
Pe. Iriv. 9.
Ps.exti. S. P. 1v. 4.

1 Thes v. 24 .
Ps. xxviii. 8 .

Heb. $v$ in 25 .
I's. Ixxevi. $\%$
13 ohen ir. 10 .
Rom. viniss, 39.
Is. Iv. 7.
Johin xiv, 27.
Exoch. xx, 201,
15.exivia. 3

1 John i. 7.
Jutan 5x. 27.
Rom. +4. 9 .
Jolin xv, 4 .
Hev. xxil. 20.
Titnes ii. 13 .
Pse, xerii, 1.
Pe, x+1. 11.

## TIE POLITR BOY,

## THE VLGILANT PRLEND.

[See Frontliplese.)
Palissy, "the IFuguenot Potter," had to endure much trial on account of his religious opinions, at a time when the Protestants in Frunce and other countries in Europe were great sufferers at the hands of the Catholics. Palissy was unjustly imprisoned, and might have suffered death, but for the constant watchfolness of a true friend, who discovered the enemies of Palissy attempting to take him away secretly, that they might fulfil their wicked designs with bim. The accompanying cut represents this friend making the discovery of these movenents in season to baffle the evil intentions, by plans which be was enabled to carry out, and so save the innoeent vietim of persecution from destruction. A friend in need is the true one.

## "PERHAPS I CAN HDLP PATHER"

"Perhapi I can lielp father," says Httle John, as he looks up into his mother's face. He has seen her sad, anxious look. He has watched his father coming home from his daily toil with a careworn brow, and casting a troubled glanee towards the cradle where the twin babes are lying. He is sure that something is wrong; and looking up with pleading earnestness as he stands by his mother's knee, he begs to know the truth, for perhaps he "ean help father."

John is too young to give his father much assistance. The strength and wisdom of a seven-year old boy will not be able to combat vigoroualy with the world But the mother's pleased, tender look, $n$ s she returns his glanee, shows that, young as he is, bis affection, his sympathy has already been of use.

The youngest child may help hik parents. Harry, Mary, when ypur fathes comes home tired from his daily work, your kiss of love or sympathy may be as 4
refreshing to his spirit as the dew to the flowers. You may not be able to bring a day's earnings in your hand and add them to the family store; and yet your father's heart will bless you for your help. You may lighten your mother's cares. You may spring quickly to do her bidding. You may hold Willie - the babe - in your arms, and still his fretful crying, while your mother is getting ready the noonday meal. You may come gently to your mother's side as she is tired with the toil of the day and may whisper in her ear, "Mother, flove you." Again, like the dew upon the flowers, shall your word or deed of kindness bring refreshment to your mother's heart."
"Honor thy father and thy mother," is the commandment to which God has annexed his especial promise. The child who is obedient and reverent in youth shall have God's blessing in his maturer years. The child who is a grief to his parent's heart may yet live to know a child's ingratitude to himself, and, more than all, shall bring down upon himself the displeasure of the Lord.


Do what you can to help your earthly parents. They deserve from you all kindness and love. Do what you can to help on the work of your Hearenly Pareat. He has a work to be done in the world. Begin in your early days to love his service. There is a place for you. Find it. There is work for you. Do it.

## THE GYMNASIUM.

The word gymnasium signiffed originally, a space measpred out and covered with sand for the exercise of athletic games. In modera days it signifies a school or place where various exercises of the museular powers are practiscd. Running, jumping, lifting, swinging, throwing the quoit, and playing at hall, are among these exercises. It might be well if they were connected with all our publie schools. The body and mind both need exercise of the right kind, and the right amount of is. One of the chief Blessings of life is, a sound mind in a healthy body. To proserve health, we must have exercise.

## THE LITTLE STRINGS.

Did you ever soe a gutta-percha face, children? And did you ever amuse yourself with pinching it one way, and pulling it another, and seeing what different expressions it will put on? When you cease pulling and pinching it, it returns to the same face it was before.

Now your little faces are softer than gutta-percha, and they are full of the little strings called muscles; and the little muscles pull them one way, and pull them another, just according to your feelings. Sometimes you feel grieved or ssd, and the little muscles pull your face into a very dolefal expression, and we know by looking at you just how you feel. Somer times you feel pleased and merry, and the little mascles pull your face into smiles and dimples.

But often there are wicked passions at work at the strings. Anger pulls, and oh, what a disagreesble look the face puts on in a minute. Pride puils the strings, or vanity, or envy, or discontent, or de-
ecit; and each brings its own expression over the face. The worst of it is, that, when these passions pull very often, the face does not return to what it was before, but the muscles harden and retain that ugly expression. By indulging in evil passions people may work their faces up into such awful faces, that sometimes, when you meet a man in the street, you can tell, just by looking at his face, what his character is.

A face that was very lovely when it was that of a child, has had the passion of anger pulling at it so often that it always wears a sullen, cross, dissatisfied look. Or, if a man has learned to hoard up money for its own sake, his face gets a mean, grasping look, and we say, when we pass him, "There goes a miser." Or, if he has lcarned to lie and steal, he can not make his face that of a truthful, honest man.

Now, dear children, do you want to have pleasant faces, that every body will love to look at? Then don't let the ugly passions get held of the strings.

