THE GRANGE VISITOR.

BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE GRANGE TO THE COHORS OF THE MICHIGAN STATE GRANGE, JUNE 15, 1879.

To whom all communications should be addressed, at Schoolcraft, Mich.

Volume 4—No. 11

THE GRANGE.

An Interesting Letter from Prof. W. J. Deal, of Montana State Agricultural College, on "How to Make a Grange or Farmers' Club a Success.

A strong Grange or farmers' club is a great power for good in any community. Its success or failure is one of vast importance to any neighborhood.

Many of these organizations have failed without great enthusiasm. They have prospered for a time, and then perished without leaving a trace of their existence. They have not the right kind of organization, for which the purpose of this plan is intended.

There are several things essential to make a Grange or farmers' club effective. Every member must have some object, and something to do. There must be some plan devised by the members, to which the work shall be assigned to each member. Many members must be present, and be ever willing to speak or write.

Nearly all will admit that farmers should have greater social advantages, that they may have the satisfaction of knowing more about the business of the world, and being able to be present at any social event which may be under way, before a company. They should learn to read or act as secretary over public business.

A Liberal discount will be made on standing advertisements of three months or more.

This article is written to give a plan which has worked well in several places.

One farmers' club in Michigan and several Granges have adopted the following plan:

1. The officers of the society are elected by the members, and hold office for one year.

2. The members have been divided into a number of sections, each section being represented by a delegate.

3. The society meets every week in the year, or more often if necessary.

4. A regular weekly report is made of all the work done, and the progress of the club, and the members are expected to report their individual parts.

5. A register of the members is kept, and those who fail to attend meetings are taken out of the register.

6. A list of all the work done is kept, and a report of all the work done by each member, and the progress of the club.

7. A careful record is kept of all the work done, and a report of all the work done by each member, and the progress of the club.

8. A regular report is made of all the work done, and the progress of the club, and the members are expected to report their individual parts.

The society meets every week in the year, or more often if necessary.

This is a very practical plan, and it is adapted to the needs of a farmers' club.

An interesting letter from Prof. W. J. Deal, of Montana State Agricultural College, on "How to Make a Grange or Farmers' Club a Success.

THE EXPERIMENTS IN CROSS-BREEDING PLANTS OF THE SAME YEAR.

BY PROF. W. J. DEAL.

The following article we copy from the Montana Science Journal, and Arts for May.

A much greater variety of exercises is introduced than is customary for such gatherings. There are debates, paper readings, theater, harlequins, charades, etc.

There are several papers during the year, also accounts of their progress at the end of the year.

A strong Grange or farmers' club is a great power for good in any community. Its success or failure is one of vast importance to any neighborhood.

The same number of seeds was taken from each of the eight rows, the plants from the crossed seeds were generally much the largest, and, as will be seen, kept green the longest.

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The average weights of an equal number of farmers and other cultivators, as given in the abstracts of Thursday afternoon, at Stuart Hall last week, are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Number (lbs)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 100</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 200</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 to 300</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 to 400</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 400</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Total: 190
Average: 190 lbs.

AN OPEN GRANGE.

Europe and its Agriculture, by an United States Commissioner.

The address was given upon invitation of the Battle Creek Grange, but the other Granges in the vicinity were well represented at the meeting.

AGRICULTURE IN EUROPE AND THE CONDITION OF THE AGRICULTURAL CLASSES in the various countries visited since the Feb. meeting, and a general increase of members and interest in all the Granges. The address was given upon invitation of the Battle Creek Grange, No. 33, in his address of welcome to Mr. Woodman, gave some statistics of the Pomona No. 19, and vicinity, will give Bro. Mortimer Whitehead, Leet. of the National Lecturers' Appointments.


MAY 24TH, 1879, 7 o'clock, P. M.—"How to handle teams, or who have charge in any way of the domestic animals of the farm, are costing you money that they do not earn. Cruelty to animals is an expensive indulgence.

MAY 31ST, 7½ o'clock, P. M.—"Harlequins," Mrs. S. E. Nichols and others, among these there will be an address to be delivered by Brotner Mortimer Whitehead, of N. J., Lecturer of the National Grange.

JUNE 7TH, 7¾ o'clock, P. M.—"Cutting Flowers in the Garden," Mrs. C. L. Ingersoll, Mrs. A. M. Bennett. Social.

