A few weeks ago I was privileged to attend the 8th National Institute of Animal Agriculture at Purdue University. There 300 leaders in agriculture, and in the processing and distribution of farm products, met to discuss the developments occurring on farms.

Integration of agriculture by other means is being augmented by the great increase in farm income that has occurred in recent years. This was an education, processing, and distribution of farm products, and the processing and distribution of farm products.

Integration is being achieved by the control of one or more steps in production, processing, and distribution.

With regard to the farmer, it involves a transfer of his responsibilities of management and ownership in whole or in part to centralized distribution and processing agencies.

Integration replaces the traditional type of agriculture in which the farmer is owner, manager, and operator.

Large feed companies and, to a lesser extent, packers have integration programs for hogs. Some are completely mechanized. Packers are securing animals for their processing plants under contracts with the farmer, with specific specifications as to type, quality, and numbers.

Increasing numbers of cattle are being finished by commercial feeders who have contractual arrangements with the producers.

Integration is appearing in the dairy industry. Integration may capture egg production in a few years when candle methods become more completely mechanized.

Dr. R. C. Kram in of Michigan State University told the 8th National Institute of Animal Agriculture at Purdue University that three-quarters of the major feed companies have integration programs for poultry; two-thirds of the major feed companies have integration programs for hogs; 40% of the feed companies integrate cattle feeding and marketing.

The processing and distribution of farm products is the new step in the chain, and poultry and hog production is only one step in the chain.

In the pipeline is a new food policy that has been discussed for a number of years. This is the policy of controlling the production and distribution of farm products.

The Michigan Farm Bureau has a definite program on three of the bills which are topics of discussion.

- The bill that would allow utilization of any type of insurance to cover business interruption caused by fire, theft, or storm. This would be helpful if Farm Bureau members were to become more interested in insurance.
- The bill for the regulation of poultry and egg export to the Department of Agriculture. This would be helpful if Farm Bureau members were to become more interested in the regulation of poultry and egg export.
- The bill that would allow the use of farm products for the production of food. This would be helpful if Farm Bureau members were to become more interested in the production of food.

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Community Farm Bureaus

CLAREN E. MCGHAN

Chairman of Community Farm Bureaus for MFB

We expect to see a new record established this year in the Community Farm Bureau program. We have 821 Community Farm Bureaus this year, 17 more groups to report by the end of the year. What county will have the honor of being the 1000th group?

Michigan has the distinction of having more Community Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We have 1,683 Community Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureaus than any other State Farm Bureau. We should be proud of our Farm Bureaus now. This leaves 17 new groups to reach the Community Farm Bureau program. We have more than 1 million dollars' worth of information, legislative and educational services from our Farm Bureas
It Will Pay You to Well to Fertilize Your Hay & Pasture Meadows... Now!

TESTS HAVE PROVED that pasture yields can be doubled or tripled by top dressing with a high analysis fertilizer... Your profits per acre increase.

ON MOST SOILS $1 worth of Farm Bureau fertilizer can return up to $4 worth of beef or milk. As a cheap source of feed, nothing rivals good pasture.

AT TODAY'S PRICES 100 pounds of real feed (digestible nutrients) can be "bought" from pasture for half the cost of corn and one-third the cost of oats.

FARM BUREAU Granulated, High Analysis products are manufactured with your profits in mind. Available also in bulk at a savings at many of our dealers.

WHEN YOU FERTIMIZE, be sure you use FARM BUREAU because:

- it carries higher analysis.
- it costs you less, to get the best.
- it is granular.
- it's adapted to your soil.
- you can buy it bagged or bulk.

Plant Food Department,
Farm Bureau Services, Inc.
Activities of Women of Michigan Farm Bureau

District 1

Mrs. Alva Power, Chairman
Barrett County Farm Bureau Women’s President

Barrett County Farm Women met May 10 at the home of Mrs. Alva Power, Barrett. We had an interesting program on the history of the Women’s organization in Michigan. The joint meeting with the Men’s organization was enjoyed by all present.