Put them into the hands of love and charity and good-will and truth and honesty; and then they will be beautiful faces.

I have seen faces without a single handsome frature, that were sweeter to look at than the most perfect features that ever were formed. And why? It was the expression. And what makes the expression? Oh, it all depends upon whether the bad passions or the lovely virtues get hold of the little strings.

## ORUELTY KIILED BY KINDNESS.

A young woman in Vermont married a poor, but worthy man against her father's wish. He drove them from his house and closed his door and heart against them. They came into the vicinity of Boston, went to work, and prospered. After many years the father had occasion to come to Boston. He concluded to go and see his daughter, expecting a cold reception. His daughter and her husband
received him mont kindly and lovingly. After staying with them awhile, he went back to Vermont. Oxe of his neighbors, hearing where he had been, asked him how his daughter and her hasband had treated him.
"I never was so treated before in my life," said the weeping and broken-bearted father. "They have broken my heart - tney have killed me-I don't feel as though I could live under it." "What did they do to you? "asked the neighbor. "Did they abuse you?" "They loved" me to death, and killed me with kindness," said he. "I can never forgive myself for treating so cruelly my own darling daughter, who loved me so affectionately. I feel as If I should die when I think how I grieved my precious child, when I spurned her from my door. Heaven bless them, and forgive my crucity and iajustice to them."

Who does not see in this an infallible cure for difficulties between man and man! There is not a ehifld or a man upon earth who would not say that
the daughter, though so deeply wronged and out. r ged by her angry father, did right in treating him as she did. That father was her enemy, but she was not his. He hated her, but she loved him.

## OHILD'S EVENING PRAYER.

Jerus, tender shepherd, hear me:
Bless thy little lamb to-night;
Through the darkness be thou near me;
Keep me safe till morning light.
All this day thy hand has led me,
And I thunk thee for thy care; Thou hast elothed me, warmed me, fed me, Listen to my evening prayer !

May.my sine be all forgiven;
Efesa the friends I fore so welf; Take us, when we die, to heaven,

Happy there with thee to dwell.


## THE CAPTIVE TEXAN BOY.

My little friends, I will tell you a story of a little boy who was stolen by, and lived with the Indians, for nearly a year.

Away off on the frontier of Texas, there lived a wild and savage tribe of Indians, known as the Camunches. Sometimes small parties of them slip down to the settlements for the purpose of steding horses and mules, and sometimes they murder catire familics, or perchance they may not kill some of the younger ones, but carry them away off to their wild homes and rear them as servants.
In the summer of 1859, two Camanches came to the house of a Mr. H., reviding in Mason Co., Texas, and sfter stealing his horses, discovered his brighteyed little boy, only ten years old, playing at some distance from the house. They approached him slyly, and having secured him he was tied on a horse. The little fellow cried for help, but no one heard hitm, and away weat the Indians at full speed, carrying
the little boy with them. Towards night he was missed. Search was made, but little Willie conld not be found. As soon as it was discovered that the horses were also missing, it at once becane apparent that the Indians had stolen the animals, and carried them off, into captivity, and with them, the dear little boy.

Although the navages were warmly pursued, they could not be overtaken, and the kind-hearted people who had followed them, were compelled to return. The first day the Indians travelled seventy miles, and at night tied their little prisoner hath and foot, to present his escapie - but after that might he was permitted to run loose, although carefully watched. He was then so far from habitations that he could not make his escape and reach the settlement, without running great risk of starving to death, or being devoured by some wild beast.

At night he would think of saying his prayers and his food mother, who taught him to say; "Now I lay me down to sleep," was thought of, His eyes
would fill with tears, his little heart would almost break, to think that he would never again behold ber. Then he would cry aloud and keep it up until his nature was exbausted, when he would fall asleep. When he was hungry he was fed on raw horseflesh, without bread, and when he was sleopy, instead of having a nice bed upon which to sleep, the cold ground was his bed and the stanty heavens his covering.

Weeks and months passed, and poor Willie had not been heard from, though morning, noon and night, prayers were offered up by his distressed parents tor his safe return ; yet it did seem as if little hope could be entertained that he would ever be seen Again. But God, who watches over, and cares for every living creature, was the friend of Willie, and so direeted his feet as to keep him from harm until some way would be given him to escape.

One Sabbath in April, after he had been given up as dead, or lost forever, he suddenly appeared at home, and throwing himself in his mothor's arms, exclaimed :
"Mother, God has sent me to you."
Had he risen from the dead, he could not have surprised or pleased his fond parents more. I saw the father of this little boy a day or two since, and as he related the hardships of his little son while he was with the Indians, the tears moistened his cheek, but when he told tme how surprised and delighted he was when he first saw him after his return, the old man could no longer control himself, but cried like a child for joy.

Willie's escape was effected in this way. He was sold to some Mexicans for 8100 , and bought from them by Kit Carson, who kept him in his own family, clothed hins and fed him, until an opportunity offered to send him home. Great dredit is due Mr. Carson for the kindness shown Willie, and I wish to place on record this acknowledgement of his goodwess.

TKy FOSATY 80\%.