JUNE 25TH, at 10:30 a.m. All members of the order will be welcome.

The quarterly meeting of Oceana Pomona Grange, will be held at the Hall of Sylvan' Grange, June 25th, at 10:30 a.m. All members of the order will be welcome.

The evening session was used for instruction in the Pomona Degree into which fourteen candidates were initiated. The address was given upon invitation of the Battle Creek Grange, No. 33, in his address of welcome to Mr. Woodman, gave some statistics of the Pomona No. 19, and vicinity, will give Bro. Mortimer Whitehead, Leet. of the National Lecturers' Appointments.

The forenoon of the 22d was given to the reports of oflicers and Subordinate Granges. The lecturer...
Bro. J. T. Cobb:

I thank you, Sir, for your criticism on the article "Preaching and Practice". M.E.C. says one of the fundamental principles of the Order is to make philosophy associate together; let them deal together. If you will look at these revolutions correctly, the Grand Grange is revolved around the farmer and the farmer is revolved around the Grand Grange. It says, the State Grange will not create Bement & Sons. Who id? Bid not the farmers make the way for a new system? We admit that the process is different, but at the same time the end attained is similar, the farmer makes the business of both of them.

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Our trip to Lansing.

Monday noon the 26th, found us on our way to Lansing. We had a desire to look over the solons of the State in the House and Senate, and the associ-ated labor for the good people of the State and so nearly reached its conclusion. A very cordial invitation from E. S. Thompson, of Capitol Grange, No. 510, to attend a meeting of the officers and members of Subordinate Granges in corresponding with this office, will please always give the Number of their Grange.

After an hour or two spent in the House we crossed over to the Senate Chamber to find its members in session, and the afternoon, and the pre-siding officer, Lieut. Gov. Sessions was relieved from duty, and we took the floor. We arrived at Lansing a little before 4 P.M. and at once repaired to the Capitol, as the stars and the moon were shining, and we found about one-fourth of the member's chairs vacant, but all those present seemed intent on business.

Bro. Albert Judson, Master of Brady Grange, and Bro. M. Cox, past Master of Schoolcraft Grange, favored us with their company. Bro. Sessions is in good health and spirits, has stood at his post faithful to official duty through the entire session and his official announcement declares the thirtieth session of the Legislature of Michigan at an end.

It will be remembered by those who attended the last session and by those who have since read its proceedings, that a new standing committee was created to be known as the Agriculture and Rural Affairs Committee. Its members were to be appointed from the members of the State Granges and the Executive Committee, such as held on their report from the committee. This committee, and its members, have been almost always busy in the afternoon, and the afternoon, and the pre-siding officer, Lieut. Gov. Sessions was relieved from duty, and we took the floor.

We should make reference to some experiments with wheat and other grains but Prof. Ingersoll has himself promised to give us a more full and complete statement of his work than I could give by my own observa-tions and inquiries. There is little hope of improve-ment in the interest of the people, have been killed in one house or the other after days or weeks have been spent in their considera-tion. The limitations of lawyers has been maintained in this as in all former legislatures. No matter how weak or wicked may be their work the fact of being a lawyer seems to command a following. We had thought that the smaller the body the less likely to waste time in talking buncome, the greater the opportunity for doing good work, but we have weakened a little on that as a proposition, after noting some of the work of the Senate.

When we saw in the Legislative Journal that the State Granges were applying for a law that the which had passed the House, and as might be expected from a committee of lawyers the substitute was intended to kill the measure, having as the original Bill, all save as a glance it could be seen that it provides that all cases may be appealed on application from a party to another, and that the 3 and 5 justices of the Court of Common Pleas in the county, there is all that is required. This is simply adding to the machinery which it would have had a good effect upon the people who are paying thousands of dollars annually in every county in the State to add a clause to the court of Common Pleas in the county, there is all that is required.

The management of the store is economical, independent and indiffer-ent to being as we understand it, to do business in a business, the average of all the farming goes on in the year, and the farmer's business is to keep his friends in the store, to sell the produce of the farm, and to have a good stock in the condition and of it in the store. This every good farmer knows it should be.
THE WOOL MARKET OF THE SEASON.

