**SOON BE HARD ON DRIVER WHO IS NOT INSURED**

Motorists' Responsibility Act Will Put Some Drivers Off the Road

Michigan motorists will find out early that a new law has made it a necessity to keep their cars in more praiseworthy condition. The Motorists' Responsibility Act, which went into effect on May 1, makes it possible for a person to be held responsible for an accident if he has been found guilty of a violation of the law. The law provides that if a person shall be convicted of any violation of the law or shall be guilty of any civil offense, he shall be held liable for any damages that may be sustained by any person as a result of such violation. The law also provides that if a person shall be convicted of any violation of the law, he shall be held liable for any damages that may be sustained by any person as a result of such violation.

**Farm Bureau's Petition on 3% Sales Tax**

**Petition to the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau For and on Behalf of Michigan Farmers and Merchants**

The Michigan State Farm Bureau has filed a petition with the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau for and on behalf of Michigan farmers and merchants. The petition is in response to the imposition of a 3% sales tax on farm supplies, which the Michigan State Farm Bureau believes is unfair and unjust.

The petition states that the 3% sales tax on farm supplies is a burden on farmers and merchants, who already pay a high rate of taxes. The petition argues that the 3% sales tax on farm supplies is not justified, as farmers and merchants are not the primary beneficiaries of the sales tax. The petition concludes by urging the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau to take action to remove the 3% sales tax on farm supplies.

**Why Is 1932 Back Taxes Should Be Paid First**

Why is 1932 back taxes should be paid first? Because in 1932 the Federal Government was in effect confiscated the entire income of the United States and took it into their own hands and made it their private property. They did this by controlling the banks and by issuing paper money, which they called "Federal Reserve Notes." These notes were made legal tender by law, and they were accepted by all people in the United States as payment for goods and services. As a result, the value of the United States currency fell, and the interest rates increased. This made it impossible for people to pay their debts on time, and so they were forced to pay more interest on their debts. As a result, the Federal Government was able to keep a large surplus of money in its own banks, which it used to support its own programs and to pay its expenses.

**When Farmer's Exempt From Property**

When is a farmer exempt from property taxes? When he occupies his farm for his own use and enjoyment. When he sells his produce, he is not exempt from property taxes, but when he lives on his farm, he is exempt from property taxes. The law states that a farmer is exempt from property taxes when he occupies his farm for his own use and enjoyment. This means that if a farmer sells his produce, he is not exempt from property taxes, but if he lives on his farm, he is exempt from property taxes.

**Farmers and Sales Tax**

Farmers and sales tax. The farmers are not exempt from sales tax. The farmers are taxed on the products they sell, and they are taxed on the land they own. The sales tax is a tax on the value of the products that are sold, and it is a tax on the land that is owned. The farmers are not exempt from sales tax because they are not the only ones who are taxed. The sales tax is a tax on all products that are sold, and it is a tax on all land that is owned. As a result, the farmers are not exempt from sales tax.

**Illustration of the Wheat Allotment Plan**

Two Michigan neighbors, each having 30 acres of wheat which averaged 10 bu. per acre during 1933-34, now consider the Farm Bureau's Allotment Plan for 1935-36. Both neighbors were able to get 80% of their wheat crop, assuming that they can secure equal yields, that wheat prices are not too low, and that they are paid at the rate of $5 per bushel on 60% of the 1935-36 crop. The wheat allotment plan is designed to help farmers conserve their wheat for the winter months.

**Wheat Allotment Question Before Michigan Farmers**

Farmers across Michigan will have to decide whether or not to participate in the Farm Bureau's Wheat Allotment Plan. The plan is designed to help farmers conserve their wheat for the winter months, but it also means that farmers will be paid less for their wheat crop. The plan will be discussed at the April State Farm Bureau meetings.

**Farm Bureau Petitions Sales Tax Exemption for Seeds, Feeds, and Farm Purchases for Production**

The Michigan State Farm Bureau has filed a petition with the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau for the exemption of the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production. The petition is in response to the imposition of the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production.

The petition states that the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production is a burden on farmers, who already pay a high rate of taxes. The petition argues that the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production is not justified, as farmers are not the primary beneficiaries of the sales tax. The petition concludes by urging the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau to take action to remove the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production.

**Farm Bureau Withholds Petitions Sales Tax Exemptions for Seeds, Feeds, and Farm Purchases for Production**

The Farm Bureau withholds petitions for the exemption of the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production. The Farm Bureau believes that the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production is not justified, as farmers are not the primary beneficiaries of the sales tax. The Farm Bureau concludes by urging the State Board of the Administration of the Michigan State Farm Bureau to take action to remove the 3% sales tax on farm supplies, seeds, feeds, and farm purchases for production.
When the United States left the gold standard several months ago and the dollar was allowed to fall from $4.86 to $3.68, the farmers watched with interest to see whether the government would make an official statement concerning the exchange for their currency. They are now assured that there will be no direct statement made in the press. Some farmers, however, are concerned that the government may not release the information in time for them to make their plans for the future. In the meantime, the federal government has taken steps to provide for the farmers' needs during this transition period. The government has prepared a statement of the current situation and has asked the farmers to continue to follow their own plans for the future.

Rising Wheat and Allotment

Those who are watching the prices of grain are interested in the trend of the crop, and the trend of the crop is largely determined by the state of the market and the state of the weather. The prices of wheat have been rising steadily in recent weeks, and the farmers are hoping that the market will remain strong in the coming months.

The allotment plan is designed to regulate the crop production in the future and to prevent overproduction. The plan is based on the principle that the farmers should be allowed to grow as much grain as they wish, but that they should be required to sell a portion of their crop to the government. The farmers are taking this plan very seriously, and they are working hard to ensure that they do not overproduce.