## LIFE SAVED BY A TESTAMENT.

We have heard a story like this as related by a perion in Providence, R. I., who knew the Lieut. Jackson of whom he was apeaking:

In the late war with Mexteo, on the 14th of September, 1847, the Americans, after capturing Chapultepec, had devcended from the heights, and approaching the city gates, were met by a heary fire of cannon and muskery, which swept through their ranks, eutting down officers and men rapidly. At length, Lt. Jackson, of Company H, of 9th Infantry, (the New England Regiment,) was severely hit in the side by a manket ball, and supposed to be mortally wounded; he was conveyed to the rear, where it was discovered that the ball had struck against the leather cover of a small Testament presented to him by his sister before leaving Now Hampshire, and which he was in the habit of reading. The ball had thus glanced off instoad of passing through his
heart, and he was saved unharmed; but the Testament cover was sadly torn by the Mexican bullet.

I am happy to add that Lt. J. was a gentleman of quiet and moral habits, withstanding manfully those temptations before which officers of the army too often fall. He was promoted to the ranks of Captain, for bravery and good conduct, and is yet in New Hampshire, alive and well.

Well, this is an interesting account ; and it makes us think of the way in which the Testament will save others from destruction It will teach us all to be such good soldiers of the cross that no weapons of the adversary of souls can harm us. It will teach us how to arm ourselves, and how to use the shield of faith so that we may arrest all the bullets and "quench all the fiery darts of the wicked" that are simed against us. Read the 6th Chapter of the Epistle to the Ephesians, and see what kisd of soldiers the New Testament will make us. But in order to be thus secure, we must not depend upon a New Testament outside of our heart. We must have
the New Testament in our heart, - its spirit, its holy teaching, its truth and itslove. It in not the leather covers of the Testament that will save us. It is the blessed spirit of the word that is in the book - "the Word of God that liveth and abideth forever."

## A GOOD REPLY.

The benerolent Dr. Wilson once discovered a clergyman at Bath, who, he was informed, was sick, poor, and had a numerous family. In the evening he gave a friend fifty pounds, requesting he would deliver it in the most delicate manner, and from an unknown person. The friend replied-
"I will wait upon him early in the morning."
"You will oblige me by calling direetly. Think, sir, what importance a good night's sleep may be to that poor man."

## THE PLOWER GIRL.

My gentle-voiced mother ! The tear-drops fall faet, At the thought of the days and the rcenes that are past; And she starts as she looks round our cottage so drear, And feels that the loved and the dead masy be near. $O$, pale grows her cheek as she toils sadly on ! I know that my mother, too, moon may be goneTo lighten her labor, to bless her I try,
Who'll buy my spring blossoms, whe'll buy, oh ! who'll buy?

## BE TRUTHPUL, ALWAYE.

When an old Grecian philosopher was asked what a person could gain by telling a lie, his reply was, "not to be credited when he speaks the truth." Nobody likes falsehood; and the truth is always best to deal in. Truthful people always get along in the world better than deceivers. Here is a good story shout truthfuluess. Reod it, hoys, and take ite lessons well to heart: -

"Two country lads came at an early hour to a market town, and arranging their little stands, sat down to wait for customerl. One was furnished with fruits and vegetables of the boy's owa raising, and the other supplied with clams and fish. The market hours passed along, and each little merchant saw with pleasure his store steadily decreasing, and an equivalent in silver bits shining in his little money eup. The last melon lay on Harry's stand, when a gentleman came by, and placing his hand/ upon it, said: "What a fine large melon; I think I must have this for my dinner. What do you ask for it, my boy?"
"The melon is the last I have, sir; and though ib looks very fair there is an unsound spot on the other side," said the boy, turning it over.
"So there is," said the man; "I think I will not take it. But," he added looking into the boy's fine countenance, " is it very business-like to point out the defects in your fruits to castomers?"
"It is better than being dishoncet, sir," said the boy, modestly.
"You are right, my little fellow; always remember that prinejple, and you will find favor with God, and man also. You have nothing else I wish for this morning, but I shall remember your little stand in future, Are those clams fresh?" he contiuned, turning to Ben Wilson's ntand.
"Yes, sir; fresh this morning. I eaught them myself," was the reply," and a purchuve being made the gentlusan went away.
"Harry, what a fool yru vas to show the gentleman that ypot in the melon. Now you can take it home for your pains, or throw it away. How much wiser is he about these clams I caught yesterday? Sold them for the same price I did the fresh ones. He would never have looked at the melon until ho had goue atray."
"Ben, I would not teil a lie or act one either, for twice what I have sarned this morning. Besides I shall be bester off in the end, for thave gained a customer, and you have lost one."

And so it proved, for the next day the gentleman bought nearly all his fruit and vegetables of Herry,
but never invested another penny at the stand of his neighbor. Thus the season passed; the gentleman finding he could always get a good article of Harry, continually patronized him, and sometimes talked with him a few moments about his future hopes and prospects. To become a merchant was his great ambition, and when the winter came on, the geacleman wanting a trusty boy for his store, decided on giving the place to Harry. Steadily and surely he advanced in the confidence of his employer, until, having passed through various gradations of clerkship, he became at length an honored partner in the firm.

## A TENDER REPRCOF.

A little boy had one day done wrong, and was sent, after maternal correction, to ask in secret the forgiveness of his heavenly father. His offence had been passion. Anxious to hear what he would say, his mother followed to the door of
his room. In lisping aceents she heard him ask to be made better, never to be angry again, and then with child-like simplicity, he added, "Lord make ma's temper better too."