In relation to the price of the wool clip of 1879 we notice that some of our agricultural papers have fallen in with the sentiment that the market is going to be weak. The majority of the leaders of the country are predicting a year of low prices for wool. But a small supply of old stock, brought only a few days ago to the market, is the strongest argument against this. The market has been maintained at a price which is higher than that of last year. The wool clip of 1879 has been sold at a higher price than that of 1878, and we are warranted in predicting that the wool clip of 1879 will be sold at a higher price than that of 1878.

THE GOVERNMENT VISITOR.

In the last number of the "Government Visitor" we have a notice of the death of the Hon. W. A. Armstrong, who was one of the most prominent of the Grange leaders. He was a man of great ability and integrity, and his death is a great loss to the Grange movement.

THE GRANGE VISITOR.

We have a supply of the Proceedings of both the National and State Grange Sessions of 1878, for Masters and Secretaries. We have also a supply of the Proceedings of the National Session of 1878, for Masters and Secretaries. The Proceedings of the State Session of 1878, for Masters and Secretaries, are in great demand, and we have a supply of them. The Proceedings of the National Session of 1878, for Masters and Secretaries, are in great demand, and we have a supply of them.

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Ladies Department.

SUMMER IS COMING.

To the last day of May, and the spring-time is feeling. And all will come at the dawn of the summer's veil.

The June days are coming with beauty and grace; And winds swiftly swept with newly bloomed flowers.

The moments are feeling the moments are so right.

Impulsive I wait for the red morn'ing light; That the snowdrop is starting to die.

Bright June, with her foliage and fairy-like flowers; The month when the blossoms are all in full bloom.

When lovely bees sip the nectar of the flower, Green Willy-tales sweep by the swift-moving breeze.

And lat'e roses glow by the streaming sun. Oh, sure! the air is sweet with the summer's breath.

Worthy Brother; Your heart beats with joy when I think of the season; And the fair skies are as white with the sweet starry daisies.

Worthy Brother; As a public speaker Col. Piollet has rare natural abilities. With fine presence, full, melodious voice, and with high consideration and the warm regard of the class in whose behalf his great labors have been expended.

Between his views and those of the cabinet there will sometimes be a difference, but there have been radical differences in the past, and those disagreements are likely to be continued. Their nature has been shown in various articles from his pen admitted to the press, and accompanied by the accompanying criticisms in the past year. But it is not to be feared that any weakness, on either side, that personal animosity, which is an intangible weapon which is likely to prevail when there is only the purpose to prove a point. On the question of the Cabinet Col. Piollet has believed that the House of Representatives has advocated dealing harshly with the majority of his opponents, but not greatly themselves.

It is more pleasant, however, and may be said to be a fitting purpose of this sketch to consider Col. Piollet's views on agriculture. Agriculture is the chosen profession of Col. Piollet, and is marked by original research, extending the knowledge of man's control over the earth, and entitling him to the rank of leader. The land he has in mind is over the fertile region of Pennsylvania. Col. Piollet as his Master after he had filled for a full term the office of Lecturer, not as the mere figure, but as a real worker giving his services to the executives of his tasks until the close of the year. His grasp was re-elected Master, not withstanding his expressed desire to retire from the office. Having reached the age when most men seek ease, and abandon the toil which may not enable the well earned fruits of toil, he could not yield the public duties. But his sympathies for the poor, in whom his life was spent, led him to the difficult position of a leader. Col. Piollet has made many real sacrifices.

I was with the opinions of an honest man.

Two years ago the people of Pennsylvania elected Col. Piollet as their Master after he had filled for a full term the office of Lecturer, not as the mere figure, but as a real worker giving his services to the executives of his tasks until the close of the year. His grasp was re-elected Master, not withstanding his expressed desire to retire from the office. Having reached the age when most men seek ease, and abandon the toil which may not enable the well earned fruits of toil, he could not yield the public duties. But his sympathies for the poor, in whom his life was spent, led him to the difficult position of a leader. Col. Piollet has made many real sacrifices.

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Husbandman.

When the meadows are white with the sweet starry daisies, And fresh morning-glories are open till noon. One of the first things to be considered, and one of great importance is good wood. I repeat it, not so much for the sake of the condition of the trees themselves, but for the sake of the families who are dependent on them for firewood.