District 2

Mrs. Geo. C. Brown, Chairman

Cass County Women’s Organization met May 10 with Mr. and Mrs. George Riddick, St. Ignace, as guests.

District 3

Mrs. C. H. Brown, Chairman

Chippewa County Farm Bureau Women held a program May 10 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Nuckols, Sault Ste. Marie.

District 4

Mrs. M. C. Johnson, Chairman

Cleveland County Farm Bureau Women held a program May 10 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Johnson, Detroit.

District 5

Mrs. J. C. Walting, Chairman

Wheatland Grange with 109 children and why we have health identification cards for one full and two half reservations at once by writing for safety in case of attack.

District 6

Mrs. Albert Schwingmann, Chairman

Traverse City. The 17th floor, there are all kinds of facts and figures that are very interesting and important, the health of the people of Michigan.

District 7

Mrs. Duane Fish, Chairman

Bay City Women’s organization met August 5 at the Bay City Public Library. Thirty-two members will be present. Contact your local Women’s organization for details.

District 8

Mrs. Albert Schwingmann, Chairman

The Camp Committee of the Bay County Farm Bureau Women’s organization met May 10 to plan for the camp. Twenty-five members will be present. Mrs. Geneviene Templer will be in charge.

Saginaw County, 150 Farm Bureau Men’s organization met May 10 at the Saginaw County Farm Bureau offices.

Lady’s Are Invited to NW Camp June 3 to 5

The Camp Committee of the Farm Bureau Women’s organization met June 3-5 at the Twin Lakes camp. Twenty-five members will be present. Mrs. Geneviene Templer will be in charge.

Ladies have made a big financial contribution to the farm in recent years. Now they have made a financial contribution to the farm in recent years.

The word ‘unfairness’ is Greek for ‘irresistible heat.’

MICHIGAN FARM NEWS

June 2nd to 30th

is your opportunity to Save on the Paint that Sheds Weather

Dear Farmer,

If you have a problem with your farm buildings, you might want to consider the new MICHIGAN FARM NEWS.

LIKE LITERATURE? LIKE SALESMEN?

Like literature or salesmen who call on you? Then you’ll love MICHIGAN FARM NEWS. It’s a monthly publication of Farm Bureau and Farm Women’s organizations which will be available at your local Farm Bureau office.

The Detroit News

MICHIGAN FARM NEWS

June 3, 1958

The Home Flower Garden

Annual Flowering Plants for the Garden

N. L. B. CHAPMAN

Gardens Clubs Lecturer

Annual plants are those which grow from seed sown in the open ground each spring, and thus are those which must be renewed each year. The plants do not produce seed for the next season.

Trees and perennial plants that may be transplanted at any time of the year, but are usually transplanted in the fall. They are those which grow from seed sown in the open ground each spring, and thus are those which must be renewed each year.

Some plants may be raised in beds by themselves, or they may be raised in pots or in the open ground. The plants do not produce seed for the next season.

The majority of annuals like the bright, warm sunlight of the spring and summer months.

Mostly hardy annuals are those that can be grown in the open ground without protection, and that will produce flowers the first season. They are those which grow from seed sown in the open ground each spring, and thus are those which must be renewed each year.

Some hardy annuals are those that can be grown in the open ground without protection, and that will produce flowers the first season. They are those which grow from seed sown in the open ground each spring, and thus are those which must be renewed each year.

Mostly hardy annuals are those that can be grown in the open ground without protection, and that will produce flowers the first season.

The majority of annuals like the bright, warm sunlight of the spring and summer months.

Somewhere between the two extremes is the semi-hardy annual, which is hardy enough to be grown in the open ground without protection, but which needs some protection in the fall or winter. They are those which grow from seed sown in the open ground each spring, and thus are those which must be renewed each year.

The majority of annuals like the bright, warm sunlight of the spring and summer months.
We Can Have Farm Safety If We Want It

EDITORIAL

Continued from Page 1

We are satisfied to report that not all of the organizations which would be elected to the danger. Key words would be given safety dollars to their industries for their livelihood.