## AFPLICTION AND BLESSING.

How kind and merciful is our heavenly Father! When he aftlicts, he blesses. Here is the older brother of Charlotte and Jane, unable to walk, and obliged to wheel himself about his room in a carriage made for this purpose; and yet, with this misfortune upon him, he is the happiest of persons. His stady is one of the most cheerfal and attractive places in the village where they live. The sisters delight to go there and listen to the profitabletalk of their brother, and read his books, and share his smiles. They are all kindness to him, and he ropuys this kindness in his cheerful disposition, and rendiness to communicate knowledge to them. Surely misfortunes may be blexsings to wh, if we only know how to nee them.


## THE LTTTLE GRAVE.

> "Ot's only a little grave," they mid, "Onty a child that's dead ;" And so they earelesaly turned awny From the mound the spade had made that day, Ah! they did not know how deep s shade That fitcle grave in our home had made.

I know that the coffin was narrow and manll, One yard would have served for an anyple pall; And swe tmen in his arms conkf have borne sway The rose-wood und ity freight of elay. But I know that darling hejes were lid Beneath that litele coffin-lid.

I know that a mother stood that day With folled hands by that form of elay; I know that burning teart were hid
 And 1 know her lip and cheek and brow Were almont us white as luter baby's now.

I know that some thlop mene blit sway, The crimanon frock, and whappingk gay; The little nock, whi the half-wort shoe, The esp with its plames asd tasseln blues And zth empty erib, with ite eovert गpredt, As white as the face of the sinless dead.
*Tix a little grave; but oh, have eare ! For world-wide hopes are baried there; And ye, perhapi in comink years, May nee, like her, through blinding tearn, How much of litht, how tuach of Joy, Is lurised up with an only boy.

## ALL MEN ONE PAMILY.

All men belong to one family; the good and the bad, the wise and the ignorant, the strong and the weak. One God created them all. He " made of one blood all the nations." They are related to each other, and for this reason are directed to love one another always. The God who made them, loves them, and they ought, for this reason, to love one another. This is Christianity in practice. "Beloved, if God so loved us, we ought also to love one another." Should we not have a happy world if all would really exercise this love?

## WILLIE'S PLRET OATE.

A little boy came in from play the other day, looking very unhappy. Was he hurt? No. Had the boys plagued him? No. Had he been in mischief? No. What was the matter with Willie? He hardly spoke at supper, and ate very little. His mother went up to bed with him, and saked ngain, " Willie, what ails you, dear !" "Mother," ssid he - "mother - I neore. The minute I spoke it, I was afraid of God, and I ran bome. Mother, if I could only wipe those wicked words out of my mouth - if I only could. Mother, will God forgive me, ever forgive tme for taking his holy name in vain? Pray for me mother; and Willie sunk upon his knees and hid his face. His mother did pray for him, and Willie prayed for himself - prayed to be forgiven - prayed that he might never, never profane the name of God again. "I'd rather be dumb all my life long," said Willie, "than be a swearer."

The next day he asked his mother to write down all the Bible said about profane swearing; "he wanted the word of God on the matter," he said, "and he wasted to atudy it, and atick it on his saind, and carry it about with him everywhere; " 80 she found and copied these texts.
"Thou shalt not take the name of the Cond thy God is vain, for the lord will not hold him guiteless who taketh his name in vain. ${ }^{4}$ Ex. 20: 8. This is the third commandment.
"Ye shall not swear by my name falsely, neither shalt thou profane the name of thy God: I am the Lord. Lev. 19: 12.
"Because of swearing the land moourneth; the pleastat places of the wildernens are dried up.t Jen 23: 10 .
"I say unto you, swear not at all : neither by heaven, for it is God's throne? nor by the earth, for it is his footstool; neither by Jerusalem, for it is the city of the great King: neither shalt thou swear by thy bead, because thou canst not takke one hair
white or black. But let your communleation be Yea, yea; Nay, nay; for whatsoever is more than these eometh of evil." These are the Lord Jesus' words in Matthew 5: 34-37.
"Aboce all thingz, my brethren," says James, " secear not, neither by beaven, neither by the earth, neither by any other oath: but let your yea be yea; and your nay, nay ; lest ye fill into condemnation." James 5: 12.
"Oh, mother," said Willie on reading them over, "how clear God spenks. How ean a man or a boy dare to swear after this?"

He learned these Scriptures ; and I have written them down for every boy who pleases to learn them also.

God expects that we should be his remembrancers, and that we should pray over his promises. Gracious promises are God's bonds, and he loves to see his people put them in suit.

## THE OUAMDIAN ANGEL.

It was a favorite opinion of the Christian fathem, that every individual is under the care of a particular angel, who is assigned to him as his guardian. The Jews (escept the Sadducees) entertained this beftef. The heathen beld it in a modified form - the Grieks having thrii tutelary demon, and the Romans their genius. This does not seem, however, to be a yotion supported by the Bible. How God guides and guards his children by invivible agencies, we know not. There is one guardian angel, though, in whom we may all rely. It is God's Word. We thus read of it:

How thall the young noure their jearts, And guand their lives from sin? Thy wond the cholosest rule fupparts, To koep the convelence elenn.
-Tis like the sun, a beavenly light, That guides ux all the day, And through the dangers of the nipht, $A$ lamp to lond our way.