The month when the blossoms ale all in full bloom, And there is a star in the blue heavens glittering. One of the first things to be considered, and one of great importance is good wood. I repeat it, not so much for the sake of the condition of the trees themselves, but for the sake of the families who are dependent on them for firewood.

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In the part of the husband in the presence of strangers. My sympathies go out to women who are left destitute, with whom no confidence is felt, and before him in his haste to be rich, but their voice of helplessness is not heard and he represents all the excesses of tyrants, far from it, there are many, who with all the power in their hands, are as willing to make life pleasant and attractive for their wives, and who are very careful of their interests and feelings. The two last resolutions, (business affairs included,) prove, that in the mind of the man, the necessity of life neither clashes the other in the interest of his house, but the whole bundle was tied up, the bill made out, and she waited for her husband.

But if I may say anything to the last, and carry the purse, and from time to time dole out the contents thereof in accordance with his views and desires, I am happy to state, that in the house where I lived, the other members of the family, often and often times she is obliged to wait before she can get a little money, for the simple reason, that her earnings are not sufficient to supply the wants of her household, where in this family, the money is voted in by the father himself.

To have saved one dollar, she will save two, and to have saved two dollars, she will save five, and so on, until the little sum is large enough to purchase something.

The average yield of potatoes in the United States to the acre in 1878, was 25 bushels, whereas in 1777 it was 17 bushels, in which year it was 17 bushels.

That the Patrons' Paint Company have declared a cash dividend of seven per cent, for the year 1878, payable March 1st, 1879, and all stockholders of record on December 31, 1878. This is the 34 annual dividend that has been declared on the stock, and with guaranteed dividend, 25 per cent, makes 50 per cent.

The following resolutions were adopted by our Grange, and ordered sent to Grange Visitors in the state of Michigan, and the same, and also that a similar request be made of THE GRANGE VISITOR of East Saginaw be requested to print, the same, and also that a similar request be made of THE GRANGE VISITOR of Saginaw County Agricultural society, at the May meeting (1879) of Patrons of Husbandry of Thomastown.

The flowers that I would recommend for new beginners are pink, mixed pansies, asters, balsams, (called lady slippers,) phlox, (mixed colors,) ten weeks stocks petunias, portulaca, poppies, linlitas, vervains, sweet peas, morning glories, sweet William, daisies, and all the common garden flowers.

That this Grange extends to the afflicted and sorrowing family the sympathy which flows from hearts that feel for others woes.

A Divine Providence has seen it fit to remove from our midst our Worthy and much esteemed Sister. May Pashby, Therefore, Font and Mend, and in the Constant love, and in the Consolle of the community may her memory reign. Bro. J. K. Harris, of Independance Grange, No. 275, died April 29th, 1879, aged 28 years.

A few months ago the following paper was read by John Shepherd, formerly secretary of the Saginaw County Agricultural society, at the May meeting of Patrons of Husbandry of Thomastown.

No matter how many theories may be advanced, each farmer must study his own farm and know how to cultivate it to the best advantage.

We have discussed during the past winter the subjects of pruning orchards, planting for the market, selling cutting stocks, and now we come to consider the cultivation of flowers, or as it may be called, the flower business. In the flower business we must be particular in our selection, and the truth of the saying is, that a perfect flower does not grow in perfect soil. If the soil is not suitable for the cultivation of vegetables, it is not suitable for flowers. In planting flowers we must remember that the soil must be rich and that the soil must be kept in a state of perfection. In planting flowers we must remember that the soil must be rich and that the soil must be kept in a state of perfection.

It is not necessary for me at this time to impress upon you that the soil must be rich and that the soil must be kept in a state of perfection. In planting flowers we must remember that the soil must be rich and that the soil must be kept in a state of perfection. In planting flowers we must remember that the soil must be rich and that the soil must be kept in a state of perfection.

The flowers that I would recommend for new beginners are pink, mixed pansies, asters, balsams, (called lady slippers,) phlox, (mixed colors,) ten weeks stocks petunias, portulaca, poppies, linlitas, vervains, sweet peas, morning glories, sweet William, daisies, and all the common garden flowers.

The Cultivation of Flowers.

Traditions of the past and present are often misleading, and many who have been talking about the past have not been truthful. Does it not seem strange that we have been talking about the past? Does it not seem strange that we have been talking about the past?

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