When 3/4 Quarts of Milk Buy 12 Ounces of Beer

When 40 cents a quart is charged for milk, as it is now in some places, and 48 cents a quart is charged for beer, as it is now in others, the farmers are fortunate that the government has taken steps to regulate the crop production in the future. The allotment plan is designed to prevent overproduction and to ensure that the farmers do not have to sell their grain below the market price.

Tooth Decay Shown to Be Caused by Cereus

A group of dentists, who have been studying the problem of tooth decay for many years, have concluded that the disease is caused by a form of bacteria that is present in the mouth. The bacteria produce acids that erode the enamel of the teeth, and this process can lead to the development of cavities.

Public opinion is much in favor of having some one to be responsible for the management of the dairy business. The farmers have already appointed a committee of five men to act as their agent in the management of the dairy business, and they are planning to have an agent appointed to act as their agent in the future.

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American Farm Bureau Announces Contests

The American Farm Bureau has announced several contests for the purpose of encouraging farmers to improve their dairy products. The contests are designed to encourage farmers to produce higher quality products and to improve their dairy operations in general.

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Farm Comment on Sales Tax Petition

A few Novel Ideas in Market Travels

Agrit Adjustment Aims to Extend We Co-operate

FRANCE AGRIL PRODUCTS

The Laying Flock, too needs NOPCO

Michigan Bell Telephone Co.

Michigan Province

GRANGE PROTESTS
SALES TAX UPON FARM SUPPLIES

Ask Exemption in Petition Presented to Sales

(aia) EXHIBIT:

C. H. H.ament, Master of the Michigan State Grange, and N. G. Hall, State Agricultural Editor of the Detroit News, on Wednesday, asserted that the State Board of Agriculture, and its statutory Agent, the Department of Agriculture, are inclined to enforce the laws against the sale of farm supplies at a sales tax. The Department of Agriculture, he said, is now making an effort to enforce the sales tax law.

The taxes on farm supplies are intended to make it possible for the farmer to obtain the means of subsistence and to enable him to buy the means of production. The farmers, however, contend that the tax is a tax on the farmer and not on the supplies and that the monies thus collected should be used for the farmer's benefit.

The farmers' cooperative movement is a great boon to the farmer and serves to make him independent and self-supporting. The farmers who are members of the cooperative movement are entitled to a 2½% discount on their purchases of farm supplies. The discount is paid to the farmer in the form of a cash refund or credit.

The farmers believe that the sales tax is a tax on the farmer and not on the supplies. They contend that the tax is a tax on the farmer's own wealth and that it is impossible for the farmer to obtain the means of subsistence without paying the tax.

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We Haven't Increased Alfalfa!

It Should Go Up With Other Prices

A Summer Seeding Will Be a Money Maker Next Season

Certified HARDIGAN and GRIMM
Michigan's highest yielding and highest quality hay. Sell 7 to 8 lb. per acre. It's eligible for certified seed production.

MONTANA GRIMM
A Bargain for Seeding This Summer
For many years Montana's most known mark of its supply of certified GRIMM, the old standard of perfection for winter-hardiness enduring standing and high annual yields from Montana and the northwest. Much of the best Michigan grown GRIMM comes directly from Montana. Farm Bureau's MONTANA GRIMM is the choice, hardy, highly productive. You can have this best in Olmata alfalfa at near common alfalfa prices while your present cocks last. See 2 to 10 lb. per acre. See your Farm Bureau seed dealer at once.

MICHIGAN VARIATEGED
A Great, Low Cost, Long Lived Hay Producer
Michigan VMIAGEGED comes from fields new to genuine GRIMM, Gritum, Ontario, VARIATEGED, Leboid, or Cossack varieties, which are our hardest, longest lived and dependable standing varieties. These fields were used for certified seed production, but they have produced seed, which is known as Michigan VARIATEGED. Farm Bureau's Michigan VARIATEGED is guaranteed to meet State College Farm Crop requirements as to originality, and the variously listed characteristics of this hardy grown Michigan GRIMM. VARIATEGED is an excellent hay yielde. Naturally so, from such parents. This selected, hardy, thoroughly tested is the best in alfalfa at a price that is a money saver. For several years it has been in great demand. See 9 to 10 lb. per acre.

No Other Twine Like This
Michigan and Ohio farmers have arranged for the manufacture of Farm Bureau Binder Twine by one of the Michigan, Ohio Farm Bureau Farm Bureau's oil is so processed that some makers of good oils have taken to sealing their oils in materials by skilled workmen. It must pass many factory in-

Quick Death for Flies
Farm Bureau fly sprays are quick death to flies, mosquitoes and other insect pests, but harmless to man or animals. Their oil in preparing of species of repellent which permanently kill fleas, ticks and other carrying diseases. They use a 7 lb. of pyrethrum per gallon of water. Insects of similar insecticidal mixture will show for at least 15% more. These sprays can be used sequentially without affecting the activity of the insect or oil.

Why Are Some Oils Sold in Sealed Cans?
There's no much low grade and reclained oil on the market that some makers of good oil has been taken to seal their oils in quality and large. You pay extra for that service. Farm Bureau oils come from the same fields that produce the oil in the can. This process has been approved and recommended by the long, quality blending process. You can depend on every Farm Bureau oil dealer for Farm Bureau oils.

KILLS FLIES!

For Farm Bureau Supplies
SEE YOUR CO-OP OR FARM BUREAU DEALER
Write Us If You Have No Dealer

KILLS WEEDS!

BUREAU PENN

BUREAU PENN