Thy word lis everlasting truth:
How pure is every page !
That holy book shall guide our youth.
And well nupport our aige.

## A GOOD PLAN.

Some yeart since a little boy kissed his mother good-night, and went to his room. After some time, she heard him up, and fearing that he might be sick, the went to see. There she found little Harry sitting up. "Why, my son, are you not in bedp" said Mr. Lane. "Oh, mamma, I have got such a nice Way of finding out whether I keep the commandments. Every night I say them, and try and think of all I have said and done during the day, which has broken them. Is it not a nice way, mamma? "Yes, my dear, if you are only faithful to yourself. We sin not only in what we say and do, but in what we think and feel. God will call us to account for every secret thought and intent of the heart."
" I nm afraid, mamms, I broke the sirth commandment to-day, when Charley Hunt tripped me up at schoul ; I was very angry, and would have knocked him down and burt him if our teacher had not come out; and I thought of what you had taught me; I did not say a word, but it han troubled me that I felt so hateful towards kim, and I have been asking God to forgive zue."

I will not repeat any more of the conversation Farry lane had with his mother, but tell my yoong readers that he kept on in his good way, which he begun whea he was eight years old, and is now ote of the most consistent Christians in the land, and his mother hopes to see him one of the most usedul ministers of the gospel.

He who casts off prayer, cartz off the anthority of God.

## "ISNT IT WORSE POR A MAN, PATHER?"

It is twa years sinec I left off the use of tobarco. I mily chewed a little, but I did enjoy my cigar. I poited myself on my finc Havanas, and might have bron keen almost any morning with a cigar in my math, walking down Broadway in a most comfortas manner.

The way it happened that I left off is this: I had * Watlo son about six years of age. He almont alsays hurried to be ready to walk down with me as Gir as the school. His bright face and extended Trid vere always weloome, and he bounded along Texitie me, chatting, as such dear little fellown onily ent.
The eity has in it many dirty, uncared-for boyn, whone chief delight seems to be to pick up pieces of thrarded \&igars and broken pipes and with their haufs in their pockets, puff away in a very inelegant vantuer.
One saornlay it seemed as if little Edgar an 11
met a great many of these Jusenile smokens I her came very much disgusted, and poibted them out to little Edgar as awfol warnings of youthful delinquear cy, talked quite largely, and sald the city authorities ought to interfere and break it up.
A little voice, soft and musical, came up to me on I gave an extra puff from my supetb Havana, He bright little face was upturned, and the words,
"Inn't it worse for a man, father? " come to my eark.

I looked down at the little fellow at my side when his timid eye fell, and the oolor mountod on his boyish sloek, as if be hod said something hold and unftting.
"Do you think it worse for a man, Bagar?" I anked.
"Please, fothes, boys wopld not want to sonote and chew tobacec, if men did not do it."

Here was the answer. I threv away को ther and have never touched tobaceo since in any fora-

## the polite hoy.

## THE FIRST LESSON IN GAMBLNIG.

Whertrer there are great collections of people there are always bad and foolish people among them. It ris so in Bridgeport, where the State fair was held reostly. Outside the grounds, behind or within tents or booths, were many who gambled and led others to do so. Now it is a very simple thing to camble; so simple and it often appears so fair, that many a boy is Jed to take the first step before he knows it.
There was behind one of the oyster-stands a circle of men and boya; on the ground sat a poor degradel, disaipated man, poorly clothed and looking sick and wouk. He held in his hand several iron rings, End hefore lim was a board with large nails driven ia it which stood upright. A clear-faced, and bright $\mathrm{kyes}^{3}$, handsome little fellow stepped up to him. He Tha Just such a boy ss is prompt at duy sehool, and always has his lesson at Sunday school. He showed this in the fane as he stepped up to the man and said:
"What's that for? "
"Give me a cent and you may pitch ont of these riago, and if it catcher ever a nall, 121 give you sir cents,"

That seened fiir enough; so the boy hauded his a cent and took the ring. He stepped back to a stake, tossed the ring, and it caught on ane of the nails.
"Will you take six rings to pitch again, or sis cents?"
"Six cents," was the answer, and two three crnt pieces were put inte his hand, and he stepled of well satisfiod with what he had done, and pronty not having an iden that he had done wrong.

A gentleman standing near watchod him and now. hefore he had time to look about ant roj as his companions, faid fis fand on his shoukter.
"My lad, that is your flest lesson in gaublise"
"Gambling, sir ! "
"You staked your pemy and won sik, thit rime hot?"
"Yes, I did."
"You did not earn them, and they were not given you; yout seon them juat as gamblers win money. You have taken the first step in the pith; that man has gone through it, and you can see the end. Now Falvise yow to go and give thim the six tents back, and ask him for your penny, and then stand square "ith the world an honest boy again."

He had hung bis head down, but raised it quickIy and his bright, open look as he said, "IIl do it," will not be forgotten. He ran back and soon emerged from the ring, looking happier than ever. He toucked his ense asd bowed plensasstly as he ran sway to join his comrades.
That was an honest boy.