We urge you to be advised that it is not safe to assume that the operators who will happen to us.

The lack of adequate record-keeping is the foremost need for agricultural production.

BIGGEST SILO VALUE YET

A CONCRETE SILO with a lifetime of 50 years, with a lifetime of workmanship and materials, 2—Guaranteed against all road hazards.

For more information, please contact our local Farm Equipment dealer or call 517-555-1234.

Have You Something You'd Like to Sell?

$1 will present up to 25 words of classified advertising, including your name and address, in one issue of the Michigan Farm News.

$1 TO $5: FARM EQUIPMENT, Machinery, parts, livestock, etc.

$5 TO $10: FARM SUPPLIES, Seeds, feeds, etc.

$10 TO $15: FARM LIVESTOCK, Cattle, hogs, sheep, etc.

$15 TO $20: FARM IMPLEMENTS, Tractors, combines, etc.

$20 TO $25: FARM MACHINERY, Grain elevators, etc.

$25 TO $30: FARM LIVESTOCK, Breeding stock, etc.

$30 TO $35: FARM MACHINERY, Combine harvesters, etc.

$35 TO $40: FARM LIVESTOCK, Breeding stock, etc.

$40 TO $45: FARM MACHINERY, Combine harvesters, etc.

$45 TO $50: FARM LIVESTOCK, Breeding stock, etc.

$50 TO $55: FARM MACHINERY, Combine harvesters, etc.

$55 TO $60: FARM LIVESTOCK, Breeding stock, etc.

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$495 TO $500: FARM LIVESTOCK, Breeding stock, etc.
Shall Michigan Constitution Be Rewritten?

Community Farm Bureau Discussion Topic for June

Background Material for Program in June by Our 1,693 County Farm Bureau Groups

Gerald D. Birkey
Chairman of State Discussion Committee

Here is a question on which there is widespread public opinion. Michigan has had three constitutions — the original of 1835, and revisions in 1850 and 1875. Since the 1909 draft of our Constitution — almost 50 years ago — Michigan’s population has become urbanized. Some urban people declare that the Constitution no longer serves a majority of people in Michigan. They believe that the time has come to rewrite the whole document.

Such a revision could have far-reaching effects on everything — in legislative voice, taxation, support for schools, the status of local governments and legislative representation at the state level.

We should keep our eye on coming events and issues bearing on this matter, not simply for the above reasons, but also as a clear matter of good citizenship.

Here we are charting important information to Farm Bureau people.

The State Discussion Topic Committee said: “Get information to members only! When one action becomes part of a process, then other actions can be taken with the approval of members. When a petition has been circulated, the results can be sent to the Secretary of State on or before that date.”

Certain To Be On The Ballot

The Constitution of 1835 and 1850 (emended) are on the November ballot. The 1875 Constitution is the one that now is in force. Any proposal to amend the 1875 Constitution must be passed by the voters in order to become a new Constitution.

There is no requirement that a new Constitution be put on the ballot. If the people desire a new Constitution, they can question the Constitution by the petition method. The petition method has always been used in Michigan to bring about a constitutional convention. In 1919, almost 1,000,000 signatures were required. About 400,000 signatures were required in 1959. The Constitution, itself, puts no limit to the number of signatures required.

Any proposal to amend the Constitution is your proposal. Any proposal to amend the Constitution is the people’s proposal. If the people wish to amend the Constitution, then the people must get the signature of 5% of the registered voters in the state.

The petition method allows the people to decide whether or not they wish to have a new Constitution. The petition method is the people’s proposal. If the people do not wish to have a new Constitution, then the petition method is a satisfactory method of making political decisions.

The proposal is equal to voting against the present form of government. Since the proposal is equal to voting against the present form of government, it becomes a question of whether or not the proposal is equal to voting against the present form of government. Since the proposal is equal to voting against the present form of government, it becomes a question of whether or not the proposal is equal to voting against the present form of government.

The petition method is a method by which the people can decide whether or not they wish to have a new Constitution. If the people wish to have a new Constitution, they can get the signatures of 5% of the registered voters in the state.

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