## THE CHIFYKED CHILD.

Soul and sorrouftul is the fond mother as she thinks Sthes darling girl, whose lameness will not jermit her to share in the sports of her young companions. But God is good, and in bis merciful kiodress, otten
turns what may seem to be calamities into blessingt. This loved child it her ampistion, is learning a grat lesson of patience and resignation, and ber s tion and character in after life render her oas of the most admired and usefal of persons. Althongis the mother is sorrowful now, she will bless God in maxy a day to cotne for the gif of this pare-hearted and excellent child.

It is hard, indeed, to be crippled in hody; but is is worse to be crippled in mind, $\sim$ to have a soul that is not sound and strong in truth and goodness.

## TETE RED BINDING,

When I was a little girl, I attended a Sabbath Schoof in which it was the enstom to revand good lessons by a little blue ticket bearing a verse of Seriptare. Pire blas cieketr eatitled then shatir to a red one, and a certain number of red ones might be exchanged for a book. Oace when the time for giving out the rewards had arrived, my tescher brought to our class a pile of new volumes, bidtine
us to choose for oansives. My fancy, as I renethber, was attracted by a gaily bound book, with gilt edges, and profunely illustrated. I resolved to take that book, and looked most disdainfulty on a pthiner one, hatited in sobee black, which was yreesed upon my notice.
Heaching my home, I sat down in a favorite cor ner, to make the arquantance of my prize. Little friend, imagine my chagrin when I dise overed tha tmy treasure was suited only to the most infantile comprehension, and had no charms for me! I had been cheated by a fancifut hinding, and for days and weeks the sight of the little book was a mortifying sourenir of my weakness.

Older chilldren than I was have been imposed upon by bright outsides. Many a rony apple is rotten at the core. Many a bright cherry hider a little worm The tiger is a very beautiful animal, with a glossy fur, moxt elegantly striped and motted; but he is cruel and blood-thirsty, and often spring: from the deep jungle gloom upon an innogent victim

The most poisonous plants have deep groen leares and crimson berrics. So, some of the wops men and women who have ever lived have been fumed for their beanty and grace. Cleopatra, who in ancient times was fimed for her attraetive appearasce, perpetrated the most shocking crimes, and finally killed herself. Queen Mary of England, during nbaw reign thousands of Protestants died at the stake of on the scaffold, was possessed of much petsomal beauty. Aaron Barr, who was at one cime prucuk ment in our political history, was mean, Aclifh, and treacherots, carning his worst laurels in a duel.
Never judge of things by chuir viadinge The little white clover blossom throws a sweet frogratite on the air, while a whole regiment of flauntlog dathlas does not shed che fifintest peetfome. $A$ dimpt ly heart often throbs under a ragiged vest, wbile bebil: tiful gorments and handsome features conecal eril and ungenerous miotires. Man judgeth by the entward sppearance but God looketh on the horft-

## GOOD SAYINGS.

There is much wisdom often contained in very short sayings. The Book of Proverbs, you remember, is filled with such sayings, some of them the best that have ever been written. Here are a few brief hints and directions which we commend to the atteation of all.
Be not afraid to work with yourr own hands, and diligently, too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice."
"He who remains in the mill, grinds; not he who goes and comes."
"Save the pence and the pounds will take care of themselves,"

Be abstemious, "Who dainties love shall begpars prove."
Pifre early. "The sleeping fox catches mo poultry,: -Plough deep while sluggards sleep, and you will have corn to sell and keep."
Treat every one with respect and civility. "Every thing is gained, and mothing lost, by courtesy." "Gnod manners insure succoss." 10

## THI OLD OHUROH YARD.

Here is a pieture of one of the very old country Churches in Eagland. Near it is the ancient church yard, where generation after generation have been laid awny in their graves, and where the new generations come to look upon these quict resting places. The poet Gray, in his beautiful " Elegy in a Country Chureh Yard," speaks of those who rest there: -
" Each is his narrow cell forever laid, The ruile forefathers of the hamlet aleep."
Blossed be the rest of quiet dead! Let us praise God for his blessed Word which says, "We shall not all sleep. The dead shall be raised incorruptihle, and we shall be changed."

## THE LIGHT OP THE LIGHT KEEPER.

The father of Benny a light-keeper was
On a rock in the deep heaving nea;
And Benuy the light of the light-jeeper's heart,
Fer a dear little fellow whe he,

The light-keeper's light witned all voyagers away,
In the dark and terppestuous night;
But the light of the light-keeper's loeart at all times, Attracted all heartes to its light.

The breakers came scanpering up on the rocks, With suof a soff, white, Heecy fook,
They might well be mintakn for sheep just returned From the washing thelr wool in the brook.

Yet very unlike to the bleating of sheep. Was the rude, angry volee of the waven,
As, howling like wolves on the track of their prey. They rushed to thelr hoties in the caves.

But Benny fearel not the Fand bellowing waves, That came up from the depp hesving sea;
He lad mode them his playmates, and loved the wild spot For a brave little fellow was he.

On a buisterous day Benny's father went out, In a boat, leaving Benny behind,
But the storm raged so fieroe that is rpite of hin skill. The boat was capsized by the wind.

Through hand striving the light-keoper got on the lenel, And evesyed to return to the shore,
When, losing his hold, he cried, "Benny, farewell, I shall see your swect suile nevermore."
"I will save you, dear father," the loving boy eriel, As he fearlessly dashed into the serf, And flinging a cable made fost to a rock, Was Ilenny's last net upon earth.

The light-keeper enaght by the rope and was saved. But the light of the light-keeper fled.
Thrown back by the serf on the sharp filnty rocks, Little Benny lay mangled and tead!

Little Benny was young in yeare of eurth-life. When he foll like unripened grain;
But his ppirit was golden and sere with earth-love, Then why whould the longer remain *

The light-keeper's light still burns ateady and bright, On the rock in the deep lieaving sea;
But the light of the light-lseeper's heart has gone out, And a desolate man now is he.

## Losing ALL: A FAMILY scene.

A few yeart ago a merchant friled in business. He weat home one evening in great apitation.
"What is the matter?" asked his wife.
"I am beggared: I have lont my all!" he exclaimed, pressing his hand upon his forehead, as if his brain was in a whirl.
"All!" said bit wife; "I mm left." "All! papa," said his eldest boy; "here am 1." "And 1, too, jupa," sald his litule girl, ruaning up and putting her arms around his neck. "I's not lost, papa," repeated Eldie, "And you have your bealth lent," said his wife. "And your two hands to work with, papn," said his eldest; "and I can help you." "And your two feet, papa, to carry you about." "And your two eyes to see with papa," noid little Eddfe. "And you have God's promises," said grandmother. "And a good God," said his wife. "And heaven to go to," naid the

Tittle girl. "And Jesus, who came to fetch us there," said the eldest.
"God forgive me," said the poor merchant, bursting into tears. "I have not lost all. What are the few thounands which I called my all, to these good things which God has left meP" - and he clasped his family to his bosom, and kissed his wifo and ehildren with a thankful heart.

Ah, no! there are a gereat many things more more precious than gold and bank stocks, valuable in they tuay be in their place. When the Central America was foundering at sea, bags and purses of gold were strewn about the deck, as worthless as the mere rubbish. "Life, life!" was the prayer. To some of the wretched survivors, "Water, water!" was the prayer. "Bread, bread!" it was worth ita weight in gold, if gold could have bought it.

Never be discouraged because you eannot do mach. Do what you canh Angels carr do bo mors

THE POLITE BOY,

## LITTLE THINGS.

Look out for the little things in life that ought to to be done. If we do the little duties well, we shall be pretty sure to be faithful in the great ones. fiere is a good word on this subject : -
" Springw are little thingo, but they are the suurcen of large streams; a helm is a little thing, but mark how evenly it governs the course of the largest ship that ever floated the waters pegs and nails are little things; but they hold together the large parts of the largest buildings; that memento is a little thing, and cost but little of this world's wealth, for it is the simplest kind, and yet it expresses the nniverse, for it is a thought of love clothed in a form of beauty; un angry word, a jealous thought, a frown - all these are little things, but powerfal for evil, and are help. ing to build penitentiaries and prisons and to fill them with those who merely have carried the same passions and feelings further than we have."

11

## BIRTH OF OHRIAT.

Once to the tremblins ehepherule eame
That maernd Gosjel call, -
"Fear not ! Behold glad tidinge not I bring to you - to all ! '"

A Chriat whes born ; he labored, died, And ruee from death, that we Might share with him oue Joy, one life, One inmortality !

## A HXTLE BOX'S PRAYER.

More than thirty years ago a godly minister illustrating the eilicacy of prayer, related the case of a little boy with a sore hand, which had become so bad that the physicians decided it must be ampratated to save the boy's life. The day was fixed for the operation.

On hearing this, the little boy went to a retired spot in the garden, fell on his knees, and begred God for Jesus' sake to save his poor hand.


The next day the physician came and examined the hand, when, to the astonishment of all, it wha found to be so much better that an ampatation was unnecessary.

The hand got quite well again, the little boy grew up to be s man, "ani," continued the minister, holding up his hand, "this unworthy hand can now be shown to you ax a monument of prayer answered through divine merey."

## MAXIMS OF BISHOP MIDDLETON.

Maintaln dignity without the appearance of pride. Persevere against discouragement.
Keop your temper,
Be punctaal and methodical in business, and never procrastinate.

Preserve self-possession, and do not be talking out of conviction.

Never be in a hurry.
Rather set than follow example.

Rise early and be an coomumist of time.
Practice strict temperance.
Manmer is somphing with evary bolly, and mers thing to somes.

He guarital lin discourse, attentive and slow to speak.

Never aequiese in immoral of pernitious opinions,
Be not forwand to assign reasons to those who have no right to ank them.

## A BEAUTIFUL, INOIDENT.

A lady visiting Ner York city waw one diay, on the sidewalk, a ragged, cold, and hungry little girl, gazing wistfully at some cake in a shop window. She stopped, and taking the little one by the hand. led her into the store, though she knew that brath might be better for the child than cake; yet desiring to gratily the shivering and foriorn one, she bought and gave her the cake she wanted. She then tont her to another place, where she proctired her a Alint
and other articles of comfort. The grateful little creature looked the benevolent lady up in the face, and with artless simplicity anked, "Are you God's nife ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

## SOLOMON.

Solomon was the son of David. He came to the throne at the age of eighteen or twenty. The empire of his father which he inherited, extended from the river Euphrates to the Mediterranean sea; or as in 1 Kings 4: 24, from Tiphsah, a city on the Euphrater, to Azzah or Gaza, and from the mountains of Lebanon to Egypt and the Ailavitic Gulf; and comprised a population of more than five millions At pence with all nations, he opened an extensive commerce with foreign countries, and made Jerusalem, where he dwelt, the seat of the refinsmeents and arts of civilized life. He adorned it with paluces; he built his famous temple on Mount

Moriab, and dedicated it to the worship of God. But he indulged in too much luxury, and becasane weak, as did his people; idolatry and corruption came in from other nations, and thas the splendor of liks reigu was tarrishich, and his old age was iot hosored as it might have been. His life is a lesson to all generations. It shows us who it is that can truthfully may of life,-"Vanity of vanities, all is vanity ! Not he who is walling in the way of obedienee to the commands of the Lord.

## THE "red sea" Greens.

The general opinion respecting the molor of this sea has been that it was of a red hue, but, like many other popular notions, this has been a popular fallacy. Horatiun Bonar, D. D., in his work on the Holy Land, sayn:-
"Blue I have called the sea, yet not strintig so, save in the far distance. It is neither a red nor a
blue sea, but emphatieally green - yes, green of the most brilliant kind 1 ever saw. This is produced by the immense tracts of shallow water, with yellow sand beneath, which always gives this green to the sea, even in the absence of verdure on the shore or sea-weeds beneath. The blue of the sky and the yellow of the sands maeeting and intermingling in the water form the green of the sea, the water being the tnedium is which the mixing or fusing of the colors takes place."

## EVINING RYMN.

Before I close my eyes to-night, Let me wiyself thene questions ank;
Hisve I endearored to do right
Nor thought my loty was a tank ?
Ifave I been gentle, lowly, meek, And the sumall voice of conscience heard ? When juarion tempted me to sjeak, Have I repreened the angry wonl?

> Have I with eheerfil zeal obeyed What ay kind parests bil me do? And not by word or action sald The thing that was not strietly true?

> In hard temptation's trosbled hour, Then have 1 stopped to thisk nod pray That God would give my noul the power To chane the rinfal thought awsy?

> OThea! who neest all my beart ! Wilt Thou forgive, and love the still. Wht Thon to me new strength impart, And make me love to do Thy will?

## VISITING THE TEAOHERS.

Sundey school sclyolars and their teachery ought to be well acquainted with each other. Then they will love each other the mors. It is very pleasant for scholars to risit their tenchers, when the teachers can convemiently invite them to their homes. Some teachers can do this, and some cannot But

we eo know that where it is done, the effect is good upon the teachers and seholars. We know of teachers who will have their pupils with them at their homes once or twice every year. The cut before the reader represents an enjoyment of this kind.

## "I WISH I WERE RIOH."

" I wish I were rich: I would buy everything," eried Charlie.
"The sur, moon, and stars?" inquired William.
"No; everything that can be hasd for moncy."
"That's not happiness," said William.
" Get your hat, Charlie, and come with me to Mr. Morrison's," said his father.
"Oh! please not, papa : he is such a disagrecable, miserable old man, with his cross looks and gouty foot, hobbliag about and groaning."
"I think you would like to live with him!"
" I, papa? I would rather live dowa a coal pit !"
"With him you wrould have all that can be hought with noney."
"I recant I I see it wor't do," suid Charlie.
"Health cennot be bought with money."
"Nor good temper, nor friendship, nor life," said William.
"Above all," added their father, "the favor of God cannot be bought with money. Be content with an much of it as God gives, and week to use it aright."
"The fear of Gol and sweet content, Field riches that will ne'er be spent."

## QUESTIONS FOR DHE SABEATH ECHOCL

Whose son wes Jemb?
How many children had Jacob?
How was Joseph regarded by his brethren?
What did his brethrea do to him?
Kow didid they deceive their. father as to difs fate?
Where did Joseph go?
Can you relate his history after he went to Fig 3pt Where did Joseph die?
Where was Joneph at last buried ?

## DON'T SHUT THE BIDLE.

" Mother, the icy hand of death Doth chill my limbs and stop my breath; Bead me those sacred worls agais, They wooth my spirit, esue my pain."

Stue took the precious Book, and read How Jestas long ago had sain,
" Let little children cotse to me, For such shall heaven's housibold be."

She closed and laif salde the Book, And in her arms the sufferer took; His eyer grew dim, bis utterance wenk, But still lee straggled hand to speak.

He strasgled long! Nhat moold he ey Ere death had sealed his lipe for aye?
" Don's shut it ap," at leagth he eried "Don't shut the Book;" - then calmy died.
" Don't shat it up," his spirit sings, While upwarl borae on angel wings; "Don't shut the Bible," neemed to say His cold and pallin lipe of clay.
" Don't shut the Bibla," still I hear It soanding nowetly in whene ear; Frum myrn till nown, from boon till even, It speaks to me-4 voice from leaven.
" Don't what the Mitte," Goat un hilgh With threat prochaims, or man will die:
${ }^{4}$ Don't shat the book," - a volce of love Doth ever mhisper from aloore.
" Don't sliut the Bible," till its light Dispels the sloom of Pagan night: Tilt sin's dominion is no mores, And Jerus reigns troms shorv to shore.

